THE NEW YORK HERALD.

WHOLE NO. 13,574. NEW YORK, MONDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1873.—TRIPLE SHEET. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

DIRECTORY FOR ADVERTISERS.

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HERALD BRANCH OFFICES—UPTOWN AND HARLEM.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE NEW YORK HERALD RECEIVED AT THE BRANCH OFFICE,

1,265 BROADWAY AND 530 SIXTH AVENUE,

BETWEEN THIRTY-FIRST AND THIRTY-SECOND STREETS.

OFFICE OPEN EVERY DAY AND NIGHT IN THE YEAR.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED AT ALL HOURS UP TO 9 P. M. AT OFFICE RATES.

HARLEM OFFICE, 2,386 FOURTH AVENUE, NEAR 130TH STREET. ADVERTISEMENTS RECEIVED FROM 9 A. M. TO 7:30 P. M.

NEWSDEALERS AND BOYS SUPPLIED WITH HERALDS AT 4 O'CLOCK EVERY MORNING. ADVERTISERS AND NEWSDEALERS ATTENDED TO WITHOUT EXTRA CHARGE.

THE PUBLIC ARE CAUTIONED AGAINST SO-CALLED BRANCHES IN TWENTY-THIRD AND THIRTY-SECOND STREETS.

PARIS AGENCY OF THE NEW YORK HERALD.

MESSRS. KREMER & CO., AMERICAN REGISTER, HAVE BEEN APPOINTED PARIS AGENTS FOR THE NEW YORK HERALD. THEY WILL SUPPLY DEALERS WITH COPIES OF THE HERALD, AND ALSO SINGLE NUMBERS OF THIS PAPER, TO PARTIES REQUIRING THEM.

PERSONAL.

ANY INFORMATION REGARDING JOHN C. STIRLING, a native of Glasgow, Scotland, and recently residing in Philadelphia, will be thankfully received by JOHN PICKEN, 217 Pearl street, New York, or at 23 Nassau street, Brooklyn.

CONNECTICUT AND NEW JERSEY RAILWAYS.—Saturday will address MARION, box 189 Herald office.

CENTRAL PARK.—WILL THE LADY IN COUPE, who was so persistently followed from one end of the Park to the other yesterday afternoon, allow the gentleman whom she noticed to make her acquaintance? He would be more than honored. Address W. B. S., Herald office.

G. M.—PIGEON, PLEASE, OH PLEASE ANSWER. C.

HAZZARD—THERE IS A LETTER FOR YOU AT the Brooklyn Post office. C. L.

JAMES DUNNE AND KATE DUNNE, FROM NEWbridge, county Westmeath, Ireland, will please communicate with their sister, MARY DUNNE, who came to this country in June. Address box 85 Post office, Madison, Morris county, N. J.

J. PARKER—YOUR NOTE RECEIVED TOO LATE to keep appointment. Meet me at 3 P. M., Tuesday, 21st, at the same place. H. PARKER.

O'NEIL.—JOHN O'NEIL AND MARY, HIS WIFE, on the 17th of June, 1873, executed and acknowledged (before Joseph C. Lawrence, a notary public, of New York city) a power of attorney to Samuel Kail, of Illinois, to sell lands in Missouri, are requested to call on or communicate with RAE & WHEELER, 230 Broadway, or H. S. & F. S. OSBORNE, 35 Bryan block, Chicago.

SUNDAY EVENING, SIX P. M.—THREE YOUNG ladies; church Twenty-eighth street, down Fifth avenue, two gentlemen at hotel, crossed to Delmonico's, ladies turned Fourteenth street; the gentleman who bowed would like to be acquainted with outside lady, if agreeable. Address HOMER, Herald Uptown Branch office.

$600.—SIX HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD FOR any information leading to the whereabouts of Miss Deborah Davis (colored), or Wallace. Address J. W. E. GRAY, Brooklyn Post office, N. Y.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—A BLACK HORSE AND WAGON, ON THE 16th inst. Owner can have the same by proving property and paying expenses. Apply to ANDREW GERATY, No. 111 East 125th street, Harlem.

LOST—ON FRIDAY, OCTOBER 17, A SMALL GOLD Locket, containing a lady's photograph; valuable only to the loser as a keepsake. A suitable reward will be given to any person sending the same to 177 Water street, New York, or 195 Ryerson street, Brooklyn.

LOST—AT THE CLOSE OF THE OPERA ON FRIDAY night, and in the neighborhood of the Academy of Music, an Opal and Diamond Brooch. Any one returning it to 163 West Thirty-fourth street will receive $25 reward. The brooch has been described to the police.

LOST—ON BROADWAY—SIX BONDS, $1,000 EACH; two on Toledo, Peoria and Warsaw, Western Division, and four on American Dock Improvement Company. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning them to the proprietors of the Tremont House, Broadway.

LOST—ON SUNDAY AFTERNOON, A CHILD'S GOLD Handkerchief Pin, with coral bar. A suitable reward will be paid on its return to 111 East Twenty-eighth street.

LOST—BLACK SILK UMBRELLA, SATURDAY afternoon, on Central avenue, between Jerome Park and Arcularius'. A liberal reward will be paid on leaving it at 114 East Twenty-sixth street.

LOST—AT DR. HEPWORTH'S CHURCH, ON SATURday evening, a pearl Opera Glass. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning it to No. 50 West Fifty-fifth street.

LOST—SUNDAY MORNING, FROM 60 ST MARK'S place, a small Italian Greyhound; has a black collar bound with red and plate attached without name; by returning the same a liberal reward will be paid.

LOST—LAST SATURDAY, IN GOING FROM SIXteenth to Nineteenth street, on Third avenue, a Pocketbook, containing three gold pieces and a sum of money. The finder will be liberally rewarded on returning same to owner, 135 East Sixteenth street.

REWARDS.

$10 REWARD.—LOST, A WHITE BASTARD SPITZ, answers to the name Sax. The above reward will be paid to any one who will return him to 54 Bowery.

REWARDS.

$10 REWARD WILL BE PAID, AND NO QUEStions asked, for the recovery of a lady's silk Skirt lost from a delivery wagon last Thursday evening, by calling on ANDREW McCANN, 211 West Sixteenth street, first floor.

$10 REWARD.—LOST SUNDAY, OCTOBER 19TH, A new Pocketbook, containing about $40; the finder will receive the above reward by returning it to J. H. BADENHOP, 88 Avenue D.

$15 REWARD.—LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN from the premises of the subscriber, a large pointer Dog, color liver and white, double nose, has got a broken toe on the left hind foot, scar on lip, front feet crooked from the knees down, tail about 7 inches long, answers to the name of Mack. The above reward will be paid by returning the same to WM. THOMPSON, Central avenue, Morrisania, Westchester county, N. Y.

$50 REWARD.—STOLEN, FROM HOHOKUS, Thursday night, October 16, a black Mare, 15 hands high; stout built; star on forehead; white spot on back; white sock on the right hind leg and long scar on left hind leg. Send information to R. M. JACOBUS, 70 Beekman street, New York.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A FREE DISPENSARY AND LECTURE ROOM for the poor will be opened in the basement of the Metaphysical University, 51 Bond street, New York, on Mondays and Thursdays, from 10 to 2, beginning October 23.

There are an unlimited number in the city unable, through disease, to earn their daily bread. Some, in their distress, become frightened and resort to suicide. Now a general invitation is given to the poor of all nationalities and creeds to come and get cured, be made strong and well, receive new constitutions and be ready to go forth and earn an independent living.

Let the poor who come to the Dispensary bring three bottles with them.

A lecture will be given on Monday and Thursday evenings on the various diseases and their causes, cures and prevention—Deafness, Blindness, Catarrh, Baldness, Neuralgia, Rheumatism and every disease humanity is subjected to. The Discovery can be obtained through your druggist or at the University, 51 Bond street, where please enclose stamp for pamphlet. Office hours, daily, from 10 to 4 o'clock. Consultation fee, $5.

Mrs. M. G. BROWN.

ALL PARTIES ARE CAUTIONED AGAINST NEGOtiating Check No. 1,657 of the German Savings Bank of Williamsburg on the Manufacturers' National Bank of Williamsburg for $500, payable to the order of J. Larwill, and certified and endorsed. Payment has been stopped. A suitable reward will be paid for its return to A. LARWILL, 466 Pulaski street, Brooklyn, or J. LARWILL, 35 Eagle street, Cleveland, Ohio.

AMALGAMATED SOCIETY OF Engineers, Machinists, Millwrights, Smiths and Pattern Makers. An aggregate meeting of members will be held at the club house, National Hall, 52 Stanton street, on Tuesday, the 21st inst., at 8 o'clock P. M., to take into consideration the present state of trade and other business of importance. J. WILKINSON, President.
T. F. GARDNER, New York, First Secretary.

A.—HERALD BRANCH OFFICE, BROOKLYN, corner of Fulton avenue and Boerum street. Open from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M. On Sunday from 3 to 9 P. M.

ALL OFFICERS, SAILORS AND SOLDIERS wounded, however slightly, can obtain a pension through E. B. JACKSON (late surgeon United States Navy), No. 4 New Chambers street.

A FINE LOT OF CAMELS' HAIR SHAWLS AND ladies' Furs, mink and seal, for sale, very low, at GEIGERMAN'S Loan Office, 685 Broadway.

A.—HAVANA LOTTERY.—OFFICIAL DRAWINGS ON file. Information and circulars free. Also Kentucky State Lottery, for the benefit of the schools of Frankfort. JOS. BATES, Agent, 196 Broadway, room 4.

AUCTION NOTICE.—GOOD SECOND HAND AND misfit Carpets, all sizes, rich patterns; English Brussels and Ingrains daily from auction, very cheap, at 112 Fulton street, between William and Nassau.

A.—HAVANA LOTTERY. German Government Lotteries. Post office box 3,836. RITTER & CO., 85 Nassau street, room 4. Branch office, 1,017 Third avenue, first floor.

A.—PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY. In the Herald of next Saturday will be found a column advertisement giving all the particulars of the Fourth Gift Concert of the Public Library of Kentucky, beyond all question the greatest enterprise of the age. For tickets, circulars or information apply to or address THOS. H. HAYS, 609 Broadway, New York.

CLAIRVOYANT HERB COMPOUND—CURES RHEUmatism, Blood and Liver Diseases; price $1; sent prepaid. Address JENNIE DANFORTH, 78 West Forty-eighth street, New York. References:—Robert Dale Owen, James Peebles and others.

CANCER CURED WITHOUT THE USE OF THE knife; permanently cured in every case in a very short time by Dr. CARRIER. Call at or address 49 East Forty-fourth street.

CUBA HAVANA LOTTERY, Royal Saxon Government Lottery, Hamburg City Lottery, Brunswick Government Lottery. Prizes cashed and information given. THEODOR ZSCHOCH, Lock box 5,594. 116 Nassau street, New York.

DR. FILLETTE, MEDICAL ELECTRICIAN, REmoved to 59 West Thirty-fifth street. Refers to leading physicians in this city. Office hours—Gentlemen, 9 A. M. to 12 M.; ladies, 12 to 4 P. M.

HAVANA LOTTERY.—TICKETS DIRECT FROM THE government. German State Lotteries. Prizes cashed and information given. WACHSMANN & CO., Bankers, 75 and 77 Nassau street. Post office box 3,316.

HAVANA LOTTERY.—PRIZES CASHED; CIRCUlars containing full particulars free. Apply to A. SCHNEIDER & CO., 35 Wall street, basement.

HAVANA LOTTERY.—OFFICIAL DRAWINGS ON file. Information free. The best 5c. and 10c. Cigars in the city. JOSEPH MARTENS & CO., 447 Broome street.

HAVANA AND KENTUCKY LOTTERY—PRIZES cashed; drawing regularly received and filed. 1,207 Broadway, opposite Gilsey House. D. LINDO, Broker.

LADIES' SEAL AND FUR SACQUES CLEANED, altered, relined to look equal to new; the same bought and sold at SCHWARTZ'S, 1,251 Broadway, corner Thirty-first street.

NEW ROYAL HAVANA AND KENTUCKY STATE Lotteries.—Orders filled; circulars free. Address G. C. HALL & CO., Bankers, 73 Nassau street; Post office box 3,037, New York.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS. KENTUCKY STATE LOTTERIES.
KENTUCKY—EXTRA CLASS NO. 595—OCTOBER 18, 1873.
25, 12, 72, 45, 60, 7, 3, 20, 26, 71, 42, 44.
KENTUCKY—CLASS NO. 596—OCTOBER 18, 1873.
33, 27, 10, 75, 22, 29, 15, 70, 58, 42, 73, 36, 60, 76.
SIMMONS & CO., Managers, Covington, Ky.
SHELBY COLLEGE—EXTRA CLASS NO. 495—OCTOBER 18, 1873.
54, 62, 59, 1, 70, 47, 77, 42, 40, 33, 6, 19.
SHELBY COLLEGE—CLASS NO. 496—OCTOBER 18, 1873.
27, 12, 73, 43, 51, 53, 18, 10, 13, 64, 7, 25, 42, 35.
SMITH & CO., Managers, Covington, Ky.
Address J. CLUTE, Broker, 206 Broadway, 153 Fulton street and No. 2 Park row. Post office box 4,969.

OFFICIAL DRAWING NORTH CAROLINA LOTTERY.
EXTRA CLASS NO. 309—OCTOBER 18, 1873.
72, 30, 1, 65, 33, 25, 2, 50, 67, 34, 77, 52.
NORTH CAROLINA—CLASS NO. 310—OCTOBER 18, 1873.
54, 70, 20, 32, 48, 65, 30, 74, 37, 16, 57, 71, 38, 45.
GERKEN & CO., Managers.
LUTHY & CO., Brokers, 232 Greenwich street, New York.

O.—ROYAL HAVANA OF CUBA, KENTUCKY STATE and German Lotteries; circulars containing full information sent free. PARKS & CO., Bankers, 178 Broadway, room 2. Private office attached.

PRIVATE RETREAT FOR INEBRIATES.—AT THE request of several medical gentlemen of New York Dr. WILLIAM MURPHY, late Health Commissioner, has opened his spacious residence, at Mount Vernon, Westchester county, N. Y., for the reception of a small number of inebriates. Letters addressed to Dr. W. MURPHY will receive immediate attention.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY. Information furnished, orders filled, circulars sent free on application. Spanish bank bills and governments purchased. TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, No. 11 Wall street, New York city.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY—GERMAN STATES Lotteries. VETTER & CO., 185 Bowery (Germania Bank Building); Post office box, 4,271. Branch office, 387 Eighth avenue, between Twenty-ninth and Thirtieth streets.

THE FOURTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE YOUNG Men's Universalist Association will be held at the Church of the Divine Paternity, corner of Forty-fifth street and Fifth avenue, on Monday evening, October 20, at 8 o'clock. Addresses by Rev. Dr. Chapin, Gerald Massey, the English poet; Rev. J. U. Mitchell, of Scotland; Rev. Miss Chapin, of Iowa, and others. The public are cordially invited.

Z.—ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY. PRIZES CASHED. Circulars with full information sent free. Official drawings on hand. Address P. C. DEVLIN, stationer, 30 Liberty street, New York.

$589.589.—KENTUCKY LOTTERY. ROYAL Havana and Kentucky circulars free. Address BALEY & CO. (office established 30 years), 174 Broadway.

YACHTS, STEAMBOATS, &C.

BOATS OF ALL DESCRIPTION, WOOD AND MEtallic and Spoon Oars, at shop, 368 and 373 South street, and 114th street, Harlem River. STEPHEN ROBERTS.

FOR SALE—SCHOONER YACHT, 48 FEET LONG; large cabin; sails and rigging nearly new and in perfect order, lying at foot of 116th street, East River. For particulars apply at 77 Bleecker street.

SCREW YACHT SPITFIRE FOR SALE CHEAP—60 feet long, 11 beam, 2½ draught; very economical; large cabin; speed twelve miles hourly. Apply at the foot of Smith street, Brooklyn.

DENTISTRY.

ABSOLUTELY PAINLESS.—TEETH EXTRACTED; fresh gas daily: Combination Sets, extremely light and durable; Rubber Sets, $10. 216 Sixth avenue, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth streets. Established 24 years. Dr. L. BERHARD.

A BEAUTIFUL AND SUBSTANTIAL SET OF TEETH $5, $8 and $10. Teeth filled with bone and silver 50c.; with gold and platina $1. All work warranted first class, at Dr. WHITE's, 239 Sixth avenue.

MARBLE MANTELS.

AN ASSORTMENT OF MANTELS, UNSURPASSED for beauty of design and quality of workmanship. Slate work of all kinds a specialty. PENRHYN SLATE COMPANY, Fourth avenue and Seventeenth street, Union square.

STEWART'S SLATE MANTELS, MARBLE AND WOOD Mantels, rich and elegant designs, at the lowest prices, 220 and 222 West Twenty-third street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues.

SPORTING—DOGS, BIRDS, &C.

A.—FOR SALE, ALL KINDS OF FANCY DOGS, Birds, &c.; Medicines for all diseases; Prepared Food for mocking birds, at B. G. DOVEY'S, No. 3 Greene street, near Canal.

FRANCIS BUTLER, NO. 3 PECK SLIP, HAS ALL the choice breeds of Dogs, imported ratting and rabbiting Ferrets. Butler's Infallible Mange Cure and Flea Exterminator, 75c.; Butler's new work, $2. Dogs boarded, trained, &c. Medicines for all diseases.

FOR SALE—ALL THE CHOICE BREEDS OF DOGS, Birds and Animals. Medicines for all diseases. Prepared Food for Mocking Birds. At FOSTER & MEYERS', No. 3 Amity street, near Broadway.

THREE PRAIRIE FOXES FOR SALE.—CAPTURED last spring. Address, with bids, POSTMASTER, Buffalo Station, Kansas Pacific Railway.

THE TURF.

DEERFOOT DRIVING PARK.—SECOND FALL Meeting, 1873. First day, Tuesday, October 28, and continue three days. No. 1—Purse $200, for 2:50 class; $100 to first, $50 to second, $30 to third, $20 to fourth. No. 2—Purse $250, for 2:38 class; $120 to first, $65 to second, $40 to third, $25 to fourth. Second day.—No. 3—Purse $200, for 2:42 class; $100 to first, $50 to second, $30 to third, $20 to fourth. No. 4—Purse $300, for 2:34 class; $140 to first, $80 to second, $50 to third, $30 to fourth. Third day.—No. 5—Purse $150, for 3 minute class; $75 to first, $40 to second, $20 to third, $15 to fourth. No. 6—Purse $500, open to all; $200 to first, $125 to second, $75 to third, $50 to fourth. Conditions same as advertised first fall meeting. Entries to close at Baldwin's Empire House, corner of Main and Plymouth streets, near Catharine ferry, Monday, October 20, at 9 P. M. All communications to be addressed to WILLIAM McMAHON, at said house.
WILLIAM McMAHON, Superintendent.

NEW DORP CLUB GROUND, STATEN ISLAND.—The race advertised for Saturday, October 18, free for all, is postponed to Saturday, October 25; entrance will be left open to Tuesday, October 21, at 9 o'clock P. M. D. R. RYERS, Proprietor.

PROSPECT PARK FAIR GROUND ASSOCIATION.
SECOND FALL MEETING, 1873, COMMENCING TUESDAY, OCTOBER 21.
PURSE No. 1.—$1,000, for horses that have never beaten 2:26; $500 to first; $300 to second and $200 to third.
J. L. Doty enters b. m. Lydia Thompson.
Jno. Murphy enters b. g. Charlie Green.
J. J. Bowen enters g. g. Ben Flagler.
W. Lovell enters br. g. Barney Kelly.
J. H. Philips enters b. g. Ed. White.
James Dongvey, Jr. enters br. g. Joker.
J. S. Baker enters b. g. Tom Keeler.
PURSE No. 2.—$500, for horses that have never beaten 2:39; $300 to first, $150 to second and $50 to third.
A. C. Whitson enters b. m. Pauline.
J. Merritt enters br. g. Berkshire Boy.
Owner enters ch. g. Sterling.
John Murphy enters s. g. Sewell Jake.
J. H. Philips enters br. g. Fred. Tyler.
L. S. Sammis enters s. g. Port Washington.
SECOND DAY—THURSDAY, OCT. 23.
PURSE No. 3.—Three-year-old Colt Stake.
C. S. Burr enters b. filly Emma Francis.
C. S. Burr enters b. c. Reform.
Edwin Perrin enters br. c. Topgallant.
PURSE No. 4.—$600, for horses that have never beaten 2:30; $325 to first, $175 to second and $100 to third.
Daniel Pieffer enters blk. s. Daniel Boone.
John Murphy enters b. g. Everitt Ray.
J. W. Pendergast enters ch. m. Lady Emma.
A. J. Heek enters b. g. Clothespin.
J. H. Phillips enters g. g. Jack Draper.
M. Martin enters b. g. Mystic.
James Dongvey, Jr., enters g. g. Ed. Eaton.
Peter Manee enters b. m. Mary A. Whitney.
THIRD DAY, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 24.
PURSE No. 5.—$500, for horses that have never beaten 3 minutes; $300 to first, $150 to second and $50 to third.
[illegible] enters blk. m. Maria.
J. [illegible] b. g. Dexter B.
Th[illegible] Connor enters g. g. Dawn.
Own[illegible] ch. g. Sterling.
J. Mc[illegible] s. g. Silver Tail.
John [illegible] b. m. Effie Dean.
L. S. Sa[illegible] enters s. g. Farmer Boy.
W. S. Th[illegible] enters br. g. Phil O'Neal, Jr.
Robert F[illegible] enters b. m. Love.
PURSE N[illegible] $3,500; free for all; $1,600 to first, $1,000 to second, $55[illegible] to fourth.
Daniel Mace [illegible] Fullerton.
J. J. Bowen [illegible]
W. Lovell [illegible] Girl.
C. S. Green [illegible] m. Gazelle.
Admission to [illegible] and quarter stretch $2. Admission to [illegible] introduced by a member, $5. Races commence [illegible] day at 2 o'clock prompt. Good day and track. [illegible] Island cars leave Fulton ferry every ten minutes [illegible] grounds.
E. O. READ, President.
GEORGE W. [illegible] Superintendent.

POOLS SOLD [illegible] 1,187 BROADWAY, corner Twenty-[illegible] street—This and every evening during the week [illegible] running races at Baltimore and the trotting at P[illegible] Park; also every morning at 10 o'clock. Telegr[illegible] of entries and winners each day of the races. [illegible] T. B. JOHNSON.

THE CELEBRATED [illegible] ING HORSES CROWN Prince and Young B[illegible] for [illegible] trot at Fleetwood Park for a special premium o[illegible] mile heats, best 3 in 5, to harness, on Wednesday [illegible] 22, at 3 o'clock P. M.
W. H. [illegible], Superintendent.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &C.

AT THE HORSE AND CARRIAGE AUCTION MART of WILLIAM VAN TASSELL (SUCCESSOR TO JOHNSTON & VAN TASSELL), at the old stand, 110, 112 and 114 East Thirteenth street, near Fourth avenue.
REGULAR SALES OF HORSES AND CARRIAGES WILL BE HELD EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY, at 12 o'clock.
GENTLEMEN WISHING TO PURCHASE, OR THOSE having Horses and Carriages to sell, will find this house perfectly reliable, as this business will be conducted on the same straightforward principles which have governed it in the past.
WE GIVE THE PURCHASER OF EVERY HORSE THAT IS WARRANTED SOUND FROM 24 TO 48 HOURS FOR TRIAL.
Horses and Carriages always on hand at private sale.
LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS.
ENTRIES CAN BE MADE BY SENDING FULL DESCRIPTIONS THROUGH THE MAILS, AND CAN BE MADE UP TO SIX O'CLOCK THE DAY PREVIOUS TO SALE.
SECOND HAND CARRIAGES OF ALL KINDS TAKEN ON STORAGE FOR SALE.

AUCTION HOUSE OF ARCH. JOHNSTON (late Johnston & Van Tassell), OFFICE AND SALESROOM, OLD STAND, 37 Nassau street, opposite the Post office.
THE HORSE AUCTION BRANCH OF OUR HOUSE IS REMOVED TO THE SPACIOUS PREMISES 19 TO 25 THIRTEENTH STREET, NEAR UNIVERSITY PLACE.
The business will be conducted on precisely the same strict and honorable principles which have always characterized the dealings of our house, and won the respect and confidence of the business community as well as the public at large.
REGULAR SALES EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.
Entries for sale may be made, as usual, either at our downtown house, 37 Nassau street, or at the Mart, 19 to 25 Thirteenth street, near University place.
LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS. SALE COMMENCES AT 10½ O'CLOCK.

A.—MAJOR CHAS. W. BARKER, AUCTIONEER, ANNOUNCES DAN MACE'S GREAT SALE OF CELEBRATED TROTTERS TO TAKE PLACE AT THE STABLES NO. 206 WEST FORTY-EIGHTH STREET, NEAR BROADWAY TO-MORROW (TUESDAY), OCTOBER 21, AT 11 O'CLOCK.
THE STOCK COMPRISES TWENTY-FIVE HEAD, ALL OF WHICH CAN TROT in from 2:30 to 2:45, and includes the well known PENN YAN, EASTERN MAID, BUTTERBALL, MAGNA CHARTA, JOE, STONEWALL JACKSON, YOUNG HONEST, BILLY BLAIR, GEORGE HICKS, LITTLE JERRY, &c., &c.
THESE TROTTERS WERE SELECTED this summer by Mr. Mace, during his travels East and West, with great care and regardless of cost, and now, being desirous of reducing his stock, offers them for positive and peremptory sale to the highest bidder.
THEY ARE ALL WARRANTED SOUND and kind, and are all elegant and extra stylish drivers.
STOCK NOW ON EXHIBITION.
CATALOGUES NOW READY, and can be obtained at BARKER & CHASE'S City Auction Mart and New York Tattersalls, corner of Broadway and Thirty-ninth street.
NO POSTPONEMENT on account of the weather.

A.—THOROUGHBRED RACE STALLIONS AT PUBLIC auction, at BARKER & CHASE'S City Auction Mart and New York Tattersall's, corner of Broadway and Thirty-ninth street, on Wednesday, October 22, at 11 o'clock, and consisting of
BROWN HORSE ADMIRAL, by Commodore, dam Mary Mullock, by John Brunt, out of imp. Catalani, 15¾ high, 13 years old; has run in 1:45; thoroughly broken in harness; fine trotting action, and is a sure foal getter.
BAY HORSE GENERAL BUFORD, by Admiral, dam Beeswing, by Trustee, Jr., by imp. Trustee, out of Marian Grey, 15½ high, 6 years old; has run in 1:44; is well broken in harness.
CHESTNUT COLT QUEENSTON, by Admiral, dam Fairy Queen, by Trustee, Jr., out of Silphede, 2 years old; is very speedy.
ABOVE STOCK WAS BRED BY Colonel Campbell, of Schenectady, who sells to reduce his stock.
ALL IN SEARCH OF THOROUGHBRED Stallions, for stud purposes or for saddle use, should embrace this opportunity, which is one seldom offered.
SALE POSITIVE AND WITHOUT reserve.
STOCK NOW ON EXHIBITION at the Mart.

A.—HOME AGAIN! LOW RENTS. Old stand, No. 58 Liberty street, revived. Light Carriages, Harness, &c., cheaper than ever. Low rents. 58 Liberty street, between Broadway and Nassau.

A.—JENKINS & DUFF, AUCTIONEERS, WILL SELL at public auction, on Monday, October 20, at 12 o'clock, in front of Court House, 57th st., near 3d av., one gray Mare, 1 top Wagon, 1 Sleigh, 1 set Harness, 1 strap Bells, 1 Whip and 1 Blanket; to pay expense of keep, &c. By order of C. Farley, Marshal.

A.—FOR SALE (THE PROPERTY OF A FARMER), four Horses, one very fine gray coupe or family Horse; also two truck Horses and one very fast Mare, 15 hands 1 inch high; to be sold on reasonable terms; a trial of seven days allowed with either of them. Apply at 47 Great Jones street.

A.—FOR SALE CHEAP, A FIRST CLASS CITY made side-bar top Wagon; only used four times. Apply at the private stable No. 1,372 Broadway.

A FIRST CLASS COACH HORSE AND A NEW Phaeton. Inquire at 72½ Charles street.

A COUPE, CLARENCE, DEPOT WAGON, PHAETON curtain Coach, Landau, Westchester Rockaway, taken in exchange; quite new; sold for less than half cost for cash. HAM'S, Broadway and Fourth street.

AT OUR WAREROOMS, 558 BROADWAY, ARE THE following second hand Carriages in good order and for sale:—Top Wagon, round front Coupe, straight front Coupe, Barouche, six seat Rockaway, Dog Cart Phaeton, T O seat Phaeton, two wheel Dog Cart.
BRADLEY, PRAY & CO.

A.—ELEGANT LANDAU, ONE CLARENCE, ONE curtain Coach, one six-seat Rockaway, one Park Phaeton; also one set of double Harness; to settle up an estate. To be seen at M. Curley's carriage factory, 109, 111 and 113 East Thirteenth street, near Fourth avenue.

A.—FIFTEEN CHEAP TRUCK OR CART HORSES, two light top Business Wagons; all to be sold at half cost. Inquire at 207 West Nineteenth street.

A TOP BUGGY (BATES), PERFECT ORDER, $150; Brewster (Broome street) Road Wagon, $125; Kimball Cutter, $100; light platform spring Feed Wagon, $100; Rockaway, $150. Stable 511 Seventh avenue.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &C.

A HANDSOME COUPE HORSE WANTED—NOT over seven years old. Inquire of JOHN O'CONNOR, 52 West Sixteenth street.

A SOUND, GENTLE AND STYLISH FAMILY Horse—Black, 15 hands 3 inches high; price, $250. 148 East Thirty-ninth street.

A LIGHT TOP SIDE-BAR WAGON, BY STIVERS; one light Clarence and top Wagon, by Broome street Brewster; 20 top and open road Wagons, from $55 up; 1 coupe road Rockaway, 4 second hand Rockaways, $100 up; 1 slide seat, 1 Coach, $350; 2 second hand top pony Phaetons, 1 Coupe, 1 Sulky, 20 Sleighs, 1 Express Wagon, Blankets, Lap Robes, single and double Harness.
WILLIAM H. GRAY, 20 and 22 Wooster street.

CARRIAGES TO LET BY THE MONTH.—ENTIRELY new; French pattern; first class horses, harness, drivers and livery; all appointments equal to any private turnout. Opera Stables, 48 and 50 East Thirty-second st.

COUPES—COUPES.—CIRCULAR FRONT, ROUND boot Coupes, trimmed with brown cloth, will be sold at a bargain. WEST SIDE CARRIAGE REPOSITORY, 1,494 and 1,496 Broadway, near Forty-fifth street.

FIRE! FIRE!!—OUR STOCK OF CARRIAGES, DAMaged by water, will be sold at a bargain. JOSEPH KEAL & CO., 1,494 and 1,496 Broadway, near Forty-fifth street.

FOR SALE—CLARENCE, LITTLE USED, IN GOOD repair. Call at 458 Third avenue, or 35 Madison av.

FOR SALE—A BROWN PONY, 15 HANDS HIGH, 5 years old; heavy build; weighs 1,050 pounds, suitable for a butcher, baker or express; warranted sound and kind. Call at 738 Washington street, corner of Bank.

FOR SALE—A SATIN LINED CLARENCE, 1 PAIR of 16 hand bay Horses and Harness, cost $3,500, all for $1,800; 1 Pony Phaeton for $250; 1 satin lined Coupe, $375; 1 Coupe, $125. 86 Walker street, near Broadway, livery stable.

FOR SALE.—A HORSE, EXPRESS WAGON AND Harness for sale cheap; horse warranted sound and kind. Apply at 222 Cherry street.

FOR SALE—A NUMBER OF LOW PRICED WORK Horses. Inquire at stables 347 Stanton street.

FOR SALE—THREE HORSES, SOUND AND KIND, from six to nine years old, 14 to 16½ hands; suitable for cart truck, express, &c.; sold because the owner has no use for them; $50, $100, $110. 192 Division street.

FOR SALE—A FINE BRETT, MADE BY BREWSTER; light; great bargain; price $350; also three sound work Horses, cheap. GORDEN'S Stable, Nos. 3 and 5 West Thirteenth street.

FOR SALE.—$250 WILL BUY HORSE, HARNESS, Wagon and Coal Route, on account of ill health. Inquire at 795 Greenwich street, for two days.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A THREE-QUARTER BRETT, IN good order, pole and shafts; also a light double Harness, with hames and breast Collar, at CONWAY'S stable, Twenty-second street, near Tenth avenue.

FIRST CLASS STALLS TO LET—WITH PLENTY OF carriage room, in boarding stable 162 West Eighteenth street.

HORSE BLANKETS, CARRIAGE ROBES, HARNESS, &c.—The largest variety of Horse Furnishing Goods in New York; no fancy prices. C. M. MOSEMAN & BRO., Manufacturers, 114 Chambers street.

HORSES WINTERED—IN PATERSON, PASSAIC county, N. J., at RICHARD BENSON'S; the best of care taken of them. For reference inquire of John Harbeck, 35 Fifty-fifth street.

IMPORTANT TO COUNTRY STAGE MEN OR HACKers—For sale, a fine Coach, $50, worth $150; also 1 fine roan Horse, sound and kind, $65. 77 New Chambers st.

STABLE TO LET—FOUR STALLS, WITH ALL CONveniences for carriages, &c. Apply at 239 West Fiftieth street.

TO LET—AT REDUCED PRICE, PRIVATE STABLE 232½ East Twentieth street, near Third avenue; has family Rooms; three or five stalls and carriages.
INGRAM, Twenty-fifth street and Fourth avenue.

WAGONS CHEAP.—EXPRESS, GROCERY, BUSIness, delivery, plumbers' and platform spring Wagons, at 226 Spring street.

$100 TO $175.—FIVE HORSES, YOUNG, SOUND and kind; used past summer for watering streets; good workers and roadsters. 418 Eighth avenue, corner Thirty-first street.

$120—$60—$50.—THREE HORSES, FROM 15 TO 16 hands, suitable for any business; also three Wagons and Harness; selling for no fault. 267 West Twenty-fifth street, near Eighth avenue.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

AN ENERGETIC, RELIABLE PARTY WANTED—With $5,000 to $10,000, to take charge of a branch establishment; will give security for money and guarantee a fair salary. Only principals call or address 842 Broadway.

A WHOLESALE MANUFACTURING AND COMMISsion concern would borrow $10,000 to $80,000 from reliable business man, giving him lucrative employment with unquestionable security for capital. Address GUARANTEE, box 175 Herald office.

A MOST SUCCESSFUL JOBBING AND IMPORTING business; very profitable; in full operation and with first class established trade; partner wanted, to take one third interest; capital required $15,000; profits last year over $30,000. A. BLOMQVIST, 150 Nassau street.

A RARE CHANCE FOR A JOURNALIST.—$25,000 will purchase a controlling interest in a daily morning newspaper published in the interior of the State; it is well established, republican in politics, with a daily circulation of over 2,000 copies and a large advertising patronage. Address A. S., box 200 Herald office.

A PARTNER WANTED—TO JOIN ADVERTISER IN buying out good established business; $4,000 cash required; I will furnish $2,000. Full particulars of WARNER & CO., No. 5 Dey street.

A PARTY WHO CAN FURNISH $4,000 TO $5,000 TO start a Club House in this city, connected with a well established business, may address U. S. Club House, Herald office.

A CLEAR PROFIT OF $100,000 MAY BE MADE BY A gentleman with $5,000 joining advertiser and giving his immediate service. Address EAGLES, Herald Uptown Branch office.

AN OPPORTUNITY IS OFFERED TO ACCEPTABLE party to purchase, on favorable terms, Half Interest of retiring partner in a highly respectable and successful auction, real estate and commission house of long standing. For particulars apply to J. W. CAMPBELL & CO., 348 Hudson street.

A FIRST CLASS PROMINENT UPTOWN EIGHTH avenue Dry Goods Store, doing a large trade, can be bought on very favorable terms. Apply to CAMPBELL & CO., 348 Hudson street.

FOR SALE—BUSINESS; A FIRST CLASS OYSTER Saloon, doing a tip-top business; just fitted up, regardless of expense, with all late improvements, on one of the leading avenues of the city; reason for selling, sickness of the proprietor. Inquire, between 10 and 12 o'clock, of D. COLGAN, 368 Myrtle avenue, Brooklyn.

PARTNER, WITH $600, IN PRODUCE AND PROvisions; established 25 years; references exchanged. Call on E. E. BURNETT, No. 6 Park place.

SHIRTS AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.—$1,200 will buy the above splendid Shirt Trade (custom and ready made), 5 Wheeler & Wilson's Machines, complete set of perfect fitting Patterns, Fixtures, Signs, Cutting Boards, &c.; everything in working order. Address SHIRTS, Herald Uptown Branch office.

VALUABLE PATENT FOR SALE—NO TRIFLING invention, but one of real, practical importance; no competition, required in every house; sales unlimited; large profits; patent never before offered for sale. Address B. R. J., 211 Greene street, Jersey City.

WANTED—A PARTY WITH $3,000 CASH, TO TAKE half interest in a very lucrative business, which has already made several fortunes; can make $100,000 this winter. Address B. W., Herald Uptown Branch office.

$3.000 TO $5,000.—A PERSON HAVING A GOOD business, established over three years, requires additional capital. A monthly profit of three per cent will be paid, with full guarantee to be paid monthly, and the money invested can be withdrawn at any time upon reasonable notice being given. Address W. B. H., box 209 Herald office.

$20.000.—FOR SALE, IN CONSEQUENCE OF ill health, a successful Retail Business, possessing superior advantages over competitors; last year's income $30,000, and is constantly improving. Address S. W. M., box 140 Herald office.

$40.000 YEARLY PROFIT INCOME MAY BE divided with advertiser by a business gentleman ready to give immediate services and $3,000 in a sound business of high character. Address RETIREMENT, Herald Uptown Branch office.

LOAN OFFICES.

AT 89 NASSAU STREET, BETWEEN FULTON AND John streets—NEWMAN LEOPOLD continues the buying, selling or advancing on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Pianos, Merchandise, Life Policies, for any amount.

AT WOLF BROTHERS,' 896 BROADWAY, BETWEEN Nineteenth and Twentieth streets.—Money loaned on Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Silver Ware, Silks and particularly Pianos; private parlor for ladies; business strictly confidential.

ADVANCES MADE TO ANY AMOUNT ON DIAmonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silks, India Shawls, Laces, Merchandise, in original or broken packages, or purchased at JOSEPH SOLOMON & CO.'S, 134 Fulton street. Private office for ladies. Established 1850. Se habla Español.

AT 767 BROADWAY, CORNER OF NINTH STREET—Money liberally advanced on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, India Shawls, Silks, &c.; the same bought and sold; private office for ladies. F. R. PAGE.

AT S. FIRUSKI'S, 681 BROADWAY, CORNER AMITY street, highest advances on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Pianos, India Shawls, Silks, &c. Private office for ladies. Business confidential. 681 Broadway.

AT HYMAN'S, 710 BROADWAY—LIBERAL ADvances made on Diamonds and Watches, Silverware, &c., or will pay the highest market price for the same.

AT NO. 57 THIRTEENTH STREET, NEAR BROADway, I pay the highest prices for Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry; advance on the same. ISAACS, Diamond Broker, 57 Thirteenth street, near Broadway.

39 NASSAU STREET, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.—Liberal advances made on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry and all kinds of Merchandise. The same bought and sold. Room 1. HYMAN LEOPOLD.

403 SIXTH AVENUE, BETWEEN TWENTY-FOURTH and Twenty-fifth streets.—Liberal advances made on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silks, Laces and Shawls, Same bought at full value. L. BERNARD.

685 BROADWAY, NEAR AMITY STREET—OLDEST established and most responsible office; liberal advances on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry and Merchandise; the same bought and sold. H. GEIGERMAN.

913 BROADWAY, NEAR TWENTIETH STREET (oldest established and most responsible office.)—Liberal advances on Diamonds, Watches, Silverware, Jewelry, &c.; same bought and sold. A. C. HERTS.

1,267 BROADWAY, OVER HERALD BRANCH office, room B.—Parlor for ladies. Branch 1,207 Broadway. Money loaned on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, &c. Same bought and sold. LINDO BROS.

DRY GOODS.

R. H. MACY & CO.

R. H. MACY & CO.

Back to a SPECIE BASIS.
SPECIE BASIS.
MONDAY, OCT. 20, 1873.

R. H. MACY & CO.
R. H. MACY & CO.
R. H. MACY & CO.

In order to meet the fall in the real value of goods caused by the recent monetary panic, also the fall in gold, we have resolved, in addition to the

EXTENSIVE REDUCTIONS

R. H. MACY & CO.
R. H. MACY & CO.

which we have already made throughout our establishment to give our customers a still further

CASH DISCOUNT

R. H. MACY & CO.
R. H. MACY & CO.

of ten per cent. Our goods are marked in plain figures, and to every customer making a purchase of 50c. and upwards will be returned

TEN PER CENT

R. H. MACY & CO.
R. H. MACY & CO.

on the amount of the purchase. This discount will be made on all classes of goods throughout the whole store wherever a purchase is made of 50c. and upwards.

R. H. MACY & CO., FOURTEENTH STREET AND SIXTH AVENUE.

AT KINZEY'S

Great Panic Sale.
Prices way down.

Great sale of Dress Trimmings.

Silk Trimmings, 3c. to 25c. yard.
Silk Fringes, 3c. to 96c. yard.
Beaded Gimps, 16c. yard up.
Beaded Fringes, 25c. yard up.
Silk Bonnet Velvets, 96c. up.
English Velveteens, 50c. up.
Lining Silks, 25c. up.
Bonnet Silks, 50c. up.

$60,000 worth of rich Ribbons, bought at bankrupt sale at 50 cents on the dollar.
Ribbons, 3c., 6c., 8c., 10c. and 12½c.
Gro Grains, 8c., 10c., 12½c. and 15c.
Sash Ribbons, 39c. yard up.
Fancy Ribbons, 10c. yard up.

Fancy Feathers, Wings, Ostrich Tips, Plumes, closing out, 5c. to $7.
Hats, Bonnets and Frames, closing out very low.

All our silk Windsor and fancy Ties at 25c.
Bargains in Ladies', Gents' and Misses' Underwear.

Bargains in Laces.
Real Guipure Laces, 15c. yard up.
Real Valenciennes, 6c., 8c. yard up.
Real Yak Laces, 25c. yard up.
French Guipures, 8c. yard up.

Goods selling at KINZEY'S less than gold cost.

Our great sale of Kid Gloves.
Ladies' one-button Kids, 39c., 50c.
Ladies' two-button Kids, 50c., 69c.
Gents' Kid Gloves, 89c.
Gents' Dogskin, 89c.

All our Ladies', Gents' and Children's Hosiery closing very low.
Closing large stock of linen Handkerchiefs, 6c. up.

Steel and Jet Ornaments.
Bags, Belts, Bronzes, &c.
Prices reduced in every department, very low.

WILLIAM KINZEY, corner of Ninth street.
767 and 769 Broadway.

AT THE GREAT EAST SIDE ESTABLISHMENT.

MILLINERY GOODS.
ROUND HATS.
SPECIAL OFFERING.
FINEST FRENCH FELT HATS AND BONNETS
AT ONE DOLLAR EACH.
OSTRICH FLOWERS AT 50c., 75c., $1, $1 50 UP.
OSTRICH TIPS. WILLOW PLUMES.
BARGAINS IN REAL LACES.
LACE RUFFLINGS.

Black silk Velvet, $1 75, $2, $2 25, $2 50 up.
Also, the new shades Navy Blue, &c., &c.
50 pieces of Mantilla Silk Velvets, 20 inch wide, $3 75, $4 50, $5 75, $6 50, $8 50. Less than gold cost. Examine.
Velveteens, 50c., 75c., $1 per yard.
Silk Mignons, Navy Blue and fifteen other new shades.
The cheapest gros grain and sash Ribbons offered these ten years.

LADIES' TIES,
ROMAN SASHES,
SILK FRINGES,
LESS THAN HALF MANUFACTURERS' COST.

Job lot of linen Handkerchiefs at 10c., 11c., 12c., 13c., 15c. up. One third below market value.
Yankee Notion Department—crowded.
New Fancy Goods by every European steamer.
Look at our Jet, Steel, Pearl and Oxidized Ornaments.
Extraordinary display.
Hosiery—Cashmere for ladies and children.
Lines of Balbriggan Hose, 20c., 25c., 35c., 50c. up.
Ladies' Merino Vests, high neck and long sleeves, at 75c. up.
Ladies' Merino drawers, 75c. each, up.
Children's Merino Vests, 35c. up, every size.
Bargains in ladies' Underclothing.
EDWARD RIDLEY & SON,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½, Grand street, 62, 64, 66, 68 and 70 Allen street.
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

FURS.
LARGE LINES OF FURS, RECENT PURCHASES.
ALASKA AND SHETLAND SEAL SACQUES, MUFFS, BOAS AND CAPS.
Children's Coney and other Sets, $1 50 each, up.
Lynx Furs from $7 to $20 the set.
Ermine sets, $18 each. Bargains.
Our stock comprises from low to finest grades, and will be found under present market values.
Fur Trimmings, Sleigh and Carriage Robes, &c., &c.
EDWARD RIDLEY & SON,
309, 311, 311½ Grand street, 62, 64, 66, 68 and 70 Allen street.
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

KID GLOVES.
Storekeepers can only purchase our
EDWARD } GLOVE { MONOGRAM
At the jobbing room counter, up stairs.
We do not sell to jobbers this season.
Prices, $5, $5 50; Two Buttons, $7, $7 50, $8 50 and $9.
EDWARD RIDLEY & SON,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand street, 62, 64, 66, 68 and 70 Allen street,
FIFTH BLOCK EAST FROM THE BOWERY.
Five minutes' ride from corner Broadway and Grand street. Desbrosses street cars pass the door.

KID GLOVES!
"Monogram." From 1 to 4 buttons. "Edward."
One button, 35c., 45c. per pair.
From Europe this week.
New shades in cloth, drabs and steel colors.
Two buttons, 65c., 75c., $1 and $1 25 the pair.
Best low priced Glove in America.
Also, castors, dog skin, buck, calf and cloth Gloves and Gauntlets, cheap.
Men's Kid Gloves, 75c., $1 and $1 25 pair.
EDWARD RIDLEY & SON,
Nos. 309, 311 and 311½ Grand street; and Nos. 62, 64, 66, 68 and 70 Allen street.
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

DRY GOODS.

AT SMITH'S PATTERN BAZAAR, 914 BROADWAY, near Twentieth street—FULL LINE of FASHIONS. THE NEW Redingote now ready. Patterns fitted to the FORM warranted perfect. CLOTH MODEL given with each pattern. Cutting and Basting done promptly. Open until 6½ o'clock P. M.

MME. A. DUVAL, 878 BROADWAY, HAS JUST REceived new styles of Walking Jackets, Coat Polonaises; latest Paris novelty, Persian Costume and diagonal Redingote; patterns now ready. New Fashion Magazine for October; Le Moniteur de la Mode, in English; $5 per year; 50 cents per copy. New York agent Mme. A. DUVAL, 878 Broadway.

REDUCED! REDUCED! REDUCED!
UNION ADAMS & CO., NO. 637 BROADWAY,
are offering at very low prices
Hosiery and Gloves,
Underwear,
Shirts and Collars,
Handkerchiefs,
Suspenders,
Robes, Jackets, &c.

FOR SALE.

A DOWNTOWN CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT.—Business well established and doing a large trade; terms easy. Apply to A. BLOMQVIST, 150 Nassau street.

A FIRST CLASS DAY TRADE DOWN TOWN SAMPLE Room, doing an excellent paying business, for sale a bargain, on easy terms. LLOYD, 29 Broadway.

A.—FOR SALE, CORNER LIQUOR STORES ON ALL the avenues and business streets of this city and Brooklyn at low prices; also Restaurants, Oyster Saloons. MITCHELL'S Store Agency, 77 Cedar street.

A.—DOWN TOWN SAMPLE ROOMS, BEST BUSINESS location, for sale cheap; also Wine and Billiard Saloons, Hotels, Meat Markets, first class Grocery Stores, Bakeries, Lunch Rooms, country Grocery Stores. MITCHELL'S Store Agency, 77 Cedar street.

A FIRST CLASS SAMPLE ROOM, WITH LEASE, for sale—A bargain; if not privately sold, will be offered at auction on Wednesday next, at 10½ o'clock. LLOYD, 75 West Broadway.

ATTENTION.—A LARGE STOCK OF SECOND HAND Safes, all makers; some Jewellers', very cheap, to close out stock; real bargains offered. AMERICAN STEAM SAFE COMPANY, 300 Broadway.

BUTTER STAND FOR SALE CHEAP FOR CASH.—Price $800. A good business attached; sales amount to over $25,000 per year; reason for selling having other business. For particulars inquire at the stand, 182 and 183 Fulton Market.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE CHEAP.—MUST BE SOLD at once. Address A. P. C., box 181 Herald office.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE—HANDSOMELY FITTED and well stocked, doing a good business; splendid soda apparatus and fountain; a rare chance. HALE, 152 William street.

ESTABLISHED 1861.—THE WELL KNOWN BOOT and Shoe Store, No. 72 Thompson street for sale; reason for selling, sickness; price $3,000 or first mortgage on city Property.

FANCY STORE FOR SALE—STOCK AND FIXTURES, or without stock, for a few days; rent only $12 per month, at 179 Seventh street, near avenue B.

FOR SALE—THE OLD ESTABLISHED CIGAR Store, 121 Third avenue, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets. JOHN WARNKE.

FOR SALE—LEASE (3½ YEARS) AND FURNITURE of house and restaurant; freshly painted; good situation; price moderate; sold in consequence of death. Address COUDERT BROS., 49 Wall street.

FOR SALE—AN OLD ESTABLISHED CORNER Grocery Store, in Brooklyn; well stocked and doing a good business; must be sold this week. Apply to THOS. GAFFNEY, Auctioneer, No. 6 Centre street.

FOR SALE—THE OLD ESTABLISHED LIQUOR Store, at 29 Carmine street, the Old Ale House.

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS OYSTER AND DINING Saloon and Barroom, 67 East Tenth street, between Broadway and Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—A GOOD CHANCE—A CIGAR STORE, doing a good business and in a good location; good reasons given for present owner wishing to sell. Inquire at 201 Canal street, corner Mulberry.

FOR SALE—BOOT AND SHOE STORE; GOOD LOcality; reason for selling, sickness. Call at 300 Myrtle avenue.

FOR SALE—STOCK AND FIXTURES OF A FANCY Dry Goods Store, $1,000, below value, for cash owner leaving the city. Inquire in the store 607 Third av.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOMELY FITTED UP CORNER Liquor Store on Third avenue. Inquire of HENRY PEETSCH, 345 East Eighteenth street, near First avenue, in cigar store.

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS WINE AND LIQUOR Store on a great thoroughfare downtown; a chance for any party to invest in a good paying business; will sell at a sacrifice, for good and satisfactory reasons; no agents. Address C. O. D., box 110 Herald office.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME MAHOGANY TOP Counter, about twenty-four feet long; also a Cigar Case, about six feet by three. Apply at PRESCOTT & SONS', No. 75 Chambers street.

ONE OF THE BEST CORNER LIQUOR STORES IN the Seventh ward for sale; eight years' lease. Apply at No. 471 Grand street.

THE GOOD WILL AND FIXTURES, WITH OR WITHout Stock of a clothing store, established for the last ten years, for sale. Satisfactory reasons for selling. Call at 119 Franklin street, Greenpoint, L. I.

MACHINERY.

A GOOD SECOND HAND LOCOMOTIVE OR TUBUlar Boiler wanted, for cash, 50 or 60 horse power; also a good Hay Scale. Address, with description and price, D., box 119 Herald office.

A.—9X22, 11X24, 12X30, 16X24 ENGINES, WITH LOCOmotive Flue or Tubular Boilers and Pumps, second hand. WILSON & ROAKE, Water and Dover streets.

BAXTER BOILER, TEN-HORSE POWER, SECOND hand, good as new; also 2-horse power Baxter Engine, second hand, in good order. For sale by WM. D. RUSSELL, 18 Park place, New York.

INSTRUCTION.

AT THOMPSON'S COLLEGE, 20 FOURTH AVENUE, opposite Cooper Institute.—Bookkeeping, Writing, Arithmetic and Languages. Day and evening. Ladies' department. Telegraphy taught practically; demand for operators; tuition $20.

A LADY WILL GIVE INSTRUCTION IN OIL AND water colors, drawing and wax flowers, at her studio or at the residences of her pupils. Call on or address A. H., 212 5th av., room 13.

A GOOD HANDWRITING TAUGHT IN TEN PRIvate lessons of an hour each. Apply this day at No. 66 West Tenth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues; gentlemen at 7 o'clock. OLIVER B. GOLDSMITH.

AN EXPERIENCED CLASSICAL, MATHEMATICAL and English teacher, scholar and gold medallist of foreign university, desires employment as teacher or tutor; prepares for college (English or American); city reference of highest class. Address TUTOR, box 162 Herald Uptown Branch office.

BUSINESS, WRITING, BOOKKEEPING, ARITHMEtic, &c.—DOLBEAR'S Commercial College, 875 Broadway, corner Eighteenth street, is open day and evening. Special attention paid to good business writing, and stiffness, cramping or trembling entirely removed. N. B.—Boys prepared for business can always secure good places in stores, offices or banks.

ELOCUTION.—SPLENDID SUCCESS AT THE NEW Vocal Academy. Pupils delighted. Thorough instruction by an able Boston master. Lung culture. Call for new circular. 150 East Twenty-third street.

EVENING CLASSES IN SHORTHAND.—FREE classes in Phonography every evening from 7 to 9, at the evening school, situated in West Thirty-fifth street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues.

FRENCH, GERMAN AND SPANISH THOROUGHLY and rapidly taught, at moderate terms, by Professor JUL. WUNDERMAN, 119 East Thirty-first street. Lessons given at either pupil's residence or my own.

TWO TUBULAR BOILERS, 22½ POWER EACH; CALender, with 5 paper and iron rolls; Cards, Spinning and Jute Machinery for sale cheap. E. L. PENDEXTER, 45 John street.

DANCING ACADEMIES.

A.—DODWORTH'S CLASSES FOR DANCING, No. 212 Fifth avenue, corner Twenty-sixth street, are now open for the season.
Twice a week—Mondays and Thursdays, Tuesdays and Fridays, Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Once a week—Saturday mornings and Friday evenings.
Gentlemen on Monday and Thursday evenings.
Send for a circular.

AT WILSON & HAMILTON'S, SELECT DANCING Academy, Arthur Hall, 303 West Fourteenth street, near Eighth avenue.—Classes always open for beginners. For terms, &c., send for circular. Soiree every Tuesday evening.

A.—J. MARS' ACADEMY OF DANCING, 289 Bleecker street; classes Tuesday and Friday evenings; children Wednesday and Saturday afternoons; soiree every Saturday evening, at 8 o'clock. Send for circular.

A. J. SAUSE'S DANCING ACADEMIES.—CLASSES at Masonic Hall, 114 and 116 East Thirteenth street, and Brevoort Hall, 154 and 156 East Fifty-fourth street. PRIVATE LESSONS at any hour, day or evening. CIRCULARS at Private Academy, 212 East Eleventh st.

AT TRENOR'S ACADEMY OF DANCING, Lyric Hall, 723 Sixth avenue (Reservoir Park). Pupils can attend at their convenience, and receive individual instruction in Waltzing, &c. A Reception Dansante Friday evening, at 8.

BROOKES' DANCING ACADEMY, 361 BROOME ST. All the fashionable Dances in one course of lessons. LADIES—Tuesdays and Fridays, 3½ P. M. GENTLEMEN—Tuesdays and Fridays, 7½ P. M. CHILDREN—Wednesdays, 3½; Saturdays, 3 P. M. A NEW CLASS FOR TUESDAY.

BALLET MASTER DUMAR'S DANCING ACADEMY, 24 West Fourth street, near Broadway.—Private and class lessons every day. All dances taught perfectly per quarter; 6 in private lessons.

DE GARMO'S DANCING CLASSES, 82 FIFTH AVEnue, corner Fourteenth street. New classes forming.

MR. AND MRS. HLASKO'S ACADEMY FOR DANCing.—Classes for ladies, gentlemen and children. Call for circular at 62 West Thirty-fourth street.

MACPHERSON'S CLASSES FOR DANCING, AT Columbia Hall, 97 and 99 Greenwich avenue, corner West Twelfth street. Call or send for circular. All the fashionable dances in one course of lessons. N. B.—Select soiree to-morrow evening, Oct. 21.

THE NEW YORK HERALD.

WHOLE NO. 13,574. NEW YORK, MONDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1873.—TRIPLE SHEET. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

DIRECTORY FOR ADVERTISERS.

AMUSEMENTS—Ninth Page—Third, fourth, fifth and sixth columns.
ASTROLOGY—Second Page—Second column.
BILLIARDS—Second Page—Sixth column.
BOARDERS WANTED—Second Page—First and second columns.
BOARD AND LODGING WANTED—Second Page—Second column.
BROOKLYN BOARD—Second Page—Second column.
BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE FOR SALE—Ninth Page—Second column.
BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES—First Page—Fourth column.
BUSINESS NOTICES—Seventh Page—Sixth column.
CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE—Ninth Page—Second column.
CLERKS AND SALESMEN—Twelfth Page—Third column.
CLOTHING—Second Page—Fourth column.
COACHMEN AND GARDENERS—Twelfth Page—Third and fourth columns.
COASTWISE STEAMSHIPS—Second Page—Sixth column.
COUNTRY BOARD—Second Page—Second column.
DANCING ACADEMIES—First Page—Sixth column.
DENTISTRY—First Page—Second column.
DRY GOODS—First Page—Fifth and Sixth columns.
DWELLING HOUSES TO LET, FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED—Second Page—Third column.
EUROPEAN STEAMSHIPS—Second Page—Fifth and sixth columns.
EYES AND EARS—Twelfth Page—Fourth column.
FINANCIAL—Fifth Page—Sixth column.
FOR SALE—First Page—Sixth column.
FURNISHED ROOMS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—Second Page—Third and fourth columns.
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FRENCH ADVERTISEMENTS—Twelfth Page—Fourth column.
HELP WANTED—FEMALES—Twelfth Page—Second and third columns.
HELP WANTED—MALES—Twelfth Page—Fourth column.
HORSES, CARRIAGES, &c.—First Page—Third and fourth columns.
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HOUSES, ROOMS, &C., WANTED—Second Page—Fourth column.
INSTRUCTION—First Page—Sixth column.
LECTURE SEASON—Second Page—Sixth column.
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LOST AND FOUND—First Page—First column.
MACHINERY—First Page—Sixth column.
MARBLE MANTELS—First Page—Second column.
MATRIMONIAL—Ninth Page—Third column.
MEDICAL—Second Page—Second column.
MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS—Tenth Page—Sixth column.
MUSICAL—Second Page—Sixth column.
NEW PUBLICATIONS—Seventh Page—Sixth column.
PERSONAL—First Page—First column.
PIANOFORTES, ORGANS, &C.—Ninth Page—Third column.
POLITICAL—Ninth Page—Third column.
PROPOSALS—Twelfth Page—Sixth column.
PROFESSIONAL SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES—Twelfth Page—Second column.
PROPERTY OUT OF THE CITY FOR SALE OR TO RENT—Ninth Page—Second and third columns.
REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE—Ninth Page—Third column.
REAL ESTATE WANTED—Ninth Page—Third column.
REWARDS—First Page—First and second columns.
SALES AT AUCTION—Twelfth Page—Fifth and sixth columns.
SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES—Eleventh Page—First, second, third, fourth, fifth and sixth columns, and Twelfth Page—First and second columns.
SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES—Twelfth Page—Third column.
SPECIAL NOTICES—First Page—Second column.
SPORTING—DOGS, BIRDS, &C.—First Page—Third column.
THE TRADES—Twelfth Page—Fourth column.
THE TURF—First Page—Third column.
TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES—Second Page—Third column.
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE—Second Page—Sixth column.
UNFURNISHED ROOMS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—Second Page—Fourth column.
WANTED TO PURCHASE—Ninth Page—Third column.
WINTER RESORTS—Second Page—Fourth column.
YACHTS, STEAMBOATS, &C.—First Page—Second column.

HERALD BRANCH OFFICES—UPTOWN AND HARLEM.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE NEW YORK HERALD RECEIVED AT THE BRANCH OFFICE,

1,265 BROADWAY AND 530 SIXTH AVENUE,

BETWEEN THIRTY-FIRST AND THIRTY-SECOND STREETS.

OFFICE OPEN EVERY DAY AND NIGHT IN THE YEAR.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED AT ALL HOURS UP TO 9 P. M. AT OFFICE RATES.

HARLEM OFFICE, 2,386 FOURTH AVENUE, NEAR 130TH STREET. ADVERTISEMENTS RECEIVED FROM 9 A. M. TO 7:30 P. M.

NEWSDEALERS AND BOYS SUPPLIED WITH HERALDS AT 4 O'CLOCK EVERY MORNING. ADVERTISERS AND NEWSDEALERS ATTENDED TO WITHOUT EXTRA CHARGE.

THE PUBLIC ARE CAUTIONED AGAINST SO-CALLED BRANCHES IN TWENTY-THIRD AND THIRTY-SECOND STREETS.

PARIS AGENCY OF THE NEW YORK HERALD.

MESSRS. KREMER & CO., AMERICAN REGISTER, HAVE BEEN APPOINTED PARIS AGENTS FOR THE NEW YORK HERALD. THEY WILL SUPPLY DEALERS WITH COPIES OF THE HERALD, AND ALSO SINGLE NUMBERS OF THIS PAPER, TO PARTIES REQUIRING THEM.

PERSONAL.

ANY INFORMATION REGARDING JOHN C. STIRling, a native of Glasgow, Scotland, and recently residing in Philadelphia, will be thankfully received by JOHN PICKEN, 217 Pearl street, New York, or at 23 Nassau street, Brooklyn.

CONNECTICUT AND NEW JERSEY RAILWAYS.—Saturday will address MARION, box 189 Herald office.

CENTRAL PARK.—WILL THE LADY IN COUPE, who was so persistently followed from one end of the Park to the other yesterday afternoon, allow the gentleman whom she noticed to make her acquaintance? He would be more than honored. Address W. B. S., Herald office.

G. M.—PIGEON, PLEASE, OH PLEASE ANSWER C.

HAZZARD—THERE IS A LETTER FOR YOU AT the Brooklyn Post office. C. L.

JAMES DUNNE AND KATE DUNNE, FROM NEWbridge, county Westmeath, Ireland, will please communicate with their sister, MARY DUNNE, who came to this country in June. Address box 85 Post office, Madison, Morris county, N. J.

J. PARKER—YOUR NOTE RECEIVED TOO LATE to keep appointment. Meet me at 3 P. M., Tuesday, 21st, at the same place. H. PARKER.

O'NEIL.—JOHN O'NEIL AND MARY, HIS WIFE, on the 17th of June, 1873, executed and acknowledged (before Joseph C. Lawrence, a notary public, of New York city) a power of attorney to Samuel Kail, of Illinois, to sell lands in Missouri, are requested to call on or communicate with RAE & WHEELER, 239 Broadway, or H. S. & F. S. OSBORNE, 35 Bryan block, Chicago.

SUNDAY EVENING, SIX P. M.—THREE YOUNG ladies; church Twenty-eighth street, down Fifth avenue, two gentlemen at hotel, crossed to Delmonico's, ladies turned Fourteenth street; the gentleman who bowed would like to be acquainted with outside lady, if agreeable. Address HOMER, Herald Uptown Branch office.

$600.—SIX HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD FOR any information leading to the whereabouts of Miss Deborah Davis (colored), or Wallace. Address J. W. E. GRAY, Brooklyn Post office, N. Y.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—A BLACK HORSE AND WAGON, ON THE 16th inst. Owner can have the same by proving property and paying expenses. Apply to ANDREW GERATY No. 111 East 125th street, Harlem.

LOST—ON FRIDAY, OCTOBER 17, A SMALL GOLD Locket, containing a lady's photograph; valuable only to the loser as a keepsake. A suitable reward will be given to any person sending the same to 177 Water street, New York, or 195 Ryerson street, Brooklyn.

LOST—AT THE CLOSE OF THE OPERA ON FRIDAY night, and in the neighborhood of the Academy of Music, an Opal and Diamond Brooch. Any one returning it to 163 West Thirty-fourth street will receive $25 reward. The brooch has been described to the police.

LOST—ON BROADWAY—SIX BONDS, $1,000 EACH; two on Toledo, Peoria and Warsaw, Western Division, and four on American Dock Improvement Company. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning them to the proprietors of the Tremont House, Broadway.

LOST—ON SUNDAY AFTERNOON, A CHILD'S GOLD Handkerchief Pin, with coral bar. A suitable reward will be paid on its return to 111 East Twenty-eighth street.

LOST—BLACK SILK UMBRELLA, SATURDAY afternoon, on Central avenue, between Jerome Park and Arcularius'. A liberal reward will be paid on leaving it at 114 East Twenty-sixth street.

LOST—AT DR. HEPWORTH'S CHURCH, ON SATURday evening, a pearl Opera Glass. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning it to No. 50 West Fifty-fifth street.

LOST—SUNDAY MORNING, FROM 60 ST. MARK'S place, a small Italian Greyhound; has a black collar bound with red and plate attached without name; by returning the same a liberal reward will be paid.

LOST—LAST SATURDAY, IN GOING FROM SIXteenth to Nineteenth street, on Third avenue, a Pocketbook, containing three gold pieces and a sum of money. The finder will be liberally rewarded on returning same to owner, 135 East Sixteenth street.

REWARDS.

$10 REWARD.—LOST, A WHITE BASTARD SPITZ answers to the name Sax. The above reward will be paid to any one who will return him to 54 Bowery.

$10 REWARD WILL BE PAID, AND NO QUEStions asked, for the recovery of a lady's silk Skirt lost from a delivery wagon last Thursday evening, by calling on ANDREW McCANN, 211 West Sixteenth street, first floor.

$10 REWARD.—LOST SUNDAY, OCTOBER 19TH, A new Pocketbook, containing about $40; the finder will receive the above reward by returning it to J. H. BADENHOP, 88 Avenue D.

$15 REWARD.—LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN from the premises of the subscriber, a large pointer Dog, color liver and white, double nose, has got a broken toe on the left hind foot, scar on lip, front feet crooked from the knees down, tail about 7 inches long, answers to the name of Mack. The above reward will be paid by returning the same to WM. THOMPSON, Central avenue, Morrisania, Westchester county, N. Y.

$50 REWARD.—STOLEN, FROM HOHOKUS, Thursday night, October 16, a black Mare, 15 hands high; stout built; star on forehead; white spot on back; white sock on the right hind leg and long scar on left hind leg. Send information to R. M. JACOBUS, 70 Beekman street, New York.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A FREE DISPENSARY AND LECTURE ROOM for the poor will be opened in the basement of the Metaphysical University, 51 Bond street, New York, on Mondays and Thursdays, from 10 to 2, beginning October 23.

There are an unlimited number in the city unable, through disease, to earn their daily bread. Some, in their distress, become frightened and resort to suicide. Now a general invitation is given to the poor of all nationalities and creeds to come and get cured, be made strong and well, receive new constitutions and be ready to go forth and earn an independent living.

Let the poor who come to the Dispensary bring three bottles with them.

A lecture will be given on Monday and Thursday evenings on the various diseases and their causes, cures and prevention—Deafness, Blindness, Catarrh, Baldness, Neuralgia, Rheumatism and every disease humanity is subjected to. The Discovery can be obtained through your druggist or at the University, 51 Bond street, where please enclose stamp for pamphlet. Office hours, daily, from 10 to 4 o'clock. Consultation fee, $5.
Mrs. M. G. BROWN.

ALL PARTIES ARE CAUTIONED AGAINST NEGOtiating Check No. 1,657 of the German Savings Bank of Williamsburg on the Manufacturers' National Bank of Williamsburg for $500, payable to the order of J. Larwill, and certified and endorsed. Payment has been stopped. A suitable reward will be paid for its return to A. LARWILL, 466 Pulaski street, Brooklyn, or J. LARWILL, 35 Eagle street, Cleveland, Ohio.

AMALGAMATED SOCIETY OF Engineers, Machinists, Millwrights, Smiths and Pattern Makers.
An aggregate meeting of members will be held at the club house, National Hall, 52 Stanton street, on Tuesday, the 21st inst., at 8 o'clock P. M., to take into consideration the present state of trade and other business of importance. J. WILKINSON, President.
T. F. GARDNER, New York, First Secretary.

A.—HERALD BRANCH OFFICE, BROOKLYN, corner of Fulton avenue and Boerum street.
Open from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.
On Sunday from 3 to 9 P. M.

ALL OFFICERS, SAILORS AND SOLDIERS wounded, however slightly, can obtain a pension through E. B. JACKSON (late surgeon United States Navy), No. 4 New Chambers street.

A FINE LOT OF CAMELS' HAIR SHAWLS AND ladies' Furs, mink and seal, for sale, very low, at GEIGERMAN'S Loan Office, 685 Broadway.

A.—HAVANA LOTTERY.—OFFICIAL DRAWINGS ON file. Information and circulars free. Also Kentucky State Lottery, for the benefit of the schools of Frankfort. JOS. BATES, Agent, 196 Broadway, room 4.

AUCTION NOTICE.—GOOD SECOND HAND AND misfit Carpets, all sizes, rich patterns; English Brussels and Ingrains daily from auction, very cheap, at 112 Fulton street, between William and Nassau.

A.—HAVANA LOTTERY.
German Government Lotteries.
Post office box 3,836. RITTER & CO., 85 Nassau street, room 4.
Branch office, 1,017 Third avenue, first floor.

A.—PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY.
In the Herald of next Saturday will be found a column advertisement giving all the particulars of the Fourth Gift Concert of the Public Library of Kentucky, beyond all question the greatest enterprise of the age.
For tickets, circulars or information apply to or address THOS. H. HAYS, 609 Broadway, New York.

CLAIRVOYANT HERB COMPOUND—CURES RHEUmatism, Blood and Liver Diseases; price $1; sent prepaid. Address JENNIE DANFORTH, 78 West Forty-eighth street, New York. References:—Robert Dale Owen, James Peebles and others.

CANCER CURED WITHOUT THE USE OF THE knife; permanently cured in every case in a very short time by Dr. CARRIER. Call at or address 49 East Forty-fourth street.

CUBA HAVANA LOTTERY,
Royal Saxon Government Lottery,
Hamburg City Lottery,
Brunswick Government Lottery.
Prizes cashed and information given.
THEODOR ZSCHOCH,
Lock box 5,594. 116 Nassau street, New York.

DR. FILLETTE, MEDICAL ELECTRICIAN, REmoved to 59 West Thirty-fifth street. Refers to leading physicians in this city. Office hours—Gentlemen, 9 A. M. to 12 M.; ladies, 12 to 4 P. M.

HAVANA LOTTERY.—TICKETS DIRECT FROM THE government. German State Lotteries. Prizes cashed and information given. WACHSMANN & CO., Bankers, 75 and 77 Nassau street. Post office box 3,316.

HAVANA LOTTERY.—PRIZES CASHED; CIRCUlars containing full particulars free. Apply to A. SCHNEIDER & CO., 35 Wall street, basement.

HAVANA LOTTERY.—OFFICIAL DRAWINGS ON file. Information free. The best 5c. and 10c. Cigars in the city. JOSEPH MARTENS & CO., 447 Broome street.

HAVANA AND KENTUCKY LOTTERY—PRIZES cashed; drawing regularly received and filed, 1,207 Broadway, opposite Gilsey House.
D. LINDO, Broker.

LADIES' SEAL AND FUR SACQUES CLEANED, altered, relined to look equal to new; the same bought and sold at SCHWARTZ'S, 1,251 Broadway, corner Thirty-first street.

NEW ROYAL HAVANA AND KENTUCKY STATE Lotteries.—Orders filled; circulars free. Address G. C. HALL & CO., Bankers, 73 Nassau street; Post office box 3,037, New York.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.
KENTUCKY STATE LOTTERIES.
KENTUCKY—EXTRA CLASS NO. 595—OCTOBER 18, 1873.
25, 12, 72, 45, 60, 7, 3, 20, 26, 71, 42, 44.
KENTUCKY—CLASS NO. 596—OCTOBER 18, 1873.
33, 27, 10, 75, 22, 29, 15, 70, 58, 42, 73, 36, 60, 76.
SIMMONS & CO., Managers, Covington, Ky.
SHELBY COLLEGE—EXTRA CLASS NO. 495—OCTOBER 18, 1873.
54, 62, 59, 1, 70, 47, 77, 42, 40, 33, 6, 19.
SHELBY COLLEGE—CLASS NO. 496—OCTOBER 18, 1873.
27, 12, 73, 43, 51, 53, 18, 10, 13, 64, 7, 25, 42, 35.
SMITH & CO., Managers, Covington, Ky.
Address J. CLUTE, Broker, 206 Broadway, 153 Fulton street and No. 2 Park row. Post office box 4,969.

OFFICIAL DRAWING NORTH CAROLINA LOTTERY.
EXTRA CLASS NO. 309—OCTOBER 18, 1873.
72, 30, 1, 65, 33, 25, 2, 50, 67, 34, 77, 52.
NORTH CAROLINA—CLASS NO. 310—OCTOBER 18, 1873.
54, 70, 20, 32, 48, 65, 30, 74, 37, 16, 57, 71, 38, 45.
GERKEN & CO., Managers.
LUTHY & CO., Brokers, 232 Greenwich street, New York.

O.—ROYAL HAVANA OF CUBA, KENTUCKY STATE and German Lotteries; circulars containing full information sent free. PARKS & CO., Bankers, 178 Broadway, room 2. Private office attached.

PRIVATE RETREAT FOR INEBRIATES.—AT THE request of several medical gentlemen of New York Dr. WILLIAM MURPHY, late Health Commissioner, has opened his spacious residence, at Mount Vernon, Westchester county, N. Y., for the reception of a small number of inebriates. Letters addressed to Dr. W. MURPHY will receive immediate attention.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.
Information furnished, orders filled, circulars sent free on application. Spanish bank bills and governments purchased. TAYLOR & CO., Bankers,
No. 11 Wall street, New York city.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY—GERMAN STATES Lotteries. VETTER & CO., 185 Bowery (Germania Bank Building); Post office box 4,271. Branch office, 387 Eighth avenue, between Twenty-ninth and Thirtieth streets.

THE FOURTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE YOUNG Men's Universalist Association will be held at the Church of the Divine Paternity, corner of Forty-fifth street and Fifth avenue, on Monday evening, October 20, at 8 o'clock. Addresses by Rev. Dr. Chapin, Gerald Massey, the English poet; Rev. J. U. Mitchell, of Scotland; Rev. Miss Chapin, of Iowa, and others. The public are cordially invited.

Z.—ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY. PRIZES CASHED. Circulars with full information sent free. Official drawings on hand. Address P. C. DEVLIN, stationer, 30 Liberty street, New York.

$589.589.—KENTUCKY LOTTERY. ROYAL Havana and Kentucky circulars free. Address BALEY & CO. (office established 30 years), 174 Broadway.

YACHTS, STEAMBOATS, &C.

BOATS OF ALL DESCRIPTION, WOOD AND METallic and Spoon Oars, at shop, 368 and 373 South street, and 114th street, Harlem River.
STEPHEN ROBERTS.

FOR SALE—SCHOONER YACHT, 48 FEET LONG; large cabin; sails and rigging nearly new and in perfect order, lying at foot of 116th street, East River. For particulars apply at 77 Bleecker street.

SCREW YACHT SPITFIRE FOR SALE CHEAP—60 feet long, 11 beam, 2½ draught; very economical; large cabin; speed twelve miles hourly. Apply at the foot of Smith street, Brooklyn.

DENTISTRY.

ABSOLUTELY PAINLESS.—TEETH EXTRACTED; fresh gas daily; Combination Sets, extremely light and durable; Rubber Sets, $10. 216 Sixth avenue, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth streets. Established 24 years.
Dr. L. BERHARD.

A BEAUTIFUL AND SUBSTANTIAL SET OF TEETH $5, $8 and $10. Teeth filled with bone and silver 50c.; with gold and platina $1. All work warranted first class, at Dr. WHITE'S, 239 Sixth avenue.

MARBLE MANTELS.

AN ASSORTMENT OF MANTELS, UNSURPASSED for beauty of design and quality of workmanship. Slate work of all kinds a specialty.
PENRHYN SLATE COMPANY,
Fourth avenue and Seventeenth street, Union square.

STEWART'S SLATE MANTELS, MARBLE AND WOOD Mantels, rich and elegant designs, at the lowest prices, 220 and 222 West Twenty-third street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues.

SPORTING—DOGS, BIRDS, &C.

A.—FOR SALE, ALL KINDS OF FANCY DOGS, Birds, &c.; Medicines for all diseases; Prepared Food for mocking birds, at B. G. DOVEY'S, No. 3 Greene street, near Canal.

FRANCIS BUTLER, NO. 3 PECK SLIP, HAS ALL the choice breeds of Dogs, imported ratting and rabbiting Ferrets. Butler's Infallible Mange Cure and Flea Exterminator, 75c.; Butler's new work, $2. Dogs boarded, trained, &c. Medicines for all diseases.

FOR SALE—ALL THE CHOICE BREEDS OF DOGS, Birds and Animals. Medicines for all diseases. Prepared Food for Mocking Birds. At FOSTER & MEYERS', No. 3 Amity street, near Broadway.

THREE PRAIRIE FOXES FOR SALE.—CAPTURED last spring. Address, with bids, POSTMASTER, Buffalo Station, Kansas Pacific Railway.

THE TURF.

DEERFOOT DRIVING PARK.—SECOND FALL Meeting, 1873. First day, Tuesday, October 28, and continue three days. No. 1—Purse $200, for 2:50 class; $100 to first, $50 to second, $30 to third, $20 to fourth. No. 2—Purse $250, for 2:38 class; $120 to first, $65 to second, $40 to third, $25 to fourth. Second day.—No. 3—Purse $200, for 2:42 class; $100 to first, $50 to second, $30 to third, $20 to fourth. No. 4—Purse $300, for 2:34 class; $140 to first, $80 to second, $50 to third, $30 to fourth. Third day.—No. 5—Purse $150, for 3 minute class; $75 to first, $40 to second, $20 to third, $15 to fourth. No. 6—Purse $500, open to all; $200 to first, $125 to second, $75 to third, $50 to fourth. Conditions same as advertised first fall meeting. Entries to close at Baldwin's Empire House, corner of Main and Plymouth streets, near Catharine ferry, Monday, October 20, at 9 P. M. All communications to be addressed to WILLIAM McMAHON, at said house.
WILLIAM McMAHON, Superintendent.

NEW DORP CLUB GROUND, STATEN ISLAND.—The race advertised for Saturday, October 18, free for all, is postponed to Saturday, October 25; entrance will be left open to Tuesday, October 21, at 9 o'clock P. M.
D. R. RYERS, Proprietor.

PROSPECT PARK FAIR GROUND ASSOCIATION.
SECOND FALL MEETING, 1873,
COMMENCING TUESDAY, OCTOBER 21.
PURSE No. 1.—$1,000, for horses that have never beaten 2:26; $500 to first; $300 to second and $200 to third.
J. L. Doty enters b. m. Lydia Thompson.
Jno. Murphy enters b. g. Charlie Green.
J. J. Bowen enters b. g. Ben Flagler.
W. Lovell enters br. g. Barney Kelly.
J. H. Philips enters b. g. Ed. White.
James Dougvey, Jr. enters br. g. Joker.
J. S. Baker enters b. g. Tom Keeler.
PURSE No. 2.—$500, for horses that have never beaten 2:39; $300 to first, $150 to second and $50 to third.
A. C. Whitson enters b. m. Pauline.
J. Merritt enters br. g. Berkshire Boy.
Owner enters ch. g. Sterling.
John Murphy enters s. g. Sewell Jake.
J. H. Philips enters br. g. Fred. Tyler.
L. S. Sammis enters s. g. Port Washington.
SECOND DAY—THURSDAY, OCT. 23.
PURSE No. 3.—Three-year-old Colt Stake.
C. S. Burr enters b. filly Emma Francis.
C. S. Burr enters b. c. Reform.
Edwin Perrin enters br. c. Topgallant.
PURSE No. 4.—$600, for horses that have never beaten 2:30; $325 to first, $175 to second and $100 to third.
Daniel Pieffer enters blk. s. Daniel Boone.
John Murphy enters b. g. Everitt Ray.
J. W. Pendergast enters ch. m. Lady Emma.
A. J. Heek enters b. g. Clothespin.
J. H. Phillips enters g. g. Jack Draper.
M. Martin enters b. g. Mystic.
James Dougvey, Jr., enters g. g. Ed. Eaton.
Peter Manee enters b. m. Mary A. Whitney.
THIRD DAY, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 24.
PURSE No. 5.—$500, for horses that have never beaten 3 minutes; $300 to first, $150 to second and $50 to third.
A... n enters blk. m. Maria.
J. ... s b. g. Dexter B.
Tho... nnor enters g. g. Dawn.
Own... ch. g. Sterling.
J. Mc... s s. g. Silver Tail.
John M... ers b. m. Effie Dean.
L. S. Sa... ters s. g. Farmer Boy.
W. S. Th... ers br. g. Phil O'Neal, Jr.
Robert F... enters b. m. Love.
PURSE N... $3,000; free for all; $1,600 to first, $1,000 to second, $55... $... to fourth.
Daniel Mace... ... Fullerton.
J. J. Bowen ... k ... rs.
W. Lovell e... ... an Girl.
C. S. Green ... m. Gazelle.
Admission t... rand stand and quarter stretch $2.
Admission to ... use, introduced by a member, $5.
Races comme... h day at 2 o'clock prompt. Good day and track. ... Island cars leave Fulton ferry every ten minu... grounds.
E. O. READ, President.
GEORGE W. OA... erintendent.

POOLS SOLD A... SON'S, 1,187 BROADWAY, corner Twenty-... treet—This and every evening during the week ... unning races at Baltimore and the trotting at P... ark; also every morning at 10 o'clock. Teleg... ived of entries and winners each day of the races. T. B. JOHNSON.

THE CELEBRATED ... ING HORSES CROWN Prince and Young B... trot at Fleetwood Park for a special premium o... mile heats, best 3 in 5, to harness, on Wednesday ... 22, at 3 o'clock P. M.
W. H. ... TT, Superintendent.

HORSES, CAR... GES, &C.

AT THE HORSE AND CARR... E AUCTION MART OF WILLIAM VAN ... SSELL (SUCCESSOR TO JOHNSTON ... VAN TASSELL), at the old stand, 110, 112 and 114 ... Thirteenth street, near Fourth avenue.
REGULAR SALES OF HORSES AND CARRIAGES WILL BE HELD EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY, at 12 o'clock.
GENTLEMEN WISHING TO PURCHASE, OR THOSE having Horses and Carriages to sell, will find this house perfectly reliable, as this business will be conducted on the same straightforward principles which have governed it in the past.
WE GIVE THE PURCHASER OF EVERY HORSE THAT IS WARRANTED SOUND FROM 24 TO 48 HOURS FOR TRIAL.
Horses and Carriages always on hand at private sale.
LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS.
ENTRIES CAN BE MADE BY SENDING FULL DESCRIPTIONS THROUGH THE MAILS, AND CAN BE MADE UP TO SIX O'CLOCK THE DAY PREVIOUS TO SALE.
SECOND HAND CARRIAGES OF ALL KINDS TAKEN ON STORAGE FOR SALE.

AUCTION HOUSE OF ARCH. JOHNSTON (late Johnston & Van Tassell), OFFICE AND SALESROOM, OLD STAND, 37 Nassau street, opposite the Post office.
THE HORSE AUCTION BRANCH OF OUR HOUSE IS REMOVED TO THE SPACIOUS PREMISES 19 TO 25 THIRTEENTH STREET, NEAR UNIVERSITY PLACE.
The business will be conducted on precisely the same strict and honorable principles which have always characterized the dealings of our house, and won the respect and confidence of the business community as well as the public at large.
REGULAR SALES EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.
Entries for sale may be made, as usual, either at our downtown house, 37 Nassau street, or at the Mart, 19 to 25 Thirteenth street, near University place.
LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS.
SALE COMMENCES AT 10½ O'CLOCK.

A.—MAJOR CHAS. W. BARKER, AUCTIONEER, ANNOUNCES DAN MACE'S GREAT SALE OF CELEBRATED TROTTERS TO TAKE PLACE AT THE STABLES NO. 206 WEST FORTY-EIGHTH STREET, NEAR BROADWAY TO-MORROW (TUESDAY), OCTOBER 21, AT 11 O'CLOCK.
THE STOCK COMPRISES TWENTY-FIVE HEAD,
ALL OF WHICH CAN TROT in from 2:30 to 2:45, and includes the well known PENN YAN, EASTERN MAID, BUTTERBALL, MAGNA CHARTA, JOE, STONEWALL JACKSON, YOUNG HONEST, BILLY BLAIR, GEORGE HICKS, LITTLE JERRY, &c., &c.
THESE TROTTERS WERE SELECTED this summer by Mr. Mace, during his travels East and West, with great care and regardless of cost, and now, being desirous of reducing his stock, offers them for positive and peremptory sale to the highest bidder.
THEY ARE ALL WARRANTED SOUND and kind, and are all elegant and extra stylish drivers.
STOCK NOW ON EXHIBITION.
CATALOGUES NOW READY, and can be obtained at BARKER & CHASE'S City Auction Mart and New York Tattersalls, corner of Broadway and Thirty-ninth street.
NO POSTPONEMENT on account of the weather.

A.—THOROUGHBRED RACE STALLIONS AT PUBLIC auction, at BARKER & CHASE'S City Auction Mart and New York Tattersall's, corner of Broadway and Thirty-ninth street, on Wednesday, October 22, at 11 o'clock, and consisting of
BROWN HORSE ADMIRAL, by Commodore, dam Mary Mullock, by John Brunt, out of imp. Catalani, 15¾ high, 13 years old; has run in 1:45; thoroughly broken in harness; fine trotting action, and is a sure foal getter.
BAY HORSE GENERAL BUFORD, by Admiral, dam Beeswing, by Trustee, Jr., by imp. Trustee, out of Marian Grey, 15½ high, 6 years old; has run in 1:44; is well broken in harness.
CHESTNUT COLT QUEENSTON, by Admiral, dam Fairy Queen, by Trustee, Jr., out of Silphede, 2 years old; is very speedy.
ABOVE STOCK WAS BRED BY Colonel Campbell, of Schenectady, who sells to reduce his stock.
ALL IN SEARCH OF THOROUGHBRED Stallions, for stud purposes or for saddle use, should embrace this opportunity, which is one seldom offered.
SALE POSITIVE AND WITHOUT reserve.
STOCK NOW ON EXHIBITION at the Mart.

A.—HOME AGAIN! LOW RENTS.
Old stand, No. 58 Liberty street, revived.
Light Carriages, Harness, &c.,
cheaper than ever. Low rents.
58 Liberty street, between Broadway and Nassau.

A.—JENKINS & DUFF, AUCTIONEERS, WILL SELL at public auction, on Monday, October 20, at 12 o'clock, in front of Court House, 57th st., near 3d av., one gray Mare, 1 top Wagon, 1 Sleigh, 1 set Harness, 1 strap Bells, 1 Whip and 1 Blanket; to pay expense of keep, &c. By order of C. Farley, Marshal.

A.—FOR SALE (THE PROPERTY OF A FARMER), four Horses, one very fine gray coupe or family Horse; also two truck Horses and one very fast Mare, 15 hands 1 inch high; to be sold on reasonable terms; a trial of seven days allowed with either of them. Apply at 47 Great Jones street.

A.—FOR SALE CHEAP, A FIRST CLASS CITY made side-bar top Wagon; only used four times. Apply at the private stable No. 1,372 Broadway.

A FIRST CLASS COACH HORSE AND A NEW Phaeton. Inquire at 72½ Charles street.

A COUPE, CLARENCE, DEPOT WAGON, PHAETON curtain Coach, Landau, Westchester Rockaway, taken in exchange; quite new; sold for less than half cost for cash. HAM'S, Broadway and Fourth street.

AT OUR WAREROOMS, 558 BROADWAY, ARE THE following second hand Carriages in good order and for sale:—
Top Wagon, round front Coupe, straight front Coupe, Barouche, six seat Rockaway, Dog Cart Phaeton, T O seat Phaeton, two wheel Dog Cart.
BRADLEY, PRAY & CO.

A.—ELEGANT LANDAU, ONE CLARENCE, ONE curtain Coach, one six-seat Rockaway, one Park Phaeton; also one set of double Harness; to settle up an estate. To be seen at M. Curley's carriage factory, 109, 111 and 113 East Thirteenth street, near Fourth avenue.

A.—FIFTEEN CHEAP TRUCK OR CART HORSES, two light top Business Wagons; all to be sold at half cost. Inquire at 207 West Nineteenth street.

A TOP BUGGY (BATES), PERFECT ORDER, $150; Brewster (Broome street) Road Wagon, $125; Kimball Cutter, $100; light platform spring Feed Wagon, $100; Rockaway, $150. Stable 511 Seventh avenue.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &C.

A HANDSOME COUPE HORSE WANTED—NOT over seven years old. Inquire of JOHN O'CONNOR, 52 West Sixteenth street.

A SOUND, GENTLE AND STYLISH FAMILY Horse—Black, 15 hands 3 inches high; price, $250. 148 East Thirty-ninth street.

A LIGHT TOP SIDE-BAR WAGON, BY STIVERS; one light Clarence and top Wagon, by Broome street Brewster; 20 top and open road Wagons, from $55 up; 1 coupe road Rockaway, 4 second hand Rockaways, $100 up; 1 slide seat, 1 Coach, $350; 2 second hand top pony Phaetons, 1 Coupe, 1 Sulky, 20 Sleighs, 1 Express Wagon, Blankets, Lap Robes, single and double Harness.
WILLIAM H. GRAY, 20 and 22 Wooster street.

CARRIAGES TO LET BY THE MONTH.—ENTIRELY new; French pattern; first class horses, harness, drivers and livery; all appointments equal to any private turnout. Opera Stables, 48 and 50 East Thirty-second st.

COUPES—COUPES.—CIRCULAR FRONT, ROUND boot Coupes, trimmed with brown cloth, will be sold at a bargain. WEST SIDE CARRIAGE REPOSITORY, 1,494 and 1,496 Broadway, near Forty-fifth street.

FIRE! FIRE!!—OUR STOCK OF CARRIAGES, DAMaged by water, will be sold at a bargain. JOSEPH KEAL & CO., 1,494 and 1,496 Broadway, near Forty-fifth street.

FOR SALE—CLARENCE, LITTLE USED, IN GOOD repair. Call at 458 Third avenue, or 35 Madison av.

FOR SALE—A BROWN PONY, 15 HANDS HIGH, 5 years old; heavy build; weighs 1,050 pounds, suitable for a butcher, baker or express; warranted sound and kind. Call at 738 Washington street, corner of Bank.

FOR SALE—A SATIN LINED CLARENCE, 1 PAIR of 16 hand bay Horses and Harness, cost $3,500, all for $1,800; 1 Pony Phaeton for $250; 1 satin lined Coupe, $375; 1 Coupe, $125. 86 Walker street, near Broadway, livery stable.

FOR SALE.—A HORSE, EXPRESS WAGON AND Harness for sale cheap; horse warranted sound and kind. Apply at 222 Cherry street.

FOR SALE—A NUMBER OF LOW PRICED WORK Horses. Inquire at stables 347 Stanton street.

FOR SALE—THREE HORSES, SOUND AND KIND, from six to nine years old, 14 to 16½ hands; suitable for cart truck, express, &c.; sold because the owner has no use for them; $50, $100, $110. 192 Division street.

FOR SALE—A FINE BRETT, MADE BY BREWSTER; light; great bargain; price $350; also three sound work Horses, cheap. GORDEN'S Stable, Nos. 3 and 5 West Thirteenth street.

FOR SALE.—$250 WILL BUY HORSE, HARNESS, Wagon and Coal Route, on account of ill health. Inquire at 795 Greenwich street, for two days.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A THREE-QUARTER BRETT, IN good order, pole and shafts; also a light double Harness, with hames and breast Collar, at CONWAY'S stable, Twenty-second street, near Tenth avenue.

FIRST CLASS STALLS TO LET—WITH PLENTY OF carriage room, in boarding stable 162 West Eighteenth street.

HORSE BLANKETS, CARRIAGE ROBES, HARNESS, &c.—The largest variety of Horse Furnishing Goods in New York; no fancy prices. C. M. MOSEMAN & BRO., Manufacturers, 114 Chambers street.

HORSES WINTERED—IN PATERSON, PASSAIC county, N. J., at RICHARD BENSON'S; the best of care taken of them. For reference inquire of John Harbeck, 35 Fifty-fifth street.

IMPORTANT TO COUNTRY STAGE MEN OR HACKers—For sale, a fine Coach, $50, worth $150; also 1 fine roan Horse, sound and kind, $65. 77 New Chambers st.

STABLE TO LET—FOUR STALLS, WITH ALL CONveniences for carriages, &c. Apply at 239 West Fiftieth street.

TO LET—AT REDUCED PRICE, PRIVATE STABLE 232½ East Twentieth street, near Third avenue; has family Rooms; three or five stalls and carriages.
INGRAM, Twenty-fifth street and Fourth avenue.

WAGONS CHEAP.—EXPRESS, GROCERY, BUSIness, delivery, plumbers' and platform spring Wagons, at 226 Spring street.

$100 TO $175.—FIVE HORSES, YOUNG, SOUND and kind; used past summer for watering streets; good workers and roadsters. 418 Eighth avenue, corner Thirty-first street.

$120—$60—$50.—THREE HORSES, FROM 15 TO 16 hands, suitable for any business; also three Wagons and Harness; selling for no fault. 267 West Twenty-fifth street, near Eighth avenue.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

AN ENERGETIC, RELIABLE PARTY WANTED—With $5,000 to $10,000, to take charge of a branch establishment; will give security for money and guarantee a fair salary. Only principals call or address 842 Broadway.

A WHOLESALE MANUFACTURING AND COMMISsion concern would borrow $10,000 to $80,000 from reliable business man, giving him lucrative employment with unquestionable security for capital. Address GUARANTEE, box 175 Herald office.

A MOST SUCCESSFUL JOBBING AND IMPORTING business; very profitable; in full operation and with first class established trade; partner wanted, to take one third interest; capital required $15,000; profits last year over $30,000. A. BLOMQVIST, 150 Nassau street.

A RARE CHANCE FOR A JOURNALIST.—$25,000 will purchase a controlling interest in a daily morning newspaper published in the interior of the State; it is well established, republican in politics, with a daily circulation of over 2,000 copies and a large advertising patronage. Address A. S., box 200 Herald office.

A PARTNER WANTED—TO JOIN ADVERTISER IN buying out good established business; $4,000 cash required; I will furnish $2,000. Full particulars of WARNER & CO., No. 5 Dey street.

A PARTY WHO CAN FURNISH $4,000 TO $5,000 TO start a Club House in this city, connected with a well established business, may address U. S. Club House, Herald office.

A CLEAR PROFIT OF $100,000 MAY BE MADE BY A gentleman with $5,000 joining advertiser and giving his immediate service. Address EAGLES, Herald Uptown Branch office.

AN OPPORTUNITY IS OFFERED TO ACCEPTABLE party to purchase, on favorable terms, Half Interest of retiring partner in a highly respectable and successful auction, real estate and commission house of long standing. For particulars apply to J. W. CAMPBELL & CO., 348 Hudson street.

A FIRST CLASS PROMINENT UPTOWN EIGHTH avenue Dry Goods Store, doing a large trade, can be bought on very favorable terms. Apply to CAMPBELL & CO., 348 Hudson street.

FOR SALE—BUSINESS; A FIRST CLASS OYSTER Saloon, doing a tip-top business; just fitted up, regardless of expense, with all late improvements, on one of the leading avenues of the city; reason for selling, sickness of the proprietor. Inquire, between 10 and 12 o'clock, of D. COLGAN, 368 Myrtle avenue, Brooklyn.

PARTNER, WITH $600, IN PRODUCE AND PROvisions; established 25 years; references exchanged. Call on E. E. BURNETT, No. 6 Park place.

SHIRTS AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.—$1,200 will buy the above splendid Shirt Trade (custom and ready made), 5 Wheeler & Wilson's Machines, complete set of perfect fitting Patterns, Fixtures, Signs, Cutting Boards, &c.; everything in working order. Address SHIRTS, Herald Uptown Branch office.

VALUABLE PATENT FOR SALE—NO TRIFLING invention, but one of real, practical importance; no competition, required in every house; sales unlimited; large profits; patent never before offered for sale. Address B. R. J., 211 Greene street, Jersey City.

WANTED—A PARTY WITH $3,000 CASH, TO TAKE half interest in a very lucrative business, which has already made several fortunes; can make $100,000 this winter. Address B. W., Herald Uptown Branch office.

$3.000 TO $5,000.—A PERSON HAVING A GOOD business, established over three years, requires additional capital. A monthly profit of three per cent will be paid, with full guarantee to be paid monthly, and the money invested can be withdrawn at any time upon reasonable notice being given. Address W. B. H., box 209 Herald office.

$20.000.—FOR SALE, IN CONSEQUENCE OF ill health, a successful Retail Business, possessing superior advantages over competitors; last year's income $30,000, and is constantly improving. Address S. W. M., box 140 Herald office.

$40.000 YEARLY PROFIT INCOME MAY BE divided with advertiser by a business gentleman ready to give immediate services and $3,000 in a sound business of high character. Address RETIREMENT, Herald Uptown Branch office.

LOAN OFFICES.

AT 89 NASSAU STREET, BETWEEN FULTON AND John streets—NEWMAN LEOPOLD continues the buying, selling or advancing on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Pianos, Merchandise, Life Policies, for any amount.

AT WOLF BROTHERS,' 896 BROADWAY, BETWEEN Nineteenth and Twentieth streets.—Money loaned on Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Silver Ware, Silks and particularly Pianos; private parlor for ladies; business strictly confidential.

ADVANCES MADE TO ANY AMOUNT ON DIAmonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silks, India Shawls, Laces, Merchandise, in original or broken packages, or purchased at JOSEPH SOLOMON & CO.'S, 134 Fulton street. Private office for ladies. Established 1850. Se habla Español.

AT 767 BROADWAY, CORNER OF NINTH STREET—Money liberally advanced on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, India Shawls, Silks, &c.; the same bought and sold; private office for ladies. F. R. PAGE.

AT S. FIRUSKI'S, 681 BROADWAY, CORNER AMITY street, highest advances on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Pianos, India Shawls, Silks, &c. Private office for ladies. Business confidential. 681 Broadway.

AT HYMAN'S, 710 BROADWAY—LIBERAL ADvances made on Diamonds and Watches, Silverware, &c., or will pay the highest market price for the same.

AT NO. 57 THIRTEENTH STREET, NEAR BROADway, I pay the highest prices for Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry; advance on the same. ISAACS, Diamond Broker, 57 Thirteenth street, near Broadway.

39 NASSAU STREET, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.—Liberal advances made on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry and all kinds of Merchandise. The same bought and sold. Room 1. HYMAN LEOPOLD.

403 SIXTH AVENUE, BETWEEN TWENTY-FOURTH and Twenty-fifth streets.—Liberal advances made on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silks, Laces and Shawls, same bought at full value. L. BERNARD.

685 BROADWAY, NEAR AMITY STREET—OLDEST established and most responsible office, liberal advances on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry and Merchandise; the same bought and sold. H. GRIGERMAN.

913 BROADWAY, NEAR TWENTIETH STREET (oldest established and most responsible office.)—Liberal advances on Diamonds, Watches, Silverware, Jewelry, &c.; same bought and sold. A. C. HERTS.

1.267 BROADWAY, OVER HERALD BRANCH office, room B.—Parlor for ladies. Branch 1,207 Broadway. Money loaned on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, &c. Same bought and sold. LINDO BROS.

DRY GOODS.

R. H. MACY & CO.

R. H. MACY & CO.

Back to a
SPECIE BASIS.
SPECIE BASIS.
MONDAY, OCT. 20, 1873.

R. H. MACY & CO.
R. H. MACY & CO.
R. H. MACY & CO.

In order to meet the fall in the real value of goods caused by the recent monetary panic, also the fall in gold, we have resolved, in addition to the

EXTENSIVE REDUCTIONS

R. H. MACY & CO.
R. H. MACY & CO.

which we have already made throughout our establishment to give our customers a still further

CASH DISCOUNT

R. H. MACY & CO.
R. H. MACY & CO.

of ten per cent. Our goods are marked in plain figures, and to every customer making a purchase of 50c. and upwards will be returned

TEN PER CENT

R. H. MACY & CO.
R. H. MACY & CO.

on the amount of the purchase. This discount will be made on all classes of goods throughout the whole store wherever a purchase is made of 50c. and upwards.

R. H. MACY & CO.,
FOURTEENTH STREET AND SIXTH AVENUE.

AT KINZEY'S
Great Panic Sale.
Prices way down.

Great sale of Dress Trimmings.

Silk Trimmings, 3c. to 25c. yard.
Silk Fringes, 3c. to 96c. yard.
Beaded Gimps, 16c. yard up.
Beaded Fringes, 25c. yard up.
Silk Bonnet Velvets, 96c. up.
English Velveteens, 50c. up.
Lining Silks, 25c. up.
Bonnet Silks, 50c. up.

$60,000 worth of rich Ribbons, bought at bankrupt sale at 50 cents on the dollar.
Ribbons, 3c., 6c., 8c., 10c. and 12½c.
Gro Grains, 8c., 10c., 12½c. and 15c.
Sash Ribbons, 39c. yard up.
Fancy Ribbons, 10c. yard up.

Fancy Feathers, Wings, Ostrich Tips, Plumes, closing out, 5c. to $7.
Hats, Bonnets and Frames, closing out very low.

All our silk Windsor and fancy Ties at 25c.
Bargains in Ladies', Gents' and Misses' Underwear.

Bargains in Laces.
Real Guipure Laces, 15c. yard up.
Real Valenciennes, 6c., 8c. yard up.
Real Yak Laces, 25c. yard up.
French Guipures, 8c. yard up.

Goods selling at KINZEY'S less than gold cost.

Our great sale of Kid Gloves.
Ladies' one-button Kids, 39c., 50c.
Ladies' two-button Kids, 50c., 69c.
Gents' Kid Gloves, 89c.
Gents' Dogskin, 89c.

All our Ladies', Gents' and Children's Hosiery closing very low.
Closing large stock of linen Handkerchiefs, 6c. up.

Steel and Jet Ornaments.
Bags, Belts, Bronzes, &c.
Prices reduced in every department, very low.

WILLIAM KINZEY,
767 and 769 Broadway,
corner of Ninth street.

AT THE GREAT EAST SIDE ESTABLISHMENT.
MILLINERY GOODS.
ROUND HATS.
SPECIAL OFFERING.
FINEST FRENCH FELT HATS AND BONNETS
AT ONE DOLLAR EACH.
OSTRICH FLOWERS AT 50c., 75c., $1, $1 50 UP.
OSTRICH TIPS. WILLOW PLUMES.
BARGAINS IN REAL LACES.
LACE RUFFLINGS.

Black silk Velvet, $1 75, $2, $2 25, $2 50 up.
Also, the new shades Navy Blue, &c., &c.
50 pieces of Mantilla Silk Velvets, 20 inch wide, $3 75, $4 50, $5 75, $6 50, $8 50. Less than gold cost. Examine.
Velveteens, 50c., 75c., $1 per yard.
Silk Mignons, Navy Blue and fifteen other new shades.
The cheapest gros grain and sash Ribbons offered these ten years.

LADIES' TIES,
ROMAN SASHES,
SILK FRINGES,
LESS THAN HALF MANUFACTURERS' COST.

Job lot of linen handkerchiefs at 10c., 11c., 12c., 13c., 15c. up. One third below market value.
Yankee Notion Department—crowded.
New Fancy Goods by every European steamer.
Look at our Jet, Steel, Pearl and Oxidized Ornaments.
Extraordinary display.
Hosiery—Cashmere for ladies and children.
Lines of Balbriggan Hose, 20c., 25c., 35c., 50c. up.
Ladies' Merino Vests, high neck and long sleeves, at 75c. up.
Ladies' Merino drawers, 75c. each, up.
Children's Merino Vests, 35c. up, every size.
Bargains in ladies' Underclothing.
EDWARD RIDLEY & SON,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½, Grand street, 62, 64, 66, 68 and 70 Allen street.
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

FURS.
LARGE LINES OF FURS, RECENT PURCHASES.
ALASKA AND SHETLAND SEAL SACQUES, MUFFS, BOAS AND CAPS.
Children's Coney and other Sets, $1 50 each, up.
Lynx Furs from $7 to $20 the set.
Ermine sets, $18 each. Bargains.
Our stock comprises from low to finest grades, and will be found under present market values.
Fur Trimmings, Sleigh and Carriage Robes, &c., &c.
EDWARD RIDLEY & SON,
309, 311, 311½ Grand street, 62, 64, 66, 68 and 70 Allen street.
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

KID GLOVES.
Storekeepers can only purchase our
EDWARD { GLOVE } MONOGRAM
At the jobbing room counter, up stairs.
We do not sell to jobbers this season.
Prices, $5, $5 50; Two Buttons, $7, $7 50, $8 50 and $9.
EDWARD RIDLEY & SON,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand street, 62, 64, 66, 68 and 70 Allen street.
FIFTH BLOCK EAST FROM THE BOWERY.
Five minutes' ride from corner Broadway and Grand street. Desbrosses street cars pass the door.

KID GLOVES!
"Monogram." From 1 to 4 buttons. "Edward."
One button, 35c., 45c. per pair.
From Europe this week.
New shades in cloth, drabs and steel colors.
Two buttons, 65c., 75c., $1 and $1 25 the pair.
Best low priced Glove in America.
Also, castors, dog skin, buck, calf and cloth Gloves and Gauntlets, cheap.
Men's Kid Gloves, 75c., $1 and $1 25 pair.
EDWARD RIDLEY & SON,
Nos. 309, 311 and 311½ Grand street; and Nos. 62, 64, 66, 68 and 70 Allen street.
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

DRY GOODS.

AT SMITH'S PATTERN BAZAAR, 914 BROADWAY, near Twentieth street—FULL LINE OF FASHIONS. THE NEW Redingote now ready. Patterns fitted to the FORM warranted perfect. CLOTH MODEL given with each pattern. Cutting and Basting done promptly. Open until 6½ o'clock P. M.

MME. A. DUVAL, 878 BROADWAY, HAS JUST REceived new styles of Walking Jackets, Coat Polonaises; latest Paris novelty, Persian Costume and diagonal Redingote; patterns now ready. New Fashion Magazine for October; Le Moniteur de la Mode, in English; $5 per year; 50 cents per copy. New York agent Mme. A. DUVAL, 878 Broadway.

REDUCED! REDUCED! REDUCED!
UNION ADAMS & CO., NO. 637 BROADWAY,
are offering at very low prices
Hosiery and Gloves,
Underwear,
Shirts and Collars,
Handkerchiefs,
Suspenders,
Robes, Jackets, &c.

FOR SALE.

A DOWNTOWN CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT.—Business well established and doing a large trade; terms easy. Apply to A. BLOMQVIST, 150 Nassau street.

A FIRST CLASS DAY TRADE DOWN TOWN SAMPLE Room, doing an excellent paying business, for sale a bargain, on easy terms. LLOYD, 29 Broadway.

A.—FOR SALE, CORNER LIQUOR STORES ON ALL the avenues and business streets of this city and Brooklyn at low prices; also Restaurants, Oyster Saloons.
MITCHELL'S Store Agency, 77 Cedar street.

A.—DOWN TOWN SAMPLE ROOMS, BEST BUSINESS location, for sale cheap; also Wine and Billiard Saloons, Hotels, Meat Markets, first class Grocery Stores, Bakeries, Lunch Rooms, country Grocery Stores.
MITCHELL'S Store Agency, 77 Cedar street.

A FIRST CLASS SAMPLE ROOM, WITH LEASE, for sale—A bargain; if not privately sold, will be offered at auction on Wednesday next, at 10½ o'clock.
LLOYD, 75 West Broadway.

ATTENTION.—A LARGE STOCK OF SECOND HAND Safes, all makers; some Jewellers', very cheap, to close out stock; real bargains offered.
AMERICAN STEAM SAFE COMPANY, 300 Broadway.

BUTTER STAND FOR SALE CHEAP FOR CASH.—Price $800. A good business attached; sales amount to over $25,000 per year; reason for selling having other business. For particulars inquire at the stand, 182 and 183 Fulton Market.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE CHEAP.—MUST BE SOLD at once. Address A. P. C., box 181 Herald office.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE—HANDSOMELY FITTED and well stocked, doing a good business; splendid soda apparatus and fountain; a rare chance.
HALE, 152 William street.

ESTABLISHED 1861.—THE WELL KNOWN BOOT and Shoe Store, No. 72 Thompson street for sale; reason for selling, sickness; price $3,000 or first mortgage on city Property.

FANCY STORE FOR SALE—STOCK AND FIXTURES, or without stock, for a few days; rent only $12 per month, at 179 Seventh street, near avenue B.

FOR SALE—THE OLD ESTABLISHED CIGAR Store, 121 Third avenue, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets. JOHN WARNKE.

FOR SALE—LEASE (3½ YEARS) AND FURNITURE of house and restaurant; freshly painted; good situation; price moderate; sold in consequence of death. Address COUDERT BROS., 49 Wall street.

FOR SALE—AN OLD ESTABLISHED CORNER Grocery Store, in Brooklyn; well stocked and doing a good business; must be sold this week. Apply to THOS. GAFFNEY, Auctioneer, No. 6 Centre street.

FOR SALE—THE OLD ESTABLISHED LIQUOR Store, at 29 Carmine street, the Old Ale House.

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS OYSTER AND DINING Saloon and Barroom, 67 East Tenth street, between Broadway and Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—A GOOD CHANCE—A CIGAR STORE, doing a good business and in a good location; good reasons given for present owner wishing to sell. Inquire at 291 Canal street, corner Mulberry.

FOR SALE—BOOT AND SHOE STORE; GOOD LOcality; reason for selling, sickness. Call at 300 Myrtle avenue.

FOR SALE—STOCK AND FIXTURES OF A FANCY Dry Goods Store, $1,000, below value, for cash owner leaving the city. Inquire in the store 607 Third av.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOMELY FITTED UP CORNER Liquor Store on Third avenue. Inquire of HENRY PEETSCH, 345 East Eighteenth street, near First avenue, in cigar store.

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS WINE AND LIQUOR Store on a great thoroughfare downtown; a chance for any party to invest in a good paying business; will sell at a sacrifice, for good and satisfactory reasons; no agents. Address C. O. D., box 110 Herald office.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME MAHOGANY TOP Counter, about twenty-four feet long; also a Cigar Case, about six feet by three. Apply at PRESCOTT & SONS', No. 75 Chambers street.

ONE OF THE BEST CORNER LIQUOR STORES IN the Seventh ward for sale; eight years' lease. Apply at No. 471 Grand street.

THE GOOD WILL AND FIXTURES, WITH OR WITHout Stock of a clothing store, established for the last ten years, for sale. Satisfactory reasons for selling. Call at 119 Franklin street, Greenpoint, L. I.

MACHINERY.

A GOOD SECOND HAND LOCOMOTIVE OR TUBUlar Boiler wanted, for cash, 50 or 60 horse power; also a good Hay Scale. Address, with description and price, D., box 119 Herald office.

A.—9X22, 11X24, 12X30, 16X24 ENGINES, WITH LOCOmotive Flue or Tubular Boilers and Pumps, second hand. WILSON & ROAKE, Water and Dover streets.

BAXTER BOILER, TEN-HORSE POWER, SECOND hand, good as new; also 2-horse power Baxter Engine, second hand, in good order. For sale by WM. D. RUSSELL, 18 Park place, New York.

INSTRUCTION.

AT THOMPSON'S COLLEGE, 20 FOURTH AVENUE, opposite Cooper Institute.—Bookkeeping, Writing, Arithmetic and Languages. Day and evening. Ladies' department. Telegraphy taught practically; demand for operators; tuition $20.

A LADY WILL GIVE INSTRUCTION IN OIL AND water colors, drawing and wax flowers, at her studio or at the residences of her pupils. Call on or address A. H., 212 5th av., room 13.

A GOOD HANDWRITING TAUGHT IN TEN PRIvate lessons of an hour each. Apply this day at No. 66 West Tenth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues; gentlemen at 7 o'clock. OLIVER B. GOLDSMITH.

AN EXPERIENCED CLASSICAL, MATHEMATICAL and English teacher, scholar and gold medallist of foreign university, desires employment as teacher or tutor; prepares for college (English or American); city reference of highest class. Address TUTOR, box 162 Herald Uptown Branch office.

BUSINESS, WRITING, BOOKKEEPING, ARITHMEtic, &c.—DOLBEAR'S Commercial College, 875 Broadway, corner Eighteenth street, is open day and evening. Special attention paid to good business writing, and stiffness, cramping or trembling entirely removed. N. B.—Boys prepared for business can always secure good places in stores, offices or banks.

ELOCUTION.—SPLENDID SUCCESS AT THE NEW Vocal Academy. Pupils delighted. Thorough instruction by an able Boston master. Lung culture. Call for new circular. 150 East Twenty-third street.

EVENING CLASSES IN SHORTHAND.—FREE classes in Phonography every evening from 7 to 9, at the evening school, situated in West Thirty-fifth street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues.

FRENCH, GERMAN AND SPANISH THOROUGHLY and rapidly taught, at moderate terms, by Professor JUL. WUNDERMAN, 119 East Thirty-first street. Lessons given at either pupil's residence or my own.

TWO TUBULAR BOILERS, 22½ POWER EACH; CALender, with 5 paper and iron rolls; Cards, Spinning and Jute Machinery for sale cheap.
E. L. PENDEXTER, 45 John street.

DANCING ACADEMIES.

A.—DODWORTH'S CLASSES FOR DANCING, No. 212 Fifth avenue, corner Twenty-sixth street, are now open for the season.
Twice a week—Mondays and Thursdays, Tuesdays and Fridays, Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Once a week—Saturday mornings and Friday evenings.
Gentlemen on Monday and Thursday evenings.
Send for a circular.

AT WILSON & HAMILTON'S, SELECT DANCING Academy, Arthur Hall, 303 West Fourteenth street, near Eighth avenue.—Classes always open for beginners. For terms, &c., send for circular. Soiree every Tuesday evening.

A.—J. MARS' ACADEMY OF DANCING, 289 Bleecker street; classes Tuesday and Friday evenings; children Wednesday and Saturday afternoons; soiree every Saturday evening, at 8 o'clock. Send for circular.

A. J. SAUSE'S DANCING ACADEMIES.—CLASSES at Masonic Hall, 114 and 116 East Thirteenth street, and Brevoort Hall, 154 and 156 East Fifty-fourth street.
PRIVATE LESSONS at any hour, day or evening.
CIRCULARS at Private Academy, 212 East Eleventh st.

AT TRENOR'S ACADEMY OF DANCING, Lyric Hall, 723 Sixth avenue (Reservoir Park).
Pupils can attend at their convenience, and receive individual instruction in Waltzing, &c.
A Reception Dansante Friday evening, at 8.

BROOKES' DANCING ACADEMY, 361 BROOME ST.
All the fashionable Dances in one course of lessons.
LADIES—Tuesdays and Fridays, 3½ P. M.
GENTLEMEN—Tuesdays and Fridays, 7½ P. M.
CHILDREN—Wednesdays, 3½; Saturdays, 3 P. M.
A NEW CLASS FOR TUESDAY.

BALLET MASTER DUMAR'S DANCING ACADEMY, 24 West Fourth street, near Broadway.—Private and class lessons every day. All dances taught perfectly per quarter; 6 in private lessons.

DE GARMO'S DANCING CLASSES, 82 FIFTH AVEnue, corner Fourteenth street. New classes forming.

MR. AND MRS. HLASKO'S ACADEMY FOR DANCing.—Classes for ladies, gentlemen and children. Call for circular at 62 West Thirty-fourth street.

MACPHERSON'S CLASSES FOR DANCING, AT Columbia Hall, 97 and 99 Greenwich avenue, corner West Twelfth street. Call or send for circular. All the fashionable dances in one course of lessons. N. B.—Select soiree to-morrow evening, Oct. 21.

BOARDERS WANTED.

1.—ONE SUIT OF ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ROOMS, with private table and attendance, at No. 6 West Thirty-eighth street near Fifth avenue.

1 FAMILY OR FOUR GENTLEMEN APPRECIATING cleanliness and desiring first class Rooms, with Board, second floor above parlor, can be suited, prices as well, at 147 West Forty-fifth street.

1 BLOCK EAST OF BROADWAY.—CENTRAL HOTEL, 253 Canal street (European plan)—Rooms 50c., 75c. and $1 per day; $3 50 to $5 per week. Restaurant attached. House open all night.

1 NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM AND HALL Room, together or separately, with Board; fire and gas; suitable for family or gentlemen, at very moderate price. 42 Grove street.

1 BLOCK FROM FIFTH AVENUE, 110 WEST Forty-sixth street.—A desirable second story front Room, with alcove; also two Bedrooms, adjoining, for rent, with Board, to a family or single gentlemen; family small; appointments first class.

1ST HOUSE WEST OF FIFTH AVENUE.—HANDsomely furnished Rooms, singly or en suite, with first class Board; private table if desired. No. 7 West Twenty-ninth street.

1ST CLASS FAMILY, OWNING THEIR HOUSE, will let large, well furnished front Room (southern exposure), with superior Board; also two single Rooms; references required. 335 West Thirty-fourth street.

2 DOORS ABOVE STUYVESANT SQUARE.—ELEGANT third floor front Room, with first class Board, for gentleman and wife or two gentlemen. 304 Second avenue, between Seventeenth and Eighteenth streets.

2 ENTIRE FLOORS, WITH PRIVATE TABLE AND attendance; private baths, closets, &c.; references. 38 East Twentieth street, near Broadway.

2 HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET with Board, in the house of a small select family; suitable for a gentleman and lady; breakfast for gentleman if required. Address M. M., Herald Uptown Branch office, for two days.

4 ELEGANT ROOMS, SEPARATE OR TOGETHER; also single Rooms for gentlemen; French Board. 48 University place.

5TH AVENUE, NO. 76.—VERY FINE SUITS OF Rooms, with all conveniences; private table if desired; an entire Second Floor; also Parlor Floor; all appointments first class.

5TH AVENUE.—SECOND AND THIRD FLOOR, TO let, en suite or singly, with Board; private table if desired; first class in every respect; references. No. 286, between Thirtieth and Thirty-first streets.

5TH AVENUE, NO. 224.—VERY DESIRABLE ROOMS en suite or singly, with or without Board, transiently or permanently; references exchanged.

5TH AVENUE, NO. 45.—SUPERIOR ACCOMMODAtions, consisting of three or six large, light, elegant Rooms, just put in complete order, in this spacious double house; private table only.

5TH AVENUE, 138, BETWEEN EIGHTEENTH AND Nineteenth streets.—A suit of Rooms on first and second floors; every convenience; private table if desired; Room for a single gentleman.

5TH AVENUE, NO. 314, NEAR THIRTY-SECOND street.—Entire Floor and other pleasant Rooms, with or without private table, for families or gentlemen; references exchanged.

$6 TO $10 PER WEEK FOR NICELY FURNISHED Rooms, with Board, at 42 South Washington square (Fourth street), opposite Washington square. Day Boarders taken.

8 WEST THIRTY-SEVENTH STREET.—ELEGANTLY furnished Rooms, en suite or singly, with Board; appointments first class; references exchanged.

9 EAST NINTH STREET, BETWEEN UNIVERSITY place and Fifth avenue.—Single and double Rooms, for families or parties of gentlemen; $5 to $12, with Board; table Boarders accommodated.

10 WAVERLEY PLACE.—HANDSOME FRONT Rooms ($14 and $22) for two persons, with Board; no children; steam heat; also table board, $5; transient boarders taken.

12 CLINTON PLACE, NEAR BROADWAY.—SINGLE and double Rooms, with Board, for family and single gentlemen; from 5 to 15 table Boarders accommodated.

12 LAFAYETTE PLACE.—NICELY FURNISHED Rooms, with first class Board; terms reasonable; also a large Room to rent opening on the street; very desirable for a doctor's office.

14TH STREET.—ELEGANT ROOMS, NEWLY FURnished, to let, with Board, at 217 West Fourteenth street; house strictly first class, and location unusually desirable. References.

14TH STREET, NO. 48 WEST.—THREE OR FOUR Rooms, on second floor, with or without private table. Best references given and required.
Mrs. SADLER.

14TH STREET, 300 AND 302, CORNER SECOND AVenue.—Large and small Rooms, handsomely furnished, on first and fourth floors, to let, with Board.

15 OLIVER STREET, NEAR CHATHAM SQUARE.—A few young men can be accommodated with pleasant Rooms, single Beds and good Board, $4 50 and $5 per week.

20 WEST SIXTEENTH STREET.—VERY DESIRable Suit of Rooms, with private bath and first class Board, to let, on second floor; also pleasant front Room.

21ST STREET, GRAMERCY PARK.—THE ENTIRE second Floor, elegantly furnished, bath, &c., connected, to let, with first class board; private table if desired; best references. Apply at 137 East Twenty-first st.

22 WEST TWENTY-SEVENTH STREET.—A PRIvate family will rent a Parlor and three or four Chambers, newly carpeted and furnished, to one family, with private table only.

23D STREET, MADISON SQUARE.—A SPACIOUS and newly furnished Parlor Floor, with private table; also other Rooms, with Board. References required. 28 East Twenty-third street.

24TH STREET, 257 WEST.—DESIRABLE ROOMS, in perfect order, newly furnished and containing every requisite for comfort and convenience, with Board, to families and single gentlemen; good table and attendance. References.

25 WEST TWENTY-THIRD STREET.—TO LET, pleasant, handsome furnished Rooms, on second floor, with first class Board.

26 WEST SIXTEENTH STREET.—ELEGANTLY FURnished Rooms, third floor; front and hall Room connecting; large Room, fourth floor; hall Room, first floor; water and all conveniences; with Board.

26 CLINTON PLACE (EIGHTH STREET), WEST of Broadway.—Nicely furnished Rooms, warm and comfortable, for man and wife or single gentlemen, with or without Board: English, French and German spoken; terms moderate.

26TH STREET, NO 54 WEST.—THREE FIRST CLASS Rooms, on third floor, with Board; also Reception Room for doctor's office.

27 WEST TWENTY-SEVENTH STREET, NEAR Broadway.—Three Rooms on parlor floor; also Rooms on second floor, with or without Board; references.

29 EAST TWENTY FOURTH STREET.—A PRIVATE family will let, with Board, at very moderate prices, a few handsomely furnished Rooms, with all improvements; family small; neighborhood desirable, near Madison Park.

31 WEST THIRTY SECOND STREET.—AN ENTIRE Second Floor, handsomely furnished, consisting of four rooms, bathroom, closets, with private table; also Third Floor, same number of rooms; reference.

33 WEST THIRTY-FIRST STREET.—PLEASANT and convenient Rooms, with Board, for a family desiring extensive accommodations.

33 WEST EIGHTEENTH STREET.—PARTIES DEsiring handsomely furnished Rooms, with first class Board, can be accommodated; single Rooms for gentlemen.

34TH STREET, 154 WEST, NEAR BROADWAY.—TO let, a handsomely furnished front Room, on second floor, with or without Board; also a reception Room, for a physician; unexceptionable references exchanged; terms reasonable.

38 BARROW STREET, NEAR BLEECKER.—NICELY furnished front Room, on second floor, to let, with Board; other Rooms at moderate rates.

39 WEST TWELFTH STREET, BETWEEN FIFTH and Sixth avenues.—Large Alcove Room to let, with Board, to gentlemen or gentleman and wife.

40 EAST NINTH STREET, NEAR BROADWAY.—To let, with Board, one large Room on second floor, suitable for gentleman and wife; Rooms for gentlemen; day boarders accommodated.

41ST STREET, 18 EAST.—SECOND STORY PARLOR and Bedroom and fourth story back Room, with Board, for a family or party of gentlemen.

42D STREET, 126 WEST.—IN THE ELEGANT brown stone house, handsomely furnished Rooms to let, with first class Board, en suite or singly; house and appointments first class; private table if required; the proprietor has formerly been in the hotel business and thoroughly understands how to cater to the public; reference exchanged.

44 EAST NINTH STREET, BETWEEN BROADWAY and University place.—A Suit of Rooms, together or separately, with first class French table; private if required; day boarders accommodated.

45 EAST TWENTIETH STREET.—DESIRABLE Rooms, with Board, in the first class private house.

46 SOUTH WASHINGTON SQUARE.—PLEASANT furnished Rooms, with Board, for gentleman and wife or two gentlemen, where but few are taken.

46TH STREET, 207, WEST, NEAR BROADWAY.—Large and small Rooms, with Board; $7 to $25; first class location, and table unexceptionable; small American family.

47 WEST TWELFTH STREET, NEAR FIFTH AVEnue.—Elegantly furnished Rooms, with alcoves, hot and cold water, with first class Board for families and gentlemen. Call for two days.

48 WEST TWENTY-SIXTH STREET.—A NICELY furnished, large front Room, large closet and all conveniences, with first class Board; terms moderate.

50 WEST NINETEENTH STREET.—ELEGANT Suit of furnished Rooms; private table if desired; also large and small Rooms for gentlemen; all appointments and table strictly first class.

53 EAST NINTH STREET, NEAR BROADWAY.—First class French Board; splendidly furnished Rooms, for families, en suite or singly, for families or single gentlemen; references exchanged; terms moderate.

56 LEXINGTON AVENUE.—A HANDSOMELY FURnished Second Floor, parlor and bedroom, with or without Board, in a small American family; also single Room.

58 WEST TWENTY-THIRD STREET.—HANDSOMEly furnished Rooms for gentlemen only, with or without Board.

64 WEST THIRTY-SIXTH STREET, BETWEEN Fifth and Sixth avenues.—Handsomely furnished third story front Rooms, with first class Board and accommodations, at a very reasonable price.

76 AND 78 MADISON AVENUE, CORNER OF Twenty-eighth street.—Fine Suits of Rooms on first and second floors to suit, with Board; private table if required.

BOARDERS WANTED.

103 WEST TWENTY-FIRST STREET.—HANDsomely furnished and pleasantly located Rooms, on second floor, also other Rooms to let, with Board. Terms very moderate.

104 WEST FORTY-SECOND STREET.—A HOME, kind treatment, cleanliness, excellent table, first class house and neighborhood; Rooms for family or gentlemen, reasonable prices, with American family of adults.

105 EAST TWENTY-EIGHTH STREET. Newly furnished Rooms, with Board, to families and gentlemen. Also hall Room. Hot and cold water, &c. References.

109 EAST NINETEENTH STREET.—ROOMS, HANDsomely furnished, a few doors east of Fourth avenue, en suite or singly, with Board; location unexceptionable; references exchanged.

112 EAST FIFTY-EIGHTH STREET, BETWEEN Lexington and Fourth avenues.—Two nicely furnished Rooms, with Board, in a private German family up town, for two or three single gentlemen. For full particulars apply at once.

117 WEST TWENTY-EIGHTH STREET.—HANDsomely furnished Rooms, single or en suite, with or without Board.

119 WAVERLEY PLACE, NEAR SIXTH AVENUE.—Furnished Rooms, with good Board, for families or single gentlemen; terms moderate. Parties wishing home comforts please call.

132 WEST TWENTY-THIRD STREET.—TO LET, with first class Board, two handsomely furnished Suits of Rooms, first and second floors.

151 EAST THIRTY-NINTH STREET.—ONE OR MORE nicely furnished Rooms to let to a lady or gentleman, with or without Board, in a small family; to good parties terms moderate.

232 WEST TWENTY-FIFTH STREET, BETWEEN Seventh and Eighth avenues.—Handsomely furnished Rooms, with first class Board; house all improvements; terms reasonable.

306 WEST TWENTY-NINTH STREET.—THIRD story large front; also back hall Room on same floor to let, with Board.

359 EAST FORTY-NINTH STREET.—A PRIVATE family can accommodate a gentleman and wife or two or three gentlemen with good Board; terms reasonable.

417 WEST TWENTY-THIRD STREET.—FURNISHED Rooms to let, with Board; day boarders taken.

A SECOND STORY FLOOR, ELEGANTLY FURnished (two bedrooms and parlor); Board for three adults, with first class private table, in a strictly private family; Forty-seventh street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues; $75 a week. Address U. S. Y., box 218 Herald office.

A FEW GENTLEMEN MAY BE ACCOMMODATED with table Board at 32 West Fifteenth street, near Union square.

AN ELEGANTLY FURNISHED AND HANDsomely frescoed large, second story front Room, with Dressing Room, in a strictly private family, to let to a gentleman and wife or two gentlemen; table the best; location West Thirty-fourth street. Those desiring a good home at a moderate price, address H. H., box 147 Herald Uptown Branch office.

A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED PARLOR AND BEDroom to let, on first floor, to a gentleman and wife or single gentlemen; Board if required. No. 475 Sixth avenue, near Twenty-ninth street.

BOARD AND ROOMS FOR A GENTLEMAN AND wife, or gentlemen, may be obtained on very moderate terms, at 51 West Twelfth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues: very desirable.

BOARDERS SUITED IMMEDIATELY; BEST HOUSES; good locations; everything first class; no charges. BOARDING AGENCY, 1,267 Broadway. Open every evening.

SEVERAL DOUBLE ROOMS, WELL AND RICHLY furnished, now vacant, at 23 Clinton place; table first class; unexceptionable references given and required.

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

A YOUNG GENTLEMAN WISHES BOARD IN A private family, above Fourteenth street and between Fourth and Sixth avenues; terms $8; highest references. Address D. R. B., Herald office.

BOARD WANTED—FROM NOVEMBER TO MAY, FOR mother and daughter; one Room, with fire and light; $20 per week paid; neighborhood of Cooper Union and Union square; unexceptionable references given and required. Address H., box 4,378 Post office.

BOARD WANTED—BY A FAMILY OF FOUR ADULTS; two rooms required; terms not to exceed $145 a month; location between Fourteenth and Forty-eighth streets and Lexington and Sixth avenue; reference given and required. Address TOWNLEY, station D.

BOARD WANTED—FOR A LADY OF THE HIGHEST respectability in a private family; for a second story front Room a liberal price will be paid; best reference given and required. Address, stating location, J. R. G., Herald Uptown Branch office.

GENTLEMAN AND WIFE WOULD LIKE A PARLOR and Bedroom or Room with Alcove, on second floor front, with Board and private bath; also Room for maid; location central; where there are no other boarders preferred. Address B. H., Herald Uptown Branch office.

WANTED—WITH BOARD, FOR GENTLEMAN, wife and mother, a large front Room and small one, with hot and cold water, on second or third floor; price, with fire, not to exceed $32 per week; location unexceptionable, between Twentieth and Thirtieth streets and Fourth and Seventh avenues; best reference given and required. Address U. G., Herald office.

BROOKLYN BOARD.

39 ORANGE STREET, BROOKLYN HEIGHTS, FIVE minutes to principal ferries—Pleasant Room and first class table in the family of a French professor.

HOTELS.

A.—MAISON PARISIENNE, 38 AND 40 EAST Twelfth street, near Broadway.—Rooms for families and single gentlemen; table d'hote at 6 P. M.; $1 25, including wine.

CALLEN HOUSE, 166 HUDSON STREET, CORNER of Laight.—Excellent Board, $6 to $7 50 per week, with single Room; single Room, without board, $2 and upwards; Lodging, 50 cents; gentlemen only. Open all night.

CRITTENDEN HOUSE, BROADWAY AND TWENTYsixth street—On the European plan; fine Suits of Rooms for families on Broadway; also single Rooms for gentlemen, at reasonable prices.

GRANT HOUSE, 48 NEW BOWERY, ONE BLOCK south of Chatham square.—Cleanest and best ventilated cheap house in the city; no bugs; 150 rooms; single Rooms, 35c. and 50c. per night; double Rooms, $1 and $2. Open all night.

GROVE HOUSE, 172, 174, 176 AND 178 BLEECKER, near Broadway.—Fine Rooms, with excellent Board, for families and singly; $6 to $12 per week; $1 50 to $2 per day. Grounds for croquet, &c.

LIBBY HOTEL, 56 WARREN STREET, ONE BLOCK west of City Hall; no dark rooms; 50c. to 75c. daily, $2 to $3 weekly, family rooms $1 upwards.

NEW ENGLAND HOTEL, 30 BOWERY, CORNER Bayard street.—200 light Rooms, neatly furnished, 50c. or 60c. per night; $2 50 to $4 per week; for gentlemen only.

THE NEW AND ELEGANT WINCHESTER HOUSE (European plan), corner Broadway and Thirty-first street.—Splendid single and Suits of Rooms; also a first class Restaurant, at popular prices.
THOS. D. WINCHESTER, Proprietor.

UNIVERSITY HOTEL, 27 WAVERLEY PLACE, NEW York.—Breakfast, from 7 to 12 A. M., 50 cents; table d'hote, from 6 to 8 P. M., $1 25, including half bottle of claret and coffee. Restaurant a la carte for ladies and gentlemen.
M. AUGUSTE.

COUNTRY BOARD.

CLINTON AVENUE, NEWARK, N. J., NO. 158.—PARTIES looking for home comforts and superior accommodations, with all modern improvements, in private family, owning their own residence. Reference unexceptionable.

MOUNT PROSPECT HOUSE, MONTCLAIR, N. J.—Elevation over 700 feet; air pure and salubrious; equal to that of Colorado; views unsurpassed; will remain open permanently; comfortable Rooms at winter rates; accessible with more comfort and in quicker time than uptown residences. Commutation, by either Morris and Essex or Midland roads, low. Inquire on premises, or at 117 Broadway, room 26.

WINTER RESORTS.

FLORIDA—GREEN COVE SPRINGS.—FURNISHED Cottage to let; 17 rooms; suitable for private family or genteel boarders. Apply to R. C. READ, 128 East Twenty-second street.

ROYAL VICTORIA HOTEL, NASSAU, N. P., BAHAmas, will open November 1, 1873. Persons desiring to escape the rigors of a Northern winter can obtain circular containing full information by addressing JAMES LIDGERWOOD, 758 Broadway.
T. J. PORTER, Proprietor.

ASTROLOGY.

ATTENTION, LADIES.—MRS. ELENOR PENGRAVE, the Egyptian Sybil and onlyreliable living Prophetess, has arrived in America. Don't fail to consult her. Office 48 Sixth avenue. No gentlemen.

ATTENTION! KNOW THY DESTINY.—AFTER YOU have been deceived and lost faith consult this wonderfully gifted Clairvoyant; gives luck, causes marriages, tells everything. 159 West Forty-first street, near Broadway.

EUROPEAN CLAIRVOYANT TELLS NAMES, SHOWS likenesses, causes marriages; 50 cents and $1. 142 West Twenty-fifth street.

GIPSY REVEALS FROM THE CRADLE TO THE grave, finds absent friends, recovers stolen property. Hours from 9 to 6. 351½ Bowery.

IF YOU WANT TRUTH, NO HUMBUG, CALL ON Mrs. CORAL, 317 West Thirty-sixth street, basement. No gents.

ORIGINAL MME. BYRON, SPIRITUALIST.—CONsultations upon all affairs of life. No. 314 Fourth avenue; beware of imposters using my name.

PROFESSOR LISTER READS THE PLANETS—THE only way the future can be known. Send stamp for circular. 329 Sixth avenue.

MEDICAL.

ATTENTION!—DR. FRANKLIN, LATE OF PRUSSIA. Consultation free. Private office, 161 Bleecker st.

A.—MME. MAXWELL, PHYSICIAN, RESIDENCE 114 East Tenth street, near Third avenue.

A.—MME. VAN BUSKIRK, PHYSICIAN, 154 WEST Twenty-eighth st., between Third and Lexington avs.

A.—MME. MAXWELL, PHYSICIAN, RESIDENCE 114 East Tenth street, near Third avenue.

A. DR. AND MME. GRINDLE, PHYSICIANS (25 years' practice). 120 West Twenty-sixth street.

A.—MME. RESTELL, PHYSICIAN SINCE 1840.—Office No. 1 East 52d st., first door from 5th av.

ADVICE FREE.—MME. DESPARD, PHYSICIAN AND Electianian, 41 East 28th st., near 4th av.

CONSULT DR. OR MME. WEST.—ADVICE GRATIS Office private. 51 Bleecker street, near Broadway.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

ATTENTION!
NOW READY FOR OCCUPANCY,
NEW FIREPROOF BUILDING,
FULTON, NASSAU AND ANN STREETS.
ELEGANT OFFICES AND LARGE VAULTS TO RENT, IN THE ABOVE FIREPROOF, WELL LOCATED BUILDING, BEING IN CLOSE PROXIMITY TO THE CITY HALL, THE COURTS, THE POST OFFICE, &C., &C.
OFFICES, SUITABLE FOR LAWYERS, BROKERS, BANKS, INSURANCE COMPANIES, &C., &C., CAN BE HAD, SINGLY OR EN SUITE, OF ANY DESIRED SIZE, FROM 10X12 FEET TO 25X67 FEET, AT $300, $400, $500 AND UPWARD TO $12,000, ACCORDING TO SIZE AND LOCATION.
THE ABOVE BUILDING IS
COMPLETELY FIREPROOF,
READY FOR OCCUPANCY,
HEATED BY STEAM, AND HAS TWO FIRST CLASS PASSENGER ELEVATORS AND ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS.
RENT OF SMALL OFFICES.

Size.	2d Story.	3d Story.	4th Story.	5th Story.
19.10x23.6	$2,000	$1,800	$1,500	—
16x24.6	1,800	1,500	1,200	—
14.6x25.6	1,800	1,500	1,200	—
17x15.6	1,800	1,500	—	—
10x18	—	—	—	—
10x12.6	500	—	350	—
19.6x39	3,000	2,500	2,000	1,500
19.6x33	3,000	2,500	2,000	1,500
10x12.6	500	400	350	—
19.8x23	1,800	1,600	—	—
14.6x24	1,500	1,250	1,000	—
14.6x23	1,500	1,250	—	—
17x23	1,500	1,250	—	—
18x18	500	—	—	—

VALUABLE VAULTS FOR STORAGE PURPOSES.
ALSO OFFICES FOR BANKING AND OTHER PURPOSES ON FIRST AND BASEMENT FLOORS.
INQUIRIES TO BE MADE OF
HOMER MORGAN, NO. 2 PINE STREET.

A.—THE CHEAPEST FLOORS TO LET ON BROADWAY.
FIRST AND THIRD FLOORS,
438 BROADWAY.

A.—TO LEASE, WORTH HOUSE, 202 FIFTH AVEnue, corner of Twenty-fifth street, through to Broadway, for business or hotel purposes. Apply to W. W. STEPHENSON, 247 Broadway, room 22.

A.—STORE NO. 166 READE ST.—GOOD BUSINESS location. Apply at Steel's Hotel, 316 Greenwich street.

A VALUABLE LEASE OF 17 YEARS OF FOUR story building, 69 by 94, on the corner of Sixth avenue and Thirtieth street. Owner, No. 201 Second avenue.

RUSSIAN AND TURKISH BATHS TO LEASE—ON A term of years; also Liquor Store, corner Thirtieth street and Sixth avenue. Owner, No. 201 Second avenue.

STEAM POWER TO LET—WITH ROOMS OF VARIOUS sizes; light on all sides, heated by steam, steam elevators, steady power and low rent; second block from South ferry. BROOKLYN STEAM POWER WORKS, 55 Atlantic street, Brooklyn.

STEAM POWER—WELL LIGHTED ROOMS, LARGE and small, for mechanical and manufacturing purposes; rent low. Apply to GEORGE H. WALKER, 180 Centre street, corner Hester street. Possession immediately.

TO LET—A LARGE CORNER STORE ON HUDSON street, suitable for any business; has been a drug store for thirty years. Apply to CREVIER BROS., 124 West Broadway.

TO BANKERS OR INSURANCE COMPANIES.
To Let—Part of the Office No. 1 Pine street.
Apply on premises.

TO MANUFACTURERS.—TWO FLOORS, 150X45 AND 110x45, to let or lease, with steam power; will erect buildings for manufacturing for responsible parties on lease; power, $80 per horse power. I have twenty years' reference. Apply to H. W. GRUM, 250 Plymouth street, Brooklyn.

DWELLING HOUSES TO LET.

Furnished.

AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY TO RENT ONE OF the most beautiful places at Fort Washington, upper part of this city, only 37 minutes from Dey street; elegant double brick Residence, with ample grounds, carriage house and stable; views of Hudson unsurpassed; very handsomely furnished; gas and Croton water; at the very low rent of $225 per month.
POTTER BROTHERS, Nos. 4 and 6 Warren street.

A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED MURRAY HILL four story brown stone House, $300; also on Forty-eighth street, $225 per month.
T. J. DUNKIN & CO., 554 Third avenue.

A.—FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED HOUSES TO let, at reduced rents; fully furnished House on Forty-second street, near Fifth avenue, to let, cheap.
O'DWYER, 557 Sixth avenue.

FOUR STORY HIGH STOOP BROWN STONE HOUSE, 132 East Forty-fourth street; fully furnished; in perfect order; $250 per month; seen by appointment only. Address OWNER, as above.

SEVERAL VERY DESIRABLE HOUSES TO RENT—For the winter, to private families, handsomely furnished; unexceptionable locations. OGDEN & CLARK, Broadway, corner of Seventeenth street.

Unfurnished.

A THREE STORY HIGH STOOP BROWN STONE, on Thirtieth street, $1,200 per year, and two three story high stoop Houses on Second avenue, $1,200 per year, and many others.
PHALON & SLOAN, 31 East Seventeenth street.

A THREE STORY BROWN STONE, ON NINEteenth street, $130 per month; three story high stoop, on Seventeenth street, $200 per month; four story high stoop twenty room House, on Sixteenth street, $300 per month, and many others.
PHALON & SLOAN, 31 East Seventeenth street.

HARLEM.—TO LET, AT 119TH STREET, NO. 505, Part of a brown stone House, at one-half price. Inquire in the basement.

HOUSE NO. 217 WEST THIRTY-SIXTH STREET TO let—Fresh painted and papered; 20 rooms; water and conveniences each floor; will let part or whole; owner on premises before 10 and after 4 o'clock.

TO LET—A FEW FIRST CLASS HOUSES, IN PERfect order, immediate possession, furnished and unfurnished; reduced rents. Apply to E. A. DAILEY, 588 Sixth avenue.

TO LET—THE WHOLE OR PART OF THREE STORY and attic House 70 Second avenue. Apply on the premises.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND APARTMENTS TO LET.

A NICELY FURNISHED ROOM TO LET, BY A private family. Inquire at 212 East Eleventh street.

A NICELY FURNISHED ROOM TO RENT, FOR gentlemen only, at 430 West Thirty-third street.

A NICELY FURNISHED ROOM TO RENT—TO A gentleman, without board, at 217 West Forty-sixth street. References exchanged.

A NEWLY FURNISHED SECOND FLOOR, FOR gentlemen or a family, without Board, at No. 50 West Thirty-second street; references exchanged.

A.—A.—TO LET, TO GENTLEMEN, ELEGANTLY furnished Suit of Parlors on the first floor; the best location in the city. Apply at 1,179 Broadway.

A LARGE ROOM TO LET—NICELY FURNISHED, to one or two gentlemen; every convenience; private family. Apply at 143 West Forty-sixth street.

A NEATLY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM ON SECond floor to let to gentleman or gentleman and wife. Apply at 610 West Thirty-sixth street.

A SECOND FLOOR FRONT FURNISHED ROOM, for light housekeeping, bath, gas, &c., $6; Rooms for single gentlemen, $2 50; house in best order; residence of owner. 47 Amity street.

A FURNISHED HALL BEDROOM TO LET—$2 PER week. Inquire at 649 Third avenue, between Forty-first and Forty-second streets.

A LARGE PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOM TO LET—In a French family. Call for three days at No. 820 Sixth avenue, between Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh sts.

A SITTING ROOM AND BEDROOM, ADJOINING, nicely furnished, to let to gentlemen at No. 600 Sixth avenue, three doors above Thirty-fifth street. Pleasant rooms and fine location.

AN ELEGANT PARLOR AND BEDROOM, WITHOUT board, second floor, front, at 6 Clinton place, second house east of Fifth avenue and Brevoort House.

A.—TO LET, TWO OR THREE LARGE ROOMS, very handsomely furnished in a small private family, to gentlemen only, at 17 East Twelfth street, between Fifth avenue and University place.

A NICE FURNISHED PARLOR, IN A SMALL FAMily, for one or two gentlemen. 241 East Thirty-fifth street.

A.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED SECOND STORY front Room, southern exposure, for one or two gentlemen, without board; also large upper Room; family private. 85 Clinton place (Eighth street), near Fifth av.

A SMALL AMERICAN FAMILY WILL LET TO ONE or two gentlemen a nicely furnished front Room, on first floor, in house No. 330 East Ninth street, near Second avenue.

A SQUARE ROOM TO LET FURNISHED; SUITABLE for one or two gentlemen; location desirable. Apply at 107 West Twenty-third street, corner Sixth avenue.

COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT—From $2 to $6 per week. Call at No. 154 Bleecker street, near Macdougal.

ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—ON reasonable terms, to gentlemen, in the house of a small private family, living in their own residence, 230 East Twenty-third street.

FURNISHED FLOOR FOR HOUSEKEEPING, IN Twelfth street near Eighth avenue; gas and bath. Inquire at real estate office, 11 and 17 Abingdon square, Eighth avenue, near Twelfth street.

GENTLEMEN LOOKING FOR ELEGANTLY FURnished and rigorously attended Apartments, without board, will find it to their advantage to apply at 68 West Thirty-seventh street, between Fifth and Sixth avs.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED PARLOR AND BEDroom; also single Room for gentleman, without board, in the new, first class house 636 Seventh avenue, junction of Broadway and Forty-fourth street.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND APARTMENTS TO LET.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS TO SINGLE or married gentlemen, convenient to business and near Broadway; rent moderate. LUDIN & CO., 92 Prince street, three doors from Ball & Black's.

PARTIES WISHING ELEGANTLY FURNISHED Rooms, with use of parlor, without board, on moderate terms, in a four story brown stone high stoop house, near excellent restaurants, will apply at 144 West Forty-third street, near Broadway.

TO LET—WITHOUT BOARD, TO GENTLEMEN ONLY, a few pleasant and well furnished Rooms, singly or en suite, at a very moderate rate; none but respectable and responsible persons need apply; references exchanged. Apply at 110 West Twenty-ninth street.

TO LET—TO ONE OR TWO GENTLEMEN, A LARGE furnished Room on second floor; without board; bathroom adjoining. No. 9 East Thirtieth street.

TO LET—FRONT PARLOR AND BEDROOM, FURnished; also Hall Bedroom, on first floor, at 2,056 Third avenue, near 112th street.

TO LET—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ROOM FOR one or two gentlemen only with a private family. Call at 216 East Eleventh street, between Second and Third avenues.

2 HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS—FOR GENtlemen, in private family. 137 West Forty-sixth st.

14TH STREET, NEAR DELMONICO'S, IN A PRIVATE family.—An entire Second Floor, furnished parlor, two bedrooms, bath, &c.; hot and cold water. Address H., box 4,846 Post office.

28 EAST TWENTY-SECOND STREET, NEAR Broadway—Rooms to let, handsomely furnished, to gentlemen, without Board. Also a hall Bedroom in a private French family.

37 LAFAYETTE PLACE.—LARGE AND SMALL Rooms, single and en suite, newly furnished; pleasant fourth floor Rooms for gentlemen; two Rooms on ground floor, suitable for office, or with part of kitchen, suitable for housekeeping.

39 EAST FOURTH STREET, BETWEEN BROADway and Bowery.—An extra large back Parlor, suitable for two, to let, without board; also other furnished Rooms; reference required.

49 EAST NINTH STREET, BETWEEN BROADWAY and University place.—Handsome Parlor Floor to let, to gentlemen only; it can be divided into two apartments if necessary.

52 WEST FOURTEENTH STREET.—TO LET, HANDsomely furnished Rooms, to gentlemen, without board.

130 EAST TWENTY-FIFTH STREET.—A PRIVATE family have two furnished Rooms to let, without board.

145 EAST FIFTEENTH STREET.—A VERY LARGE furnished front Room, suitable for three gentlemen; single Room, $3 a week; reception room for doctor's office; house first class.

205 EAST FIFTIETH STREET.—FURNISHED Rooms to let, to gentlemen, without board; private house; references required.

225 WEST THIRTY-SIXTH STREET.—FURNISHED comfortably, a large sunny front Room and Bedroom, on second floor, in private house, newly painted and papered; modern improvements; references exchanged.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS AND APARTMENTS TO LET.

A FEW DESIRABLE FLATS TO LET, WITH ALL modern improvements and in excellent locality, near Central Park; eight rooms, all light; $35 to $45 per month. Apply at 1,037 Third avenue.

A NICE SECOND FLOOR, WITH TWO ROOMS ON third, at 78 Macdougal street; gas and bath; private house and excellent neighborhood; to small family only; references required; rent $45.

FRENCH FLAT TO LET, WITH ALL THE MODERN improvements. Inquire at No. 432 West Fifty-first street.

FLATS TO LET—SEVEN ROO[illegible] AND BATH; NEW house, brown stone; West F[illegible]ninth street; prices from $35 to $50; also Eighth a[illegible] and Forty-fourth street, $40. W. & [illegible] CRUIKSHANK, Broadway, cor[illegible]rty-fourth street.

FIRST FLOOR TO LET—IN [illegible]TH AVENUE; SIX rooms; to a good tenant $[illegible]onthly; suitable for any business or dwelling. Ap[illegible] 519 Eighth avenue, corner Thirty-sixth street, clot[illegible]

TO LET—ELEGANT FLOO[illegible]ITH ALL MODERN improvements. Inquire [illegible] premises, No. 68 Seventh avenue.

TO LET—114 EAST FIFT[illegible]H STREET—FLAT OF 9 rooms, all light, wit[illegible] improvements; janitor in charge, top floor. Inq[illegible] the owner, A. ENGELHARD.

TO LET—THIRD F[illegible] FLAT, WITH ALL IMprovements; halls [illegible]airs carpeted. No. 100 West Twenty-eighth street, [illegible] Sixth avenue. Apply to S. RICH, 74 Murray stre[illegible]

TO LET—IN THE [illegible] CLASS TENEMENT HOUSE newly built, N[illegible] Mark's place (Eighth street), between Second a[illegible] avenues. Floors, containing six rooms, with a[illegible] improvements.
SENFTN[illegible]EIGAND, 33 St. Mark's place.

TO LET—TWO [illegible]ER FLOORS (SEVEN ROOMS), with water [illegible]very convenience for housekeeping; gas in ever[illegible]oom. Each floor will be let separately if required, an[illegible] to a good tenant, at No. 6 Neilson place, between [illegible]linton and Waverley places, one block from Broadwa[illegible]

TO LET—TWO FLOORS, ONE OF 8 AND ONE OF 4 rooms; gas, bath, &c. Southwest corner of Lexington avenue and Thirty-second street.

HOUSES, ROOMS, &C., WANTED.

In this City and Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A FAMILY OF THREE ADULTS, A furnished Parlor and Bedroom and hall Bedroom, on first floor, in a strictly private family, in first class location. State locality and terms, which must be moderate. Address A. B., box 5,449 Post office.

WANTED—BY A FAMILY OF ADULTS, A FURnished House for the winter, between Sixth and Third avenues and Fourteenth and Forty-second streets; rent not to exceed $150 per month. Address H., box 294 Post office, Newburg, N. Y.

WANTED—FOR A TERM OF YEARS, AN UNFURnished House, between Twentieth and Fiftieth streets, Fourth and Sixth avenues; rental, $2,500 to $3,000; house must be in thorough order. Address L., box 1,441 Post office.

WANTED—A PARLOR FLOOR AND BASEMENT, unfurnished; between Fourth and Sixth avenues, Eighth and Twentieth streets. Address, for three days, M. E. R., station D.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, FOR housekeeping, the lower part of a House, furnished or unfurnished, occupied by but one family, east of Fourth avenue, above Fourteenth street; references. Address A. B., box 117 Herald Uptown Branch office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY, WITH REFERence, an unfurnished Room in a private family; must be between Fifteenth and Twenty-fifth streets, east side. Address C. B., box 117 Herald Uptown Branch office.

WANTED—A FURNISHED BEDROOM, BETWEEN Lexington and Eighth avenues, Thirty-fourth and Forty-second streets. Address APOTHECARY, 655 Sixth avenue.

WITH A PRIVATE FAMILY, A FRONT ROOM ON second floor, suitable for two; all modern improvements; also a hall Room. Call, for three days, at 215 East Thirty-first street.

CLOTHING.

AT M. MARKS' WELL KNOWN ESTABLISHMENT, 101 Sixth avenue, opposite Eighth street, ladies and gentlemen can receive the utmost value in cash for their cast-off Clothing, Carpets, Jewelry, Laces, &c. Please call at or address the number as above. Ladies waited on by Mrs. Marks. Please try and satisfy yourselves. Orders to Brooklyn punctually attended to.

AT H. ROSENTHAL'S, 233 THIRD AVENUE, NEAR Nineteenth street, ladies and gentlemen will obtain full value of cast-off Clothing, Carpets, &c., by calling or addressing. Ladies attended to by Mrs. Rosenthal.

AT THE UPTOWN ESTABLISHMENT, 816 SIXTH avenue, near Forty-sixth street—Ladies and gentlemen will positively receive 50 per cent more than elsewhere for Cast off Clothing, Carpets, Jewelry, &c. Please call on or address Mr. or Mrs. FLATTO.

AT S. MISH'S, 137 THIRD AVENUE, LADIES AND gentlemen can receive the highest price for Cast-off Clothing, Carpets, &c., by calling or addressing. Ladies attended by Mrs. Mish.

AT B. MINTZ'S NEW STORE, 248 THIRD AVENUE, between Twentieth and Twenty-first streets, ladies and gentlemen will be astonished at the great prices I pay in cash for Cast-off Clothing, Carpets, Jewelry; $10 to $75 for Silk Dresses; Coats, $3 to $20; Pants, $2 to $8. A note by post punctually attended to by Mr. or Mrs. Mintz.

AT F. HARRIS', 71 SIXTH AVENUE, BETWEEN Washington and Waverley places, ladies and gentlemen will be astonished at the prices we still pay for Cast-off Clothing, Carpets and Jewelry. For Dresses, from $10 to $80; for Coats, from $20 to $25; for Pants, from $2 to $10. Please call or address as above. Ladies waited on by Mrs. Harris.

AT 833 BROADWAY, NEAR THIRTEENTH STREET, H. HERZ pays the highest cash price for ladies' and gentlemen's Wearing Apparel, Carpets, &c. Note by mail will be punctually attended to.

AT SCHWARTZ'S, 1,251 BROADWAY, CORNER Thirty-first street, is the only place in the city where you can get a good price for ladies' and gentlemen's Cast-off Clothing. Address or call. 1,251 Broadway.

AT EDWARD MILLER'S ESTABLISHMENT, 68 SIXTH avenue, between Washington and Waverley places, the utmost value paid in cash for ladies' and gentlemen's cast-off Clothing, Carpets, &c., by calling on or addressing. Ladies attended to by Mrs. Miller.

AT NEW ESTABLISHMENT, 160 SEVENTH AVENUE, Nineteenth street.—Ladies and gentlemen will be astonished at the prices we pay for cast-off Clothing, Carpets, &c. Orders promptly attended to by Mr. or Mrs. EISENSTADT.

AT NATHAN'S, 33½ SIXTH AVENUE, NEAR FOURTH street.—Will pay for ladies' or gentlemen's Clothing, Carpets, &c., 40 per cent more than any other dealer. Call on or address Mr. or Mrs. NATHAN.

AT 297 THIRD AVENUE, NEAR TWENTY-THIRD street—LEON pays highest cash prices for ladies' and gentlemen's wearing Apparel, Carpets, &c. Ladies are waited on by Mrs. Leon.

ANNOUNCEMENT!—WE GUARANTEE TO PAY THE highest price for Wearing Apparel, Diamonds, Laces, Carpets, &c.; for Dresses, $10 to $85; Coats, $2 to $20; Pants, $1 to $10; the receiving of a large order compels me to pay the above prices. Please call on or address Mr. or Mrs. ROZENBERG, 246 Seventh avenue, two doors above Twenty-fourth street.

AT 364 THIRD AVENUE, NEAR TWENTY-SIXTH street—Mr. HARRISON pays the highest cash price for ladies' and gentlemen's cast-off Clothing and Carpets. Address Mr. W. Harrison.

LIBERAL PRICES WILL POSITIVELY BE PAID for ladies' and gentlemen's cast off Clothing, Carpets, Laces, Diamonds, Jewelry, &c., as we have a great demand for them from the West. Please convince yourself by calling on or addressing Mr. or Mrs. I. ANHALT, 175 Seventh avenue.

EUROPEAN STEAMSHIPS.

CUNARD LINE.
NOTICE.
With the view of diminishing the chances of collision the steamers of this line will henceforth take a specified course for all seasons of the year.
On the Outward Passage from Queenstown to New York or Boston, crossing the meridian of 50 at 43 latitude, or nothing to the north of 43.
On the Homeward Passage, crossing the meridian of 50 at 42 latitude, or nothing to the north of 42.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR FROM NEW YORK.
*JAVA......W'sday, Oct. 15 PARTHIA...Sa'day, Oct. 18
*CUBA......W'sday, Oct. 22 SAMARIA...Sa'day, Oct. 25
*SCOTIA....W'sday, Oct. 29 ABYSSINIA.Sa'day, Nov. 1
*ALGERIA.W'sday, Nov. 5 BATAVIA...Sa'day, Nov. 8
*RUSSIA....W'sday, Nov. 12 CALABRIA.Sa'day, Nov. 15
and every following Wednesday and Saturday from New York. Steamers marked thus * do not carry steerage passengers. Cabin passage, $80, $100 and $130, gold, according to accommodation. Return tickets on favorable terms. Steerage, $30, currency. Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown and all parts of Europe at lowest rates. For freight and cabin passage apply at the company's office, No. 4 Bowling Green. For steerage passage at 111 Broadway, Trinity Building.
CHARLES G. FRANCKLYN, Agent,
or to P. H. DU VERNET,
Clark and Randolph streets, Chicago, Ill.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE—STEAM TO QUEENStown and Liverpool.
Sailing every Wednesday.
NEVADA, Forsythe..............October 22, at 3 P. M.
MANHATTAN, Price, Jr.........October 29, at 2½ P. M.
From pier 46 North River.
Cabin passage, $80, gold; Steerage, $30, currency.
Prepaid tickets, $32, currency.
Passengers booked to and from Paris, Hamburg, Norway and Sweden, &c. Drafts on Ireland, England, France and Germany at lowest rates. Apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, 29 Broadway.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—THE SPLENDID STEAMSHIP NEVADA, sailing Wednesday, Oct. 22, will carry a limited number of intermediate passengers at $50, currency, each. Apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, 29 Broadway.

THE HAMBURG-AMERICAN PACKET COMPANY'S iron mail steamship
FRISIA,
Captain E. Meier, will sail on Thursday, October 23, at 2 P. M., for Hamburg,
taking passengers from New York to Plymouth, London, Cherbourg and Hamburg.
First cabin { Upper saloon, $120. Lower saloon, $72.
Steerage $30, payable in United States gold.
KUNHARDT & CO., General Agents, 61 Broad street, New York. C. B. RICHARD & BOAS, General Passenger Agents, 61 Broadway, New York.
The WESTPHALIA will sail October 30.
The SAXONIA, as extra steamer, October 25.

RED STAR LINE.
ANTWERP SERVICE.
Appointed to carry the Belgian and United States Mails.

	From Antwerp.	From Philadelphia.
REYDAL HALL, 2,114 tons, Captain Collin	Oct. 11	Nov. 5
VADERLAND, 2,800 tons, Captain Vander Heyden	Oct. 1	Oct. 22
NEDERLAND, 3,000 tons, Captain H. W. James	Oct. 25	Nov. 22
SWITZERLAND, 3,000 tons, Captain ——		Building

PRICES OF PASSAGE.
Cabin..........$100, gold
Steerage..........$35, currency
Prepaid Certificates, $36, currency.

LIVERPOOL SERVICE.

	Tons.	Master.	From Liverpool.	From Philad'a.
ABBOTSFORD	2,538	Findlay.	Oct. 29.	Nov. 20.
KENILWORTH	2,538	Putt.	Nov. 12.	Oct. 23

PRICES OF PASSAGE.
Cabin..........$100, currency
Steerage..........$30, currency
Prepaid Certificates, $32, currency.
Tickets will be sold here at lowest rates, good from Antwerp and Liverpool to all interior points in the United States, via the Pennsylvania Railroad and its connections, thus affording parties in this country a convenient and cheap opportunity of sending for their friends in Europe.
THE RED STAR LINE will give special attention to the comfort of steerage passengers; comfortable berths, well ventilated sleeping apartments and good food will be furnished them.
An experienced surgeon is attached to each vessel.
Freight will be received at all principal points in the West and South in connection with the Pennsylvania Railroad, Southern Mail Steamship Company and Clyde's lines, and through bills of lading issued for Antwerp, Bremen, Hamburg, Havre, Amsterdam, Rotterdam, Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Belfast, Hull and Leith.
The Red Star Line Docks at Philadelphia are in direct connection with the Pennsylvania Railroad, and all merchandise intended for points beyond Philadelphia can be transferred from the hold of the steamer to the cars without the expense to shippers and risk of damage by relanding which results from cartage.
For rates of freight and passage and other information apply to
GEO. W. COLTON, Agent, 42 Broad street.
PETER WRIGHT & SONS,
General Agents,
PHILADELPHIA.
William Hunter & Co., Agents, Liverpool. | B. vonder Becke, General European Agent, Antwerp.

NATIONAL LINE OF STEAMSHIPS,
Weekly to Queenstown and Liverpool.
Fortnightly to London direct,
from piers Nos. 44 and 47 North River.
TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
FRANCE, Andrews..........Saturday, Oct. 25, at 8 A. M.
EGYPT, Grogan..........Saturday, Nov. 1, at 2 P. M.
GREECE, Thomas..........Saturday, Nov. 8, at 8 A. M.
SPAIN, Grace..........Saturday, Nov. 15, at 2 P. M.
FOR LONDON DIRECT.
HOLLAND, Bragg..........Thursday, Nov. 6, at 3 P. M.
Cabin passage, $70, $80, $90, currency; steerage, $29 currency. Return tickets at reduced rates. Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry, Glasgow, Cardiff, Bristol or London at the lowest rates.
For further information apply at the company's office, No. 69 Broadway. F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

INMAN LINE.
FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL
Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:—
CITY OF BROOKLYN..........Thursday, Oct. 23, 2 P. M.
CITY OF RICHMOND..........Saturday, Oct. 25, 8 A. M.
CITY OF NEW YORK..........Thursday, Oct. 30, 1 P. M.
CITY OF MONTREAL..........Saturday, Nov. 1, 2 P. M.
CITY OF BRISTOL..........Thursday, Nov. 6, 7 A. M.
CITY OF CHESTER..........Saturday, Nov. 8, 8 A. M.
and each succeeding Saturday and Thursday, from pier 45 North River.
RATES OF PASSAGE.
Cabin—$70, $80 and $90, gold, according to accommodation.
Round trip tickets at low rates.
Steerage—To Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow, Londonderry, London, Bristol or Cardiff, $30. Prepaid certificates, $32, currency.
Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Paris, at reduced rates.
Drafts issued at lowest rates.
For cabin passage and general business apply at the Company's office, No. 15 Broadway.
For steerage passage, at 33 Broadway.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, or to
O'DONNELL & FAULK, 402 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.
M. S. CREAGH, 102 State street, Boston.
F. C. BROWN, 32 South Clark street, corner of Lake street, Chicago.
WILLIAM INMAN, Liverpool, and No. 9 Rue Scribe, Paris.

STATE LINE.
NEW YORK TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, BELFAST AND LONDONDERRY.
These elegant new Clyde-built steamers will sail from pier 36 North River as follows:—
VIRGINIA..........Wednesday, Oct. 29
GEORGIA..........Wednesday, Nov. 12
PENNSYLVANIA..........Wednesday, Nov. 26
And every alternate Wednesday thereafter, taking passengers at through rates to all parts of Great Britain and Ireland, Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Germany.
Drafts for £1 and upwards.
For freight or passage apply to
AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO., Agents,
No. 72 Broadway.
Steerage Passage office, No. 45 Broadway.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
For Southampton and Bremen.
The steamship AMERICA, Captain R. Bussius, will sail on Wednesday, October 22, at 2 P. M., from Bremen pier, foot of Third street, Hoboken; to be followed by the steamship MOSEL, Captain G. ERNST, on Saturday, October 25.
Rates of passage to London, Havre and Bremen, payable in gold or its equivalent in currency:—First cabin, $120; second cabin, $72; steerage, $30.
For freight or passage apply to
OELRICHS & CO., Agents, No. 2 Bowling Green.

WHITE STAR LINE.
FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL, CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAIL.
New and full-powered Steamships.
sailing from New York on Saturdays, from Liverpool on Thursdays, calling at Cork Harbor each way.
CELTIC..........October 25, at 7 P. M.
OCEANIC..........November 1, at 2 P. M.
REPUBLIC..........November 8, at 8 A. M.
ADRIATIC..........November 15, at 1:30 P. M.
BALTIC..........November 22, at 6 A. M.
—From the White Star docks, Pavonia ferry, Jersey City.
Passenger accommodations for all classes unrivalled, combining safety, speed and comfort.
Saloons, staterooms, smoking room and bathrooms in midship section, where least motion is felt. Surgeons and stewardesses accompany the steamers.
Rates—Saloon, $80, gold; steerage, $30 in currency.
Those wishing to send for friends in the Old Country can now obtain steerage prepaid certificates—$32 currency.
Passengers booked to and from all parts of America to Paris, Hamburg, Norway, Sweden, India, Australia, China, &c.
Drafts from £1 upwards.
For inspection of plans and other information apply at the Company's office, 19 Broadway, New York.
Bills of lading issued to Continental ports.
J. H. SPARKS, Agent.

GREAT WESTERN
STEAMSHIP LINE.
NEW YORK TO BRISTOL (ENGLAND) DIRECT.
The steamers of this line will sail from pier 18 East River as follows:—
LAPLAND, Jones..........Saturday, October 25
LADY LYCETT, Evatt..........Saturday, November 22
Cabin passage, $70; intermediate, $45; steerage, $30, currency; excursion tickets, $120. Apply to agents, 70 South street.
E. E. MORGAN'S SONS.

FOR CARDIFF, BRISTOL, LONDON AND ALL other points in England and Wales.
The South Wales Atlantic Steamship Company's new first class steamships will sail from Pennsylvania Railroad wharf, Jersey City, as follows:—
PEMBROKE..........November 12
First cabin passage, $75 and $80, currency; second cabin, $65, currency; steerage, $30, currency. Prepaid steerage certificates from Cardiff, $33, currency. Drafts for £1 and upward. For further particulars apply to
ARCHIBALD BAXTER & CO., Agents,
17 Broadway, New York.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.
The General Transatlantic Company's mail steamships between New York and Havre, calling at Brest.
The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from pier No. 50, North River, as follows:—
PEREIRE, Danre..........Saturday, Oct. 18
EUROPE, Lemarie..........Saturday, Nov. 1
VILLE DU HAVRE, Surmont..........Saturday, Nov. 15
Price of passage in gold (including wine) to Brest or Havre.
First cabin..........$125 Second cabin..........$75
Excursion tickets at reduced rates.
American travellers going to, or returning from, the Continent of Europe, by taking this line, avoid both transit by English railway and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense. GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent, 58 Broadway.

REMITTANCES TO ENGLAND AND IRELAND.—Drafts for £1 and upward issued at reduced rates, by TAPSCOTT BROTHERS & CO., 86 South street.

EUROPEAN STEAMSHIPS.

ANCHOR LINE.
Steamers sail from pier 20 North River, New York, EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.
OLYMPIA......Wed., Oct. 22 | ANGLIA..........Sat., Nov. 8
VICTORIA......Sat., Oct. 25 | TRINACRIA..Wed., Nov. 12
COLUMBIA...Wed., Oct. 29 | CALIFORNIA.Sat., Nov. 15
ELYSIA..........Sat., Nov. 1 | ITALIA..........Wed. Nov. 19
CASTALIA...Wed., Nov. 5 | INDIA..........Sat., Nov. 22
The passenger accommodations on the steamers of this line are unsurpassed for elegance and comfort. Cabin staterooms are all on upper deck, thus securing good light and ventilation.
CABIN PASSAGE TO OR FROM
GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL OR LONDONDERRY.
WED. STEAMERS, $65 and $75. Return, $130, currency.
SAT. STEAMERS, $65 and $75. Return, $130, gold.
STEERAGE PASSAGE.
To Glasgow, Liverpool, London, Queenstown, Londonderry, Belfast, Bristol or Cardiff, $30, currency.
Tickets for passage to or from any seaport or railway station in Great Britain, Ireland or the Continent issued at the lowest rates.
DRAFTS FOR ANY AMOUNT AT CURRENCY RATES.
Company's offices, No. 7 Bowling Green, New York.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, Agents.

COASTWISE STEAMSHIPS.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S LINE.
October 20, steamer COLON leaves pier No. 42 North River at 12 o'clock noon for Aspinwall, connecting with steamer at Panama for Acapulco, Mazatlan, Manzanillo, San Diego and San Francisco, and also with steamers for Central American and South Pacific ports.
Steamer leaves San Francisco on or about the 24th of each month for Sandwich Islands.
Steamers for Japan and China leave San Francisco on the 1st and 16th of each month.
For passage or freight apply at the Company's office, pier No. 42 North River, New York.
H. I. BULLAY, Sup't. G. H. BRADBURY, Pres't.

ATLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
Mail line for West Indies, Havana and Spanish Main. Steamers sail from pier No. 2 North River.
For Port au Prince, Jacmel, Maracaibo, Laguayara, Puerto Cabello, Ponce, P. R.; Mayaguez, P. R., CLARIBEL, November 5.
For Kingston, Santa Martha, Savanilla, ATLAS, November 4.
For Kingston, Savanilla and Carthagena, ETNA, November 21.
For freight or passage apply to PIM, FORWOOD & CO., Agents, 56 Wall and 59 Pine street.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP Company.—The elegant screw steamship MERRIMACK, 2,000 tons burthen, Captain W. Weir, will sail for St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio Janeiro, on Thursday, Oct. 23, at 3 o'clock P. M., from pier 43 North River.
For freight or passage apply to
WILLIAM R. GARRISON,
No. 5 Bowling green.

NEW YORK AND HAVANA DIRECT MAIL LINE.
These first class steamships will sail every Tuesday, at 3 P. M., from pier 13 North River (foot of Cedar street), for Havana direct, as follows:—
COLUMBIA..........October 21
WILMINGTON..........October 28
MORRO CASTLE..........November 4
For freight and passage (having magnificent accommodations) apply to
WILLIAM P. CLYDE & CO.,
No. 6 Bowling Green.
D. McKELLAR, Agent in Havana.

DIRECT LINE TO HAVANA,
Progreso and Vera Cruz.
New York and Mexican Mail Steamship Line, leaving pier No. 3 North River, at 3 P. M.
EVERY THURSDAY.
CITY OF MERIDA (Havana via Nessau)..........Oct. 23
CUBA (Havana only)..........Sat., Oct. 25
CITY OF HAVANA (Havana only)..........Oct. 30
CITY OF NEW YORK (Havana only)..........Nov. 6
For freight or passage apply to
F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, 33 Broadway.

FOR NASSAU, N. P.
CITY OF MERIDA, October 23.
Will sail from pier 3 North River at 3 P. M.
F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, 33 Broadway.

FOR HAMILTON AND ST. GEORGE, BERMUDA, carrying the United States mail.—The first class steamship PERIT, Ellis master, will be despatched for the above ports, from pier 19 East River, on THURSDAY, October 23, at 12 o'clock. For freight or passage, having first class accommodations, apply to LUNT BROTHERS, 28 South street.

TEXAS LINE—FOR GALVESTON, TOUCHING AT Key West, carrying the United States Mail.—Steamer CITY OF HOUSTON, Captain Deering, will leave pier 20 East River, Saturday, October 25, at 3 P. M. Through bills of lading given to Houston and all points on the Galveston, Houston and Henderson and B. B. and C. R. R. No charge for forwarding in New York. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to
C. H. MALLORY & CO., 153 Maiden lane, or
W. P. CLYDE, 119 Wall street.

FOR NEW ORLEANS DIRECT.
The Cromwell Steamship Line.
The steamship GEORGE CROMWELL, Captain James Crawford, will leave pier No. 9 North River, on Saturday, October 25, at 3 P. M. Freight received daily. Through rates given to Galveston, Indianola, Rockport or Aranzas wharf, Brazos, Santiago and St. Louis.
Cabin passage, $50; steerage, $25. For freight or passage apply to CLARK & SEAMAN, 86 West street.

FOR NEW ORLEANS DIRECT.
MERCHANTS' STEAMSHIP LINE.
The steamship
WESTERN METROPOLIS, Captain H. S. Quick,
from pier 36 North River (foot of North Moore street), on Saturday, Oct. 25, at 3 o'clock P. M.
Freight received daily. Through rates given to St. Louis, Vicksburg, Mobile, Galveston and Indianola.
For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to FREDERIC BAKER, pier 36 North River.

FOR NORFOLK, CITY POINT AND RICHMOND.—THE Old Dominion Steamship Company will despatch from pier 37 North River their elegant sidewheel steamship WYANOKE, Couch, Commander, for Norfolk, City Point and Richmond, on Tuesday, Oct. 21, at 3 P. M., giving through bills of lading to all points South and Southwest. Through passenger tickets to all points. Accommodations unequalled. Apply at pier 37, or at general office, 187 Greenwich street, corner of Dey.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

CITIZENS' LINE FOR TROY—PASSAGE $1 50.—THE elegant steamboats SUNNYSIDE and POWELL leave pier 49 North River, foot of Leroy street, daily (Saturdays excepted), at 6 o'clock P. M., connecting with morning trains on Rensselaer and Saratoga, New York Central and Troy and Boston railroads for all points North, East and West. The most direct route to Saratoga, Lake George and Montreal. Through tickets sold and baggage checked to destination.
JOSEPH CORNELL, Superintendent.

FALL RIVER LINE TO BOSTON,
via Newport and Fall River.
The world-renowned steamers BRISTOL and PROVIDENCE leave pier 28 North River, foot of Murray street, daily (Sundays excepted), at 4 P. M. Through tickets sold at all principal hotels in the city.
A. P. BACON, Superintendent.

NORWICH LINE FOR BOSTON, VIA BOSTON Hartford and Erie Railroad.—Great reduction in fare; New York to Boston or Worcester and return, $6; tickets good from September 15 to November 1, 1873. The stanch and commodious steamers CITY OF NEW YORK and CITY OF BOSTON leave pier 40 North River daily (Sundays excepted), at 5 P. M., connecting at New London with express passenger train for Boston, Worcester and the North.
WALTER F. PARKER, Agent.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.
Trains leave New York, from foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt streets, as follows:—
Express for Harrisburg, Pittsburg, the West and South, with Pullman Palace Cars attached, 9:30 A. M., 5, 7 and 8:30 P. M. Sunday, 5, 7, 8:30 P. M.
For Baltimore, Washington and the South, via "Pennsylvania Air Line," at 9 A. M., 3 and 9 P. M. Sunday, 9 P. M. For Baltimore and Washington, via Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, at 7:30 P. M. daily.
Express for Philadelphia, 8, 9, 9:30 A. M., 12:30, 3, 4, 5, 7, 7:30, 8:30, 9 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday, 5, 7, 7:30, 8:30 and 9 P. M.
For Philadelphia, via Kensington, at 7 A. M. and 6:10 P. M. Sunday, 6:10 P. M.
Emigrant and second class, 7:05 P. M.
For Newark at 6, 6:30, 7:40, 8:10, 9, 10, 11 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3:10, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 5:10, 5:20, 5:40, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8:10, 10, 11:20 P. M. and 12 night. Sunday, 5:20, 6:10, 7:30 and 8:10 P. M.
For Elizabeth, 6, 6:30, 7, 7:40, 8:10, 9, 10, 11 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3:10, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 5:20, 5:40, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8:10, 10, 11:30 P. M. and 12 night. Sunday, 5:20, 6:10, 7:30 and 8:10 P. M.
For Rahway, 6, 6:30, 7, 8:10, 9, 10 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3:10, 3:40, 4:10, 4:40, 5:20, 5:40, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8:10, 10 P. M. and 12 night. Sunday, 5:20, 6:10 and 7:30 P. M.
For Woodbridge and Perth Amboy, 6 and 10 A. M., 2:30, 3:40, 4:30 and 6 P. M.
For New Brunswick, 7 and 8:10 A. M., 12 M., 2, 3:10, 4:10, 5:20, 6:10, 7:30 P. M. and 12 night. Sunday, 6:10 and 7:30 P. M.
For East Millstone, 8:10 A. M., 12 noon, 4:10 and 5:20 P. M.
For Lambertville and Flemington, 9 A. M. and 3 P. M.
For Phillipsburg and Belvidere, 3 and 4 P. M.
Accommodation for Bordentown, Burlington and Camden, 7 and 9:30 A. M., 12:30, 2, 4, 5 and 7 P. M.
For Freehold, 7 A. M., 2 and 4 P. M.
For Jamesburg, Pemberton, Camden, 6 A. M., and via boat from pier No. 1, 3:50 P. M.
Trains arrive as follows:—From Pittsburg, 6:50, 10:25 A. M., 6:35 P. M., daily; 5:22, 10:15 A. M. and 3:55 P. M., daily, except Monday. From Washington and Baltimore, 6:05 and 6:40 A. M., 4:55 and 10:27 P. M. Sunday, 6:05, 6:40 A. M. From Philadelphia, 5:22, 6:05, 6:40, 6:50, 10:15, 11:20, 11:55 A. M.; 2:15, 3:55, 4:55, 6:05, 7:25, 8:44, 10:27 P. M. Sunday, 5:22, 6:05, 6:40, 6:50, 10:25, 11:20 A. M.; 3:55, 10:27 P. M.
Ticket offices, 526, 435, 271 and 944 Broadway; No. 1 Astor House, and foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt streets. Emigrant Ticket office, No. 8 Battery place.
D. M. BOYD, Jr., General Passenger Agent.
A. J. CASSATT, General Manager.

RONDOUT AND KINGSTON—LANDING AT COZzens', Cornwall, Newburg, Marlborough, Milton, Poughkeepsie and Esopus.—The steamboats THOMAS CORNELL and JAMES W. BALDWIN leave Harrison street, pier 34 North River, daily, at 4 o'clock P. M.

STONINGTON LINE FOR BOSTON.—THE ELEGANT steamers
RHODE ISLAND, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday
STONINGTON, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday
from pier 33 North River, at 5 P. M.

THE LECTURE SEASON.

HENRY WARD BEECHER
opens the
MERCANTILE LIBRARY LECTURE
Course, at Association Hall, October 20. Course tickets, including reserved seats, $5. Single admission, 75 cents; reserved seats, $1, at Schirmer's, 701 and 114 Broadway, at the Library and at the Hall.

BILLIARDS.

A1.—STANDARD AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES AND the Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions, for sale only by the patentee, H. W. COLLENDER, successor to Phelan & Collender, 738 Broadway, New York.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF NEW AND SECond hand Billiard Tables at cost, with the patent catgut cushion, sustained by United States Court.
KAVANAGH & DECKER, corner Canal and Centre sts.

A.—A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF NEW AND SECOND hand Billiard Tables constantly on hand, at GEO. E. PHELAN'S, No. 7 Barclay street, New York.

MUSICAL.

A YOUNG LADY WOULD TAKE TWO OR THREE more young pupils for instruction on the piano, at their residence or at No. 61 Clinton place, near Fifth av.

ANTONIO PARAVALLI TENOR SINGER FROM Italian Opera, teaches Piano and Singing at 117 West Twenty-seventh street, near Sixth avenue. Terms moderate.

CARD.—MUSICAL.—MISS WATSON HAS RESUMED private musical instruction at University of Music, 92 Clinton place (Eighth street). Piano, Organ, Guitar and Singing. Circulars mailed. No classes.

TENOR.—WANTED, A GENTLEMAN TO SING TENOR in an amateur church quartet in this city. Address TENOR, box 2,288 New York Post office.

BAZAINE'S TRIAL.

Imposing Display of Military and Civic Notabilities.

OPENING DAY.

Terms of the Articles of Accusation.

THE MILITARY CODE.

[From the London Daily News, Oct. 7.]

PARIS, Oct. 6, 1873.

The St. Lazare station this morning presented an animated scene of an unprecedented character. The waiting-room and its approaches were thronged with generals, colonels, majors, captains and subalterns in all the blaze of full uniform. These were the judges and military witnesses summoned to play their respective parts in the great Bazaine trial. The half-past nine train whirled them off to Versailles in company with a numerous throng of civilians. Versailles, never ready for even a foreseen emergency, had not provided anything like cabs or omnibuses enough to meet the demand. And the consequence was that many officers, who would gladly have ridden, marched along the Boulevard de la Reine towards the Trianon, to the great delight of the population, which gazed from the windows at the uniforms, most of them new, that shone in the light of as fine an October morning as was ever seen. I saw Marshal Canrobert sharing a cab with General Changarnier, who was in mufti.

TRIANON.

The precincts of the Grand Trianon had all the aspects of a *fête*, and as such, it must be said, most people look upon the solemn trial of a Marshal of France for his life. In conversation no interest is expressed in the result of the trial; but its unparalleled character as a spectacle is the theme of many exclamations. The gay chateau and surrounding grounds, built and laid out for holiday purposes, encourage this feeling. The Grand Trianon is no more like a court of justice than the neighboring Villa Trianon aux Bois, where Marshal Bazaine lodges, is like a prison. The pilastered marble hall which connects the two wings of the Trianon, enlarged and fitted up by the architect of the Assembly, at an expense approaching nearer 40,000 francs than the 15,000 francs of the estimate, shows, in my opinion, that the man who thought of the Trianon had a happy idea. I know of no available place better adapted for the purpose. The oblong form reminds one of the lugubrious riding school of Versailles, where so many Communists were sentenced to death; but, instead of darkness, draughts and the stifling emanations of damp sawdust, you have here universal light, good ventilation, a noiseless floor and very fair acoustic conditions, considering that the hall was not built for its present uses. The tickets for the Press Tribune bear the ungallant postscriptum, "Ladies not admitted," a restriction which certain members of the fair sex who wield a very effective pen in the Assembly tribunes will probably resent in their own way. In the part open to the public by tickets there were some ladies, but not many. "Is Mme. Bazaine there?" is a frequent inquiry; but I do not think she was. The real public—that is, those admitted to a small railed-off space at the end of the hall without tickets—was numerous.

OPENING OF THE COURT.

The entirely formal character of the proceedings to-day excluding any possibility of an incident were favorable to the study of the principal actors in the great scene. At a few minutes past twelve the members of the court martial took their seats, and were regarded with intense curiosity. Such a meeting of eminent general officers nobody present had ever seen before. The court, including three judges in waiting, consisted of ten general officers, who sat at a green baize horseshoe table. As they walked in, covered, to take their seats, one was struck with the studied gravity of the countenance of every one of them, contrasting remarkably with the smiles and almost joyous demeanor of the audience. The General President, who drops his princely title for the nonce, came in last, and, when he declared the court open, the gold embroidered cocked hats fell with military precision upon the table in front of the owners.

DEMEANOR OF BAZAINE.

The first business was to call in the Marshal prisoner. He came duly guarded, and took a seat provided for him at a table on the left of the Court by the side of his counsel, Lachaud, father and son. The Marshal is totally bald, and looks depressed. He wears a slight mustache and tuft on his chin, but is otherwise closely shaven. I should not have recognized him from the photographs taken before his misfortunes. During nearly the whole day he nursed his right arm in the elbow hollow of the left, covering his chin with his left hand, and frequently pressing his forefinger on his lips. His dingy epaulettes, which have seen service, contrasted curiously with the bright new ones of his judges, and are perhaps worn purposely to furnish Lachaud with a theme for a telling phrase. Of the many crosses and decorations he has received he wore merely the grand cordon and plaque of the Legion of Honor and the military medal which Napoleon gave only to generals and private soldiers.

THE PROCESSION OF WITNESSES

answering to their names lasted an hour and a half. Count Palikao, Canrobert, Changarnier, Jules Favre, Gambetta, Kératry, Regnier, were gazed at with much curiosity. Marshal Bazaine's countenance betrayed no emotion as they passed. An inaudible reading of documents occupied the remainder of the day. The Duc d'Aumale presides with much dignity and perfect self-possession, though he never sat on a court-martial before, and gives orders to witnesses and ushers in a decided tone. His comparative youth among so many old men does not appear so marked as was anticipated. Two of his coadjutors, Generals Martineau Deschenenez and Lallemand, are scarcely older than himself. The others, though well stricken in years, evidently wear well. On his right hand sits La Motte Rouge, a Breton, with light reddish hair suggesting dye, and greatly resembling many old United Service bricks. He is a fine fellow, and made a reputation at the Malakoff, which was maintained at Magenta. On his left is Chabaud Latour, an engineer, who made the fortifications of Paris, *tempore* Thiers; General Tripier, a fire-eater in his time; and General Guiod, sixty-six years old, twice as big round the waist as any of his colleagues, who is an example of the falsity of a recently broached theory that fat men are dull. He is renowned for wit and humor. Bessayre, a dashing cavalry officer, appointed at the last moment to replace Martinprey, indisposed, was placed *hors de combat* by a shell wound at Coulmier. A judicious innovation is that the space between the Court and the witness bar is not blocked up by sentries, who prevent hearing and seeing. There are but two, and they stand so as to get in no one's way.

The Surrender.

[Grom Galignani's Messenger, Oct. 17.]

The event was announced at Berlin by a triumphant telegram from King William to Queen Augusta:—

The capitulation, it said, was signed yesterday. We have taken prisoners 163,000 soldiers, 3 marshals, more than 6,000 officers, * * * 53 eagles, with their flags; * * * 540 pieces of field artillery, the material for more than 85 batteries, about 800 fortress cannon, 66 mitrailleuses, about 300,000 muskets, an enormous quantity of cuirasses, swords, &c.; nearly 2,000 military train wagons, immense stores of wood, lead, unworked bronze and a very valuable powder mill.

THE MILITARY CODE

is thus worded:—

ARTICLE 209.—Is punishable with death, with military degradation, every governor or commander who, sent for trial after a council of inquiry, is found guilty of having capitulated and surrendered the fortress confided to him without having, &c.

ART. 210.—Every general and every commander of an armed troop who capitulates in the open field is punished:—

First—With death with military degradation if his act has had for result to make his troops lay down their arms, or if, before treating verbally or by writing, he has not done everything required by duty and honor;

By dismissal in every other case.

Digest of the Case.

[From the London Daily Telegraph, Oct. 7.]

PARIS, Oct. 5, 1873.

I must endeavor to assist your readers by sketching, as distinctly as possible, the main features of the bill which has been made out against the prisoner. The first broad question to be formulated is whether Marshal Bazaine has been guilty of treachery and incapacity—the two being nearly synonymous in the present instance—or whether he has only been the victim of events. In other words, did he strain every nerve in the defence of his country as Marshal of France, or did he subordinate his duty to his own ambition and his allegiance to the Emperor? Three distinct points arise out of this general statement. The first is whether the Marshal was justified in blocking up his army under the walls of Metz, and thus isolating himself from Marshal McMahon, notwithstanding the latter's efforts to dissuade him from a step which led to the disaster of Sedan. The second is whether, instead of doing his utmost to break through the German lines which paralyzed his great army, he had not purposely discouraged every attempt made to that effect, in the hope of being able to make terms with the enemy in the name and for the profit of the Imperial government.

WAS BAZAINE'S ARMY EXHAUSTED?

The third point is whether he did not surrender before his means of resistance and subsistence were exhausted, and show a readiness to comply with every desire of the enemy, amounting to positive treachery. It will be remembered that the first point, the one relating to the failure which attended Bazaine's march to the assistance of MacMahon, is complicated by the historical despatch which the latter sent to his colleague towards the end of August. It was thus worded:—

Received your despatch of the 19th. I am at Rheims, and marching in the direction of Montmedy; to-morrow I shall be on the Aisne, where I will assist you according to circumstances

The date of this despatch was for a long time a mystery, but the duplicate of the document has been found, and leaves no doubt as to the fact that it was written on the 19th of August. It was sent off by three messengers, each of whom had a copy carefully concealed on his person, and who, in order to cross the whole breadth of the Prussian lines, started at separate intervals by different routes. When did this despatch reach Bazaine? Did he receive it before or after the council of war held at the Château de Grimont on the 26th of August, when he impressed upon his generals the necessity of remaining under the walls of Metz, giving as his reason that the army under his command was completely abandoned by MacMahon? It is sufficient to say at present that there are witnesses ready to swear that this despatch was given to the Marshal on the 23d of August.

REGNIER'S MISSION.

It was a month after this date, on the 23d of September, when the army had almost ceased to give any signs of even wishing to leave Metz, that M. Regnier, better known as "M. N," arrived at Metz, and, after a private conversation with the Marshal, was authorized to take the gallant General Bourbaki out of the fort for the avowed purpose of learning whether the Empress was prepared to sign a peace with the enemy. The means by which M. Regnier obtained an interview with Count Bismarck at Versailles, the confidence with which he inspired the astute diplomat, and his account of the interview with the Marshal, are all very remarkable in themselves, and in the present trial will form one of the principal points of interest. The importance of his testimony may be estimated when it is considered that on his statements will turn all the

ACCUSATIONS OF POLITICAL INTRIGUE

and treasonable communication with the enemy which have been lavished on Marshal Bazaine. Then, finally, the nature of the capitulation, which to so many people has appeared so unnecessarily and incomprehensibly disastrous, will form the subject of the most searching examination. In the text of the capitulation the third article has been severely criticised. It runs thus:—

The arms, as well as the army material, consisting of flags, eagles, cannon, mitrailleuses, horses, military equipment, ammunition, &c., shall be left at Metz and in the forts, under the charge of special military commissions instituted by Marshal Bazaine, so that they may be made over immediately to the Prussian commissioners. The troops without their arms shall be brought out, ranged according to their regiments or corps, and in military order, in the places assigned for each corps. The officers will then return at liberty into the entrenched camp, on the condition they give their word of honor not to leave the fort without the consent of the Prussian commander.

The surrender of trophies, arms and ammunition, when these might have been destroyed before the fort was surrendered, has also to be explained.

The Indictment.

The following are the principal charges embodied in the report:—

Marshal Bazaine has deceived the confidence of the Emperor, who had ordered a retreat. 1. By delaying the departure of the army until August 14. 2. In failing to destroy the bridges which the enemy might use. 3. In failing to avail himself at the sortie from Metz of more than one route for the march of the army, when there were four available roads. 4. In giving order to discharge the auxiliary corps which carried the provisions of the army. 5. In not continuing his march on August 17.

Marshal Bazaine allowed to be crushed, in the battle of August 18, one of his lieutenants—Marshal Canrobert—in spite of the pressing appeals of the latter, when he (Bazaine) kept inactive almost the whole of his reserves. Marshal Bazaine has deceived the Emperor and the Minister of War until the month of August regarding the state of affairs, as well as regarding his plans, in falsely announcing to the Minister, on August 26, when he knew the march of the Army of Chalons, that it was impossible to force the lines of the enemy, while he wrote to Marshal MacMahon that he could pierce them whenever he wanted to do so. Marshal Bazaine has made no serious effort to come to the aid of Marshal MacMahon after having instigated the march of the latter, which in leaving his lieutenant to bear the whole weight of the struggle has brought about the disaster of Sedan.

Marshal Bazaine has abused the confidence of his lieutenants in the conference held at Grinort, on August 26:—

1. In concealing from them the march of the Army of Chalons.
2. In not communicating to them the despatches sent to the Emperor, the Minister of War and Marshal MacMahon.
3. In stating that the army had only ammunitions for one battle when he knew that, since August 22, new supplies had been obtained.

Marshal Bazaine has propagated the intelligence given by the enemy to M. Debains, which was of a nature to destroy the spirit of the army, and part of which was false.

Marshal Bazaine has, after recognizing the new government, lent ear to the propositions brought from France by one Regnier and to the plans of restoration formed by that agent.

Marshal Bazaine has informed Regnier of the date when his provisions would give out, surrendering thus a State secret to an individual whose identity was only established by a passport from M. Bismarck.

Marshal Bazaine has instructed M. Regnier to declare that he was ready to capitulate with his army, on condition of obtaining the honors of war, when he had yet food for more than a month and ammunitions even beyond his need.

AN ANDY JOHNSON OVER THE RIVER.

The Impeachment Fizzle in Long Island City—The Charges Against the Officials Stick in the Aldermanic Throat—Mayor Debevoise in the Role of Andy Johnson—"Millions for Defence, but Not a Cent for Tribute"

Even though yesterday was Sunday—perhaps it was rather in consequence of that fact—the lively subject of the contemplated "impeachment" of Mayor Debevoise found a greater number of gossiping groups to discuss it in and around Long Island City than on any day since the movement was first inaugurated. On Saturday the anti-Debevoise ring in the Board of Aldermen succeeded in convening a special meeting of the Board and made a final attempt to introduce and adopt articles of "impeachment" against the Mayor, Corporation Counsel and City Judge, so as to be able to go into Court with them to-day, when the Oyer and Terminer for Queens county opens. The meeting was called for ten o'clock A. M.; but at that hour only six of the Aldermen had arrived. They sat together in a private room, closeted with their impeaching counsel and the City Clerk, who, by the way, enjoys the credit, such as it is, of originating

THE IMPEACHMENT FARCE,

and whose reputation in Queens county is not that of an extreme political purist exactly. One by one three other members of the Board dropped in, and at twelve o'clock the tenth member entered. He completed the quorum and full number of votes required to pass the charges; but when the Board entered the meeting room a few minutes afterwards the only motion made was a motion to adjourn, which was promptly carried. In a subsequent conversation with some of the members the reporter was informed that about four of the Aldermen were "red hot" for impeachment, including Mr. Hunter, who would be Mayor in that event. These were vigorously lobbied for by the City Clerk. One of the four was heard to say that Mayor Debevoise refused to put twenty-five of his men on the public works at last election time, and he "was bound to get square for that." The five Aldermen who are absent denounce the whole business as a political

JOB OF THE MEANEST KIND,

and refused even to be present at any meeting where the question of impeachment should be discussed. The remaining six, it is said, are respectable business men who have no personal object to gain by the impeachment of their officials, but have a very great deal to lose in case it should turn out that they acted unjustly. They at first lent a willing ear to the ring's story, but have grown more doubtful every day since, so much so that Saturday's was the sixth meeting convened to pass the charges at which no charges were passed. Even the counsel having charge of the prosecution has, on further investigation, discovered that no corrupt motives influenced the action of the Mayor and the Water Board, and that irregularity alone was all they could be charged with. Under such circumstances he feels very unwilling to take any part in the impeachment of honest and honorable men upon charges so contemptibly frivolous. Even Mr. Hunter, who so intensely hungers and thirsts after the honor of being temporary Mayor of Long Island City, has some

REASON TO FEAR THE CONSEQUENCES

of his part of the impeachment work. As Chairman of the Investigating Committee he reported that the Mayor altered the resolution to issue the Water Bonds, after it had passed the Board, while he is now forced to confess that he saw the alteration being made with his own eyes, before the resolution was passed at all; all of which, of course, renders him liable to discipline. Commissioner Moran was originally set down in the list of officials to be impeached; but the Ring concluded yesterday to leave him out of the scrape, for the excellent reason that his signature is required to a large pile of bills in whose early liquidation the ring Aldermen are interested. They were rather disappointed, however, a few minutes subsequently, when City Treasurer Horan stated point blank that the only signature he would recognize on a warrant is that of Mayor Debevoise, who, it must be confessed, still retains the confidence of every man in the county who is not personally interested in

THE ATTEMPTED "NEW DEAL"

as a gentleman of undoubted integrity. The entire population of Long Island City itself rejoice loudly over this farcical ending of the impeachment bugbear, and not without good reason. Had it gone on the city would have to pay from $20,000 to $30,000 for "divvies," in the shape of counsel fees and other expenses; the cessation of public improvements would have continued to a ruinous length of time, and the workingmen of the city would soon be in as lamentable a state of unmerited poverty as Comptroller Green's unfortunate scrub-women. It is well known to the initiated that had the Mayor yielded at any time to the hungry demands for pap and patronage of the little clique of politicians who first started the impeachment his troubles would at once be over; but he bravely "stuck" to the last, and has bravely won by "sticking"—Andy Johnson over again, on a small scale.

HUMAN SHARKS IN NEW YORK.

How Men Are Kidnapped for the Sea.

Slave Trade of American Ports—How the Ship Baltic Got Her Crew in New York—Story of a Boy Kidnapped in Broad Daylight in a New York Street.

The HERALD has already published some details of the "Shanghaeing" at this port of sailors for the ship Baltic, recently arrived at San Francisco, but the following deposition, made before Mr. Marrow, Assistant United States District Attorney, and published in the San Francisco *Evening Post* of the 10th, exposes such a case of outrage on the streets of New York that it is given nearly in full, the immaterial parts only being expunged. George F. Staple, the lad who makes the charges, is a native of Rome, N. Y., and having worked as a carpenter in New York city some time ago, after spending a few weeks with his mother in Rome in May, 1872, he returned here to get work on the Brooklyn bridge. Failing in that he worked for Hugh O'Neill, stair builder, corner of Columbia and Congress streets, Brooklyn, and W. F. Furey, on Van Brunt street, Brooklyn. About last Christmas his work gave out. He again went home, taking his aged mother $300. In May he returned here and his experiences are thus recorded:—

For some days he walked around from one carpenter shop to another without finding anything to do, when, on the 9th of May, between four and five o'clock in the afternoon, he found himself on Water street, having been inquiring for work at the shops on the East River side of the city. He had about determined to give up his search for the day, when, as he walked along, a well dressed man came up briskly behind him and tapped him familiarly on the shoulders. "Wouldn't you like something to do?" said the stranger.

"Yes, sir," replied the lad, "that is just what I have been looking for."

"Well, I think you will suit me. I have just been looking for some one to put in the way of a good job. How would you like to go to San Francisco? I have just made a big contract to put up advertising for a patent medicine out there, and I want to get a smart young fellow to go with me?"

"I should like to go, sir, if the wages are good; work seems pretty hard to get here this spring. What would you pay me, sir?"

"I will give you $25 per month and pay all of your expenses, so that you can save all your wages. The pay will be in gold, too, and you can have a nice little sum when we get through, and perhaps strike something even better out there, for there is plenty of money to be made there by a smart man. Will you go?"

"Yes, sir; when do you wish me to start?"

"We shall have to get off by Monday at furthest (it was Friday), but may have to go by to-morrow night, for the firm I have contracted with are in a great hurry."

"Well, sir, I can be ready, though I should like to have time to go home and bid my mother goodby. But if I can't do that I can go over to Brooklyn, where I have been living, and get my clothes and meet you to-morrow."

"All right, but you had better come and get supper with me, as it is pretty near supper time, and we can talk it all over."

They were by this time near the corner of Cherry street, into which they turned, and the kind stranger who had the big advertising contract for California led the way to a house opposite the Sailor's Home. It looked like a sailor boarding house, and on a small sign bore the words,

"CHARLES GLEASON, BOARDING AND LODGING."

Two or three men were lounging about the door, who looked somewhat peculiarly at the lad as he passed in. The stranger, who proved to be Charles Gleason himself, led the way to a small washroom, which opened off a dining room, where a table was set.

"Now, my boy, I suppose you feel a little dirty, as you have been tramping around all day; take off your things and give yourself a good wash."

The lad took off his hat, his overcoat and vest; hung them up, and rolling up his sleeves began to wash. When he had concluded he turned around for his clothes.

"Never mind," said Gleason, "I sent them to the baggage room, where they will be brushed and be safe. Put on this till after we get supper," he added, producing an old monkey jacket.

The boy, though somewhat wondering, put it on, and Gleason led the way into the dining room. No one was there except a man who reminded Staple of a lunatic, and who seemed afraid to say a word, though he commenced grinning in a very significant way. They sat down and had supper, Gleason talking kindly to the boy all the while about what they would do in California. When their supper had been finished he said:—

"Now, I guess we had better go down and see the Captain, and you must tell him that you are a sailor and have been going to sea for four years, and then you will get $50 advance."

"But I can't tell him that, for I ain't a sailor. I have never been to sea in my life."

"Damn your soul, I'll make you a sailor," said Gleason, with a threatening air, clinching his fists and advancing on the boy, who retreated toward the washroom. "You —— ——, you come down to my house and eat my supper, and then tell me you have never been to sea."

"But it is true, sir; I never have been to sea."

"Hear me!" thundered the man. "You've been to sea four years."

"But I can't——"

"D'ye hear me?" shouted he again, hitting the boy a heavy blow with his right hand on one side of his head. "You've been to sea four years, when the Captain asks you!" striking him another heavy blow with his left hand. "Now, you remember when the Captain asks you, that you have been to sea four years, or I will knock the d——d head off of you; do you hear?"

"Yes, sir," said the boy, thoroughly frightened, and feeling that he could have no chance for escape until he got out of the house.

After some more threatening language a sailor's cap was placed on his head, and with the landlord on one side and a stalwart runner on the other, he was marched into the street. The boy's hope revived as he got into the air, and he told them that if they did not let him go he would call a policeman and have them arrested.

"You say a word to anybody, and I'll knock the teeth down your throat," said Gleason, while the runner, with a menacing gesture, swore he would kick him to pieces if he opened his head. "And hear ye," added the landlord, "the best thing that you can do is to keep as quiet as you can. All the policemen down here are my friends, and if you call to one I'll give him a couple of dollars

TO CLUB H—L OUT OF YOU."

The boy made no reply, but looked as keenly as he could at those they passed; but at that time (it was now after dark) in that section of the city there was no one to be seen to whom he dared appeal. They approached a policeman who was standing on the corner, and the boy, in spite of threats, made up his mind to call to him; but his resolve was checked when his captors and the policeman nodded pleasantly to each other, and he thought his safest plan was to see the captain, who, in his innocence, he supposed would certainly refuse to take him when he found he was no sailor.

When they came to the shipping office—not the office of the United States Commissioner, but an "outside" or private office—the captain, who was present, without asking any questions, told Gleason that the boy would not do, he was not heavy enough, and he might as well take him right back and bring him a heavier man or none at all. The boy attempted to speak,

BUT WAS SILENCED BY A THREAT

and marched out of the office again. On the way back the runner proposed to take him to another office and ship him for Liverpool, but Gleason refused, saying he was going to send him on a voyage where he would not come back soon and would ship him for China on Monday. Arrived at the house again, he was taken to a small room at one end, where there was a little cot, and ordered to go to bed, being admonished that if he dared to try to escape during the night it would be at the peril of his life.

LEFT IN THE DARKNESS,

the boy cautiously felt the floor and the bed, for he had heard that there were places in New York where they dropped men through traps; and then, finding nothing that seemed like a trap, he sat down on the bed and abandoned himself to his thoughts. As he thought of his position—a prisoner right in the heart of the great city, and held by men who he was convinced would not hesitate to murder him, and threatened with being sent to China without even having a chance of letting his mother know where he was, and as he thought of her agony over his disappearance—bitter tears came to his relief, and he resolved to make an attempt to get out. It must have been about four or five o'clock in the morning when he succeeded in picking the lock on his door (there was no window) and cautiously opened it, only to see that he was guarded by a sentinel whose vigilance there was no hope of eluding. There was a faint light in the larger room into which his opened, and by it he saw an

IMMENSE BLOODHOUND

raise himself from the floor, and, with white teeth and low, savage growl, gather himself to spring on the intruder. The boy drew back, for he was very much afraid of dogs, having been badly torn by one in his childhood, and feeling that there was no possibility of escape commended himself to God.

The long night passed and morning came, and he was permitted to get some breakfast; but during the whole day was kept a secure prisoner, either Gleason himself or one of his runners being always on hand to check any attempt to escape. In the evening the captain of the Baltic sent up word that if Gleason could not do better he would take the man who had been refused the night before.

A SEA OUTFIT.

Thereupon the considerate landlord fitted out the boy for sea. The pea-jacket he had been wearing was of some little use, so from a box of old clothes a long, swallow-tailed coat, or what was left of what had once been the property of some shanghaed bummer, was selected, and he was made to exchange. This, with an old quilt, two flimsy check shirts, three clay pipes, a pound of plug tobacco and a sheath knife and belt constituted the outfit with which he was to be sent to round Cape Horn in the dead of the southern winter. Making the boy carry his bundle, he was again taken down to the shipping office, as on the night before, the landlord on one side and the runner on the other.

Two or three men were in the little room, but no one was paying any attention to him. He was marched up to a desk and ordered to sign his name, when the clerk pointed to a piece of paper. "Sign, you —— ——," whispered the runner.

"SIGN, OR I WILL KILL YOU,"

said the landlord, suiting the action to the word, and striking him heavily under the jaw. The boy wrote his name and was hurried out and down to the wharf with a drunken man whom he had noticed in the shipping office. On the way he ventured to ask when he was to get the $50 advance which had been promised him the day before.

"You will get that on board," was the gruff reply.

At the wharf a boatman was hailed, the drunken man was bundled down and, under the threat of being knocked down if he did not move quickly, he was hurried into the boat, which pulled off to the Baltic.

ON BOARD.

"Take your dunnage into the starboard forecastle," said a man whom he afterwards found was the mate.

The boy started off towards the cabin.

"Where are you going?" shouted a man, somewhat in liquor, who confronted him, and who proved to be the boatswain.

"I was just going back there, sir. Are you the captain?"

"Going back there, you damned fool!" half laughed, half roared the boatswain, hauling off and knocking him down with a blow of his fist. "You're a pretty specimen to come aboard a ship. Go forward there, or I'll kick you forward."

There was no help for it; the boy found the forecastle, and found there a number of men just like himself, who had never been to sea before, but who had all been shanghaed in pretty much the same way. He finally approached the mate, who seemed a kindly man, but who told him he could do nothing for him. Men were scarce, and the ship must go to sea, and $50 had been paid for him. Late at night the watchman found him crying on the topgallant forecastle, heard his story and agreed to take a letter from him to be mailed to his mother, telling where he had gone. The last hope failed when the captain and pilot came on board, and the tugboats came up and pulled the ship through the Narrows and out to sea, and the Baltic's white wings were spread for an 18,000 mile voyage.

It is needless to say that Staples did not get his advance, and when he spoke of it the sailors only laughed at him, and advised him to make a cow-hitch in the extremities of his swallow-tail; though they soon relieved him of these by cutting off first one and then the other to make blackball caps. But they treated him well. The crew of the Baltic was largely made up in the same way, and there was among them a barber, a tailor, a shoemaker, a soldier, a fireman and a carpenter, who hardly knew one end of the ship from the other, and who had no more idea of shipping as seamen to go round Cape Horn than they had of filling Henry Ward Beecher's pulpit.

The officers treated him well. The first mate took him into his own watch, and he was not even sent aloft until he had got over his sea sickness. The treatment of the crew was excellent. There was very little bullying and no beating, and Captain Taylor did not add to his sin of kidnapping men the sin of torturing and killing them, though the steward charged exorbitant prices for the few articles which the slopchest contained. Arriving here he was taken to Sanders' boarding house, the third mate having given him the abundant clothes in which he made his appearance to Mr. Morrow.

We have given, in a connected shape, the substance of the boy's story, without color or embellishment of any kind. There is nothing improbable in it to any one who knows anything about the manner in which ships are manned in American ports; and the boy exhibits every mark of truthfulness and sincerity. He appears to be just what he says he is—a good, hard-working boy. He is a member of the Episcopal Church, having been confirmed in Rome, and while in Brooklyn attended the church of the Rev. Dr. Bancroft. He fears that his mother never got the letter sent ashore by the watchman, as he asked her to write to San Francisco, but found no letter waiting him here.

THE PARK AND THE AVENUE.

A Brilliant Day—Autumn Splendors of the Foliage—Gorgeous Panorama on the Avenue.

The never-failing attractiveness of the Central Park shows how potent and lasting is the charm of nature in her best dress. It is possible for the mind to grow indifferent to the beauties of art—to the lovely symmetries of architecture, the graceful outlines of sculpture or the cunningly applied tints of painting; but the fresh and perfumed face of nature never cloys the vision. Over youth and age she casts the same magic spell, brightening and vivifying the fancy of the one and bringing a sense of sweet repose, a foretaste of the serene quietude of heaven, to the other. Nature was in her gala dress yesterday in the beautiful Central Park. The day was one of those rare visitations that come like angels' visits. It was bright and warm and breezy, and brought gladness to every heart not wholly insensible to the common though precious bounties of the Creator.

There were

MULTITUDES ABROAD,

but the Park monopolized the lion's share of patronage. Its prominent walks and drives were thronged, and everywhere a path led were people in holiday garb sitting contentedly on the rustic benches or sauntering carelessly along. The pronounced turn of the foliage from the tints of summer to the mellow shades of autumn had come; and here was the dazzling gold that erstwhile was light pale green, and there was the warm russet, flushing in the sunlight like the stroked surface of rich crimson velvet, and yonder was the blood-red beech, altered from its summer shade of deep sea green, and all around were a hundred autumn tints lighted up and burnished by the bright sunshine. Spread over acres upon acres of dazzling green as on a canvas were all these vivid tints, from the sombre laurel to the gay saffron, and who could be insensible to the striking beauty of the picture

PAINTED BY THE HAND OF NATURE

and set in the frame of art? The crowds of people present evidently felt the influence of the scene, and the cheerful faces one met at every turn were ample testimony to the happy effects produced by the loveliness of the day and the scenery.

By the lake seemed a favorite ramble with the hundreds of young men and maidens who love to do the Park afoot. That calm sheet of water, glassing, as Claude Melnotte says, "softest foliage" above, fascinates the eye and the fancy, and it is little wonder the romantic youths of both sexes linger by its margin and think of the Lake of Como and a thousand tender fancies besides.

The children who crowded the zoological department filled the gladsome air with merry shouts and laughter. Under the bridges, where the echoes catch up the passing sounds and turn them into a protracted

AGONY OF MELODY,

were numerous groups seated, in the process of cooling themselves off, for in the broad open air the sunbeams had a touch of summer, and people grew overheated before they were aware of it. Throughout the day there was an unceasing roll of carriages, wagons and all kinds of conveyances from end to end of the Park, and all sorts of people, except the silly aristocrats, who think it unbecoming to enjoy the gifts of nature on the Sabbath, were the occupants. Money could not possibly measure the amount of happiness which yesterday, in the Park, spread throughout the souls of the 250,000 people who went out to enjoy the day. All the artificial stimulants ever devised by the brain of man would fail to give to the spirits and to the mind the

TRANQUIL DELIGHT,

the cheerful anticipations, the contentment and elevation of all that is benign and gentle in human nature that yesterday's quiet experience of the Park, the fresh air and the balmy sunshine conferred.

ON THE AVENUE.

Very brilliant, after church service was over, appeared the avenue. Looking up the long, easy slope of the sidewalks from Madison square to Thirty-fourth street the scene presented by the slow moving throngs of splendidly dressed women was extremely enlivening. Fashion was abroad in most potent array. Summer styles are pleasant to the eye. They are bright and airy, and carry the imagination off to green fields and smiling flower beds, to the dancing waves and the sparkling sands of the seashore; but the fall styles, subdued in tone, but rich in texture, speak of urban grandeur—of brown stone fronts, of gilded carriages and ballroom splendors.

THE RICH AND THE GREAT

of the metropolis put in an imposing appearance on the avenue. No seedy dresses mingled with the faultless and exquisite suits of costly raiment that gave the avenue its brilliant *coup d'œil*. The Lord knows if half the gorgeous dresses that swept along the pavement were paid for, but nobody stops to inquire about that nowadays. Beautiful women with fairy hands and feet were there in abundance, and the picture as a moving panorama of loveliness and fashionable clothes was all the heart of an artist or a milliner could desire.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC NOTES.

Edwin Booth begins an engagement at his own theatre on the 3d of November, appearing in "Hamlet."

Miss Emma Howson is to make her début in Italian opera during the coming winter season in Milan.

The Fifth Avenue Theatre company drew large houses to Mrs. Conway's Brooklyn Theatre during the past week. "Divorce" and "Frou Frou" were performed. The company remains in Brooklyn another week and then goes to Albany.

Mr. R. M. Field, of the Boston Museum, has bought the right to produce "The Geneva Cross" at his theatre, and has paid a very large sum for the privilege. The play still draws large houses to the Union Square Theatre and is likely to hold the stage there for some time yet.

The new Fifth Avenue Theatre cannot be completed before the 24th of November. It will, however, positively be opened on that date. Signor Garibaldi has already begun the work of frescoing the theatre in a manner that is expected to excel anything in this country.

An operatic concert will be given under the auspices of the School Teachers' Association on Saturday evening next at the Academy of Music. The artists are to be:—M. Capoul, Signor del Puente and Mlles. Maresi and Drasdil. Signor Muzio's entire orchestra will be present. The programme is made up of selections from "La Favorita," "Martha," "Lucretia Borgia," "Massaniello," "Faust" and "Ballo in Maschera."

The present is Salvini's last week in this city. Two evening performances are to be given at the Academy of Music—"David Garrick" being on the bills for Tuesday and "Othello" for Thursday. Two matinées will also be had, "David Garrick" being given for the last time at the Union Square Theatre on Wednesday afternoon, and a farewell performance taking place at the Lyceum Theatre on Saturday, at which he is to play "Hamlet."

A theatre, called the New Olympic, will be opened in Philadelphia this evening. It is situated on Market street, between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets. Though of unpretentious exterior, inside it is very handsome and spacious, being capable of seating 4,000 people. The stage is large and well appointed. The New Olympic is to be modelled somewhat after Niblo's Garden. The spectacular drama is there to have its home, though the managers say the effort will be made to have it chastened from what they think is the ruder kind performed in this city. The opening piece this evening is intended to delineate American history from the Revolution.

CAPSIZING OF A LIGHTER.

The lighter Wave, belonging to New Jersey, and lying at the end of pier No. 45 East River, turned slightly over on her side yesterday and lost a portion of her cargo, valued at $2,000.

A DARING ROBBERY.

A Gang of Thieves "Operating" Along the Hudson—A Whole Family Handcuffed and the House Robbed—Evil Result of Permitting Gamblers at State Fairs.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Oct. 19, 1873.

A telegram from Albany has only briefly told of the daring burglary near the village of Catskill, on the Hudson. During the past week Hudson River towns have been infested by daring thieves. One source of attraction was the Catskill races and another the Firemen's Tournament at Poughkeepsie. In this city, on the last day of the firemen's gathering, it was known that a gang of certainly twenty thieves were present, and, though three of them were arrested, sufficient evidence could not be produced to hold them. At the Catskill races gamblers and thieves were present in force. The affair of which I am about to write occurred on Friday, and for daring and consummate cheek eclipses the noted Waterford Bank robbery. Nearly four miles below the village of Catskill, on the west bank of the Hudson, resides Abraham Post, a worthy, well-to-do farmer. At about half-past six P. M., Mr. Post, his wife and daughter (the latter about twenty-two years of age), his son, Edward, and their hired man, an Irishman, were quietly eating their supper, when the door leading from the main hall to the dining room was abruptly shoved open, and

SIX MEN CROWDED THROUGH THE OPENING.

and rushed to the table. Each one of the scoundrels drew a revolver, and, placing the weapons at the head of each member of the family, warned all to keep quiet or they would blow their brains out. While five of the robbers thus held the five inmates of the house in abeyance, the sixth one drew four pair of new handcuffs from underneath his coat, and, in regular order, snapped the bracelets upon every person at the table except the daughter. The latter showed no fear whatever, but while the handcuffing was progressing gave the thieves such a "talking" that they will never forget it. Finally, becoming exasperated at her coolness, one of the robbers stepped up to her and said, "Well, you are so sassy I guess we'll handcuff you too;" and then the scoundrels handcuffed the whole family together, including a colored girl, who entered the dining room at the time. Not feeling perfectly safe even then, the thieves procured a bed cord and firmly tied that around the entire family, and then one of them stood guard over the captured group while the others commenced to ransack the house. They entered every room in the building but one, tore open bureaus drawers, broke open trunks and burst locks on closets. The room which escaped them belonged to the son, Edward Post, and in that was a gold watch and a large sum of money which they did not get.

THE PLUNDER.

They did, however, get twelve silver teaspoons, marked "S. E. P."; six silver teaspoons, marked "J. H."; twenty knives and forks, $235 in currency, $50 in gold coin, a lady's gold watch and chain, marked "S. E. P."; $50 worth of other jewelry, two Greene county bonds of the denomination of $500 each, one check for $1,000 on the Farmers' National Bank of Catskill, signed by Mrs. Massino and payable to the order of R. H. King and endorsed by her to Abraham Post; one check of $200 on the same bank, signed by Jacob Burget and made payable to Abraham Post or bearer. For over one hour the thieves remained in the house, stealing whatever they could lay their hands on in the way of valuables. They even approached their bound victims laughingly and took rings from their fingers and put them on their own. They also sat down to the supper table before their victims and ate all they wished to. While they were eating Edward Post vainly endeavored to free himself. He told them he had seen two of them the day previous at the Catskill Fair, and one of them replied, "Well, what of it?" When they got all they wanted

THEY BADE THE FAMILY "GOOD NIGHT"

and departed. For one hour afterward the imprisoned men and women tried to free themselves, and finally the son did get loose, when he started for Catskill village and told his story. The Sheriff and others then repaired to the scene as quickly as possible, and with the proper keys succeeded in releasing all. Immediately the services of the telegraph wires were impressed, and a statement of the case was sent to all prominent points, together with an offer by Mr. Abraham Post of $1,000 reward for the arrest of the rascals. Near the house a paper was found, similar to those sold on the Catskill Fair grounds by the gamblers and thieves who pretended to give greenbacks with every cake of soap sold.

It is thought that the same gang robbed the Post House. Perhaps no fair in the State had such an impudent lot of scoundrels at it as the Catskill Fair. They located their games at night right on the main street, and hundreds were victimized. One "wheel of fortune" was fastened against a tree by the Presbyterian church, and the congregation had to go around the crowd of roughs to get into the church. None of Mr. Post's family were seriously injured, though the gang handled all roughly. Part of the same gang operated at the American Fair last week. A year ago at the latter fair the receipts of the thieves who tended the "wheel of fortune," or who gave away greenbacks, were larger than the receipts of the fair. The greatest efforts are being made to bring the perpetrators of the Catskill outrage to justice, and prominent men who know the facts favor the making an appeal to Governor Dix to offer a large reward in behalf of the State for their apprehension.

THE BROOKLYN BRIDGE.

The New York Tower Completed—Work on the Brooklyn Tower and Approaches—Cable Anchor Plates in Position—Experiments on Steel Wire.

The New York tower of the Brooklyn Bridge has just been completed, and the work of removing from the top the large derricks and booms which were capable of reaching all parts of the structure has been going on during the week. These are to be replaced by two balance derricks and travelling cranes suited to the erection of the three columns similar to those on the Brooklyn side. The business of lowering these heavy pieces of woodwork and hoisting others to such a great height, though performed almost entirely by steam will occupy several weeks. Both towers are now finished to the roadway—that is, up 119 feet above mean high water mark—but in the centre of the main there will be a rise of 16 feet, making the height 135 feet above high water mark.

ON THE BROOKLYN SIDE

the three columns standing on the tower are complete up to the point of turning the arches, and several courses of masonry have been laid above this point. These columns run 48 feet upward. The two corner ones are 24 feet wide; the centre one is 15 feet 6 inches wide. The two open spaces on a line with the roadway are each 33 feet 9 inches wide, while the entire width of the bridge is 85 feet. The arches now in progress will measure 35 feet from apex to top of column, and above this will be an additional structure, through which the cables are to pass, including an elevation of 12 feet to form cornices and balustrades, making the total height above high water 280 feet. The excavations for the Brooklyn approach have been going on for some time. Six courses of masonry are already laid, bringing the work up to the surface ground. The heavy anchor plates and one set of bars for attaching the cables are already in position on James street, at a point 971 feet from the tower.

THE NEW YORK APPROACH.

The New York approach, like the Brooklyn one, will be 100 feet wide. It will begin near the City Hall and be continued to Franklin square, where one end of the cable is to be anchored. From the City Hall to the tower is 1,562 feet, or three-tenths of a mile. The ascent and descent will be gradual and easy to pedestrians on both sides. It is understood, that when a person starts for a trip to Brooklyn, the matter of mounting 119 feet over buildings and above the mast of ships will hardly be felt, while the descent will be equally gentle—hardly perceptible. No work has yet been commenced in connection with the cables on this side. Delay in this matter has been occasioned by difficulties in obtaining the right of way and securing the necessary property in both cities. There has also been delays in prosecuting the work, caused by failure of supply of stone. These impediments, it is understood, have been removed.

THE WORK TO BE VIGOROUSLY PROSECUTED.

Colonel Paine, the engineer in charge, states that operations will be vigorously prosecuted to the latest moment of the season. The stone arrives regularly from the quarries in Maine, and is stored in large quantities at the company's yard at Red Hook, from whence it is conveyed in lighters to the foot of Roosevelt street as required. When the surveys were commenced in 1869 it was generally supposed that the bridge would be completed and open for travel in five years. The enterprise is a gigantic one and the time required to finish it could not be fixed with any degree of certainty. The caissons presented some serious engineering difficulties. The submarine operations at the bed of the river commenced in January, 1870, and by persevering labor the foundations of the tower on the New York side were laid seventy-eight feet below high water mark. This in itself was a great engineering triumph and settled all doubts as to the success of the bridge. It is probable that 1876 will be upon us before it will be in full operation.

THE SPAN.

Experiments are now being made on steel wire to be used for the construction of the suspension bridge. The material can be obtained in any quantity needed for the purpose. There is to be an elevated promenade the entire length of the bridge above the car track, which will afford pedestrians a fine view of the shipping and buildings beneath their feet. The length of the span of the river is 1,595 feet, and the total length from the New York terminus to the Brooklyn terminus, 5,989 feet, or about one and one-eighth miles. When this great structure is completed there will be a new, long-needed and always available line of communication between this and our sister city.

CUBA.

Exciting News from the Fields of War to the Capital.

Press Acknowledgment of Spanish Defeat—Insurrectionist Activity and a Solid Reward—Patriotism Triumphant Over Martial Law—Spoils to the Victors—The Movement on and in the Streets of Santa Cruz.

HAVANA, Oct. 8, 1873.

For some time past it has been admitted on all sides here that there was a lull in the insurrectionary districts of this island, owing partly to withdrawal of the Spanish forces to their fortified places on the seaboard and elsewhere in those districts, and partly to inability of the Cubans, from want of sufficient war materials, to attack them at such places. But suddenly it is whispered all around that stirring news has been received from the seat of war. Curiosity gets on tiptoes. Rumor flies in every direction. Cuban sympathizers look anxious and the Spaniards downcast. The *Diario de la Marina*, which never fails to whitewash Spanish defeats or exaggerate Cuban reverses, hastens to give out, through an extra, under date of the 6th inst., the following:—

According to official reports the enemy, in the Eastern Department, mustering a force of more than 1,000 men, surprised the column which, commanded by Lieutenant Colonel Dieguez, was garrisoning the fields under cultivation in Holguin. Disadvantage, both in strength and position, caused the losses which we have to lament in consequence of the capture of that officer wounded, together with some other officers, and 125 men killed, wounded and prisoners. The remainder of the column, which consisted of 400 men, opportunely reinforced, and, in combination with another column, under the command of Colonel Esponda, has started in pursuit of the enemy. Two days afterwards the Colonel, at the head of his forces, overtook all the bands of the enemy concentrated at Chaparra, where the former boldly attacked and defeated the latter, causing them heavy losses and pursuing their remaining forces the whole day. Our losses at this engagement have been eleven killed and some wounded; but the enemy sustaining much heavier losses and leaving in the field more than double that number of dead, found himself constrained to break up camp. The band in the Central Department under command of Maximo Gomez attacked Santa Cruz del Sur, but was repulsed by the small garrison at that place, where the enemy left thirteen dead, while our losses were only one officer and five men killed and another man wounded.

FOR HOME AND COUNTRY.

In the face of the foregoing statement every one concluded that a great deal more than therein acknowledged must have befallen the Spaniards at the seat of war. Among such as came to this conclusion was your correspondent, who, deeming it worth while to get at the facts in the premises, took the necessary steps to ascertain, and succeeded in ascertaining them fully from a reliable source in high quarters. Here they are:—

On or about the 26th ult. General Calixto Garcia Iñiguez, at the head of a strong Cuban force, surprised and gobbled up a column of some 400 Spanish troops, under the command of Colonel Gomez Dieguez. Then General Iñiguez proceeded to disarm every one of his prisoners. Upon disarming them he told the rank and file that they were at liberty to return into the Spanish lines or to remain with him as soldiers of the Republic of Cuba. Mostly, if not entirely all of them, chose to remain, and were at once detailed for duty in the ranks of the Cuban liberating army.

Shortly thereafter

A BRISK ENGAGEMENT

took place between the forces commanded by General Iñiguez and the Spanish troops under the leadership of Colonel Esponda, who had to beat a retreat, leaving sixty-one of his men killed.

At early dawn on the 28th ult. a Cuban force, led by General Maximo Gomez, attacked and carried, after a feeble resistance, the fortified village of Santa Cruz del Sur, on the seaboard of the Central Department. There they gathered a large booty and withdrew later on in the morning of that day, leaving about one-third of the village in flames, and one captain, two sub-lieutenants, one sergeant, two corporals, ten infantry and three artillery officers of the Spanish regular army dead in the streets.

To-day's *Voz de Cuba*, mourning over this Santa Cruz affair, acknowledges that the insurgents sacked not only the stores at that place, but also carried away all the arms, ammunition and army clothing which the Spanish government had stored there.

CONFLICTING STATEMENTS.

According to the *Diario* 400 Spanish troops were severely defeated at a bloody engagement with 1,000 Cubans; yet the remainder of those troops being reinforced shortly thereafter started in pursuit of the victorious Cubans, who, together with other Cuban forces, were concentrated at Chaparral, where the Spaniards routed and scattered them. But how could the remnants of a severely whipped Spanish column, swelled up at most to 700 men by the reinforcements of another column, defeat at least 1,300 Cubans, which must have been the numbers on both sides at that place, according to the very showing of the *Diario*? This is, indeed, more than even the *Diario* can answer, as the respective strength of the opposing forces was proportionately the same at the two engagements alluded to, and, therefore, the physical power that secured victory to the Cubans against the Spaniards at the first must have enabled the former to be also victorious over the latter at the second engagement. It follows, then, that the whitewashing of the *Diario* has been too thin this time. On the other hand the facts above pointed out, as gathered from a reliable source, show beyond doubt that the patriots have been entirely successful in the engagements and attacks before mentioned.

SPOILS OF WAR.

But the most important feature of the subject is the victory of General Iñiguez over Colonel Dieguez, inasmuch as it placed in the hands of the patriots a large quantity of arms and ammunition; and such war materials, in sufficient supply, is all that they want to finally succeed in their struggle for freedom and self-government. Let them, therefore, be abundantly supplied with the same, and another American country will soon emerge from European domination.

Command and Strength of the Attacking Party on Santa Cruz—Cavalry Charge in the Streets and the Casualties.

La Voz de Cuba of October 9 reprints the following from the *Diario de Cienfuegos*:—

On the 28th of September, at 5 o'clock A. M., the town of Santa Cruz was assaulted by insurgent forces numbering, probably, more than 1,000 cavalry and infantry, under the command of the so-called General Maximo Gomez. The assault was simultaneously made by three different points, namely—the cemetery, the avenue (Cabzava) and the Military square (Plaza de Armas.) The bulk of the force doing garrison duty there was posted by the cemetery, so as to protect the arsenal and government warehouse at that point, which the assaulting party carried and sacked, taking away arms, ammunition and military clothing in spite of the resistance made by the company of troops posted there, who, from the outset, kept a steady fire upon them from one of the cannon in position at that point. The enemy not only rifled and set fire to all within his reach, but also murdered every Spaniard found in the streets. The cavalry trotted through the streets firing upon every one at windows and doors, while the infantry advanced by the Square. Aware of this, the volunteers entrenched themselves, placing a heavy rifled gun in position, and succeeded in mortally wounding the cavalry chief, named Garcia, and by so doing sent a thrill of panic into the ranks of the enemy, who then retreated, leaving one-third of the town in ruins.

Our losses in this affair, according to official report, are twenty-three killed and wounded, among the former one captain and two sub-lieutenants. Of the losses of the enemy all that can be said is, that notwithstanding the many wounded carried off by him and the dead that were seen, new victims are found out every day under the ruins. At the time of the assault there was no war vessel in port at that place.

MARYLAND JOCKEY CLUB.

The Fall Running Meeting at Pimlico Course—Grand Sport Anticipated—Increased Facilities for Reaching the Track.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 19, 1873.

The regular fall meeting of the Maryland Jockey Club, Pimlico Course, commences on Tuesday next, 21st inst., and will be continued Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, the 22d, 23d and 24th. With the exception of Thursday, when the great four mile heat race will take place, four races occur on each day, and as some of the most famous racers are already at Pimlico, the ensuing meeting will, no doubt, excel any previous one in interest.

For the Dixie stakes, for three-year-olds, two miles, to be run for on the first day, the subscription closed with sixty-three nominations, and it is probable there will not be less than eight or nine starters, including Tom Bowling.

The hurdle race takes place on the same day. Blind Tom and other famous hurdlers are already here and entered for the contest.

The track was never in so fine condition, and should the weather prove favorable the attendance will undoubtedly be large. The facilities for reaching the course, which have heretofore been so limited, are now made ample by the completion of the Reistertown Passenger Railway, which passes within a few rods of the course, and also the Western Maryland Railroad, the trains of which pass about half a mile from the track.

STABBING AFFRAY.

Cornelius Tubbs, of No. 127 Bleecker street, and Henry Barclay, of No. 15 East Fifteenth street, were arrested yesterday by Captain Walsh, of the Seventeenth precinct police, for beating and wounding Patrick and Thomas Quilles, of No. 198 First avenue. The prisoners were locked up at the station house and the wounded men conveyed to Bellevue Hospital.

THE MIRACLES.

Termination of the Herald Series of French Pilgrimage Letters.

OUR LADY OF LA SALETTE.

Large Gathering of the English Roman Catholics at the Shrines.

His Holiness Narrates the Miraculous Cure of a Roman Lady by the Waters of La Salette.

NARRATIVE OF A PILGRIM.

The Legitimist Prospects in France.

NINE PAPAL BRIEFS.

Effect Produced on the Roman Catholic Church by the First Appearance of the Virgin Mary in the Nineteenth Century.

LAW OF HUMAN EVIDENCE.

The Papal Indulgences Granted to the Pilgrims.

PETITION TO PIUS IX.

Formal Close of the Great Religious Revival.

GRENOBLE, Sept. 15, 1873.

Father Germer, secretary to the Committee of Pilgrimages in Paris, has kindly given me a copy of the official programme of the national pilgrimage to La Salette, which is to close the month of pilgrimages, and I find that this is to be our mode of proceeding:—

FIRST DAY—MONDAY, August 18.—At five minutes past three in the afternoon we are to leave Paris from the terminus of the Lyons Railway.

Persons who have already received the pilgrim's cross are then requested to put it on the breasts of their coats and gowns. It is a pretty little red cross, which I have already described in my narrative of the national pilgrimage to Our Lady of Lourdes.

The prayers of the Itinerary, which will be found at the twelfth page of the published manual, entitled "Mois des Pèlerinages," are to be said immediately after the departure of the train.

Moreover, the pilgrimage to Our Lady of La Salette being *par excellence* one of expiation, there will be a recitation of the "Miserere."

At four o'clock the chant "Parce Domine" will be sung twice. There will be also a recitation of the first chaplet of the rosary for the Church and for the Pope. It is printed at page 95 of the "Month of Pilgrimages." At eleven minutes past five there will be a halt of eight minutes at Montereau. Pilgrims who intend to dine at Tonnerre are requested then to write down their names, and the directors of the pilgrimage will telegraph their orders for dinner in consequence.

The probable price of each pilgrim's dinner will be three francs or three francs and a half.

At half-past five the chant of the "Salve Regina" will be sung, and the second chaplet of the rosary will be recited. (See page 96 of the published manual," to be had of all known Catholic booksellers at half a franc, or something under the cost of its production, so eager are the Committee of Pilgrimages to make money by literary speculation.)

At half-past seven the "Magnificat" will be chanted, and the third chaplet of the rosary for the pilgrims recited. (Page 97 of manual.)

At a quarter past eight there will be a halt of twenty minutes at Tonnerre for dinner. (Might be as well, though not so fashionable, to call it supper.)

At midnight the Paris pilgrimage will arrive at Dijon, where it will be met by the pilgrims of Dijon, and a larger train will be formed to convey both pilgrimages on their journey together.

SECOND DAY—TUESDAY, August 19.—At twenty minutes past one in the morning the pilgrims' train will leave Dijon, and there will be a recitation of the "Sub tuum" immediately afterwards. At five A. M. the prayer at page 35 of the manual must be said, and the first chaplet of the rosary for the Church and the Pope must be recited.

At half-past five A. M. the pilgrimage will arrive at Villefranche and visit the sanctuary of Ars. The pilgrims are advised to leave their luggage in the train (but will not take that advice). They are also recommended not to scramble and rush into the omnibuses, because enough places have been reserved for all of them, and nobody will be left behind (but neither will they take that recommendation. At seven A. M. mass. At nine A. M. veneration of

THE RELICS OF ST. PHILOMENE

and visit to the places sanctified by the venerable Curate of Ars. At ten A. M. breakfast. At eleven A. M. departure of the pilgrims from Ars on their return to Villefranche. A second recommendation is here given to pilgrims that they need not take the omnibuses by storm. (They will disobey that recommendation, its repetition notwithstanding). At half-past twelve the pilgrims' train will leave Villefranche. The "Magnificat" will then be chanted, and pilgrims are expected to examine themselves devoutly respecting the resolutions they may have made at the tomb of the Curé of Ars. The second chaplet of the rosary will then be recited.

At half-past one P. M. the pilgrimage will arrive at Lyons and remain there till five P. M. They are again advised to leave their luggage in the train (and will not do so). They will go in procession to

OUR LADY OF FOURVIERES,

reciting the chaplet (and will meet with some mockery and hard words from the Lyons roughs, as might have been expected, but a strong body of police will protect them from being hustled or maltreated). At two P. M. vespers of the Holy Virgin, allocution, distribution of the pilgrim's cross, benediction of the Holy Sacrament. At half-past three P. M. departure from Fourvières, with or without a good dinner. At twenty minutes past five P. M. the pilgrims' train will leave Lyons for Grenoble. At half-past five P. M. the "Ave Maris Stella" will be chanted, the third chaplet of the rosary will be recited and the pilgrimage will be consecrated to the Holy Virgin. At half-past eight P. M. there will be evening prayers and the canticle of La Salette will be chanted. At a quarter to ten the pilgrimage will arrive at Grenoble.

The pilgrims are here recommended to form in two ranks to receive their billets for lodging, and they will be guided to their lodgings by persons of good faith known to the committee. (They will utterly decline to attend to this recommendation, and clergy unaccustomed to travel will be seen running wild with encumbrance of luggage, in a near-sighted way, fearful to encounter. Unprotected female pilgrims will wander about moaning all night, seeking for rest and finding none, while the members of the committee rush hither and thither in despairing pursuit of them, to provide them with good beds and suppers).

THIRD DAY—WEDNESDAY, August 20.—Voyage from Grenoble to Corps, and ascension of the mountain. The hours for departure, the hours for meals and the prayers to be recited will be fixed during the journey.

FOURTH DAY—THURSDAY, August 21.—Sojourn on the Holy Mountain. The order of the day will be announced from the pulpit.

FIFTH DAY—FRIDAY, August 22.—Half-past five A. M.—Mass, actions of grace, and farewell to the places consecrated by the apparition. Half-past six A. M.—Descent from the mountain, after breakfast of coffee or chocolate. Nine A. M.—Departure of the pilgrims from Corps. Meal times and the prayers to be recited on this day will be announced after mass. Five P. M.—Arrival at Grenoble. Lenten fare for dinner. Half-past six P. M.—Departure of the pilgrimage by railway from Grenoble. Seven P. M.—Chant of the "Magnificat." Third chaplet of the rosary. Consecration to the Holy Virgin. Half-past eight P. M.—Evening prayer. Chant of the two canticles of the Sacred Heart. Silence during the night.

SIXTH DAY—SATURDAY, August 23.—Half-past four—Arrival at Dijon. Adieus to the pilgrims of that town. ("*Vivent les Pèlerins de Paris!*" shout the pilgrims of Dijon. "*Vivent les Pèlerins de Dijon!*" shout the pilgrims of Paris. That is how the adieux are done, with much effusion and shaking of hands among the clergy, and many friendships formed, possibly of a durable character.)

Halt for an hour and ten minutes at Dijon for breakfast of coffee and milk or chocolate. Twenty minutes to six A. M.—Departure of the Paris pilgrimage from Dijon. Six A. M.—Morning prayer. Half an hour's meditation. Recapitulation of the resolutions taken at the sanctuary of La Salette. Recital of the first chaplet of the rosary. Eight A. M.—Chant of the "Ave Maris Stella." A quarter of an hour's reflection to join in a mass being now said at La Salette for the pilgrims of Paris. Five minutes past nine A. M.—Halt of thirteen minutes at Tonnerre for refreshments. Hot broth will be ready in bowls, price fifty centimes each. Pilgrims are here requested to write down their names if they wish to breakfast again at Montereau. Half-past nine A. M.—Chant of the "Magnificat" and second chaplet of the rosary. Eleven A. M.—Chant of the "Salve Regina." Canticle of the Sacred Heart. "Angelus." Eleven minutes to one P. M.—Halt for sixteen minutes for breakfast at Montereau. Breakfast of solid meats (dinner, in fact) will be found already prepared. The probable price of it will be not under two francs and not over two francs and a half. Half-past one P. M.—Chant of the "Te Deum." Third chaplet of the rosary. Consecration to the Holy Virgin. Three P. M.—Chant of the canticles of the Sacred Heart, and of the Holy Virgin. Twenty minutes to four P. M.—Entry into Paris.

SEVENTH DAY—SUNDAY, August 24.—Mass of actions of grace in the Church of Our Lady of Victories, at half-past eight A. M.

Pilgrims are requested further to note that arrangements have been made to enable them to visit the sanctuary of Fontaine (near Dijon), which was the birthplace of St. Bernard; also that an office for the exchange of bank notes and gold or silver into small change will be found at La Salette.

EN ROUTE.

So far the official programme which is destined to be carried out, with some important exceptions.

We made our way very well to Grenoble. Our train was cheered as it arrived at some stations on the line, and symptoms of disapprobation, perhaps derision, were visible and audible at others. At Dijon we were well received; at Lyons we were not. Still, there were no violent signs of ill will, and no attempt was made to repeat the outrages which were perpetrated on pilgrims last year.

At Grenoble, however, our difficulties really began, and I am bound to say that the same man who got us into trouble at the shrine of St. François de Paul, by reason of his tipsiness and authority, was again in liquor and in power, while the stout Viscount of Damas was far beyond call, up away on the Holy Mountain of La Salette.

The rabble crowd who thronged the railway station at Grenoble, seeing that we were in a pickle, being wet, tired, hungry and oppressed by the tipsy man in authority, began to jeer us. The young louts of Grenoble, who were in great force about the omnibuses, especially took exception to a white flag which we carried.

"V'LA LE DRAPEAU BLANC,"

sneered a hulking fellow, and a group of washerwomen round him set up a derisive laugh.

"That white flag must soon give place to a red one," bawled a fat man in carpet slippers, who appeared to belong to the beer drinking persuasion, and then there were some yells. Two cocked hat gendarmes at last appeared through the rain and were greeted with solemn silence.

Meantime distraught women drifted away into space. Three of them were discovered next morning by their anxious pastor huddled away in a grocer's cart used for advertising cheap sugar. They had found it under an archway and had used it for sleeping purposes, being driven into that act of trespass by the desperate state of their case after soaking in unknown streets till three o'clock A. M. There were said to be 25,000 pilgrims going to or coming from La Salette that night, with only sleeping and carrying accommodation for half of them. All the hotels were full to their passages and staircases, and the pilgrimages were likewise complicated at Grenoble by a fair and a market day.

The directors of the pilgrimage had appointed the Church of St. Louis as a meeting place, and we were all requested to assemble there at half-past five A. M. Fortunately every shop in the town was open at dawn, so that those pilgrims who had had no sleep could at least get food and shelter. Many of them had not been to bed for three nights, and some of the ladies looked very limp and disconsolate.

THE GRENOBLE SHOPKEEPERS

in general were civil enough, but had a tendency to do the wrong thing with demonstrative kindness. Small as the expense of eating and drinking had been made by the foresight of the committee of Paris one could, nevertheless, see French thrift and French vanity equally busy this damp morning at daybreak. Pretty girls, with smart bonnets and wearing their pilgrim crosses and chaplets coquettishly, munched dry bread in the open air, and stood for shelter under the church porch, rather than pay an inn bill ever so moderate. Perhaps they had been made cautious by experience, for living in the French provinces at hotels is much dearer than living in the same way in Paris. A few days ago I was charged fifteen francs for two chops, which would have cost a franc and a half at Brebants. The French provincial towns also, with the solitary exception of Rouen, are dreary places, having no life or amusements in them, and education there is in anything but a high state of development. While waiting for the director of the pilgrimage at Grenoble I walked about the streets and saw written on the shutters of a respectable looking shop, "*Forme peur quose de somel,*" which is the most astonishing specimen of orthography ever brought under my notice.

When I got back from my ramble to the church there was no doubt that the grand national pilgrimage was in a fix. There were two rival omnibus companies disputing fiercely for individual pilgrims, but unwilling to come to terms for parties. The Paris committee had made such arrangements as were possible, but they broke down at Grenoble, and pilgrims were packed like herrings in a barrel before they could be started on the road. Some were left behind, some gave up the pilgrimage in despair at this point rather than submit to the extortionate prices asked for any decent conveyance. Having been myself, however, specially recommended to the landlady of the Three Dolphins, the hotel at which

NAPOLEON I.

stopped for three days on his return from Elba, and she being a very intelligent person, I contrived to hire a carriage from a thriving widow of her acquaintance, and so made my own pilgrimage safe. I left Grenoble at about eleven o'clock on my way to La Salette, after having waited from five A. M.; but the other pilgrims who had had no such luck were in a very dejected state by this time, and stood huddled together like sheep in the market place, while two Cheap Jacks outbellowed each other and banged different tunes on drums and cymbals to add to their discomfiture.

As we drove out of the town the coachman, a good-natured fellow, not indisposed for something to drink, pointed out to me an alehouse which bore the unusual sign of

"THE HEADLESS WOMAN,"

"*La femme sans tête.*" I inquired into the meaning of it, and found out that a woman who had committed a heartless murder nearly a hundred years ago had been executed there. Her very name is forgotten and does not signify much, but all the details of her crime are remembered, and

HER MEMORIAL STONE IS A GIN SHOP.

The road is thronged with pilgrims in carts, in vans, in coaches, and afoot, their conveyances having often broken down within half a mile of the gates of Grenoble, with eighteen long leagues before them still to travel. Many of the pilgrims are peasants and have that wondering look at all they see which especially marks untaught country folk away from home. So, reflecting how much sin and sorrow come of ignorance, and that the law was always made for man, not man for the law, I begin to consider how pilgrimages were first instituted and encouraged by the wise old Roman Catholic Church as a harmless means of popular education, less hazardous and more complete than teaching by books. Much that a pilgrim who cannot read—and the Catholic Church, I think wisely, sets its face against that dangerous thing "a little knowledge"—wants to know and ought to know is to be learned on a pilgrimage. He discovers sometimes, greatly to his relief and astonishment, that the world is not a small country town under the supreme guidance of a mayor and three elderly ladies, as it has hitherto appeared in his contracted range of vision. If he is a prig he observes, not without benefit, that although he indeed possesses

A MONOPOLY OF VIRTUE

in his own neighborhood there are prigs elsewhere who have their monopolies also, and who will not concede one jot or one tittle of their pretensions, so that for the first time perhaps in his life he is obliged to sing small. The rude bumpkin or village shopkeeper and his wife, who travel for days, perhaps for weeks (and many of the pilgrims of La Salette come from remote parts of Brittany), in the constant companionship of learned priests, whose business and delight it is to answer intelligent inquiries, return with an enlarged mind and no contemptible quantity of instruction to their home, and journey with far greater advantage than a commercial traveller, whose social intercourse is confined to inn waiters and cigar shop women.

As I roll along rapidly, too, in my little carriage, leaving that stream of wayworn and footsore pilgrims behind me, and recollect that I should have had but a comfortless trip of it but for the kindness of

A LITTLE HUMP-BACKED WOMAN,

I think of her, not without gratitude and compassion. She was so quick, useful and eager to please, in spite of the poor, weak, crooked frame which seemed to shut her in from all the joys of life, that she might have well been out of temper with the world; yet she regarded it with an aspect courteous and benevolent. At a first view of the subject it seems a sad lot for a woman to be deformed, but it is a sadder lot to be despised and abandoned. If this woman, with her intelligent head, had been pretty she might have become a duchess, and gone through, may be, a mournful, desolate existence when her good looks were gone. She would not certainly have been manageress at an inn, it not being in the female heart to choose the lowly walks of life. Inns must, nevertheless, be kept, and well kept; and I owed three pleasant days on a bad road quite as much to a little old woman's hump back as to her good feelings. The thought, like most other thoughts may be put into an epigram:—A pretty woman sometimes makes one man happy by making many men miserable. A deformed woman often makes many men happy and nobody miserable. The charm wrought on those around her by a clever woman who has honestly renounced the vanities of life and really never thinks of the figure she makes in a looking glass can only be felt; it cannot be described. Deformed persons, however, have generally a character for asperity, and I once heard a terrible answer given to a crooked fellow who had a sharp tongue. The woman (it was a French woman) whom he had stung by his jibes looked at him curiously from head to foot, and then observed, with a merry smile, "You would make a passable hunchback if you were only clever."

The road to

LA SALETTE IS EXTREMELY BEAUTIFUL.

It winds through mountains and vineyards and forests of nut trees, and oaks and flower gardens, with here and there the ruins of some old tower, which once was stately, and the hold of bygone warriors at Vizille is the magnificent castle of M. Casimir Perrier, one of the leading French republicans and an ex-Minister of the Thiers Cabinet. It is one of the finest specimens of feudal architecture still upstanding in France. I doubt, however, whether many of the pilgrims could appreciate its splendor or the still loveliness of the scene around it. The morning had broken dim and gray and chill with early showers, but towards noon the August sun shone out with intolerable glory, and not a breeze mitigated the intense heat of the day. As our light carriage swept along with an even roll, drawn by the widow's brisk ponies at eight or nine miles an hour, we overtook cartload after cartload of pilgrims in trouble. The carters of Grenoble, having once got their money, did not take any further trouble about them; and there they were, in the blazing sunshine and on the white baked road, tying broken harness together with flushed faces and parched lips, or looking disconsolately at a jibbing horse and fractured shafts; or they toiled after a cat-hammed pony yoked to a large van, with thirty people in it, or rather out of it, marching in a cluster behind with their baskets on their arms. But they were French people, and generally struck up a hymn and laughed gayly as we passed. It was nearly always the same hymn I had first heard at the shrine of St. Martin, at Tours.

God of Clemency,
God of Mercy,
Save Rome and France,
In the name of the Sacred Heart.

The music of it is very pretty, and I was quite touched by the patient merriment of this light-minded folk under difficulties which would have made an Anglo-Saxon feel wicked. The Curé (dear innocent man) who led each of these parties of broken-down pilgrims always marched resolutely at their head, comforting his weak-kneed brethren both by example and precept. It was easy to perceive that he seldom knew much of roads or of travel, save what he had conscientiously read up in the railway guide; and that this pilgrimage was the great event of his quiet life, turning out far otherwise than he had expected. His flock, indeed, do not lose confidence in him, though he has led them thus into confusion most confounded, but, possibly, he feels himself that the martyrdom he has so long dreamed of and coveted, as human flesh may covet it, has already commenced.

ONE WHITE-HAIRED OLD MAN

stands up before his people, who are singing near an upset omnibus in the middle of the road, and stops our carriage with outstretched hands and an authoritative gesture. There are two cripples of his flock, and he demands, as one who claims

A RIGHT IN HEAVEN'S NAME,

that we shall carry them on to the next village, where they may rest till the upset omnibus can be mended and made to jingle on again. He also asked for alms (and I wondered what it cost the grand old man to do so) for two apprentices of Lyons who had lost their money and were far from home without a sou.

On we glide through a trout country, which factories have now made so rare in Europe; on by old farms, where the cattle browse lazily on sweet pasture, and by water mills, where the miller gapes and marvels in his grotesque doorway and tousles his night cap all awry with amazement; on by babbling bridges and by shallow fords. We hear the sullen threat of the snow as it thunders down with a shout and a curse from its mountain stronghold, captured at last by the fierce rays of the sun; and it troubles the stream and it frightens the boor as it hurries away down cataract and river to bawl for reinforcements from the Winter King, holding high state already in the northland and fast advancing hither with his white banners spread amid the winds and storms.

We see the new-fledged partridges trying their little wings; we trace the fearful lizard to his haunt among the hot stones and watch the libertine butterfly as he struts through the air upon tremulous wings to dally with the bloom and loveliness of the garden, himself the gayest figure in the pageant and great pomp of autumn. We gaze on hardy women toiling in the vineyards upon hillsides and giving good promise of the coming vintage, while nut brown girls are gleaning in the plains; the tall reeds listen by the water side to the song of innumerable birds, and the giant rocks lie sleeping on their couches of shadow, with the goat and the chamois watching wistfully over their slumber from inaccessible steeps. Tall poplars, ranged in rows along the road like guards, salute the commanding airs; stout mowers cut the clover, and the sweet voice of children is heard prattling round the vine clad windows of the cotter's home. But the heat is positively stifling, till at last, when very high up the mountain, at a turn of the road, we heard a rustle of leaves and felt the cool breezes from

THE LAKES OF LAMURE.

All this was very fine for people who could enjoy it from a seat in a well-hung carriage. But far below us were the priests and pilgrims, whose horses had foundered and whose crazy vehicles had tumbled to pieces, still suffocating in the hot dust, and some of them were forty hours going the journey which we had done in five.

Still, though the way was steep and the way was long, the pilgrims lightened it as only French people could have done. By the wayside, as they halted under hedges or wherever they could find shade for repose, and at every hamlet where they stopped to drink, they did not grumble at the weather or their troubles, but they sung and gossiped. One party of Alsatians had even composed a chorus for themselves, which they carolled to the tune of a lively jig.

Secours de la France.
Priez pour nous.
Notre espérance.
Venez, sauvez nous.

Bis (with the whole strength of the company).

Ah! venez, sauvez nous.

These worthy creatures were always singing, whatever became of them, and doing their best to enjoy their outing, and they babbled round the cool lakes and bathed their feet and doused each other playfully, while the carp leaped to the August fly and the pike lay waiting in the weeds, a terror to small fry, much resembling an attorney. We passed group after group of them sportively waiting their deliverance from blacksmith and wheelwright. Even the breezes seemed to jest with them and to join in the chorus of their jubilant hymns. I had really no idea that sacred music could be made so jolly till I heard these French pilgrims trying their active tongues at it.

One pilgrim, who had been an actor, and had brought no provisions with him, dined at Lamure in the house of a roguish innkeeper, and was pressingly requested to pay five francs in consequence. The scene between them was very funny. The actor treated the innkeeper, who seemed a personage of some local importance, from the comic opera point of view, tapped him on his rotund paunch and laughed him affably to scorn. The innkeeper upon his part regarded the actor from the town councillor's point of view, and looked down at him as an idle sort of vagabond, which made the dispute between them very amusing, neither being able to see himself as the other saw him. I think the pilgrim got the best of the quarrel, for the last I saw of the innkeeper was his plump person mobbed by remonstrating pilgrims, who took part with the actor—and indeed five francs is a large sum for a hunk of tough mutton and a pint of small wine.

THE WAY TO LA SALETTE

grew more and more picturesque after passing Lamure. The lakes stretched one after the other before us like fairy seas of molten silver, and here and there a solitary fisherman's bark might be seen on them, like a great thought standing out visibly on the ocean of time. The country became more wild and the inhabitants fewer. We saw, too, now and then, a heap of stones surmounted by a rude cross, to mark the spot where a murder had been done, and near by were usually little chapels, where masses were said for souls in purgatory. We came upon grass-grown paths and cross-roads which led nowhere but up to the charcoal burner's hut amidst the hills. Rising up from the plains like incense was the smell of the harvest which had come in its season, notwithstanding the storm and the wind and the frost, but rather because of them, and taking its mysterious way upon tall stilts or posts was the telegraph, one of

THE LATEST HARVESTS OF HUMAN THOUGHT.

The air became very pure and light as we ascended the hills towards Corps and disposed the mind to call up sacred thoughts. Mountains are the most ancient places of this world's worship, and all creeds have sought them. There was first Ararat, then Sinai, and that Mount of Olives where Christ was wont to pray and where He spoke the only words in earthly language from which nothing can be taken and to which nothing can be added without injury to their meaning. "Blessed on the mountain are the footsteps of him who bringeth glad tidings" is a passage in the Bible which had possibly especial reference to the

SERMON ON THE MOUNT.

The priest, the bard and the warrior have ever come from the mountain. It was a merchant or a shepherd that first sought the plain. At every half mile or so on our upward path were fountains, which monks had taught to flow for human uses. The shepherds and cowboys brought their cattle to drink there, and housewives washed their household stuff on slabs around. We got into

A CREAM DISTRICT

a few miles from Lamure, and when we stopped at a cottage to breathe our horses I ate the first fresh cheese made from sheep's milk I had tasted since I left the Island of Mytelene, in the Ægean Sea.

I noticed that the road up to Corps was very good; but then the weather was fine, and it must be in an awful state after rain. Pilgrims must have been soaked, parboiled and fried by turns within the last forty-eight hours. Perhaps it was good for them, the French having rather a finical and unnecessary horror of getting wet.

I find that my pilgrimage, performed under the most favorable circumstances, will take three days in so far merely as the journey from Grenoble to La Salette is concerned, and that my carriage will cost 110f., which is the usual fare. It looks dear, but it is really little more than a franc a mile, and the jobmasters who usually let carriages do not get rich. The price of horseflesh has risen. The pair of scrambling ponies in front of us cost 800f., or say £32 each, or £64 the pair. It will take nearly a week's work out of them to do this journey. They may get sprains or splinters or broken knees, and one of them has had a rattling fall upon flints. Then three long days' work and a day's rest for a man, the wear and tear of carriage and harness, horses' meat, man's meat at famine prices, stabling taxes and half a dozen other items are all to be considered.

It was quite dark before we reached Corps, a dirty mountain town, literally blocked like a coachmaker's shop with carriages of every sort and description, and swarming with pilgrims, for the most part hungry and houseless. I had been told that I should find it impossible to get a lodging, and should have found it so; but M. Bournisien, chief of the Paris pilgrimage, had given me a card of introduction to the Curé of Quet-en-Beaumont, whose sister, Mme. Dumas, keeps the Hotel du Palais, which is the best inn at Corps, and she found room for me, though not without a demure inquiry whether I should like to sleep with three other pilgrims, who were waiting down stairs, scuffling with the waiters for shelter.

The only food, however, to be had even here was some tough rabbit soaked in a black sauce. It tasted like deal board boiled in ink, and I pathetically remonstrated with Mme. Dumas privately on the subject. She looked at me in the same demure manner I had observed before, and then she looked quietly away from me and went about her business without remark; but I had followed the direction of her glance, and noticed that it lighted upon the portly form of M. le Curé, her brother, a clergyman of benevolent aspect. I made known my grief to him, and he smiled as his sister had done, but presently mentioned in an absent way that he had a few bottles of remarkably good claret of the vintage of 1858, which he kept by him for the behoof of the sick, and that perhaps in my exhausted state I might require a bottle. I assented to this suggestion with so much readiness that the Curé smiled again, and then remarked that it was just possible his sister might have a few new laid eggs and some fresh butter. It was easy to perceive from the tenor of his discourse that he was willing to obtain a token of my esteem in the way of news in return for his goodness, and, having told him all I knew of the pilgrims on the road, I sat down to an omelette which I made myself, and to a capital bottle of Bordeaux which the Curé's sister brought me with the same tranquil smile upon her widowed lips, which rather put me out of countenance.

Before going to bed I had asked the Curé how and when I had better ascend

THE HOLY MOUNTAIN.

The Curé, after mature consideration, and with a gentle twinkle in his eyes, had responded that I had better go there upon a mule at about half-past seven o'clock, as he should do. At five, however, there was a loud knocking at my chamber door and I was gruffly enjoined to get up. I replied that I should do so in two hours and a half; but every ten minutes afterwards the knocking was resumed, and the gruff voice ordered me to rise, in peremptory tones. I was just getting accustomed to the row, and beginning to consider it as a sort of

CHORUS TO A DOZE,

when there came a gentler tap of great decision, and a dry, authoritative whisper made itself heard through the keyhole. It was that voice at which a married man trembles—a determined woman's—and I rose at once in some trepidation.

"Monsieur," said the voice, which I had rightly guessed proceeded from the Curé's sister, "unless you start at once I cannot answer for your mules." She folded her hands beneath her breast and looked at me once more with the quiet smile which had disconcerted me on the previous evening.

"Why not?" said I, trying to put a bold face on my submission, which I now felt would be inevitable.

"The honest muleteer," she replied, primly, "has received an offer from another pilgrim, who starts early, and he wishes his beast to make two ascents of the mountain before high mass instead of one. You must therefore pay him double the fare he agreed to take last night or go upon your pilgrimage briskly" (*vivement*).

"Madame will have the exceeding goodness to make me a cup of coffee, and I will start immediately I can get my boots cleaned," I answered, in a crestfallen way.

"Coffee? boots?" whispered the Curé's sister, almost inaudibly, and again there hovered that provoking smile about the corners of her mouth.

Presently my boots were brought to me, untouched, by the chambermaid, who remarked incidentally that there was no coffee to be had, so I marched down stairs with dusty feet and an empty stomach. The Curé's sister curtsied as I passed and presented me to her son, who presented me with a ladder three feet high to mount on muleback.

"*Les dames,*" said the Curé's sister, in an absent way, yet with remarkable kindness, "*en ont toujours besoin.*

BON JOUR, MONSIEUR!"

I had some reason to believe by this time that the Cure's sister "mocked herself of me." "Fie! you pilgrim of dainty ways, with your bottle and your frying pan, who will not eat a wholesome deal board stewed in sooty water. Come, let me make merry with you!" That was what her downcast eyes and absent language seemed to say.

On rushed the stream of pilgrims, down gorge and ravine, in the early morning, and I ambled placidly away on my mule ahead of them. The brute was sure-footed, though he had no mouth, and was leg-weary. The Curé's sister had ostentatiously taken care to see that he was tightly girthed, for when a saddle slips round on a narrow path there is mischief, and I had not paid my bill. The road up the Holy Mountain was not so bad as the mountain roads in Spain and Africa, being nearly three feet wide in its narrowest part, but a tumble might have proved fatal for all that.

Many sick people were being carried up the mountain side on hand chairs; and once I saw

A CHILD'S CRADLE BY THE ROADSIDE,

with the tired parents sitting in patient hope upon a rock till their strength returned and they could bear it on again. But most of the pilgrims were on foot or mounted upon donkeys and mules. Among them were all the differing types of pilgrims. There was the great lady of the Faubourg St. Germain, with her two maids, and her husband, with his valet, behind her, making an imposing cavalcade. There was the distraught old woman, who had dropped her shawl and was about to pass the day in looking for it. There were some pretty girls, walking behind a mule, laden six feet high with bandboxes and millinery. The Holy Mountain seemed goodish husband-hunting ground—and why not? In what better place could a man wish to meet the companion of his life than at the shrine of the Virgin? Then there were streams of pious sisterhoods, with their wondrously clear complexions and large, quiet eyes. Economic walking women, umbrella in hand; stout curés shouldering their bags and covering the ground with sturdy stride; monk and friar, with the pilgrim's staff in hand, glided solemnly along, many with fine grave faces, who might have made a figure in the world had they been so minded. Bishops and deans took their pilgrimage, easily keeping off the sun with their broad hats, and listening drowsily to the tinkling of the bells on the necks of their mules. Here and there were parties of the neighboring clergy, with their pious friends, all dressed in decent black, and passing rich with so little money and so much esteem. Farther on were a flaunting woman and her toadies from Uriage, the nearest watering place, and on their way to Switzerland, thinking the Almighty rather beneath their notice. They had fifteen mules and twenty trunks, with a livery servant dressed in blue and silver, save his waistcoat, which was yellow. The mountaineers took him for a general officer or a beadle, and capped him reverently as he passed, instead of wondering, as they might have done, whether a little money should give one human being the power to make another appear so ridiculous.

Three persons especially interested me. One was a blustering elderly man, evidently of importance in his own parish. He had a red face, a loud voice and a rank smell of money about him. But with him was a deformed boy, who was his only son, and the presence of this boy seemed to hallow him. Very touching it was to see the rude, bullying old fellow pretending not to believe in miracles, yet clutching at the hope that they might be true, and that one might be wrought to make his child as strong and money-loving as he. He wrapped the boy up against every wind that blew. He did mean and shabby things for him, thrusting other sick people out of his way, as though he thought that saints and angels should first attend to him,

A RICH MAN'S SON.

Near him strode a gaunt and awful woman, with gray hair and a face cast in a mould of iron. She dashed her bare feet against the sharp flints with a pitiless strength, and turned neither to the right nor to the left as she passed us. Heaven knows what crime or guilty thought her priests had bidden her to atone by such a penance. Poor solitary wretch, with her own griefs, her own courage and her own hopes, perhaps beyond the tomb!

Beside her, as she neared a little bridge which had been cast athwart a stream for temporary purposes, was an expostulating woman amidst a bevy of laughing girls, who tried to coax her mule on while she unconsciously endeavored to pull him back and screamed from fright.

But perhaps the most surprising sight to see were the practical contrivances of M. le Curé, sent abroad all alone for the first time by his careful housekeeper, with an injunction not to catch cold. His reverend head was usually bound up in a large red cotton handkerchief in strict accordance with a promise obtained from him before his departure. A stout market basket and a tin saucepan hung on his arms, while before him, on his ass, were piled a cushion for the third class trains, a bottle of strong waters in case of need, and a couple of stout blankets, so that the worthy creature often looked like a perambulating household. I saw one with an enormous woollen comforter round his neck in the stifling heat of the August noon, and one who had been told to pack his head in paper and had done it. They had the habits of solitary men, those reverend fathers, but they came out well as

MUSCULAR CHRISTIANS,

and some of the young vicars gambolled up and down the mountain side like wild colts.

It was a very poor country—poor as Ireland half a century ago; poor as the Scotch highlands before the late Duke of Sutherland's time. But the land is good and productive, and the mountaineers hardy and parsimonious. I gave a cigar to one of them, and he wrapped it in his handkerchief, saying that he would smoke it as a treat next Sunday. I inquired into his condition, and found that he was a farmer who cultivated his own land. There is little

GOITRE AT LA SALETTE,

but a great deal of that fearful disease in the neighboring villages, where there are many nut trees. I leave it to physicians to decide whether there is any sympathy between nuts and goitre. I merely record the fact above mentioned.

After nearly three hours' ride we saw a procession wind round the summit of the mountain and heard distant singing. Presently the sound of bells came softly through the air. The weather was extraordinarily fine, and again I thought, as I had often thought before, how pretty is this piety which finds its symbols upon mountain tops, and in grottoes and fountains hallowed by angels footsteps. Beneath us lay a scene of marvellous beauty. Cataracts dashed and rivulets played, torrents sparkled and forests waved round the shrine of Our Lady of La Salette, which that orthodox publication, "Murray's Handbook," calls an imposture.

An imposture? How do we know it is an imposture? And then in the next breath declare that we know nothing of the invisible world! Is it more reasonable to believe that Heaven has abandoned us than to think that the Almighty can manifest mercy and His power? We are such poor worms that it is but natural we should hail with joy and hope anything which seems at least to assure us of a life beyond the grave; and surely the results of an imposture are seldom so beneficent as those which have followed the alleged apparition of the Virgin at La Salette.

I dismounted at the house of Maximin Giraud, the boy (now a man) who saw the vision. He sells pilgrims' staves, and other things. Was not one of the apostles a tent maker, and did he not support himself by the fair prices he got for his goods? There has been a great outcry among British shopkeepers because friend Maximin keeps a shop also. I see no reason for it. The man does not sell poison, as English brewer baronets do; he does not sell shoddy, like some of the Yorkshire lords; he is not a usurer, like the peers of Mr. Pitt and the friends of Mr. Gladstone. Why should he not turn a penny? He does not pretend to be a rich man. He was a cowherd, nothing more; and is not worth to-day, at more than forty years of age, £20.

This Maximin Giraud who saw the Virgin Mary told me his story word for word, as I have already related it to the readers of the NEW YORK HERALD. I have rather a wide experience of rogues, having had much to do with Foreign Office agents and other cunning persons who had sharp eyes for their own interests, and I am sure that this Maximin Giraud is not a rogue. Honesty is written in his face as plainly as I ever saw it traced on human features. He is a stout, unpretending man, with trustful eyes, very simple and direct in his speech, and makes a visible effort to be scrupulously correct in his narrative. I have always been of opinion, however, that

A SHREWD WOMAN OF THE WORLD

is the best judge of a man's character, where her affections are not engaged. So I would not trust my own first impressions of Maximin Giraud, but went in search of an old friend of mine who had once been an ambassadress.

"Duchess," I said to her, "I want you to give me your candid opinion of a new acquaintance," and, laughing at my coolness, but not displeased—for she, too, had just arrived and did not know what to do with herself and sister till high mass—she accompanied me to Maximin Giraud's shop. He was standing in the doorway looking out quietly at the crowd.

"That is the man," I whispered, and again I entered into conversation with him, while the Duchess listened with half-closed eyes, and I saw that she scanned him keenly and weighed every word he said. Then she talked to him herself, and her sister talked, and neither of them had the slightest idea of his name or business in this world.

"Well?" I said, as Her Grace made a slight movement with her fan, as though she were hoisting a fairy sail and I knew that she was going.

"*Eh bien,*" she replied, raising her dark eyebrows, which were once incomparably lovely and are still so full of grace and wit—"*Eh bien, c'est un bon homme!*"

"*Et voilà tout?*" I asked.

"*Et voilà tout,*" remarked Her Grace, after a moment's reflection.

"*Pas un peu—mais un petit peu—méchant? Menteur, par exemple?*"

"*Comment! Cet homme là? Pas le moindre du monde. Je ne le croirai jamais,*" returned Her Grace, decidedly.

Then I told her we had talked to Maximin Giraud, the man who saw the Virgin, and she crossed herself imperceptibly, saying "*Mon Dieu! c'est donc bien vrai,*" with the most charming Parisian accent.

At eleven o'clock the Bishop of Grenoble preached to

FOUR THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED PILGRIMS

in the open air, as a few days before he had preached to 6,000 pilgrims, standing upon the spot where the Virgin was first seen surrounded by a halo of light, and weeping, as women weep, for the sins of the world. He stood upon a splendid dais, with banners all of silk and gold waving to the right and left of him. His sermon was a noble effort of oratory; his voice full, harmonious and impressive. Before him was a magnificent panorama, with snow-clad mountains in the background. Among the congregation were troops of white-clothed nuns, Swiss peasants, fashionably dressed ladies and some of the first gentlemen in France. They were very hushed and attentive as they sat at the prelate's feet, and his awful words pealed out like thunder. He said that there were

TWO FRENCH PEOPLES,

a Christian and a pagan people. He foretold that the one would save the other, and then he uttered a passionate prayer for Alsace-Lorraine.

There was a loud clapping of hands when the sermon closed, and as those who knelt for his benediction rose up there was a clatter of the chaplets which the pilgrims wore, like the rattling of some saintly armor. There was also

AN ASTONISHED DONKEY,

with cocked ears, standing out prominently on a hill top, with only the sky for a background, making him very visible, and he suddenly began to bray in a frantic manner, much as

AN EMINENT DISSENTER

would have done in his place. The Convent of La Salette is a large building, without any architectural beauty, and to it is annexed a spacious church. Every stone of this edifice was brought up the mountain on the backs of mules, and is a testimony to the piety and munificence of the Roman Catholic believers in the greatest of modern miracles.

It is a common delusion that monks are free livers and jolly fellows, who know how to appreciate good cookery. I have lived with a good many monks, however, and I never had a good dinner with them or could persuade them to have a good dinner with me. At Rhodes they ate rancid bacon and horse beans. At many monasteries I could get nothing at all, and at Lesbos they were unable to roast a brace of partridges I myself had shot. At La Salette they seemed also to have the crudest and rudest notion of the culinary art. I asked a young legitimist count where I could get something to eat, and he pointed over his shoulder, with a mortified air, to the refectory of the monastery.

I went there, and found a dense crowd packed in a narrow stone passage, waiting for another dense crowd who were eating their breakfast in the only dining room of the establishment. There I remained, jammed in by elbows and legs, in a dim light, for fully three-quarters of an hour. It was no joke. I thought my right arm would have been broken by two young ruffians, who had come, as they said, "for a lark," in the hot rush which took place for seats when our turn came to go into the dining room. I took the nearest seat to the door

for the chance of getting a little air, but was swept down to the other end of the table like a cockle shell on a strong tide.

The food dealt out to us was plentiful and wholesome, but of such surprising toughness that nothing could be done with it but to turn it over despairingly with a fork and look at it mournfully, even after a twelve hours' fast and a mountain ride. The reverend fathers had killed a sheep and a cow, probably that morning. They had roasted the one and boiled the other. We had also some watery potatoes, done in gruel, and the wine was hard and new.

At dinner I had the pleasure of sitting next to

M. MORIN, CURE OF ST. SYMPHORIEN,

near Niort, who is personally acquainted with Catharine Eperteaux, the paralytic woman who was miraculously cured at Lourdes. He vouched upon his faith as a Christian clergyman and upon his word of honor as a gentleman that he himself had witnessed that miraculous cure, and he authorized me to refer to him as my authority for the statement that she had been cured. When we came out from dinner, at about two in the afternoon, we saw, rising on the top of a distant mountain,

A PILGRIMAGE FROM SAVOY,

and we set up a mighty shout of welcome,

"VIVE LA SAVOIE!"

The Savoyards answered us with a cheer that made all the hills re-echo it,

"VIVE LA FRANCE!"

The order of the day given out by the Committee of Pilgrimage was as follows:—

Six A. M.—Mass by the Bishop of Maurienne.

Half-past seven A. M.—Mass of the communion for pilgrims.

Half-past eleven A. M.—Recital of the Apparition.

Half-past two P. M.—Procession, during which Vespers will be sung.

Three P. M.—Sermon by the Bishop of Grenoble. Acclamations. Consecration of France to the Holy Virgin.

Half-past five P. M.—Road of the Cross.

Eight P. M.—Procession by torchlight.

These ceremonies have been already described in the narrative of the Lourdes pilgrimage, and it will be therefore unnecessary to describe them again. It is right to add, however, that the

NARRATIVE OF THE APPARITION

was well and earnestly told. The preacher particularly pointed out that the Virgin had spoken to the cowherd and the shepherdess in language which they could understand. She had not talked to them of powers and principalities, but of wheat and potatoes, leaving the wise to draw a moral from her speech. He also described

THE DRESS OF THE VIRGIN MARY,

which had not been mentioned to me by Maximin Giraud, but which was revealed in his cross-examination, when he and Mélanie Mathieu were judicially interrogated.

"She wore," asserted the two children at different times and in different places, without any communication between them being possible—"she wore a long robe of incomparable whiteness—whiter than snow ('so as no fuller's earth can whiten it,' perhaps?). Upon her brow was

A CROWN OF RADIANT ROSES,

that is to say, with rays of light projecting from them. The mystic golden rose was at her feet. She did not bend the leaves of it. Round her waist was a chaplet which shone with unearthly splendor. There were stars upon her robe and wreaths of golden roses around her shoulders. Upon her breast was a cross, supported by a jewelled chain. Her dress came high up to her throat, concealing the breast and neck entirely. Her feet and hands were also hidden beneath her robe, and her arms were folded." There is

A BUSINESS MAN

looking over my shoulder as I write, and he laughs. He means, I see, to make a note of me. I wish he were not looking over my shoulder, but cannot decently get rid of him; so I am reminded of the inquisitive person who wanted to see the devil with Martin Luther for publishing purposes. That unfrocked priest caught him prying and directed him down stairs by impulsion from behind. "I pray you, friend, add that to thy notes," observed the burly reformer, determined to see the devil in private.

That title of "business man," or *esprit fort*, as the French call him, is given rather too easily. The business man is usually only a sort of two-legged sheep, who follows his leader (Voltaire) commonly, too, without knowing much about him. Voltaire is, indeed, a very great man—possibly, save Shakespeare,

THE GREATEST LORD OF WORDS

ever seen upon earth, and with these he taught men how to doubt.

But compare Voltaire's writings with those which have taught us how to believe; compare them with the Book of Job, the Psalms of David, the Proverbs of Solomon, the prophecies of Isaiah and with the spoken words of Christ, and it will be then seen that they are as lamplight to sunshine.

I hear that, moved by a great trust in God, there have been as many as 30,000 pilgrims at one time upon this Holy Mountain of La Salette. To-day there are, perhaps, a few under 5,000, but they are going and coming every hour, and the number is enormous when the cost and difficulties of the pilgrimage are fairly considered. Many of the pilgrims have come on foot from distant places, and must have been weeks on the road. There are pilgrims from Brittany, Burgundy, Poitou, Champagne, Franche-Comté, Spain, Australia and Canada, also from Alsace and Lorraine, not in numbers, but pilgrims of a respectable class, of good character and position. The cost of living on the Holy Mountain is not high, and there is no extortion there as at Corps and Lamure. Five francs a day is the charge made at the monastery of La Salette for bed and board; but sleeping room is only to be had by favor of the porter, a sporting character, who dresses oddly, as many pious folks do. He is very honest, however, in the distribution of his favors and takes no money for them.

I slept in a little stone cell with four other persons. There were others bumping against the door, as they turned restlessly on mattresses placed for their accommodation outside in a passage enlivened by a thorough draught. Fortunately it was not cold, and I did not sleep long, for a multitude of insects desiring to sup off fresh strangers awoke me by the hurry of their march. If they had only waited a little longer I should probably have got up with my bones picked and in a highly interesting state for warm weather. The ladies, I heard, were still worse off, and they chattered so unceasingly in the dark that the nuns were obliged to put them to silence by the awful threat that they should have no coffee in the morning if they did not hold their tongues. The good sisters treated their pilgrim guests much like unruly children, and rated them roundly when they were troublesome. I saw the ex-Ambassadress and her sister, half laughing and half pouting, as one of them held a lump of black bread and the other a few wild strawberries in her hand. They told me that they could get nothing else to eat, but some butter, which was rancid, and a dark colored fluid, which appeared to have been made for their mortification, though it looked on a distant view like coffee. A benevolent dean, however, who had brought a tin pot, some spirits of wine and the necessary ingredients with him, including a partridge pie and truffles, showed us all three a touching hospitality, and we ate up his good things together, seated upon the ground near the holy fountain, while pilgrims as hungry, but less fortunate, gazed despondingly at our little feast. I have seldom had a more cheerful gypsy breakfast, and the two ladies promised to take our host for their spiritual director when they all returned to Paris. But he only laughed in answer, and remarked that he lived near Toulouse, which was a delightful city, much inhabited by republicans, and if the ladies liked to live there he would look out for a house to suit them.

All the pilgrims who were about to descend the mountain now began to bottle the water of the holy fountain to carry away with them. I noticed one old lady very fussy and noisy in her proceedings while doing it, and began to be vexed with her, when the dean told us she had come on foot from Rennes to pray and fast for a little granddaughter who was blind.

It is rather

AN AWKWARD RIDE

down the mountain to Corps. The narrow path is littered with stones—some round and some sharp—and the tired mules can hardly keep their footing on it, so that their riders have more than one chance of being pitched over a precipice. The dean, therefore, proposed that we should walk, and we set off to do so, in the orthodox way, while the morning was still cool. The month of pilgrimages having now closed, the number of pilgrims on the mountain began notably to diminish. Still there were about 1,000 pilgrims there when we left. The rest, with the good Bishop of Grenoble, thronged the road to Corps.

The first person we overtook was an irate widow, who had tumbled down. She bemoaned her fate, and talked to us of the expense and trouble to which she had been put, as if she had contemplated the notion of

MAKING OUT A BILL TO PROVIDENCE,

and thought that she had been paying the Almighty a handsome compliment which had been ill returned. She was especially angry about the dirt and bad smells of the convent, where she had passed the night; and, indeed, it should have been more decently kept. It is difficult to carry fresh provisions up

A MOUNTAIN SEVEN MILES HIGH,

but cleanliness only requires soap and water. There can be no valid excuse for neglecting it. On the whole we agreed, as we walked, chatting pleasantly, down the mountain, that the legitimist nobility were meagrely represented at the pilgrimage of La Salette. The Viscount of Damas was there and a few other noblemen whose titles are historical; but most of the French lords present were mere boys, and it was easy to see that the legitimist leaders in literature and politics had not the courage of their opinions. I should have felt more confidence in the prospects of Henry V. if he had been himself at La Salette. His cause would have looked hopeful if M. de Belcastel and some of the prominent Deputies of the Right had been among the pilgrims. The appearance of M. Louis Veuillot would have had still more significance. But none of them were visible. The legitimist gentlemen with whom I conversed, also, were not sanguine, and took by no means an enthusiastic view of the Count of Paris and his recent doings. Even my charming friends, who, I knew, had high hopes for their husbands under a restoration of the Bourbon monarchy, seemed dejected when they spoke of the political probabilities of the future. They expressed confidence and admiration for MacMahon, but lamented, with not unnatural regret, that their party had not had one man of commanding intellect since the death of Berryer. Their opinions were divided about Bishop Dupanloup.

We passed crowds of people utterly exhausted on our way down to Corps. Some of them had been nine nights out of bed, they told us. But they were very good humored in their troubles, and some of the French ladies stopped at cottages on the road and cooked themselves breakfasts of such things as were to be had.

We saw also a party of 900 Savoyards, who had come from a village near St. Jean de Maurienne. They carried a portable bridge with them to throw athwart mountain torrents, and rallied their party by blowing a horn to call up stragglers. These pilgrims had come thirty leagues on foot. They were sturdy, picturesque people, not much given to cleanliness, and must have had a delightful ramble. Nevertheless, all things being duly considered, the pilgrimage of La Salette was not a success this year. The scene both on the Holy Mountain and at Korb was, in many respects, discreditable, especially at night. The local rogues made the most of their harvest, and drunken ruffians in charge of omnibuses conducted themselves with gross and furious insolence. A member of the Committee of Niort was dragged out of a van by the conductors of rival companies and cruelly abused. Large parties of clergymen were packed like luggage on the roofs of crazy carriages and literally fastened down by tarpauling. Extortionate prices were charged for mules and every other means of transport. Bawling rascals shouted profane songs in taverns, and a stone was thrown at a member of the Committee of the Pilgrimage of Paris. There were no policemen, no civil or military authority, to keep order and enforce propriety. The town of Corps, though it must be rich, was neither paved nor lighted, as it ought to be. Its hotels are filthy, and my bill for two nights there was sixty-two francs, though nothing could be got to eat or drink of a wholesome sort.

The Viscount of Damas, however, assured me that, although there were 4,500 pilgrims on the Holy Mountain yesterday and 6,000 on the previous Sunday, there had been only three cases of sickness, and those not dangerous.

He told me, also, that the finest sermon he had ever heard was preached by the Bishop of Grenoble, on the 17th inst.; but that no copy of it can be had, for he preached extempore, having none of the vanity which Gil Blas found in the Archbishop of Granada.

THE ABBE TARDIF DE MOIDREY,

of Metz, Grand Almoner of the Sacred Heart at Conflans, likewise preached a very remarkable sermon. No miracle or other incident of note had occurred to his (the Viscount of Damas') knowledge during the last fifteen days at La Salette.

I remember that when I was talking of the comfortable pilgrimages of Lourdes and Liesse some of the French clergy, who were aware that I was going on to La Salette, cast down their eyes, as though they were unwilling to discuss a question on which they had rather too much information to be compressed within the compass of a polite answer. Indeed, the elders of distant villages who have made the pilgrimage of La Salette may feel convinced that they have earned the Papal indulgence granted to them. On my way back to Grenoble I breakfasted at Lamure with pilgrims who had been absolutely unable to go on farther, and who had been roughly handled. The country people about here, far from considering pilgrims in the light of profitable travellers who should be encouraged, look upon them as social and political enemies, to be suppressed by rudeness or even trial by battle. It was a delightful roadside picture to see M. le Curé keeping up the spirit of his flock in all their perils and annoyances. His masterstroke of art at Lamure, where there is the only decent inn for thirty miles round, was to get them away from the seductions of a plentiful meal, when they halted, tired out and exhausted, and to coax M. le Conducteur of the omnibus behind which they had walked to give them a few minutes' grace. M. le Conducteur, a rough man, with a deal of new wine and ignorance in him, as well as an enormous quantity of self-conceit, would be overcome at last by the patient goodness of M. le Curé, and say as he passed his sleeve over his mouth, as though to wipe off its impudence,

"*Ces prêtres, ce sont des braves gens, après tout.*" And then he would become as a bondsman to M. le Curé, who played with him as gently as an angler plays with

A TROUT UPON A HOOK.

Now and then, too, a *vicaire* (curate) or a parishioner, whose purse had been exhausted by such unusual calls upon it, would look ruefully at his knife and fork, while his conscience upbraided him for having dined. "*Eh bien!* (M. le Curé paid for him.) *Nous allons parler de cela plus tard,*" said he, and an expression of great relief passed over the face of the impecunious pilgrim.

There was nothing to eat or drink to be had between Lamure and Grenoble, except adulterated brandy; and the weather was insufferably hot; but still the pilgrims thronged the way to the sacred mountain, and the dust was trod by hurrying footsteps. I met vanloads of priests and their parishioners again overturned in ditches, broken down and utterly spent with fatigue. Women fainted from the heat, the drought, the jolting and the fasting. They could get no relief but that which was afforded by a handkerchief dipped in a running stream. At Vizille, indeed, where Casimir Perier lives, I was seduced by a trout, which I saw on a plate at a traiteur's, or inferior sort of cookshop. But the people did not know how to dress it. They were too much occupied with flirting to give themselves any trouble. The cookshop man simply dried the trout in an oven while he went off to court a washerwoman, who was burning with chemicals some linen entrusted to her to save her elbows. Moreover, my appetite was not improved by observing the fishermen of the Isère put the trout they caught, all alive, into their breeches pockets.

The pilgrimages of the year in France are not yet over. Father Picard and the Viscount of Damas, the Director and President of the Committee of Pilgrimages in Paris, have petitioned the Pope to extend the indulgences granted to pilgrims till the 30th of September; and His Holiness has issued a new rescript, dated the 7th inst., complying with the prayer of his petitioners. An immense concourse of pilgrims from England is expected next month, and the religious revival in France shows

NO SIGNS OF DIMINISHED VITALITY.

It is beginning rather than ending, and everything about it shows great change in the prevailing spirit of the French people. Among the latest persons of importance who have connected themselves with the movement are the great names of De la Tour-du-Pin Chambly, the Marquis de St. Chamans, Barons de Chauvenet, Crémont, Auguste Dubois, de Blécour and de Rougé.

ADIEU.

In taking leave of this subject I now feel bound to state that the close intercourse I have enjoyed with the French clergy has left me with a very high respect for their learning and piety; and that nearly all that I have seen of pilgrims and pilgrimages in France has inspired me with admiration and esteem for the French people.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

Reasons for Its Precautionary Advance of the Rate of Interest.

INCOMING GOLD—ITS INFLUENCE.

Our Banks Again—Shall They Resume Currency Payments?

THE STOCK MARKET.

Getting Back on a Healthy Basis—The Fluctuations of the Past Week.

MONEY AND ITS COURSE.

Government and Railroad Bonds—Opening and Closing Prices.

WALL STREET, SUNDAY, Oct. 19, 1873.

The advance by the Bank of England of its rate of discount from 6 to 7 per cent, announced yesterday, was in strict obedience to the time-honored policy of the institution. The object of its reserve, unlike that which exists in our own country, is to meet sudden and unexpected demands, and on the strength of its reserve depends much the public confidence. A bad harvest and a large import trade, such as we now see, may take from that reserve millions, to replace which the Bank of England requires the use of an effectual instrument. That instrument is the elevation of the rate of interest, which, being done, loanable capital begins its march to Lombard street from every financial centre on the Continent. The effect of such a rise is likewise apparent on the trade of the country. Prices decline, imports consequently diminish, exports increase, but the balance in bullion is almost invariably again established. Unless the importation ceases and

THE FOREIGN DRAIN

upon the reserve is checked by advancing the rate and at the same time making ready loans, domestic alarm follows and an incipient panic may impend. As the banker of Europe, if not of the world, England at various times has been compelled to resort to the expedient referred to, but in the flexibility of her banking system she has generally found safety. Until, therefore, the drain is such that it cannot be controlled and the credit of the bank becomes impaired by its inability to respond to the augmented demands for accommodations, we need not look with apprehension to any contingency worthy of being dignified with the name of an English panic. True, days and weeks frequently pass before the remedial process thus set at work is effective; but as an offset the land and ocean telegraphs of the world have in the present instance enabled the bankers of England to measurably anticipate evils and prepare for their correction. Doubtless a degree of commercial disturbance will result from the sudden change that has been enforced, but there are no immediate symptoms which indicate that

THE "OLD LADY OF THREADNEEDLE STREET"

is not still the mistress of the monetary situation as far as relates to her own welfare. The influence upon America of this outpouring of bullion has been most salutary. Without the English coin that has been shipped our wheat crop might still have been locked. With it we find grain moving towards the sea at a rate which is employing the most active energies; the stringency in the Western money market removed, and the banks of Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis setting an example in the resumption of currency payments which New York, with all her boasted strength, has not yet dared to follow. And right here occurs the pertinent question whether it is longer wise for the strong banks of this metropolis to continue their defence of the weaker by maintaining the Clearing House combination? Have not

THE LITTLE BANKS

been afforded sufficient time for recovery—if, indeed, they possess any elements of strength whatever—and is it not due to the mercantile community, to the work people and the masses generally, that if a reasonable proportion of the Banking Association can resume their former mode of doing business it shall be done at once? No event of greater financial importance could occur at the present juncture. Above all other things it would restore confidence, renew the faith of men in each other, and, in our really healthy condition, bring out hoarded currency and set the wheels of trade once more in healthy circulation. If, to secure an object so desirable, somebody must go to the wall, so let it be. If liquidation must take place let it begin at once. The public want the cloud removed at whatever cost, for they feel that with the removal of the incubus there will be a chance to purify the entire system of the condition of

THE STOCK MARKET.

There is little more to be said than has already found expression in these columns. Brokers are getting bravely out of the woods, and speculation is safer and more normal than it has been for many months. Great operators no longer interpose their ponderous capital, and, through a score of agencies, mislead the judgment and thus scoop in the ventures of deluded hundreds. The immense blocks of stock once held in the name of a few have been broken up and distributed, and a chance offers to the investor to purchase at prices which promise reasonable profit either on the sharp turns of the market or as a permanent holding. During the week there were wide fluctuations as the result of uncertainty attaching to a lawsuit, details of which have been published, because not only was much capital at stake, but certain principles were involved to set aside which would undermine in a measure the practice of the street. At the close, however, there was

GREATER STEADINESS

and a general expression of feeling that, with the exception of two or three stocks, the list invited speculation, and no influences were in sight which could momentarily cause either a dangerous decline or advance. That which did take place, aside from the cause above mentioned, was somewhat due to the calling in of loans and the difficulty of carrying stocks; but, with the turning of the tide, the market became more natural, something like intrinsic values were reached, and the rise and fall of from two to five per cent, occasionally in as many hours, only tended to stimulate business and enlarge the circle of operators. The principal

FEATURES OF THE WEEK

were Western Union, Lake Shore and New York Central, although the transactions in other stocks were exceptionally large. The former went off from 62¾ to 45, but subsequently sold up to 59½, when it receded to 55¼ a 57⅛. New York Central broke from 91 to 82, and later recovered to 90¼. Panama fell 15 per cent, from 95 to 80, and in the late dealings sold within ½ per cent of the former quotation. Harlem fell from 112 to 100, with subsequent sales up to 110½. Wabash sold at 44¾ a 32¾ a 43¾; Rock Island at 91 a 80⅛ a 92⅛; Delaware, Lackawanna and Western at 89¼ a 80 a 90; New Jersey Central at 91 a 89⅛ a 91¾ a 90; Pittsburg at 79 a 74⅛ a 80; Northwestern common at 42¾ a 31¼ a 42¾; Northwestern preferred at 64⅛ a 60 a 67; St. Paul common at 37⅞ a 23 a 31⅞; St. Paul preferred at 56 a 50 a 56; Ohio and Mississippi at 27⅜ a 21 a 27⅜; Union Pacific at 19⅜ a 15⅛ a 20⅛; C., C. and I. C. at 21⅜ a 17⅞ a 22¾; Hannibal and St. Joseph at 24⅛ a 17 a 24; Hannibal and St. Joseph preferred at 27⅛ a 24 a 30 a 25⅛; Pacific Mail at 33⅛ a 25 a 34¾; Erie at 46⅞ a 44⅞ a 47 a 44⅝; Erie preferred at 67 a 65. As indicated from the foregoing description of the market there is nothing in the near future that need excite alarm, and albeit

THE CHRONIC BEARS

may still be occasionally heard foretelling dire disaster as the result of the general monetary condition, the speculative vibrations from day to day, unless some grave incident occurs, will go far to establish confidence in the situation. In short, if a man has money it is a favorable time to make occasional flank movements, capture a prisoner here and there and retire in good order.

The following table shows the extreme fluctuations for the week in the leading shares:—

	Highest.	Lowest.
N. Y. Central and Hudson stock	91	82
Harlem	112	100
Erie	47	44⅛
Lake Shore	70	57⅛
Wabash	44¾	32¾
Northwestern	42¾	31¼
Northwestern preferred	67	60
Rock Island	92⅛	80⅛
Fort Wayne	86	84
Milwaukee and St. Paul	31⅞	23
Milwaukee and St. Paul pref	56	50
Ohio and Mississippi	27⅜	21
New Jersey Central	91⅜	89⅜
Union Pacific	20⅛	15⅛
C., C. and I. C.	22¾	17⅞
Hannibal and St. Joseph	24⅛	17
Hannibal and St. Joseph pref	30	24
Pittsburg	80	74⅛
Panama	95	80
Del., Lack. and Western	90	89
Western Union Telegraph	62¾	45
Pacific Mail	34¾	25
Adams Express	82	77⅛
Wells, Fargo & Co. Express	62	58
Am. Merchants' Union	55⅛	50⅜
U. S. Express	55½	44¾
Consolidated Coal	45	39

THE MONEY MARKET

shows greater ease at the close, although the market has not yet become settled. The rates range from 1-16 to 5 and 7 per cent, currency and gold, and exceptionally have been even lower. This was particularly the case yesterday. Greenbacks are commanding a lower premium over certified checks and are quoted at 1-6 a ⅛ per cent. Foreign exchange has been comparatively neglected, but on Saturday was marked up to 106¾ for prime sixty days' sterling and 108 for short sight. There were some prime sixty day bills in the market as low as 106⅛ a 106¼, and good bills at 106, but short sight was scarce at full prices. There was nothing doing in commercial or Continental bills. A meeting of the Union Trust Company is expected to take place to-morrow to make arrangements for the reopening of business at an early day with enlarged capital. This will tend to give tone and confidence to the market.

GOLD

underwent but slight change during the week as compared with its recent history, but there are those who predict much higher prices than those at present quoted. There are not many converts to the various theories concerning resumption of specie payments in the Gold Room, and the disposition is to make light of the possibility of attaining that object until at least the government has accumulated many more millions of dollars than it at present owns, and has demonstrated that enough money is being received from customs on imports to pay the interest on the public debt. At present imports are falling off. The fluctuations in the gold market during the week were as follows:—

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Monday, Oct. 13	108⅛	108⅝	108⅛	108⅜
Tuesday, Oct. 14	108¾	109⅜	108⅜	109⅛
Wednesday, Oct. 15	108⅞	109⅛	108⅛	108⅝
Thursday, Oct. 16	108¼	108⅜	107⅝	108
Friday, Oct. 17	107⅞	108⅜	107⅞	108⅜
Saturday, Oct. 18	108⅛	108⅝	108⅛	108⅜

GOVERNMENT BONDS

were unsettled and feverish. We note sales yesterday of old 1865's at 107¾; new 1865's, coupon, at 110 a 110¼, and coupon ten-forties at 106. The following are the quotations:—United States sixes, 1881, registered, 110 bid; do. five-twenties, 1862, coupons, 105 bid; do. do., 1864, do., 105 bid; do. do., do., new, 1865, 110 a 110¼; do. do., 1867, do., 112; do. do., 1868, do., 110½ bid; do. ten-forties, registered, 103 a 104; do. do., coupon, 106 bid; do. sixes Pacific Railroad, 108⅞ a 109¼; United States fives, 1881, coupon, 106⅛ a 106¼.

RAILROAD BONDS.

Considering the stringency of the times and the general complaint about the difficulty of successful speculation, the business in railroad bonds during the past week has been good, and the prices well maintained. The following were the late bids yesterday:—

Erie 1st m ex	98	Tol & Wab 2d m	87
Erie 2d m 7's, '79	94	Tol & Wab cons con	66
Erie 5th m 7's, '88	90	Gt West 1st m '88	85
Chi, Bur & Q 8 p c, 1st	105	Gt Western 2d m, '93	77
Mich So 7 p c 2d m	92	Quincy & Tol 1st, '90	80
Mich So & N I s f 7's	100¾	Galena & Chic 2d m	95
Clev & Tol new bds	90	Chic, R I & Pac	97
Lake Shore div bds	86	Morris & Essex 1st	103½
Lake Shore con r bds	92	Morris & Essex 2d m	93
Cen Pacific gold bds	87	N J Cen 1st m, new	100¼
Union Pac 1st m bds	73	Pitts, Ft W & Chic 1st	101
Union Pac l g 7's	65½	Pitts, Ft W & Chic 2d m	97½
Union P income 10's	52	Clev & Pitts con s f	92
Ill Cen 7's, '75	100	Clev & Pitts 4th m	83
Alt & T H 2d m inc	74	Mil & St P 1st m, I & D	74
Chic & N W int bds	85	Chic & Mil 1st m	88
Chic & N W con bds	80	Col, Chic & Ind 2d m	57½
Han & St Jo conv	72	Tol, Peoria & War, W d	79
Del, Lack & W 1st m	95	Tol, P & War, Bur div	70
Del, Lack & West 2d m	97	New York & N H 6's	94
Tol & Wab 1st m, St L d	79	Bost, H & E 1st m	22

HIGHEST AND LOWEST.

The following table shows the opening, highest and lowest prices of Saturday:—

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.
N. Y. Central and Hudson River stock consolidated	88¼	89⅛	88
Harlem	110	110	109
Erie	45½	45⅝	44⅜
Lake Shore	67¼	68⅝	66½
Wabash	41½	43½	41⅛
Northwestern	40	40⅝	38¾
Northwestern preferred	65½	65½	65½
Rock Island	90¼	91⅞	90
Fort Wayne	86	86	86
Milwaukee and St. Paul	30	31⅛	30
Milwaukee and St. Paul pref	56	56	56
Ohio and Mississippi	26½	27	26⅛
New Jersey Central	90	91	80
New Jersey Southern	15	15	15
Union Pacific	19⅛	19⅝	19
C., C. and I. C.	22	22	21½
Pittsburg	79	80	78½
Western Union	56	57½	55¼
Pacific Mail	31⅞	33¾	31¾

CLOSING PRICES—SATURDAY, 3 O'CLOCK P. M.

Western Union	56¾	a	57¼	Pittsburg	79	a	80
Quicksilver	21	a	25	Chi & N W	39⅝	a	39¾
Adams Express	81½	a	83½	Chi & N W pf	65	a	67
Wells-Fargo Ex	60	a	64	N J Cen	90	a	92
Am Mer Un Ex	54	a	55	Chi & R I RR	91¾	a	92
U S Express	54	a	55	Mil & St Paul	31¼	a	31⅜
Pacific Mail	33⅝	a	33¾	Mil & St Paul pf	55¼	a	56
N Y Cen	88¾	a	88⅞	Tol & Wabash	43¼	a	43½
Erie	44⅞	a	45	Ohio & Miss	26⅝	a	26⅞
Harlem	109½	a	109⅞	Han & St Jo	21½	a	23
Lake Shore	68	a	68¼	H & St Jo pf	27½	a	30
Union Pac	19¼	a	19½	C, C & I C	22⅞	a	22½

COMMERCIAL REPORT.

Cotton Less Active and Easier for Futures—Flour Steady—Wheat and Corn were Firmer—Oats Firm—Groceries Quiet and Unchanged—Pork Dull and Nominal—Lard Steady—Freights Firm—Petroleum Unchanged—Naval Stores Dull and Lower—Whiskey Firmer.

SATURDAY, Oct. 18—6 P. M.

Mercantile interests were considerably agitated during the week last past, the partial revival of the stock panic and the radical decline in the gold premium—which touched the lowest point since the war—being the chief causes of the trouble. The deadlock in exchange was repeated, and bills could only be negotiated on the basis of a further radical decline, while during some days commercial bills were almost unsalable. Of course such a state of affairs could not exist without causing almost a stagnation in some departments of trade and indirectly unfavorably affecting others. But, notwithstanding the unsettled condition of exchange, the outward flow of wheat continued unabated, and the clearances for the week were enormous. Very much of the grain had been sold previously to arrival, however, the freight engaged and the matter of exchange fixed, so that there was no delay in the movement on account of financial troubles. But business involving sales and transfers of merchandise was slack all through the week, and business men as a general rule confined their transactions within the narrowest limits. The troubles in Wall street were confined mostly to the arena of the "bulls" and "bears," and the mercantile community manifested a determination to prevent the extension of monetary and stock difficulties beyond the limits of Wall and Broad streets whenever it was possible to do so. Hence the comparatively few mercantile failures and the slight disturbances to trade beyond the checking of business. There occurred a considerable shrinkage of values during the week, a natural corollary of the recession of the gold premium and the apparent scarcity of currency. On Saturday the business on 'Change was very moderate. Flour was in moderate request at steady prices. Wheat, under a fair demand, was about 1c. better. Corn was moderately active and firmer, but closed rather tame at the improvement. Oats were moderately sought after at about steady prices. Cotton was less active and futures suffered a decline of 1-16c. a ⅛c. per lb. Pork remained dull and entirely nominal. Lard was quiet, but not materially changed in value. Petroleum was dull and unchanged. Naval stores were dull and lower. Whiskey was in fair demand at ½c. per gallon advance.

COFFEE.—The demand continued fair, but the transactions were moderate. Market firm. We heard of sales of 1,050 bags Santos ex Mary Ann and 4,252 bags do. ex Rosaris, both on private terms. We quote:—Rio, ordinary cargoes, 19½c. a 19¾c.; fair do., 20¼c. a 20½c.; good do., 20¾c. a 21c.; prime do., 21½c. a 21¾c.; extreme range for lots, 19½c. a 22½c., gold, per lb., 60 and 90 days credit; Java, government bags, 23c. a 24c.; grass mats, 24c. a 25c.; Singapore, 21c. a 22c.; Ceylon, 21c. a 22c.; Maracaibo, 21c. a 22c.; Laguayra, 21c. a 22c.; Jamaica, 19½c. a 20½c.; St. Domingo, 19c. a 19½c.; Porto Rico, 20c. a 21½c.; Costa Rica, 20c. a 21½c.; Mexican, 19½c. a 20½c.; Savanilla, 19½c. a 21½c.; Curacoa, 19½c. a 21c.

COTTON on the spot was quiet but steady at yesterday's prices. Future deliveries were less active at a decline of 1-16c. a ⅛c. per lb. We sum up sales thus:—

	To-Day.	Last Eve'g.	Total.
Export	355	—	355
Consumption	419	321	740
Total	774	321	1,095

—Included in the above are 50 bales to arrive. For future delivery (basis low middling) the sales have been as follows:—Last evening, after three P. M.—October, 100 bales at 16½c., 100 at 16 15-32c.; November, 200 at 16 9-16c., 200 at 16⅝c., 100 each, November and December, 16 9-16c., together; December, 100 at 16⅝c., 100 at 16 19-32c., 500 at 16 9-16c.; January, 100 at 16 9-16c.; February, 200 at 16¾c.; April, 500 at 17c.; total, 2,300 bales. To-day up to one P. M.—October, 400 at 16½c., 100 at 16 15-32c.; November, 100 at 16 19-32c., 1,000 at 16 9-16c., 500 at 16 17-32c., 200 at 16 9-16c., 100 at 16½c., 200 at 16 17-32c., 100 at 16 7-16c.; December, 700 at 16 9-16c., 200 at 16⅝c.; January, 700 at 16⅝c., 400 at 16 21-32c., 100 at 16 19-32c.; February, 100 at 16¾c.; March, 100 at 16 29-32c., 100 at 16 27-32c. Total, 5,100 bales. Grand total, 7,900 bales. We quote:—

	Uplands.	Alabama.	N. Orleans.	Texas.
Ordinary	13⅜	13⅜	13⅝	13⅝
Good ordinary	15⅜	15⅝	15⅝	15⅞
Strict good ordinary	15⅞	16	16⅛	16⅛
Low middling	16⅜	16½	17⅛	17⅛
Middling	16⅞	17	17⅜	17⅜
Good middling	17⅞	18	18⅜	18⅜

—The quotations are based on cotton in store running in quality not more than half a grade above or below the grade quoted.

FLOUR AND GRAIN.—Receipts—Flour, 10,231 bbls.; wheat, 132,329 bushels; corn, 233,083 do.; corn meal, 400 bbls.; oats, 26,950 bushels; barley, 23,500 do. And for the week ending—Flour, 84,581 bbls.; wheat, 1,336,451 bushels; corn, 1,252,039 do.; corn meal, 1,665 bbls. and 1,064 bags; oats, 162,930 bushels; barley, 161,732 do.; rye, 58,825 do. The flour market ruled steady under a moderate demand. The sales, including all kinds, foot up about 11,600 bbls. at prices within the range of the following figures. Corn meal sold to the extent of 375 bbls. at our quotations. We quote:—

No. 2 State	$3 75	a	$4 75
Superfine State	5 00	a	5 75
Extra State	6 00	a	6 50
Choice State	6 50	a	7 00
Superfine Western	5 00	a	5 75
Extra Western	6 00	a	6 50
Extra Minnesota	7 00	a	9 00
Round hoop Ohio, shipping brands	6 00	a	6 50
Round hoop Ohio, trade brands	7 00	a	7 50
Family	8 00	a	9 00
St. Louis, low extra	6 35	a	6 75
St. Louis, straight extra	7 00	a	7 50
St. Louis, choice double extra	8 00	a	9 50
St. Louis, choice family	10 00	a	11 50
California			nominal.
Rye flour	4 35	a	6 00
Southern, No. 2	4 00	a	5 00
Southern, superfine	5 50	a	6 00
Southern, extra	6 25	a	8 00
Southern, family	8 25	a	11 25
Corn meal, Western	3 10	a	3 50
Corn meal, Jersey	3 15	a	3 50
Corn meal, Brandywine	3 85	a	3 95
Caloric	3 40	a	3 45
Puncheons	18 00		f. o. b.

—Wheat—Under a fair demand the market was firmer and closed about 1c. higher. The sales foot up:—158,000 bushels at $1 29 a $1 33 for No. 3 spring, $1 34½ a $1 37 for ungraded spring, $1 35 a $1 37 for No. 2 Chicago spring, $1 41 for No. 2 Milwaukee spring, spot; $1 42½ for do., November delivery; No. 1 held at $1 45 a $1 46, No. 1 Duluth at $1 43; winter wheat at $1 53 a $1 56 for red, and $1 58 a $1 60 for amber. Corn was firmer under a fair demand. The sales aggregate 193,000 bushels, at 59c. a 59½c. for steamer mixed; 60c. a 60¾c. for sail mixed, and 62c. for yellow, closing rather tame at the improvement. Oats were firm and in fair demand. The sales were about 50,000 bushels, at 48c. a 52c. for mixed, 51c. a 53c. for dingy to good white Ohio, 54c. for choice, and 55c. for fancy do. Barley was dull and nominal. In order to sell to any extent lower prices would have had to be accepted. Rye remained quiet; 500 bushels of Western brought 85c.; boat loads were held at 90c.

FREIGHTS.—Business in berth freights has been quiet today, with rates not essentially changed. Vessels for charter met with a fair inquiry, and rates were again firmer for those adapted to the grain trade. The engagements were:—To Liverpool, by steam, 8,000 bushels grain at 12½d. a 13d.; 600 bales cotton, for shipment next week and week after, at ½d.; 1,000 bales of do., on through bill of lading, at ⅝d.; and by sail, 16,000 bushels of grain at 12½d. To London, by sail, 1,500 bbls. flour at 3s. 9d.; 500 bbls. rosin at 4s. 6d. The charters include—A Norwegian bark, hence to Cork for orders to the United Kingdom, 2,300 quarters grain at 9s. 6d.; an Italian bark, 3,300 quarters grain, hence same voyage and rate; an Italian bark, hence to Cork for orders, 4,000 quarters grain at 9s. 3d.; two Austrian barks, each 4,000 quarters grain, same voyage and rate; an Italian bark, 4,000 quarters do., hence, same voyage and rate; an Italian brig, hence to Civita Vecchia, 8,500 cases of refined petroleum at 37½c.; a British brig, from Philadelphia to Antwerp, 1,800 bbls. refined do. on private terms; a British ship, from do. to do., 6,500 bbls. of refined do. at 7s. 6d.

MOLASSES.—The market continued dull and nominal for invoice lots, and the jobbing trade was unimportant. We append our former quotations, as follows:—Cuba, centrifugal and mixed, 18c. a 23c.; do. clayed, 26c. a 31c.; do. muscovado, refining, 27c. a 32c.; do. do. grocery, 33c. a 40c.; Porto Rico, 30c. a 55c.; English Islands, 30c. a 50c.; New Orleans, 60c. a 85c.

NAVAL STORES.—For spirits of turpentine the market continued dull and prices were lower, although nominal, in the absence of sales. Offered at 41c., but the best bids were not above 40c. Rosin was dull and lower for strained, closing at $2 65 a $2 70. We heard of sales of—60 bbls. strained at $2 60, 350 bbls. do. at $2 65, 100 bbls. do. at $2 70, 75 bbls. No. 2 at $2 90, 150 bbls. low No. 1 at $3 25 and 100 bbls. of good do. at $3 50. Tar and pitch were neglected and entirely nominal.

PETROLEUM.—The market for refined was quiet to-day, but prices were not essentially changed, quoted at 16½c. spot; 16¼c. for balance of month, and 15¾c. a 15⅞c. for November. Crude in bulk continued neglected, but quoted nominally steady, at 5¾c. Cases were moderately inquired for but without resulting in transactions of importance; quoted at 21c. Naphtha remained nominal at about 10c. for city. The Philadelphia market remained as heretofore reported, namely, dull and nominal. Refined quoted at 15⅛c. a 15⅞c. for this month; 15¾c. for November, and 15⅛c. for December. Advices from the Creek were of a quiet market, with values not essentially changed. Later we heard of sales in New York of 1,000 bbls. of crude, in bulk, at 5¾c.

PROVISIONS.—Receipts—Pork, 129 bbls.; beef, 117 packages; cut meats, 575 do.; lard, 1,065 bbls. and tierces. And for the week ending—Pork, 1,078 bbls.; beef, 212 packages; cut meats, 3,839 do.; lard, 4,191 bbls. and tierces and 25 kegs. The market for mess pork continued dull and entirely nominal for round lots. In a jobbing way 50 bbls. were placed at $15 75. Bacon was quiet, but steady. Sales—15 boxes long clear spot at 8½c., and 600 boxes of long and short clear for January at 7¼c. Dressed hogs were quiet, quoted at 5¾c. a 7½c., as extremes for extra heavy to light. Beef was in moderate request, with sales reported of 75 packages at prices within the range of the following figures:—Plain mess bbls., $8 50 a $10; extra mess do., $10 a $12; prime do. tierces, $16 a $18; India mess do., $18 a $20. Beef hams were quiet, but quoted steady, at from $18 a $23 for common to prime. Cut meats were in fair request, at unchanged prices. We heard of sales of 250 smoked hams at 12c., 200 do. at 12½c., 200 smoked shoulders at 8¾c., 500 pickled hams at 10c. and 10,000 lbs. of pickled bellies, 11 lbs. average, at 9½c. Lard—For Western the market was quiet and steady. We heard of sales of 150 tierces, on the spot, at 8½c., 1,250 tierces, for October, at 8½c., and 500 tierces, for November, at 8 1-16c.

SUGAR.—The market for raw sugar continued quiet but steady, on the basis of 7⅝c. a 7¾c. for fair to good refining. We heard of sales of 500 hhds. of refining Muscovado on private terms, and 200 hhds. of centrifugal at 9c. Refined was quiet, and quoted as follows:—Standard "A's" off "A's," 9⅞c.; extra "C's," 9⅛c. a 9⅜c.; yellows, 8½c. a 9⅛c.; molasses sugar, 6½c. a 8¾c.; cut loafs, 12c.; hards, 10⅜c. We quote:—Cuba—Refining, inferior to common, 6⅛c. a 7⅛c.; fair to good fair, 7⅜c. a 7½c.; good to prime, 7⅝c. a 7¾c.; grocery, fair to good, 7⅞c. a 8⅛c.; prime to choice, 8¼c. a 8½c.; centrifugal, hhds. and boxes, 8c. a 8⅞c.; molasses, hhds. and boxes, 6⅛c. a 7⅛c.; melado, 4c. a 5⅛c. Havana—Boxes, Dutch standard, Nos. 7 to 9, 6¾c. a 7⅛c.; do., 10 to 12, 7⅜c. a 8⅛c.; do., 13 to 15, 8⅜c. a 8⅞c.; do., 16 to 18, 9⅛c. 9⅜c.; do., 19 to 20, 9⅞c. a 10⅛c.; white, 9½c. a 10½c. Porto Rico—Refining, common to prime, 6⅜c. a 7¾c.; grocery, fair to choice, 7⅞c. a 8⅜. Brazil—Dutch standard, Nos. 8 to 12, 6½c. a 7⅜c. Java—Dutch standard, Nos. 10 to 12, 7⅜c. a 8⅜c. Manila—Superior and extra superior, 6⅞c. a 7⅛c.

RICE.—Business to-day has been light, with prices ruling steady. The sales foot up 40 tierces of Carolina at 8c. a 8⅜c. and 200 bags of Rangoon at 6⅝c. a 6⅞c.

STEARINE continued dull and nominal at 8¼c. a 8½c., for fair to prime.

TALLOW was dull. We heard of sales of 100 hhds. at 7 9-16c.

WHISKEY—Receipts, 568 bbls., and for the week, 4,811 bbls. The market was moderately active and firmer. Sales 300 bbls., all at 93½c.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

GALVESTON, Oct. 18, 1873.

Cotton nominal; good ordinary, 14⅛c.; ordinary, 12⅝c. Net receipts, 1,008 bales. Stock, 11,434.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 18, 1873.

Cotton firm; middlings, 17⅛c.; low middlings, 16½c.; good ordinary, 15⅛c. Net receipts, 4,579 bales; gross, 5,039. Sales, 1,500. Stock, 40,546.

MOBILE, Oct. 18, 1873.

Cotton firm; middlings, 16½c. Net receipts, 1,590 bales. Exports coastwise, 235. Sales, 800. Stock, 14,185.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 18, 1873.

Cotton easy; middlings, 15½c. a 15⅞c.; low middlings, 14⅞c.; strict good ordinary, 13c. Net receipts, 4,748 bales. Sales, 1,236. Stock, 36,672.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 18, 1873.

Cotton steady; middlings, 15⅞c.; low middlings, 15c.; strict good ordinary, 14⅞c. Net receipts, 1,661 bales. Exports—To Great Britain, 71; coastwise, 1,926. Sales, 800. Stock, 16,699.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 18, 1873.

Spirits of turpentine quiet at 39c. Rosin quiet at $3 25 for strained, $3 for pale. Crude turpentine steady at $1 60 for hard, and $3 for yellow dip and virgin. Tar firm at $2 25.

OSWEGO, N. Y., Oct. 18, 1873.

Flour unchanged; sales of 1,600 bbls. at $7 50 for No. 1 spring, $8 50 for amber winter, $9 25 for white winter and $9 75 for double extra. Wheat quiet; sales of car lots No. 1 Milwaukee club at $1 45. Corn quiet at 60c. for car lots. Barley inactive; quotations nominal. Corn meal sold at $1 25 for bolted and $1 20 for unbolted per cwt. Mill feed steady, at $17 a $18 for shorts, $19 for shipstuffs and $20 a $22 for middlings, per ton. Canal freights—lower on grain. Barley, 6½c. to Albany, 7½c. to New York and 12c. to Philadelphia; lumber, $3 25 to the Hudson and $4 25 to New York. Railroad freights—Flour to Philadelphia and Boston, 60c.; to New York, 50c.; to Albany, 42c. Receipts—67,800 bushels barley and 1,829,000 feet of lumber. Shipments—2,000 bbls. flour, 57,800 bushels barley, and 224,000 feet of lumber.

BUFFALO, Oct. 18, 1873.

Lake and rail imports for the last twenty-four hours—Flour, 4,900 bbls.; wheat, 107,098 bushels; corn, 57,654 do.; oats, 7,216 do.; barley, 10,368 do.; peas, 7,000 do. Canal shipments—Wheat, 222,748 bushels; corn, 191,858 do.; oats, 68,277 do. Rail exports—Corn, 26,489 bushels. Canal freights steady; wheat, 13c.; corn, 11c.; oats, 7½c. The grain market is a trifle easier; wheat scarce, sales of 2,000 bushels Sheboygan spring at $1 30. Corn firm but quiet, sales of 55 bushels; high mixed at 50c.; in car lots 11,000 do. No. 2 corn at 49c., and 1,000 do. do. at 48c. Provisions—Mess pork, $17; no short pork in market; hams, 11c.; shoulders, 9c.; bacon 9½c. a 10c.; lard, in tierces, 8c.; in kegs and tubs, 8½c.; dried beef, 16c. Other articles unchanged.

TOLEDO, Oct. 18, 1873.

Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat—Demand light; holders firm; sales of amber Michigan at $1 35½, cash; $1 44, December; $1 40 for No. 1 red, $1 33 for No. 2 do. Corn—Demand light; holders firm; sales of high mixed at 45¾c. cash; 49c. a 49½c., December; low mixed, 44c. cash. Oats in fair demand and 3c. higher, at 38½c. a 39c. for No. 1; 37c. a 38c. for No. 2. Clover seeds sold at $5 25. Receipts—1,000 bbls. flour, 14,000 bushels wheat, 32,000 do. corn and 11,000 do. oats. Shipments—2,000 bbls. flour, 24,000 bushels wheat, 32,000 do. corn and 9,000 do oats.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18, 1873.

Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat active and higher; sales of No. 1 spring, regular, at $1 08 a $1 09; Northwest, $1 10 a $1 11; No. 2 spring, $1 04¾ a $1 05, cash; $1 03⅞, November; $1 04⅞, December; No. 3 spring, 99c. a 99½c.; rejected, 93c. a 93½c. Corn active and higher at 38c. for No. 2 mixed, cash; 38⅞c. bid November. Oats advanced and in fair demand at 32½c. a 32⅞c. for No. 2, cash; 32⅜c. a 32¾c. for November; white, 32½c. a 32¾c. Rye quiet and unchanged at 63c. for No. 2. Barley steady at $1 28 for No. 2 fall, $1 a $1 02½ for No. 3 spring. Provisions steady. Pork nominally unchanged. Lard steady, at 7⅞c. cash; generally held at ⅛c. higher. Bulk meats firm and in fair demand and unchanged. Bacon quiet and unchanged. Freights—Corn to Buffalo, 6c., wheat to do. 6½c. Receipts—8,000 bbls. flour, 136,000 bushels wheat, 154,000 do. corn, 90,000 do. oats, 3,000 do. rye, and 50,000 do. barley. Shipments—6,000 bbls. flour, 128,000 bushels wheat, 147,000 do. corn, 52,000 do. oats, 30,000 do. rye, and 32,000 do. barley.

SAVANA MARKET.

HAVANA, Oct. 18, 1873.

Sugar—Business small; no export demand. Sugar at Havana and Matanzas—Stock in warehouse 193,475 boxes and 6,300 hhds. Receipts during the week, 550 boxes and 12 hhds. Exported during the week, 33,000 boxes and 1,800 hhds, including 10,000 boxes and all the hogsheads to the United States. Molasses nominal. Bacon flat at $22 per cwt. Butter easier. Flour easier, at $21 50 a $22 per bbl. Hams—American sugar cured in fair demand at $30 a $32 per quintal. Lard easier; in kegs, $22 a $22 50 per quintal; in tins, $23 50 a $24 50. Potatoes in fair demand at $6 50 a $7 per bbl. Tallow quiet at $18 50 a $20 per quintal. Wax—Yellow firm; white dull at $22 per arrobe. Honey nominal. Onions in fair demand at $9 a $10 per bbl. Naval stores nominal. Coal oil dull at 5½ reals per gallon. Empty hogsheads in fair demand at $4 50 a $5. Lumber steady; white pine, $58 per M.; pitch pine, $55. Shooks in fair demand. Sugar hhds. 30 reals. Hoops, long shaved, in fair demand at $125 a $135 per M. Freights dull. Loading at Havana for the United States—Per box of sugar, 75c. a $1; per hogshead of sugar, $3 50 a $4; per hogshead of molasses, $3. To Falmouth and orders, 47s. 6d. a 52s. 6d. Loading at other ports on the north coast to the United States—Per hhd. of sugar, $4 a $4 25; per hhd. of molasses, $3 a $3 50. To Falmouth and orders, 52s. 6d. a 55s. Exchange irregular. Spanish gold, 51 a 52 premium.

FINANCIAL.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,
Chatham square and New Bowery.
Six per cent paid on all sums from $1 to $5,000.
MONEY DEPOSITED ON OR BEFORE OCTOCER 20, WILL DATE INTEREST AS FROM OCTOBER 1.
HARRISON HALL, President.
J. P. COOPER, Secretary.
CHARLES D. BAILEY, Treasurer.

AT REASONABLE RATES—MONEY ON LIFE AND Endowment Insurance Policies, Mortgages and other Securities. Insurance of all kinds effected with best companies. J. J. HABRICH & CO., 117 Broadway.

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK.—DEPOSIT CLAIMS on above bank bought by C. M. ROTH, 38 Pine st.

A PARTY HAVING SOME MONEY TO INVEST wishes to purchase a $5,000 or $10,000 Mortgage on New York city property. Address box 1,678 Post office.

A.—MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE, in New York, Brooklyn and New Jersey. Apply to SAMUEL S. WOOD, Jr., No. 155 Broadway, room 10. References—Hon. John J. Cisco, Robert H. Lowery, Esq., Jacob D. Vermilye, Esq.

A.—WILLIAM WARD, 22 BROAD STREET, CONTINUES to execute cash orders for Stocks, Bonds, Gold &c., and to receive deposits in either currency or certified checks, repayable in kind without interest; all credits accrued before or during the panic repaid in currency on demand.

BENEDICT, FLOWER & CO., BANKERS AND BROKERS, 18 NEW STREET, NEW YORK.—STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD BOUGHT ON SATISFACTORY MARGINS; INTEREST ALLOWED ON DAILY BALANCES.
E. C. BENEDICT, R. P. FLOWER, H. H TRUMAN.

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE COMPANY OF NEW York, No. 29 William street.
NEW YORK, October 13, 1873.
The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of two and one-half per cent on the capital stock of the company, payable on and after November 1.
The transfer books will be closed from October 31 until November 3. JAMES CLYNE, Secretary.

HATCH & FOOTE,
Bankers,
12 Wall street, New York.
We make dealings in government bonds and gold a specialty.
Orders executed in stocks and bonds on commission for cash.
Interest allowed on deposits.

HASKINS & BRAINE, BROKERS, 11 BROAD street.—Gold and Stocks bought and sold on margin. Privileges a specialty, enabling any one to speculate safely. Explanatory circulars with references, mailed on application.

NOTICE.
The Coupons of the First Mortgage Bonds of the New York and Erie Railroad falling due November 1 next will be paid, on and after that date, at the office of Messrs. Duncan, Sherman & Co., No. 11 Nassau street.
W. P. SHERMAN, Treasurer.

NEW YORK CITY 7'S, DUE 1900.—FOR SALE BY GWYNNE & DAY, 16 Wall street.

NEW YORK STATE GOLD 6'S, DUE 1887.—THESE bonds have a longer time to run than any issue of gold bonds of the government or New York State, and are the most desirable investment now in the market for savings banks, trustees, guardians and others. For sale by GWYNNE & DAY, 16 Wall street.

"PUTS" AND "CALLS."—$10 TO $100 WILL secure these privileges on stocks. No risk operating in Wall street on this plan. Many of these contracts during the panic paid several thousand dollars profit, and all been duly honored by the makers. 32 page explanatory pamphlet mailed for stamp; orders executed on margin. VALENTINE TUMBRIDGE,
Banker and Brokers 39 Wall street, New York.

RAILROAD STOCKS AND BONDS WANTED.—SEE advertisement "Montclair," in Real Estate for Sale

WE HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED PROperty in this city, Westchester or Brooklyn, or to buy First or Second Mortgages.
SAWARD & LEAVITT, 54 Wall street.

$5,000.—A PARTY HAVING A BUSINESS OF over six years' successful operation, requires additional capital; a liberal profit will be guaranteed, to be paid monthly, and the capital invested may be withdrawn at any time upon reasonable notice. Apply to GRIGGS, CARLETON & CO., 98 Broadway.

$15,000—TO LOAN ON BUILDINGS IN COURSE of construction; also funds for good Second Mortgages. S. BROWN & POWELL,
34½ Pine street, room 1.

$87,000 TO LOAN—ON PRIVATE DWELLINGS or good tenement property in this city; First and Second Mortgages purchased.
W. D. & F. BARTLES, 53 Wall street.

$271,000.—BONDS FOR SALE.
Proposals for the purchase of all or any portion of the following described bonds will be received until 2 o'clock P. M. on Tuesday, October 21, instant. Accrued interest will be added to the prices bid, and the seller reserves the right to reject all bids not deemed satisfactory. All seven per cent bonds—namely:—

	Due in
$10,000 Brooklyn City Local Improvement bonds, interest May and November	1891
$15,000 Brooklyn City New York and Brooklyn Bridge bonds, interest January and July	1904
$17,000 Brooklyn City Prospect Park bonds, interest January and July	1915
$44,000 Brooklyn City South Seventh Street Improvement bonds (due in series, from one to fourteen years), interest January and July	—
$27,000 Brooklyn City Assessment Fund bonds, interest January and July	1876
$35,000 Brooklyn City Arrears of Tax Certificates, interest May and November: $25,000	1874
$10,000	1875
$30,000 Brooklyn City Certificates of Indebtedness, interest January and July	1876
Kings County.	
$93,000 Ocean Parkway bonds, May and November	1883

Address NATHAN T. BEERS, No. 20 Court street, Brooklyn.

$400,000 TO LOAN—IN SUMS TO SUIT, ON first class New York and Brooklyn improved Real Estate. Westchester Mortgages purchased. C. E. WILLIS, Montauk Insurance Company, 168 Broadway.

THE DISHONEST CUSTOM HOUSE BROKER.

Frederick S. Beck, the alleged dishonest Custom House broker, who is charged with swindling John V. Koch, Son & Co., of No. 156 William street, for some time past, as already published, was arraigned before Justice Bixby yesterday, by Officer Leary, of the Court squad. The accused, in reply to a question of the Court, said that he had nothing to say at present as to the charge preferred against him. Bail was fixed at $3,000, and in default of this sum he was committed for trial at the Court of General Sessions. He subsequently admitted his guilt, but said that if given an opportunity he would refund the money to Mr. Koch. He regretted bitterly what he had done, and begged in a piteous tone that the matter be kept out of the papers.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.—Nos. 3, 7, 18, 48, 61, 62, 65, 69, 70, 245, 80, 117, 140, 142, 146, 150, 151, 152, 153, 155, 156, 156½.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—Held by Judge FANCHER.—Demurrers, Nos. 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 21, 25, 26, 27. Law and Fact, Nos. 292, 71, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89 90, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 123, 60, 73, 77, 192, 24½, 50.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—Part 1.—Oyer and Terminer business. Part 2.—Nos. 844½, 712, 998, 2334, 2254, 2444, 2988, 2987, 324, 356½, 109, 1086, 2222, 2336½, 2682, 376, 592½, 980, 1220, 2498.

SUPERIOR COURT—Part 1—Held by Judge Barbour.—Nos. 779, 920, 773, 251, 531, 85, 513, 595, 459, 659, 719, 623, 625, 657, 697, 613, 771. Part 2—Held by Judge Freedman.—Nos. 566, 650, 750, 576, 522, 680, 28, 404, 662, 668, 550, 686, 696, 734, 768.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—Part 1—Held by Judge Daly.—Nos. 3213, 2389, 969, 97, 92, 1838, 1617, 2245, 3275, 2253, 1806, 290, 1972, 39, 2324, 332, 2428, 2430. Part 2—Held by Judge Loew.—Nos. 1969, 3211, 2337, 1631, 2279, 186, 2422, 2262, 2309, 3512, 3519, 3527, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2254, 2444.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—EQUITY TERM—Held by Judge J. F. Daly.—Nos. 34, 14, 42, 68, 71, 73, 55.

MARINE COURT—PART 1—Held by Judge Gross.—Nos. 2651, 2667, 2535, 2099, 2966, 2496, 2659, 2661, 2968, 2874, 2876, 2550, 1563, 2548, 2290, 1318, 2942, 2788, 2990. PART 2—Held by Judge Howland.—Nos. 2775, 2839, 2997, 3071, 2849, 1775, 2539, 2942, 2511, 3119, 2891, 2589, 2883, 2895, 2899, 3328.—PART 3—Held by Judge Spaulding.—Nos. 2752, 2902, 2838, 2656, 3120, 3145, 2770, 1976, 2706, 2038, 3231, 3232, 3233, 2811, 2821, 2825, 2665, 2666, 3134.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Held by Recorder Hackett.—The people vs. Patrick Keating, felonious assault and battery; same vs. Edward Roach, felonious assault and battery; same vs. James McGuire, felonious assault and battery; same vs. Patrick Hadagan and Mary Hadagan, felonious assault and battery; same vs. James Flemings, felonious assault and battery; same vs. Joseph Hartnett, felonious assault and battery; same vs. Jacob H. Voorhies, felonious assault and battery; same vs. Michael Wilson and John Lapham, burglary; same vs. John Tobin, burglary; same vs. Frederick Rudolph, rape; same vs. John McNamara, rape; same vs. Frank Quinby, Barney McGuire and James Harvey, grand larceny; same vs. Max Baker, grand larceny; same vs. George Jones, grand larceny; same vs. Charles Barker, grand larceny; same vs. Alfred Therrer, grand larceny; same vs. John McDougal, petit larceny; same vs. James Johnson, petit larceny; same vs. Mary Carr, petit larceny; same vs. Michael Winners, petit larceny; same vs. Theodore Bohner, petit larceny; same vs. John Becker, false pretences.

NEW YORK HERALD

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JAMES GORDON BENNETT,
PROPRIETOR.

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Volume XXXVIII.....No. 293

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

UNION SQUARE THEATRE, Union square, near Broadway.—THE GENEVA CROSS.

WOOD'S MUSEUM, Broadway, corner Thirtieth st.—DAVY CROCKETT. Afternoon and evening.

BOOTH'S THEATRE, Sixth av. and Twenty-third st.—PANCHON, THE CRICKET.

NEW LYCEUM THEATRE, 14th st. and 6th av.—NOTRE DAME.

METROPOLITAN THEATRE, 585 Broadway.—VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT.

THEATRE COMIQUE, No. 514 Broadway.—VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT.

BOWERY THEATRE, Bowery.—GINGER SNAPS—THE TURF DIGGER'S DOOM.

BROADWAY THEATRE, 728 and 730 Broadway.—MAX, THE MERRY SWISS BOY.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE, Eighth av. and Twenty-third st.—UNDER THE GASLIGHT.

OLYMPIC THEATRE, Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.—MONS. CHONFLEURI.

NIBLO'S GARDEN, Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.—THE BLACK CROOK.

WALLACK'S THEATRE, Broadway and Thirteenth street.—OUR AMERICAN COUSIN.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, 14th street and Irving place.—ITALIAN OPERA—IL TROVATORE.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC, Montague st.—ITALIAN OPERA—LUCIA DI LAMMERMOOR.

MRS F. B. CONWAY'S BROOKLYN THEATRE.—ALIXE—MARRIED LIFE.

PARK THEATRE, BROOKLYN, opposite City Hall.—JULIUS CÆSAR.

TONY PASTOR'S OPERA HOUSE, No. 201 Bowery.—VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT.

BRYANT'S OPERA HOUSE, Twenty-third st., corner Sixth av.—NEGRO MINSTRELSY, &c.

HOOLEY'S OPERA HOUSE, Court street, Brooklyn.—SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.

ROBINSON HALL, Sixteenth street.—THE ROYAL MARIONETTES. Matinee at 3.

P. T. BARNUM'S WORLD'S FAIR, 27th street and 4th avenue. Afternoon and evening.

FERRERO'S NEW ASSEMBY ROOMS, 14th street.—MAGICAL ENTERTAINMENT.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE FAIR, 3d av., between 63d and 64th sts. Afternoon and evening.

NEW YORK MUSEUM OF ANATOMY, No. 618 Broadway.—SCIENCE AND ART.

TRIPLE SHEET.

New York, Monday, October 20, 1873.

THE NEWS OF YESTERDAY.

To-Day's Contents of the Herald.

"THE ELECTION OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES! THE PROPOSED AMENDMENT OF THE CONSTITUTION"—TITLE OF THE LEADING ARTICLE—SIXTH PAGE.

AN INSURGENT FRIGATE SUNK BY HER CONSORT AT CARTAGENA, AND OVER HALF OF HER CREW DROWNED! A RUMOR THAT IT WAS A HOSTILE ACT, THE VESSEL REFUSING TO OBEY ORDERS—SEVENTH PAGE.

SPANISH DEFEATS IN CUBA ACKNOWLEDGED! OPERATIONS OF THE INSURGENTS—THIRD PAGE.

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THE BAZAINE TRIAL commands more and more interest as it advances. The cross-examination to which the Marshal has been subjected has been searching and severe. The Marshal is in a tight place, and he is evidently aware of it. Still it cannot be said that the evidence yet produced is sufficient to justify conviction. Bazaine might certainly have done better; but it has not yet been proven that he played the part of traitor.

RUMORED MORMON EXODUS.—The San Francisco *Chronicle* has made the important discovery that, in consequence of apprehended unfriendly legislation by the next Congress towards the Mormons, that sect is preparing for a grand exodus from Utah. The new "promised land" is said to be located among the islands of the Pacific, and that a Bohemian missionary has been sent by the Mormons to Polynesia on matters connected with the proposed exodus. The whole story has a Bohemian savor. Brigham Young has fought and defied Congressional legislation too long to pay much attention to it now, unless he has an idea of propagandizing Latter Day Saintism and finds the Territory of Utah too contracted for his purposes. If there is a being in the world likely to adhere to Sumner's advice to Stanton, "stick," that being is President Young, head of the Mormon saints.

The Election of President and Vice President of the United States—The Proposed Amendment of the Constitution.

In the brief interval last year between the day of the popular vote and the confirmatory action of the Electoral Colleges in the election of the President and Vice President of the United States an unexpected event occurred, which, in its immediate consequences, startled the whole country with the uncertainties, irregularities and dangers involved in the existing methods of electing those two important public officers. This unexpected event was the death of Horace Greeley, the Presidential candidate of the anti-administration elements of the country in opposition to General Grant, renominated as the standard bearer of the party in power; and the immediate consequences, the half dozen electoral bodies chosen in behalf of Greeley and Brown, were such as to bring the danger into bold relief that in the chapter of accidents a President, by the Electoral Colleges might be chosen, not voted for and never dreamed of by any considerable portion of the people in their suffrages. From the profound impression thus made upon the public mind in favor of a change in the present method of choosing our President and Vice President the subject was brought to the attention of Congress more emphatically than ever before, and in view of a constitutional amendment on the subject in season for our next Presidential election.

In deference to the general public opinion of the country, the Committee on Privileges and Elections of the United States Senate at the last session of Congress were instructed during the recess to the meeting of the next Congress to consider the subject of the constitutional amendment suggested, and to report their views and conclusions thereon to the Senate at their earliest convenience after the reassembling of that body. In obedience to these instructions Messrs. Morton, of Indiana; Carpenter, of Wisconsin; Anthony, of Rhode Island, and Bayard, of Delaware, of said committee, recently met in this city, and after numerous conferences from day to day they agreed upon the following propositions as expedient to be embodied in a new amendment of the constitution:—

1. To abolish the Electoral Colleges.
2. That the President and Vice President be elected by the people voting directly for the candidates.
3. That each State shall be divided into as many districts as the State is entitled to Representatives in Congress, to be composed of contiguous territory, compact in form, and as nearly equal in population as may be, and the person having the highest number of votes for President in each district shall receive the vote of that district, which shall count one Presidential vote; that each State shall be entitled to two Presidential voters at large, which shall be counted for the person having the highest number of votes in the whole State.
4. The person having the highest number of such Presidential votes in the United States shall be President.
5. These provisions to be applicable to the election of Vice President.
6. Congress shall have power to provide for holding and conducting the election for President and Vice President, and to establish a tribunal for the decision of contests as to the vote in any district or State, and make regulations governing the proceedings of these tribunals.

The essential point in the popular demand for a change is here embodied in the proposition to abolish the Electoral Colleges. With the fathers of the constitution popular sovereignty was an untried experiment, and so to guard against apprehended popular disturbances and possible revolutions in our Presidential elections the framers of our organic laws interposed these electoral colleges or commissions, giving to the people, in each State, the election of a number of electors equal to the representation of the State in the two houses of Congress, and giving to these electors the election of President and Vice President, but requiring a majority of the electoral votes cast for an election, or, in the absence of such majority, an election by the House of Representatives. But originally the constitution provided that the electors should vote for two candidates for President and that the person having the highest number of votes cast, if a majority of all, should be the President, and the person having the next highest vote cast, if a majority, should be the Vice President. In the election of 1800 the Presidential electors voted 73 for Thomas Jefferson and 73 for Aaron Burr, the republican ticket, against 65 for John Adams, and 64 for C. C. Pinckney, the federal ticket, the federalists thus leaving no room for a controversy as to their first choice for President, in giving one vote less for Pinckney than for Adams. The republican electors, however, thought no such distinction was necessary in reference to their ticket, and hence the trouble which followed.

The tie between Jefferson and Burr, both being voted for for President, carried the election into the House of Representatives, and there so sharp, violent, doubtful and protracted was the struggle that a revolutionary settlement began to be apprehended, when some patriotic federalists interposed and turned the scale in favor of Jefferson. But as the great danger which had been escaped might under similar conditions again occur the republican party of that day lost no time in the work of securing an amendment of the constitution, providing that the Presidential electors should vote for a President and a Vice President, and as thus amended, under Jefferson's administration, the constitution now stands. And yet in our day the unexpected death of Horace Greeley has warned us of Presidential election dangers quite as alarming incident to the constitution as amended as were the perils of the pre-existing ordinance under which a revolutionary cutting of the Gordian knot was threatened in the unexpected contest between Jefferson and Burr. And thus, from time to time since the beginning, every wholesome reform, every valuable law of communities and nations, has been purchased by dear experience in other courses of action.

But, although the constitution, in the rules and regulations of our Presidential elections, has not been amended since the time of Jefferson, a law of Congress, passed in 1845, in consequence of certain developments and complaints connected with the Presidential election of 1844, marks a very important reform. Down to and including that election of 1844 many of the States voted for their Presidential electors on different days, and thus, in the transfer by scheming political cliques of gangs of voters from one State to another, it was charged that intolerable frauds and corruptions had been practised, and that the only remedy against their repetition was in a law designating and establishing the day, and the same day, for the Presidential election in every State of the Union. Hence the law of one and the same day now in force. The various other laws of Congress and of most of the States passed for the regulation of the right of suffrage and of our elections since our late civil war we need not here reproduce. They have contributed, in many things, to purify our elections; but, nevertheless, in the continuance of the Electoral Colleges, our Presidential contests have been little better than a game of cards between two or three gambling party conventions.

In the constitutional amendment proposed by Mr. Morton and his Senatorial committee it is believed that this evil will be checked and that several much-desired reforms will be gained—first in the abolition of the Electoral Colleges and in the substitution of a direct popular vote by Congressional districts, and next in providing that by a plurality vote the President and Vice President may be elected. It is held that these elections will be so far simplified as to be substantially under the control of the people, and yet so far complicated as to be absolutely beyond the grasp of party conventions or cliques of juggling politicians. Again, it is thought that a satisfactory concession of respect to State lines, State rights and State pride is submitted in the proposition that the two Senatorial votes of each State for President and Vice President shall be determined by the majority or plurality of the popular vote of the State. We apprehend, however, that between this proposed compromise and the alternative of massing the electoral vote of the State in its aggregate popular vote there will be a lengthy discussion in the two houses of Congress, though, for the purpose of thwarting the designs of scheming politicians and of giving the minority party in each State its Congressional representative vote, if any, for President, the proposed district system is a reform which, in default of anything better, should be adopted.

We presume that Senator Morton and his committee have duly considered the simple proposition of the election of our President and Vice President by a majority or plurality of the aggregate popular vote of the United States, States and Territories included; for why, it may be asked, should the people of the Territories be denied the privilege of a voice in these national elections? We presume that the committee, looking to the individuality and the rights of the States and to the subordinate apprenticeship condition of the Territories, have found this French system of a national *plébiscite* a centralizing idea utterly impracticable. We infer from their protracted labors that the results reported are deemed by the committee as embodying the constitutional changes in the matter of electing our President and Vice President, which, as far as practicable, are most to be desired. We suppose that the committee intend to urge the earliest consideration of their report upon the Senate, in view of the adoption of the amendment proposed in season for our national centennial year, 1876, and that the President will call the attention of the two houses to the importance of the subject in his annual Message to Congress in December next. We are satisfied that three-fourths of the States are prepared to ratify the abolition of the Electoral Colleges and the election of our President and Vice President directly by the people.

The task of a constitutional amendment, however, in this direction, which can be passed, and which will shut the door against frauds and corruptions, is a difficult one. If we abolish the Electoral Colleges and substitute the Congressional district system of electing our President we only transfer to each party in Congress the king-making power now exercised by our party Presidential conventions. If, to avoid an appeal to the House of Representatives for the election of a President, we adopt the plurality rule in the electoral vote by Congressional districts we may have, in a scrub race, a President elected by less than one-fifth of the popular vote of the country. To avoid all these and other complications and embarrassments, notwithstanding the objections and difficulties suggested against the proposition of an election of the President and Vice President by a majority or plurality of the people of the Union voting *en masse*, States and Territories included, we cannot believe that the rights of the States, or the individuality of the States, would be disturbed by this grand national reunion of the people of the United States once in four or six years. But, in any event, the incidents, accidents and developments of our last Presidential election imperiously call for the abolition of the Electoral Colleges and for the election of our Chief Magistrate and his alternate in some way directly by the vote of the people. In this view their attention cannot be too soon or too closely directed to the proposition of Mr. Morton and his Senatorial committee.

France—The Restoration of the Bourbons.

It does now begin to seem certain that France is once more to take her place among the monarchies of Europe. The "fusion" of Bourbon interests so often reported and so often contradicted seems to be an accomplished fact. The monarchists have agreed upon a platform, and the platform has been accepted by the Count de Chambord, who, in a few days from now, will, unless some unforeseen difficulty arises, be King of France. The Count, it seems, has been singularly liberal. All persons not disqualified by crime are to be eligible to civil employment. The suffrage is to be universal. Within certain limits the liberty of the press is to be guaranteed. The tri-color, it is said, is to be the national flag. On this last point, it is stated, there is some little difficulty, and mutual concessions are expected. It is quite manifest that De Chambord is not altogether indifferent to the throne. This programme, if it turns out to be correct, shows that the Count has made considerable sacrifices rather than lose his chance of sitting in the chair of St. Louis. It is not our opinion that France will be satisfied with any concessions which De Chambord can make. For the present, however, the majority in the Assembly are in favor of the monarchy, and the Assembly is strong enough to give effect to its wishes. The restoration of the monarchy does not mean peace. It will not be at all wonderful if some of us should live to see the old political circle repeated. De Chambord may give place to De Paris. De Paris may retire in favor of the Republic. The French people may then "crown the edifice" by electing an Emperor. On the 27th of the present month the Assembly, it is expected, will meet, and the strength of parties will be tested at once.

Are We to Have a New Arctic Expedition?—The Behring Strait Polar Gateway.

The restless spirit of geographic research is again agitating a new Polar expedition. Mr. Herbert Spencer tells us it is a law of human nature that a man caught once in a trap has a strange infatuation to be caught in it a second time; and certainly the history of Arctic adventure affords strong confirmation of Mr. Spencer's remark. When the great German explorer, Adolph Schlagintweit, who, with his accomplished brothers, scaled the loftiest pinnacles of the Thibetan Himalayas, was seized by a robber chief and beheaded in front of Kashgar, the tragedy seemed to paralyze the many schemes of Central Asian exploration. The sufferings of Mungo Park did not recruit the army of African explorers. But it seems that every fresh failure to find the Pole has provoked renewed zeal in that long tried undertaking. We are told that, under the pressure of those who desire new discoveries in the unconquered and mysterious land, where

> The earth is rock—the heaven
> The dome of a greater palace of ice,

the Navy Department is considering the project of a new Arctic expedition. What this may come to, in the present state of finances, does not now appear certain, although it is known that the most sagacious, practical and judicious officers of the navy favor the sending out of such an expedition.

While it is idle to oppose or thwart such an enterprise, since sooner or later it will be revived, it may be well to suggest anything likely to vary the disastrous experience of such research, and especially, if possible, to indicate safer lines of investigation than those which are already thick strewn with ruin and loss. The choice of a new route to the Pole seems now to be reduced to the route via Smith's Sound, or that which it is understood the Navy Department strongly favors, via Behring Strait. It seems hardly possible, after Mr. Leigh Smith's experience of the past summer, that future exploration will seek a Polar gateway through the icy seas and ice islands which cluster around Spitzbergen, so that, for the present, attention is riveted on the two first named lines. The first has been so much discussed recently that we need not dwell upon it, except to say that no other avenue has led the geographer to so high a latitude. But as the English government will doubtless have a powerful expedition to test that route in the spring of 1874, if the United States is then sending out a similar expeditionary party, it may be well to consider the Behring Strait route.

Although the mass of warm water which enters the circumpolar ocean through the channel of Behring Strait is not very large, it may be sufficient to destroy the summer ices north of that strait and open a partial way towards the Pole. It was said by Captain Sherrard Osborn, not long since, when speaking of the voyage of Captain McClure, that he had shown how "it is possible to set sail from Liverpool, and so, leaving Greenland on the right, skirt the great American Continent, leave Kamtchatka on the right and cast anchor in the waters of the Mikado." McClure's discovery of this open communication was undoubtedly proof that the warm waters of the Japan stream entering the Arctic Ocean through Behring Strait combined with melted ices of the continent to liquify and loosen the coast ice; and Judge Daly, of the Geographical Society, has expressed his conviction that it is this same body of water through Behring Strait which is found flowing eastward through Melville and Lancaster Sound, and finally emerging into Davis Strait. So far no researches have explained the absence of the Gulf Stream influence in the scene of Mr. Leigh Smith's recent voyage, and it is hard to explain it. The body of warm water drifted into the Polar basin by this Atlantic current must be many times as large as the Behring Strait current. What becomes of the former? Is it lost in the mid Arctic Ocean, or is it diverted, as Dr. Petermann and others contend, over towards the Siberian seas? If the latter be the true solution of the mysterious disappearance of the Gulf Stream in these high latitudes, then we may suspect its thermal effects would be most powerfully felt to the north of Behring Strait, where it would also combine with the Behring Strait warm stream.

Exploration alone can solve this problem, and as a geographical problem it has deeply interested some of the first minds of the world. The French government, just prior to the Prussian war, after hearing the gifted Gustave Lambert's reasoning, decided to test the Behring Strait route and, but for the sudden collapse of the Empire, in one of whose battles he fell, the experiment would doubtless have been made. It must be confessed that very strong reasons remain for giving preference to the Smith Sound route, if the mere object be to discover and reach the Pole. But the great ocean north of Behring Strait presents a more attractive field for new investigations of a scientific nature, and is, as yet, a *mare incognitum*, which has never been furrowed by any keel.

FATAL CATASTROPHE IN THE SPANISH NAVY.—By telegram from Madrid, under date of yesterday, we are informed that a very serious and fatal accident, or action as it may be, has occurred between two of the best known vessels of the Spanish navy engaged in insurrection against the Madrid government. The frigate Numancia ran into the war ship Fernando el Catolico and sunk her. Half of the crew, at least, of the unfortunate ship were drowned. A British despatch boat from Cartagena brought the news of the disaster to Alicante on Saturday, the 18th instant. It was stated in the Spanish capital that the Numancia fired into the Fernando el Catolico and sunk her as an act of disciplinary punishment for the latter having parted company and refused to obey signals ordering her to rejoin. This latter statement is not by any means improbable, in face of the fact that both vessels are just at present manned to a very great extent by convicts from the prisons of Spain, and that the men have been, naturally and from their previous course of life, exceedingly suspicious and distrustful of each other.

Walking.

There are many men in this city and throughout the land who, tired and overworked from a business too sedentary and exacting, either feel no benefit from the brief apology for a vacation they took in the summer, or who have had no vacation at all. None know better than these that their heads and bodies will do more and better work in eleven months if they can rest them the twelfth than they will in the whole twelve, with no rest at all; but circumstances have seemed to conspire to keep them forever at their treadmills. We would call the attention of all so situated to the fact that an excellent remedy yet remains—one very easy to be had—by which they may, even before the new year, get themselves into excellent condition. We mean simply walking. Of all the months in the twelve, October and November are the best fitted for this exercise. The roads are for most of the time in good order, the weather is bracing and invigorating, and the scenery in the country beautiful and variegated even as at no other season. A man could walk six miles any day last week, for instance, with scarcely more effort and more fatigue than three would have brought in the summer. Let every one who when evening comes finds himself fatigued and exhausted, either break away from his work an hour and a half or two hours before supper time, and spend it in vigorous walking wherever he likes, or, if he cannot do that, let him eat heartily at supper and take the same walk afterwards. For the first two or three days he may only seem to tire more, and to get but little benefit; but if he will stick to it only a day or two longer it will soon become less difficult, and the pleasant feeling of increasing strength which it brings will make him loath to stop what is plainly bringing him much good. Indeed, he will soon find that food he hardly cared for at all before goes uncommonly well now; that he goes to sleep immediately on retiring, and, sleeping throughout the night, awakens thoroughly refreshed and ready for the new day's work; that, somehow, it is easy to be agreeable and cheery; in short, that his whole system is quite toned up and strengthened. If nothing better than brick pavements can be had let him take brick pavements; but if he can reach the country road then all the better. The mere walk to and from work will not do, for a man's mind during such exercise is too likely to be on his work; but after it is over let him start away at such a pace that his legs will take the extra blood from his brain and make it so difficult to think protractedly that at last his brain will get a little of the rest it so much needs, while anything like nervousness and fever must shortly give way to healthy calm and quiet.

And if besides this daily constitutional he can capture an occasional Saturday, or, better yet, a Friday too, and stretch his legs over twenty-five, thirty or forty miles he will find Sunday such a day of rest as he had not before known and himself wondrously fresh and vigorous on Monday morning. That Americans need not be less rugged and sturdy than Englishmen each can bring instances from his own circle of acquaintance to prove; and if the life of these favored ones is looked into it will usually be found that sensible and systematic effort has had much to do with this valuable vigor. "The first wealth is health," says Emerson, and here, by the great majority of the overworked, it is to be had for the trying. All will recall how Dickens would have his six to ten miles daily, and see from this that the remark of the writer already quoted, that "for performance of great work it requires extraordinary health," holds good more broadly then he had thought. Every man under a hundred should have a pair of capital walking shoes, broad, stout and comfortable, and should use them until once he finds what true friends they are, and when he has once found that there is nothing more to fear, they will not stand all the day idle. All, both rich and poor, can afford our remedy, and if they fail to use it and benefit by it they need blame no one but themselves.

One-Sided Croquet in the Park.

Between the management of Central and Prospect Park there is the difference that the former is cared for in the light of a costly and delicate ornament, to be looked at and admired, but not to be touched or handled familiarly; while the latter, with an equal care bestowed upon rendering all its features pleasant and attractive to the eye, is also made available for purposes of healthful recreation—in other words is made useful and ornamental at one and the same time. Until the HERALD drew attention to the fact the game of croquet was prohibited on the lawns of Central Park, as though the grass were as delicate as the nap of a velvet carpet, and if once trodden upon would never lift its head of emerald brightness again. We are rejoiced to find that the Commissioners have seen fit to permit croquet on the lawns, and now the eye is gratified to see groups of fair young ladies, mallet in hand, enjoying themselves at this favorite outdoor pastime. This gives additional color and animation to the picture our beautiful Park presents at this season of the year. But the question one is tempted to ask in looking at these parties of sprightly young ladies scattered over the green is, Where are the gentlemen? Croquet was happily devised to bring both the sexes together. It is one of the few outdoor games at which they may play in partnership, and the ladies are sufficiently convinced that it means real amusement only when it is played in that fashion. The ladies certainly do not desire a monopoly of the sport, and the fair young players who may be seen these pleasant afternoons in the Park all alone at croquet would be the first to protest against the exclusion of gentlemen from a share in their enjoyment. We cannot believe there is any such absurd regulation in force as that croquet in the grounds of the Central Park must be confined to the ladies. If there be, it must be inferred that the Commissioners have an alarming idea of the size and weight of gentlemen's feet, or that the grass is of such a tender nature that none but sylphs—light and fairy-footed—can trample it with impunity. It might be said that gentlemen are not to be had, that they are as scarce as currency in the banks, and that the ladies are forced in consequence to amuse themselves alone. This can hardly be. The visitor to Prospect Park will see any of these days scores of both gentlemen and ladies engaged at croquet and having a very enjoyable time. Gentlemen of leisure are numerous enough in New York, and you can whistle off a regiment of them to the Park any day if the prospect of being invited to join a croquet party be given them. If the Commissioners are apprehensive that the grass may suffer from the style of boots now in use by the male sex they might modify the regulation, if there be any, and stipulate that the male players step out upon the green in carpet slippers. Much as the liberal concession of allowing croquet in the Park is prized, it will be considered but a half-hearted measure if both sexes are not permitted to share it.

Christian and Sectarian Sermons.

It is surprising how quickly the odor of the Evangelical Alliance has passed away and how ready the bloodhounds of sectarianism are to follow the trail and run it even to the death. We have to-day a Unitarian, a Methodist and a Rationalist agreeing that the Alliance was narrow and bigoted and did not measure up to the spirit or the letter of the Gospel. How easy it would have been for these critics to organize and "run" an Alliance that should embrace rationalists and free thinkers and Spiritualists and Mormons, and every other kind and class of creed or superstition or false faith! We all understand very well how much easier it is to run organizations and societies in theory than in fact, and how much better every man is fitted for this work than every other man to whom it may be entrusted. And in this faith men have tried to run newspapers, churches, political parties and many other things, and have met with what they least expected—utter failure.

Mr. Clarke, of Harlem, finds fault with the Alliance because it failed sadly in its treatment of science. The theologians were incompetent to deal with it. They feared it, forsooth, because every article in science clashes with every article in theology. "Geology cannot be harmonized with Genesis, and Darwinism explodes the tradition of the fall, and the doctrine of evolution annihilates the old idea of creative art out of nothing." These are, indeed, fine sounding phrases and may perhaps deceive the unwary. But if Genesis and geology will not harmonize (which has not yet been demonstrated), Genesis and Revelation do harmonize, and show that one Spirit guided the writers of the revealed Word from the beginning to the end. And this is the harmony which the Scriptures teach, and not that of Genesis and geology. And as we have read Darwinism and its treatment by Christian scholars it seems to us that Darwinism itself, and not the tradition of the fall, has been exploded. And Mr. Clarke, dealing with such a grave subject, should hardly have fallen into such an error as to call the theory or hypothesis of evolution a doctrine. It lacks every element of doctrine in its character. However much we might like to get rid of the ugly facts involved in the fall, we have fearful exemplifications of its existence in history and in daily life, and to those who deny the fall should be left the difficulty of solving the origin and existence of sin. What the Alliance failed to do, and what Christianity has hitherto failed to do, Mr. Clarke has faith to believe the Free Religion Association and Rationalism will accomplish. We admire his faith, but do not share it, and, judging by the gatherings at that association here last week, it will take eighteen thousand, instead of eighteen hundred, years ere it can accomplish a tithe of what Christianity has already accomplished in the world. A religion that can call forth no more enthusiasm than was there manifested can hardly have in it the vitality needed to make it a proselytizing power in the world.

Other points contained in Mr. Clarke's discourse were also treated by Dr. Wild, of Brooklyn. He asks the question, so ably answered last week by Dr. John Hall, What good has the Alliance done? And he finds that the good it has produced in the better understanding of its members and the increased charity among those who came together is counterbalanced by the narrowing of its door of entrance, by which many were excluded who were as good as those admitted. "Law, not love, was the door, and it would have been a much happier conference had they more faith and less bigotry." But it may be pertinent to ask, Would the admission of the excluded sects and individuals have increased the faith and lessened the bigotry of the Alliance? As this claim for a broader platform seems to us, it would bring in men of no faith and of no creed, and consequently men of a greater tendency to bigotry, to say the least, than the men who were in and who are acknowledged to have been men of faith. And, besides, the weight of historic evidence as well as of experience is in favor of creed organizations and against creedless ones. So that, ignoring the fact that the outsiders made no demand for admission or recognition, which they ought to have done ere they took up stones to stone the Alliance, the logic of their reasoning is at fault.

If the "religion of humanity" be what Mr. Frothingham represented it yesterday how absurd it would be for the Evangelical Alliance, which professes a religion for humanity not of humanity, to admit to its ranks and its deliberations leaders and representatives of the former! It consists in patriotism, love of family, love of forefathers, and is so "simple a thing that it requires no creed, no theology, no church, no prayers." And hence the conference of its representatives in Cooper Institute last week began and ended every session without prayer and without the least evidence whatever that it was a religious gathering at all. Every special religion, Mr. Frothingham thinks, is an idolatry—a worship of tools, the honor paid to ropes and pulleys. But amid all his theorizing Mr. Frothingham did not lose sight of his practical point, which he puts in the form of a query—"What is Protestantism doing for New York?" Let Protestantism answer, if it can.

Last Sabbath it was Mr. Beecher's turn to accuse Catholics with robbing God of his attributes and giving some to the Virgin and others to the Pontiff. Yesterday it was Dr. McGlynn's turn to denounce Mr. Beecher's language "as a horrid calumny against the fair spouse of Christ." The Doctor thinks Catholics simply follow God and honor her whom He has honored. But the imputation that they give Jehovah's prerogative to the Pope the Doctor characterizes as a "monstrous calumny," and he is very strongly of opinion that "God is in more danger of being robbed of his attri-

butes by a preacher and a congregation not many miles distant from Plymouth church" than He is of being robbed by Catholics. The millennium must be a great way off yet, else those eminent marshals of the Church of God would hardly be clutching each other's throats in this way.

Mr. Beecher contented himself yesterday with an essay on prayer, telling us what it is not as well as what it is, and using his two-edged sword against "regulation prayers" and the men who pray them. Prayer is not the evidence of want or beggary; it is rather an unfolding of the noblest part of the soul in its noblest duty—that of communion with God. "It is our best thought, our best sentiment, our best growth, our best aspirations, our best everything; and all answers to prayer are by a direct action upon the soul of the person praying." Mr. Beecher gave several reasons why men look at prayer from a low and sordid standpoint, which we commend to the attention of all whom it may concern.

Dr. Chapin, in as condensed and yet as comprehensive a form as it could be presented, set forth the principles by which our faith should be guided and our love called forth in cheerful obedience to God.

Dr. Bellows spent his time apparently arguing away the personality of the Holy Ghost and belittling His converting power on the hearts of men.

Dr. Wayland Hoyt has given us some tests whereby Christians may recognize themselves. And if any who read the HERALD to-day are in doubt on this point they should read this discourse.

Mr. Sweetser illustrated the truth that the sowing of evil seed will produce an evil harvest by the case of Edward Stokes, now for the third time on trial for his life.

Dr. Porter, of Brooklyn, recognizes revelation as the open door to heaven, and has an utter aversion to the religious teachings of free thinkers, against which he cautioned his people.

Dr. Cohen-Stuart, of Rotterdam, illustrated the way of salvation by the case of Paul and Silas with the Philippian jailor. "What shall I do? Believe in the Lord."

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

General K. S. Otori, of Japan, is registered at the Gilsey House.

Miss Clara Louise Kellogg has apartments at the Clarendon Hotel.

Senator John Scott, of Pennsylvania, is again at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Captain Ward, of the British Army, is quartered at the Brevoort House.

Major W. G. Huxford, United States Army, has quarters at the Windsor Hotel.

District Attorney N. C. Moak, of Albany, is registered at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Congressman C. D. McDougall, of Auburn, N. Y., is staying at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Cluseret and Gustave Courbet, the Communist artist, are moving about in Switzerland together.

Captain J. H. Merryman, of the United States Revenue service, is quartered at the Everett House.

D. C. Ellis, Superintendent of the Bank Department, has arrived at the Fifth Avenue Hotel from Albany.

Very stale reading—Western papers on the eve of a State election when the telegraph has anticipated results.

Chief Engineer John S. Damrell, of the Boston Fire Department, yesterday arrived at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

W. Oswald Charlton and Charles B. Robertson, of the British Legation, have apartments at the Clarendon Hotel.

General B. F. Butler arrived at the Fifth Avenue Hotel yesterday morning, and left in the evening for Philadelphia.

State Treasurer Cardozo, of South Carolina, is in this city on business connected with the financial affairs of his State.

The "Patrons of Husbandry" do not seem to have patronized either party very much in the late elections out West.

John A. Kasson, it is said, declines to be considered a candidate for the Speakership of the House. He is in favor of Blaine.

The Marquis de Noailles, the French Minister, and Count Swicykowski arrived at the Clarendon Hotel from Newport on Saturday.

Secretary of War Belknap, Senators Conkling, Edmunds and Norwood, and Congressman Merriam left the city last night for Washington.

General Van Buren, former United States Commissioner to the Vienna Exposition, arrived from Europe on Saturday on the steamship Cuba.

The Rev. R. Payne Smith, Dean of Canterbury, has arrived at the Brevoort House from Washington. He sails for England on Wednesday next in the steamship Cuba.

THE YELLOW FEVER.

SHREVEPORT, La., Oct. 19, 1873.

There were seven interments to-day.

Decrease in the Deaths at Memphis.

MEMPHIS, Oct. 19, 1873.

The weather is clear and cold, with a prospect of frost. The reports of visitors are good, and those of physicians favorable. Mayor Johnson is recovering. The extreme cold of last night and to-day and the great falling off in the death list make it certain that the scourge is yielding. The frost, which is sure to appear to-night and which will probably last several nights, will, it is hoped, relieve Memphis entirely of the affliction. The mortuary report shows seventeen deaths to-day from yellow fever and three from other causes.

YACHTING NOTE.

Yacht Dreadnaught, N.Y.Y.C., Mr. Stockwell, from New York for the eastward, passed Whitestone, L. I., yesterday.

THE STEAMSHIP AUSTRIAN AT HALIFAX.

HALIFAX, N. S., Oct. 19, 1873.

The steamship Austrian, from England and Newfoundland, arrived to-day. Hon. S. L. Tilley came as a passenger on her, as also did a number of French emigrants and miners.

A SECRET EXPEDITION INTO LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 19, 1873.

The Ozark, Governor Kellogg's naval steamer, with metropolitan police, with horses and accoutrements and two pieces of artillery, leave for Grant parish to-night. The object of the undertaking has not transpired.

NEW BRIDGE AT ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 19, 1873.

The Commission of United States Engineers, appointed by the War Department some time ago to examine and ascertain whether the bridge now in process of construction across the Mississippi River at this city will, when finished, obstruct navigation, have made an elaborate report, which is published to-day. They find that the bridge, as at present designed, will prove a very serious obstruction to navigation; and as it is impracticable to change the plans of the bridge or raise it, except at an enormous expense, they recommend a canal, or open cut, behind the eastern abutment of the bridge, 125 feet wide, extending from a point 500 feet above the bridge to 300 feet below it, with a draw of the same width.

They also recommend that arch trusses, like those of this bridge, be in future prohibited in plans for bridges over navigable streams.

NAVAL INTELLIGENCE.

The United States steamer Wyoming, Captain Cushing, was at Aspinwall October 9. All on board well.

Commodore Parrott was relieved on Saturday at the Boston Navy Yard by Commodore Nichols, who takes command of the Charlestown naval station.

Commander D. B. Harmony is ordered to command the Kearsarge, now at San Francisco.

SPAIN.

Sudden and Fatal Naval Catastrophe in the Insurgent Fleet.

The Fernando el Catolico Sunk by the Numancia.

HALF OF THE CREW DROWNED.

Accident or an Act of Discipline?

Alicante Threatened by Insurgent Naval Requisitionists.

TELEGRAMS TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

MADRID, Oct. 19, 1873.

A British despatch boat, from the harbor of Cartagena, arrived at Alicante last evening, with the news that the insurgent frigate Numancia ran into the Fernando el Catolico and sunk her.

Over half of the crew of the latter were drowned.

The catastrophe is attributed to the inexperience of the officers.

ANOTHER REPORT.

Another version of the affair is current here.]

It is reported that the Numancia fired into and sunk the Fernando el Catolico because she parted company with and refused to obey signals to rejoin the former.

The Minister of Marine On Active Duty.

MADRID, Oct. 19, 1873.

The Minister of the Marine has resumed command in person of the squadron at Gibraltar, which sailed yesterday for Cartagena.

THE COMMAND OF THE ARMY OF THE NORTH.

General Moriones will probably soon retire from the command of the Army of the North on account of bad health.

Alicante In Danger From Insurgent Naval Action.

MADRID, Oct. 19, 1873.

The insurgent squadron from Cartagena was sighted off Alicante on Saturday night.

As part of the troops have been withdrawn from the town, there are fears that it will be unable to resist in case requisitions are made by the insurgents.

The Loss of the War Ship Fernando el Catolico Confirmed—English Sailors at the Scene of the Disaster.

MADRID, Oct. 20—5 A. M.

The report of the sinking of the frigate Fernando el Catolico is confirmed.

It is believed that all on board were lost, although it was reported at first that many took to the boats.

The sailors of the British squadron have been searching the waters where the frigate went down and have recovered five bodies.

Contreras' Junta in Council on Shipboard—The Object of the Movement Not Known.

LONDON, Oct. 20—5 A. M.

A special despatch to the London *Times* from Cartagena says Contreras and a majority of the members of the Junta are on board the insurgent fleet, which was seen off Alicante.

The fleet did not stop at the latter port, but proceeded northward.

The opinion at Cartagena is that it is attempting to escape to some place on the coast of Africa; but Contreras gave out that he was going in search of the government squadron.

FRANCE.

Caucus Strategy of the Parliamentist Parties—M. Thiers Politically Hopeful—The Question of the Monarchy.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

PARIS, Oct. 19, 1873.

The republicans are working with great activity and energy to counteract the designs of the monarchists.

Ex-President Thiers, in conversation with friends yesterday, spoke confidently of the result.

PARTY CAUCUS AND THE QUESTION OF THE MONARCHY.

The Deputies of the Extreme Left hold a meeting on Monday and the moderate republicans on Tuesday.

They will probably unite in proposing to the Assembly that the question of restoration of royalty be referred to the commission which is charged to report on constitutional laws.

GERMANY.

Bismarck and the Emperor William in Council at Vienna—The Prince Chancellor and the Prussian Cabinet.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

VIENNA, Oct. 19, 1873.

Prince Bismarck arrived here to-day, and has since been in close conference with the Emperor William of Germany.

A change in the Prussian Cabinet is rumored, and it is not improbable that the Prince will resume his position as President of the Ministry of State, in place of General Von Roon.

SWITZERLAND.

The War of the Churches and 'Cross Border Fire of the Theologians—Pere Hyacinthe's Domestic Congregation.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

GENEVA, Oct. 19, 1873.

The Most Rev. Pontifical Bishop Mermillod, from across the French frontier, has issued an interdict against the three curés recently chosen by the Old Catholics of this city, prohibiting their exercise of religious functions.

PULPIT AGAINST PRELACY.

Père Hyacinthe to-day delivered a powerful sermon, in which he took occasion to deny M. Mermillod's authority and refute the assumptions of his interdict.

A PRIESTLY PARENT.

The wife of Père Hyacinthe to-day gave birth to a son.

CONSECRATION OF THE ARCHDIOCESE OF BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 19, 1873.

The consecration of the archdiocese of Baltimore to the Sacred Heart of Jesus took place today at the Cathedral, with the most solemn and imposing ceremonies. Archbishop Bayley celebrated Pontifical high mass, assisted by a number of deacons and clergymen. Rev. William Wayrich preached the sermon. While the solemn ceremonies were taking place in Baltimore the same service was also celebrated by 173 Catholic churches in various parts of the State and sixteen in the District of Columbia belonging to this archdiocese.

A DISFRANCHISED CANDIDATE.

Colonel Hughes, the Republican Gubernatorial Nominee of Virginia, Ineligible.

Conveying a Challenge to Fowler, of Bristol, Tenn., in 1870.

THE DUELLO CORRESPONDENCE.

Clarkson and Hughes "Posted," but No Battle.

Another Nomination Expected by the Administration Party.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19, 1873.

The following special correspondence to the HERALD has just been received at this Bureau from the borders of Tennessee:—

BRISTOL, Tenn., Oct. 19, 1873.

The present political campaign in Virginia is virtually ended, that is to say, as far as Colonel Robert W. Hughes, the radical candidate for Governor, is concerned. The announcement from this point may seem very strange. It will be remembered that at the time of his nomination at Lynchburg an attempt was made by his conservative opponents to prove him disfranchised by the fact of his having fought a duel in North Carolina with William Cameron, of the Petersburg *Index*, in which Cameron was wounded and came near losing his life. After considerable argument this question was dropped, as it appeared that the duel occurred before the adoption of the constitution which specifically prohibited duelling. The fact of this agitation seemed to have squelched all mention of a subsequent affair of honor in which Colonel Hughes acted as a second for the friend who had filled a similar position for him in the Cameron duel. This fact was substantially known among the opponents of Hughes early in the campaign, but for various reasons the conservatives of Virginia failed to make them public. Your correspondent left Washington for this point on Thursday night and arrived here yesterday morning to procure all the facts respecting Hughes' ineligibility. The town of Bristol is partly in Virginia and partly in Tennessee, and has often been the scene of desperate conflicts.

MR. ELBERT FOWLER

is a young man of much prominence in Bristol, the editor of the Bristol *News*, a newspaper of sprightliness, and he is himself very bold in his declarations. From the correspondence which is herewith sent, it can be readily seen how he aroused the ire of Colonel Clarkson, and how Colonel Robert W. Hughes was involved as the conveyor of a challenge to fight a duel. Colonel Clarkson is a man well known as a duellist, or rather as a man in favor of duelling as a mode for settling difficulties, and he has been engaged in several affairs of honor, most prominent among which may be mentioned the duel between Colonel Hughes and Mr. Cameron, in which he acted as second. He has killed one man and chastised several others. On my arrival in Bristol I found Mr. Fowler absent, and upon inquiry learned of the publication of the full correspondence bearing upon the subject by him. After some trouble I succeeded in obtaining a copy of the correspondence, which took place in 1870. The Bristol *News* occupies the office of an ordinary country newspaper, and when its proprietor could not be found I searched the town for the "next best man," who represents Mr. Fowler, and on making known the purpose of my visit to Bristol he wondered that the loyal Virginians had not discovered Mr. Hughes' weak point long ago.

"It is true, then," I asked, "that Colonel Hughes was really the bearer of a *bona fide* challenge, which, under the Virginia State constitution, debars him from holding office in the event of his election as Governor?"

The answer which the rural gentleman made, but who requested his name should not be mentioned, as he had nothing whatever to do with the matter, was to this effect:—

"I will give you access to the files of the Bristol *News* of July 22, 1870, which contains all the information you desire."

In the paper of the date mentioned I found the entire correspondence which was faithfully copied, and the wonder is that the administration has allowed itself to be so badly imposed upon as to permit an ineligible nominee to disaffect the republican party in Virginia. The first point to be settled is was Colonel Hughes actually disfranchised?

THE STATE PROHIBITION.

The following is the article of the constitution which affects the case in point:—

SECTION 3—ARTICLE 3.—*Elective Franchise and Qualifications for Office.*—No person who, while a citizen of this States, has, since the adoption of this constitution, fought a duel with a deadly weapon, sent or accepted a challenge to fight a duel with a deadly weapon, either within or beyond the boundaries of this State, or knowingly conveyed a challenge, or aided or assisted in any manner in fighting a duel, shall be allowed to vote or hold any office of honor, profit or trust under this constitution.

Pursuant to this provision of the organic law the General Assembly of the State of Virginia, at its session of 1869-70, passed an act, which was approved, providing as to the offence, in the words of the constitution, that any citizen of Virginia who, after the twenty-sixth day of January, 1870, committed this offence, should be liable to all the pains and penalties named by the constitution. On the fifteenth day of July, 1870, after the constitution had been adopted and officially promulgated, the following article appeared in the Bristol *News*:—

THE INSULT.

Dr. PETER J. HALE:

It will be seen from the letter of General Jackson, which appears elsewhere, that Dr. Peter J. Hale, alias Dr. Peter S. Hale, is simply a swindler. He has been about Bristol a great deal lately, and brought to us a letter of introduction from Colonel Thomas I. Flournoy, which, like those presented to others, was a forgery. He claims to be a nephew of General Jubal A. Early, and hails from Franklin County. He is said by those who know him to be an accomplished scoundrel, and the matter is easily explained when we learn that he is a relative of Saltworks-whiskey-ring Clarkson.

On the publication of this paragraph Colonel John N. Clarkson, who is the party alluded to at the end of the article, got grievously indignant. He is the uncle of Dr. Peter Y. Hale, and could not permit such an allusion to go unnoticed. Colonel Clarkson was a colonel in the confederate army during the war, figured prominently in Western Virginia as a cavalry commander, and has always had the reputation of being a high toned gentleman. His offended honor was aroused. Satisfaction must be had, and to that end, under the *code duello*, he addressed the following letter to Mr. Fowler, which is the beginning of a correspondence which, as already stated, must end Colonel Hughes' aspirations for Gubernatorial honors in "Old Virginny:"—

THE "HONOR" CORRESPONDENCE.

SIR—My friend, Colonel R. W. Hughes, will confer with you on the subject of your insulting allusion to me in your paper of this date, and is authorized to act for me in this affair. Respectfully,

JOHN N. CLARKSON.

JULY 15, 1870.

To Mr. FOWLER.

DOESN'T UNDERSTAND IT.

BRISTOL, Tenn., July 15, 1870.

Colonel JNO. N. CLARKSON:—

Your note of this date has been handed me by Colonel R. W. Hughes, and in reply I have to request you to state for which of the Fowlers it was intended, and state the objectionable language referred to with your desire in regard to the same. This note will be handed to you by my friend, M. L. Blackley, to whom you can deliver your reply. Respectfully,

ELBERT FOWLER.

CLARKSON WANTS SATISFACTION.

JULY 15, 1870.

SIR—Your note of this date has been handed me by your friend, Mr. M. L. Blackley. In reply to your first question—to which of the Fowlers my note was addressed—I answer that it was to the one who is responsible for the article in the *News* to which I alluded. My answer to your second question is, that the entire article is offensive in its allusion to me. My reply to your last question is that I require that reparation due under circumstances so well understood by all.

JOHN N. CLARKSON.

BRISTOL, Tenn., July 15, 1870—9 P. M.

Colonel JOHN N. CLARKSON:—

In reply to your second note I will say that I am responsible for the article in the Bristol *News* of this morning which you decline to quote, but to which you refer. I have no apology. Respectfully,

ELBERT FOWLER.

JULY 16, 1870.

SIR—Your note of last night declining any other reparation for your wanton insult leaves me no other alternative than to ask a meeting, for which my friend Colonel Hughes is authorized to arrange. Respectfully,

JOHN N. CLARKSON.

To Mr. ELBERT N. FOWLER.

A REFUSAL TO FIGHT.

BRISTOL, Tenn., July 16, 1870.

Colonel JOHN N. CLARKSON:—

Your note of this date has been handed me. The laws of my State, my Church and my God, and my respect forcivilization, forbid me granting you the proposed meeting. I will be found at my office on Main street daily, from ten o'clock A. M. until five o'clock P. M. Respectfully,

ELBERT FOWLER.

The correspondence given above was published over Mr. Fowler's signature in pamphlet form, in order to supply the demand which it called forth at the time of the difficulty upon his refusal to fight Colonel Clarkson. The latter notified him that he would post him at the Virginia House, and upon this point the following appears in the pamphlet already alluded to:—

Two days after I published him as a scoundrel, though he knew his code required him to post on Main street, and was so advised by his second, Colonel R. W. Hughes. Fortified by a double-barrelled shot gun and a bottle of whiskey, and hedged by the hoop skirts of women and children that were on the porch almost the entire day; flanked, guarded and sheltered by columns, pilasters of the porch which fronted his private room, this arch coward proceeded to pin the child of his fancy,

THE FIRE-FLY OF A DECEASED BRAIN.

to the porch, which, though a public hotel, is private property. From the time he arrived until the time he departed he ventured not from his fortifications at the hotel. To have posted on Main street, as his code required, might have cost him his life and stained the flagstones with the meanest blood in Virginia. He came fifteen miles to make me retract an article that I reiterate. He sought a meeting and kept himself a quarter of a mile from me, though notified where to find me. He demanded reparation and was denied an apology. He avowed his intention of shooting me if found on the street, and was careful not to come on the streets. He asserted that he could not find me to get a shot, and fearing that he was paralyzed, I walked a quarter of a mile, and placed myself in front of him at an easy pistol range, that he could have

A FAIR CHANCE TO SHOOT,

as he had asserted he would. I walked across the open ground between the head of Cumberland street and the *Express* office, unattended, and, for aught he could see, unarmed, and Colonel R. W. Hughes called his attention to my presence. Fearing that he was near-sighted, I passed down the gravel walk leading to Thompson's, and stood for five minutes within less than forty measured paces of him, and then advanced to within less than thirty paces. He cannot say that he did not see me, for the field was unobstructed, his second pointed me out and his surgeon told him my business. While he stood nervous and excited, with his hand on his pistol, watching me."

This much Mr. Fowler published in his paper, as above stated, over his own signature, and a good deal more, but not particularly bearing upon Colonel R. W. Hughes' connection with the transaction. Some subsequent correspondence took place, which proves that a hostile meeting was intended, and that Colonel Hughes was the bearer of a challenge tending to that end. Colonel Clarkson, through the columns of the Lynchburg *Republican*, gave the correspondence alluded to, and added the following to Mr. Fowler's second note which he called "Number Four:"—

In delivering Number Four Mr. Blackley said the friend whom Mr. Fowler desired to go upon the field with him was expected in the next morning's train.

Mr. Fowler denied this, and a correspondence between his friend Mr. Blackley and Colonel Clarkson's friend *pro tem.* ensued, proving that Mr. Fowler's friend had not made such a remark. Mr. Walthall had been sent for to take the place of Colonel Hughes, and remained with Clarkson until Hughes could go to Abingdon and return, which makes his connection with a contemplated duel undisputed. Mr. Walthall declined to take Colonel Hughes' place, but remained a quasi friend and witness. That Colonel Hughes conveyed the challenge is not denied, and the correspondence quoted proves it conclusively. The pamphlet of Mr. Fowler was very attainable twelve months ago, but it has of late disappeared almost entirely through some mysterious agency.

THE QUESTION OF HUGHES' DISFRANCHISEMENT

admits of no doubt, and the republican party of Virginia are placed in rather an embarrassing position in regard to their standard bearer. The disability under which he rests is a constitutional one and cannot be removed by the Legislature, only by a majority vote of the "electors qualified for members of the General Assembly." It is believed by those thoroughly informed that Colonel Hughes will withdraw from the contest, and the State Republican Executive Committee will be compelled to

NOMINATE SOME ONE IN HIS STEAD.

The election comes off on the 4th of November, which will hardly allow the republicans time to change front successfully. The mysterious part of the business is, why Colonel Hughes should have permitted his name to be used under such circumstances. Clarkson and Hughes are intimate personal friends, but it is generally understood Clarkson is politically opposed to him, although he has made no revelation tending to this exposure. I found that the subject of Hughes' awkward position was freely discussed in Bristol, and many queries were made as to why the Virginia press had not taken hold of this matter long ago.

In the southwestern part of Virginia I found Kemper's strength was very great, and, regardless of the constitutional objection to Hughes' election, the people of this section were confident Kemper would be elected by a larger majority than even Walker had in 1869.

WEATHER REPORT.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 20—1 A. M.

Probabilities.

For Monday, in the Gulf States and interior of the South Atlantic States, clear, cold weather, with northwesterly winds.

For the South Atlantic coast clear and clearing weather, westerly winds and lower temperature

FOR THE MIDDLE STATES, NORTHEAST TO NORTHWEST WINDS, WITH CLOUDS AND RAIN, CLEARING AWAY ON MONDAY NIGHT.

For the New England coast, increasing easterly winds, clouds and rain.

For the lower lakes northeasterly winds, backing to northwest, with cloudy and rainy weather, clearing away in the afternoon.

For the Ohio Valley and upper lakes, clear weather, with light winds, mostly from the northwest.

Cautionary signals continue at Wilmington, Norfolk and Cape May, and are ordered for New York, New Haven, New London, Wood's Hole, Boston and Baltimore.

The Weather in This City Yesterday.

The following record will show the changes in the temperature for the past twenty-four hours in comparison with the corresponding day of last year, as indicated by the thermometer at Hudnut's Pharmacy, HERALD Building:—

	1872.	1873.		1872.	1873.
3 A. M.	46	61	3:30 P. M.	56	68
6 A. M.	47	63	6 P. M.	51	65
9 A. M.	50	65	9 P. M.	46	65
12 M.	55	67	12 P. M.	41	66

Average temperature yesterday........ 65
Average temperature for corresponding date last year........ 49

OHIO ELECTION.

The Election of a Democratic Governor Conceded.

COLUMBUS, Oct. 19, 1873.

Both parties now concede the election of Allen (democrat) by between 600 and 700 majority. Some few democrats still hope to figure out the election of Burns as Lieutenant Governor, but there is little doubt that the republicans have elected their whole State ticket with the exception of Governor. Official returns have as yet been received from only thirty-six counties.

DUTCHESS COUNTY DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Oct. 19, 1873.

The democrats of the First district of Dutchess county have renominated Mr. James Mackin for the Assembly.

THE DUTCH ELEPHANT.

The War Against the Acheenese.

A Fleet of Thirty Steamers and 15,000 Men Expected at Padang.

PADANG, Sumatra, August 15, 1873.

Our small settlement shows signs of the approaching military expedition to Acheen in arrivals of troops, erection of temporary Bamboo barracks and in the receipts of various military stores and ammunition. We are to have at Padang some 4,000 troops, of whom about 1,500 have already arrived and the remainder will soon follow. The second expedition to Acheen will leave in October and will consist of a fleet of

THIRTY SHIPS AND STEAMERS

and 12,000 to 15,000 men, and there is no doubt here as to the result. There will, probably, be hard fighting on the first landing, and perhaps some heavy loss of life on our side, as in the first expedition; but the Acheenese will soon find out that they cannot stand against our mitrailleuses and Beaumont breech loaders. We shall soon have telegraphic communication with Singkel, near the southwest frontier coast line of Acheen, which has been hurriedly constructed by government to get the quickest news from Acheen to headquarters at Batavia. The line is now working to Fort de Kock, and it is reported that we can also communicate by wire as far as Bondjol.

COMMERCIAL.

Engineers are now surveying the country between this town and the Ombilien coal fields, via Boengaes and Salok, with the ulterior object of running a line of sails to these valuable coal districts.

The Sumatra coffee crop of 1874 will not be much larger than last year—that is, say 100,000 piculs; and it is doubtful if the government sale reaches 30,000 piculs. Not many years ago this sale used to consist of 50,000 a 60,000 piculs. The agency of the Dutch Trading Company are experimenting with a coffee plantation near the Lake of Singkava, which will cost 300,000 or 400,000 guilders, perhaps more, before any results are obtained; but it may yield a large produce in a few years, and such a wealthy company does not care for an outlay of a few hundred thousand guilders. Business is dull and produce scarce.

OBITUARY.

Edmund L. Morton, Commodore New Jersey Yacht Club.

On the evening of October 15, while returning from a regatta of the club, the yacht Julia, of which Commodore Morton was in command, was run into by the ferryboat James Fisk, belonging to the Erie Railroad Company, and the Commodore drowned, all the others on board being saved. He was last seen standing up, endeavoring to "fend off" and lighten the shock of the colliding boats, and whether the jar of the collision knocked him over, or the boom of his own vessel struck him, or the paddle wheel of the ferryboat rendered him senseless, is not known, but he disappeared in the gloom of the night and forever. The Commodore was the second son of Captain Charles F. Morton, United States Army, an officer during the war of 1812, and grandson of General Jacob Morton, very well known to the old residents of New York.

During the late rebellion Commodore Morton served as second officer of the United States gunboat Naugatuck, and was with her during the whole time of her service off City Point. In his business relations he was prompt, active and beloved by all who came in contact with him; and his urbane and genial manners and disposition will render his loss very greatly felt, not only in his own home, but generally throughout the city of Hoboken. The New Jersey Club in the death of Commodore Morton will lose a stanch friend, as he was one of the leading spirits of the organization, a thorough yachtsman, and to whose energy and skill no little of the glory of the club is rightly attributable. Commodore Morton was a vestryman of Trinity Episcopal church, Hoboken, and displayed the same zeal in church affairs that he applied to all the other concerns of life.

LITERARY CHIT-CHAT.

IN FERGUSON'S "Rude Stone Monuments" he undertakes a reconstruction of his great work on architecture, on which he is laboriously working. The next volume to be published will be "The Modern History of Architecture," in which the public buildings of the United States will, for the first time, be placed in comparison with those of other nations.

THE HISTORY of the Second North German Polar Expedition, in 1869–70, by the ships Germania and Hansa, edited and condensed by H. W. Bates, will soon appear in London.

A FULL REPORT of the proceedings of the Evangelical Alliance, with speeches and addresses complete, under the editorship of Dr. Philip Schaff, will be published by Harper & Bros. It will probably make an octavo of at least a thousand pages.

THE LONDON *Athenæum* is now printing M. About's letters to that journal on the current literary news of Paris, in the original French.

MISS THACKERAY is publishing a second series of "Modern Fairy Tales" in the *Cornhill*. She turns the beans for which Jack sells his mother's cow into shares in the *Excelsior* newspaper, an organ for the agricultural laborers.

JACQUENART'S great work, "The History of Ceramic Art, a Descriptive Study of the Potteries of all Times and Nations," has been translated into English and will soon appear in London, with over 1,000 illustrations.

CARLETON is shortly to issue "Bill Arp's Peace Papers."

A SKETCH of the life of the painter Copley, who was born in Boston in 1737, and went to England permanently in 1774, has been written by Mr. Aug. T. Perkins. The book contains a list of over 200 pictures, mostly portraits painted by him in this country, with minute descriptions of each, and will be published by James R. Osgood & Co.

NEW PUBLICATIONS RECEIVED.

From Dodd & Mead:—"Against the stream," by the author of the "Schonberg-Cotta Family;" "Hester Morley's Promise," by Hesba Stretton; "The Character of St. Paul," by J. S. Howson, D. D.; "Crooked Places," by Edward Garrett.

From D. & J. Sadlier:—"Our Lady of Lourdes," by Henri Lasserre; "Catholicity and Pantheism," by Rev. J. de Concilio; "Bible History," by Rev. J. O'Leary, D. D.

From J. B. Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia:—"Violet Lee and Other Poems," by Mrs. S. L. Oberholtzer; "Marcus Blair," by Caleb E. Wright.

From Harper & Brothers:—"The Story of Earth and Man," by J. W. Dawson, LL. D., F. R. S.; "The Two Widows," a novel, by Annie Thomas.

From Smythe & Co., Columbus, Ohio:—"Wild Thoughts in Rhyme," by Arnold Isler.

From A. S. Barnes & Co.:—"Analytical Geometry," by W. G. Peek.

KILLED WITH A CLUB.

A Man's Skull Crushed by His Brother-in-Law.

Charles Schwabb and Phillip Baker were brothers-in-law and worked in a carpenter shop in Fifth street, although they were both natives and residents of Laurel Hill, L. I. Saturday afternoon they became engaged in a quarrel in an outhouse connected with the shop, and, after the usual interchange of flattering epithets, Schwabb struck Baker a powerful blow, felling him to the floor. On getting up Baker seized a club and dealt Schwabb a blow on the head with such force as to fracture the skull. The injured man was found by the police lying on the sidewalk and he was taken up and removed to the station house and from there to Bellevue Hospital, where he died at six o'clock last evening. It was at first supposed that Schwabb had fallen against the curbstone, and injured himself while in a state of intoxication, but during the afternoon of yesterday the above information was given to the police and last evening an officer arrested Baker and locked him up to await the action of the Coroner.

PRINTING CLOTHS MARKET.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 18, 1873.

The printing cloths market is irregular; sales light; wide margin between prices for cash and on time; sales of the past week, 33,000 pieces extra 6-4s at from 5½c. net cash to 6½c. thirty days.

LOOKING FOR THE EASTERLY CURRENT.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19, 1873

Two amateur balloonists, Austin and Clough, made an ascension yesterday, hunting for the easterly current. They found one which took them three miles out to sea off Golden Gate, where the balloon came down and dragged a long distance in the water. A boat's crew rescued the young men. The balloon went up again, and when last seen was flying northward without any passengers in the basket.

Died.

ROSS.—At Plainfield, N. J., on Saturday morning, October 18, 1873, JANE BERTINE, widow of William S. Ross, formerly of New York city, in the 78th year of her age.

Her relatives and friends and those of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Eliza J. Westfield, Front street, Plainfield, N. J., on Tuesday, October 21, at twelve M. Train leaves foot of Liberty street at a quarter past ten, and conveyances will be at Plainfield depot on arrival of same.

[For Other Deaths See Ninth Page.]

Phalon's Vitalia has Acquired an ExTENSIVE POPULARITY, and it can always be relied upon as a means of restoring to gray hair its original color. ALL UNCLEANLY SUBSTANCES incorporated with the ordinary colorings are excluded. It has no sediment. PHALON'S HAIR INVIGORATOR NOURISHES the hair and dresses it BEAUTIFULLY. These, also PHALON'S NIGHT-BLOOMING CEREUS, are sold by all druggists.

A.—For a Superb Dress or Business Hat go direct to the manufacturer, ESPENSCHEID, 118 Nassau street.

A Positive Cure Guaranteed in All Skin Diseases by Dr. VANDYKE. Office (Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday), No. 6 West Sixteenth street.

A.—Remarkable Testimony to the value of the ELASTIC TRUSS, 683 Broadway, is found in the fact that it has annihilated metal spring trusses absolutely, so that the finger pad fellows steal the name and sell bogus elastic trusses, worthless "band" trusses and "rupture belts" to ignorant persons.

At This Season of the Year Coughs, colds, hoarseness and other affections of the throat and lungs prevail. Mme. PORTER'S COUGH BALSAM is a most valuable remedy. It has been in use over thirty years.

Don't Buy an "Elastic Truss" Till You have seen POMEROY'S; price $3. 744 Broadway, New York.

Exercise, Health, Amusement.—I. WOOD'S GYMNASTIC ACADEMY, Twenty-eighth street, near Fifth avenue. Turkish Bath, Boxing and Fencing Departments open day and evening. Call for circular.

Have Your Coats, Pants and Vests dyed LORD'S elegant shade of dark brown, black or blue-black. Offices, 650 and 934 Broadway, 111 Eighth av.

Havana Lottery.—We Sold the $500,000 in the Extraordinary Drawing, April 22. Circulars sent. Information given. J. B. MARTINEZ, 10 Wall st. Box 4,685 Post office, New York.

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THE NEW YORK FIRESIDE COMPANION,
containing the first of
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NEW HUMOROUS LETTERS.
SOMETHING RICH.

Royal Havana Lottery.—Information furnished; orders filled; circulars sent free on application; Spanish bank bills and governments purchased.
TAYLOR & CO., Bankers,
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The November SCRIBNER, which begins a new volume, also begins a splendid series of papers.
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By Edward King, with illustrations by Chapney. These papers, which will be of even more than national interest, will be continued through the year, though each will be complete in itself.
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THREE HISTORICAL PAPERS;
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by the greatest of living English historians,
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KATHERINE EARLE—a Love Story, by Miss Trafton, which opens charmingly with a scene in which "The heroine makes an awkward little bow."
A Novelette, EARTHEN PICTURES, by Mrs. Davis, in which an English magazinist is introduced. These Novelettes are to be a distinctive feature of SCRIBNER'S for the coming year.
There are also SHORT STORIES by Mrs. Moulton and Edward King, with illustrations; POEMS by Celia Thaxter, Richard Watson Gilder, MacDonald, Miss Preston and others.
THE STORY OF A TELESCOPE, with illustrations, tells of the splendid new government telescope at Washington.
Then we have A PORTRAIT AND SKETCH of one of our own poets, Edmund Clarence Stedman, by MacDonough, and a Critique, by Stedman, of one of England's greatest poets, Mrs. Browning.
Dr. Holland gives "GREETING TO OUR ENGLISH READERS," replies to "THE NEW YORK OBSERVER," and talks of "OLD TYPES."
HOME AND SOCIETY is charming as ever, CULTURE and PROGRESS and NATURE and SCIENCE are able and interesting. The Etching is
"A FORLORN HOPE."
No single number of any magazine ever issued on either side of the Atlantic has presented equal attractions. We call attention anew to the merits of the recent numbers of
SCRIBNER'S MONTHLY.
The ablest English critics have repeatedly declared SCRIBNER'S superior to the English magazines. This new enterprise of presenting THE SOUTH of to-day, by pen and pencil to our own countrymen, and to European eyes, is the greatest and most expensive ever entered upon by any monthly. It has produced a demand for a special edition of the Magazine abroad; and we venture to hope from our own countrymen, for these papers, which have been prepared with the utmost care and candor, a careful and thoughtful reading.

On the 25th of the present month we shall issue
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DOCTRINE AND DOUBT.

Polemic War Breaking Out in the Pulpits.

The Guns of Godliness Turned Against Each Other.

Dr. McGlynn's Reply to Beecher's Alleged Calumnious Charges Against Catholicism.

"Thou Shalt Not Bear False Witness Against Thy Neighbor."

The Awful Alliance Ruthlessly Attacked.

"DYSPEPSICAL AND OF FALSE BIRTH."

More Faith and Less Bigotry Wanted in the World.

REVELATION THE DOOR OF HEAVEN.

The Free Religionists and Their Fault Finding.

PRAYER PSYCHOLOGICAL

Stokes as a Warning For the Youthful Sowers of "Wild Oats."

CHURCH OF THE DIVINE PATERNITY.

Doctor Chapin on the Love of God—Faith, Obedience and Reliance—Education of the Young—Morality of the Times.

A very large and fashionable congregation assembled at the usual Sabbath services in the Church of the Divine Paternity, Fifth avenue and Forty-fifth street, yesterday forenoon. Dr. Chapin took his text from Ephesians, v., 1—"Be ye therefore followers of God," &c.

The reverend preacher commenced by saying that there was a connection between the words quoted and the closing chapter of the preceding epistle in which Christian brethren were urged to be kind to one another even as children. This special quality of love was most truly in imitation of God. We are at liberty to understand that man has a likeness or spiritual relation to his Maker. The text is the end of true religion. The whole volume of precept and doctrine is contained in this one verse. Religion, which is often regarded as a mysterious affair, rests on reason. Its practical result is to be followers of Christ. In the highest point of achievement man has attained he resembles what he was in his primitive condition. Take man's idea of Nature. Nature was at first considered one concrete whole. As he advanced the general scheme broke and dissolved into parts, each separate from one another. Next man had conception of their elements, and certainly he can push his inquiries still further and no one has a right to say "So far can you go and no further."

HUMAN KNOWLEDGE IS SMALL

in comparison with the infinite and eternity. When pursuit is made to the bounds of mystery man discovers things that cannot be comprehended, but which are not contrary to reason. Philosophers may argue that he can advance no longer in clear light, but the entire progress only reaches the point of making man like unto children. We know that a child has little understanding; it takes a good deal on trust; it rests confidently in its mother's arms and looks into its father's face for safety and protection. Matured man, possessing intelligence, experience and knowledge, confronts the realities of life. He cannot, he thinks, safely sacrifice his experience. His reason asserts itself, and unlike the child protected by God and who also protects him, man shatters his faith because it does not satisfy his limited understanding. In reality at this point he again becomes a child. He believes in truth, but does not possess confidence. He is satisfied to see the unveiling of God's justice and wisdom, and when he accepts assistance man is enabled to receive the gift of faith.

CREDULITY OR SUPERSTITION

was condemned by Dr. Chapin. Things exist that are not seen. The end of faith, the magnetic points that charge our lives, give us at the darkest moments the light that leads to truth and hope. Without faith we become utterly despondent and sink into the gulf of despair. There is a higher and nobler good attainable which the Christian accepts and which makes him happy. The reverend doctor next described the infant's love which man should unite with faith in a Heavenly Father, who works by love towards His children in this world. Love is not an abstraction; it must be due to a person; something that comes into blessed sympathy with us. It is manifested in Christ, who gave Himself up for us on the cross. The universe is our Father's house. The earth which He created is our transitory dwelling place. This is the proper feeling for all men. Obedience as a necessary Christian quality was next touched upon by the preacher. Where faith and love truly exist there will be obedience. Without them it cannot be present. It ought not to come into the heart by fear or by

THE CRACK OF A THUNDERBOLT.

In whom we believe and love we have trust and reliance. In all our grand successes in science and art we should be wise enough to realize only our limited comprehension and trust in God as a child does in his parents. In every condition of this life we are but children. In our widest visions, in our loftiest and noblest emotions, after all we must understand that our final reliance is in religion. With this trust we cannot know sin, sorrow or disappointment. The inspired text unfolds a good deal about nature, but withholds a good deal. In the efforts to solve the problem of nature some grow weary and some grow awed. Its proper solution is that man is the child of God. His love for man is always tender and its springs always fresh and young. The edifice of the world, as planned by God, is a symbol of living faith and an anthem of His love and goodness.

THE WORLD IS NO WORSE THAN IT WAS,

and, perhaps, no better. Crimes abound, frauds are of every day occurrence, morality is despised, and, above all and through all, a false standard of life exists because truth and love of God are not in men's hearts. The necessity of the religious education of children was pointed out by Dr. Chapin in impressive terms. Much of the present teaching of the young, he said, was bad. Men sought to be rich and powerful, but forgot lofty faith and the inspirations of Divine love. It is a desperate sin to believe there is no hope. The trumpet of resurrection is not the trumpet of wrath, but the trumpet of redemption. Christ, who loved us, suffered death for our sakes that we might be saved. We should live as Christians before God. This is attainable. Rich or happy, poor or disconsolate, we should obey God's commands. Life is uncertain and full of disappointments. Though to be famous or wealthy, or weak or poverty-stricken, we are certain to be saved if we be followers of God and be children in love, faith, obedience and reliance.

ALL SOULS' CHURCH.

Dr. Bellows on the Sanctification of the Holy Spirit.

There was a large congregation in attendance yesterday morning at All Souls' church, and Dr. Bellows preached with his accustomed fervor. Taking for his text the thirteenth verse of the sixteenth chapter of St. John, he said:—I desire to give you a conception of what is usually called the presence of the Holy Spirit. There is no good to be derived from a discussion of the many vague theories which each man has on this or many other religious subjects. There must be

A LOVE OF TRUTH FOR ITS OWN SAKE.

There will then begin to spread a contagion for sacred truth. This will not be the mere ascendancy of a better nature, not the triumph of individual will or judgment, but it will grow out of the truth in personal principles. Men grow great and powerful in proportion to their alliance with truth. In each of their cases it is love and wisdom who have won the victory.

We hear of the Holy Spirit of Truth converting and subduing the guilty soul. What is the Holy Spirit which God promises to send? Where can God dwell as an object of thought and feeling if not in our thought and feeling faculties? Do not suppose that I would have you confound God with our own souls. Mind is ever mind; reason is always reason. Spirit is one thing and mind is another. There can be no intercourse between

MIND AND SPIRIT.

Nature lives as a great revelation in my heart. If God is necessarily within our hearts from whence comes this Holy Spirit? God has let His Holy Spirit loose in our souls. When Jesus told His disciples, in the words of our text, that they should receive the Spirit after He was gone, He intended to leave them His power and the glory of His career. He had been with them probably about two years, and in that time He had constantly instructed and encouraged them to godliness. There are many thoroughly established facts in the Bible, and

CHRIST'S INFLUENCE

over the people of his age, viewed from a strictly historical view, is one of them. I need not ask now it is that so many lakes unite away in the Northwest to form the Mississippi; when I see the mighty river as it sweeps toward the Gulf I know that they do unite and a great many of them. So I need not tell how it was that Christ secured such an influence over the hearts of men: I stand on the fact. God is not only ever consistent but ever humane and ever divine. It is the Holy Ghost which calls you in your own soul. You can never abdicate your nature or escape out of God's ubiquitous supremacy.

ST. ANN'S ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH.

Sermon on Faith by the Rev. Father Preston—Dachauer's Second Mass.

The Rev. Father Preston preached at the gospel of the high mass yesterday on the healing of the ruler's sick son at Capharnaum. He drew a conclusion from the words of our Saviour in reference to the necessity of faith. Faith, he said, is the distinguishing characteristic of the Catholic Church, as outside of it there is nothing to guide one in the pursuit of religion but individual judgment, which is necessarily fallible. The celebrant was the Rev. Father Lake, and the beautiful little church looked as attractive as ever in the twinkling lights of the altars, the varied hues cast on the tesselated floor from the stained glass windows, through which peeped the noonday sun.

THE MASS

selected for the occasion was the work which the organist of the church, M. Louis Dachauer, wrote many years ago, in Paris, for the celebrated Church of St. Eustache. Among those who sang in it at its first production were Grisi and Alboni, and it has become a standard work in church music in Europe. Of course its full effect can only be attained with the assistance of a large chorus and orchestra. But with the inimitable vocal quartet of which the choir of St. Ann's consists a very intelligent idea of the grandeur of the work was obtained.

The "Kyrie," in C minor, is a stately, effective number, showing to advantage the rare talents of the composer in skilfully using his contrapuntal knowledge. The harmonies are constantly changing and yet the variety of treatment is made subservient to the governing subject with which the mass opens. The "Gloria" begins with a fanfare, and the treatment at the commencement, although simple in construction, is exceedingly effective. The change from the key of C major to B major in the "Gratias Agimus" for tenor is an ingenious surprise. The most attractive feature in this number, however, is the duet for female voices, "Qui Tollis." It is Rossinian in its exuberance of rich melody, and although as florid as a selection from "Semiramide," yet the spirit breathed into it by Miles. Corradi and Gomien was entirely devotional. Both of these ladies seem to understand the true meaning of Catholic music and never forget the church for the concert room.

The "Credo" has the novel feature of presenting each declaration in the belief of Christian doctrines in Gregorian chant, which under such circumstances becomes exceedingly impressive. The bass has a fine solo of the declamatory order, commencing with the words, "Patrem Omnipotentem," and after an interlude of Gregorian is followed by the tenor. The "Et Incarnatus est." is divided into two beautiful quartets, the one for male voices and the other for soprani and alti. The staccato passages for two bassoons which accompany the peculiar monotone of the male voices in singing "Crucifixus," which is taken up after four bars by the ladies a major third in tone above, give a dramatic effect to this illustration in music of the Divine tragedy.

THE SECOND COMING OF THE SON OF MAN

is expressed by diminished sevenths, the whole choir declaiming at intervals this last dread mystery. The "Sanctus" is full of rich, sustained harmony, and in its original orchestral setting must be very effective. Instead of the "Agnus Dei," a tenor solo belonging to this work, M. Dachauer presented a work by Felix Godefroid. It was sung by Mlle. Gomien, and nothing could be more pleasurable than the rich sympathetic tones of this contralto's voice in the interpretation of a very beautiful melody. Mlle. Gomien clothes with the raiment and ornaments of true expression holiness of thought and sympathetic fervor every sacred melody she sings. The skill of the organist, M. Dachauer, in the accompaniment of such a work, enhanced to a considerable extent the success of the choir.

LYRIC HALL.

Views in Particular Upon Religion in General by the Rev. O. B. Frothingham—Churches, Creeds, Ministers and Prayers of No Account—Muscular Christianity and Free Religionists Contrasted.

A very large congregation assembled at the services yesterday morning at Lyric Hall, on Sixth avenue, opposite Reservoir square. The Rev. O. B. Frothingham preached, taking for the subject of his discourse the rather comprehensive one, "Religion." He took no text, but commenced with referring to the recent meeting of the Evangelical Alliance and the later meeting of the Free Religionists. A gentleman, he said, remarked to him at the close of this last convention, "I am tired of religion; the very word nauseates me. I begin, in short, to think

RELIGION A NUISANCE."

To this gentleman religion in its modern acceptation means our modern costly churches that drain money from the pockets of the people, communion that is no communion, baptism without the symbol of purity. And yet no one is more ardent in his love of the good and pure and true. This question of religion, and what it is and should be, is an interesting one. Religion has been defined as the effort of man to perfect himself. This, he insisted, carried with it the idea of unceasing and annoying struggle, a sort of carrying out the idea embodied in Longfellow's "Excelsior;" that is to say, get to the top of the mountain finally, and then lie down and die. Dr. Johnson defined religion as "the attraction of the finite mind toward the infinite mind." After showing the objection to this definition, he gave as his own definition of religion "the relation between a part and the whole." Some seek to purify themselves by sacrifices, and in this way hope to get wings so that they can fly above. Some retire from the world, and very sweet and pure lives they live, but they get no idea of the great universe.

THE UNEXPRESSED GOD.

A scientific man may present to his mind the whole cosmic universe, all bound by one law. He may feel the relation of himself to this whole. He is a religious man, no matter if he never utters a prayer nor enters a church. But this is a broad comprehension. We must come down to simple people and have a whole that will suit them. To the positivist the race of humanity is a whole. This one worships no God, makes no prayer, no sacrifices. He lives in his ideal, is willing to live a short and poor life, and works at his daily craft in the knowledge that his life is not wasted. And yet the conception of this class demands imagination. We have not, therefore yet come down to that adapted to the general want. A man knows nothing of the infinite and has no idea of the religion of humanity: but he knows that he belongs to a particular nation. He loves his country, and will be loyal to death. He will see his home impoverished, suffer anything for his patriotism. This is his religion—his God. There is something truly magnificent in this lofty patriotism. The best graces grow out of this religion. Think of the thousands of young men who ten years ago left their homes and gave up everything for their country. What matter what were their separate faiths? Their love of country was grand, pure, a religion. And, yet, we have not come down to

THE GREAT COMMON WANT.

Suppose this whole is thought of as a family. How many love to talk over the exploits of their forefathers. For the sake of these ancestral deeds of renown they will do nothing that shall bring a stain upon their family names. They will live noble and splendid lives. This is their religion. But this is a conception too large for most people to hold. We must be more compact, and draw the lines closer. Take the household. Here is one who knows nothing of the Infinite, has no idea of the religion of humanity, gives no special thought to his country, and does not know or care who his grandfather was. But this one has his little household. Here centre all his thoughts, affections, efforts. Such a one is

DESERVING OF SAINTSHIP

as much as any on the calendar of the Romish Church. It is all the world he has, all he conceives of, all he wants, and he is a religious man. Thus it will be seen what a simple thing religion is—the relation of a part to its whole. It requires no creed, no theology, no church, no prayers. Unfortunately men are not satisfied with religion. They must have a religion. Each nation and tribe must have its religion. Each aims at the same result. They have separate theologies and separate forms and separate priests, and yet all look to the same end. It is evident that they all come from the same origin. There are advantages and disadvantages in this substitution of a religion for religion. Every kind of religion substitutes

AN ILLUSION

for this living, vital religion. The object of any religion is to make converts, and the rest will be taken for granted. To all such, with their separate schemes, the real world is lost. The world of theology is a shadowy world, and the world of religion real. Every special religion is an idolatry. It is a worship of tools, the honor paid to ropes and pulleys. They make the Bible an idol; the communion an idol. This turning religion to idol worship is a very grave offence. Many think that the only approach to Heaven is through their Church. Hence the jealousies between sects; hence the scoffs and bitterness; hence the religious wars; hence the antagonism between races. The evil done by religious wars surpass that of all other wars.

HOW STANDS THE CASE?

If Protestantism is the only true religion then it must put down Roman Catholicism. If the Roman Catholic religion is the only true religion then it must put down Protestantism, and so on through the list. Each religion believing itself the only true religion must war to the death of all other religions. He saw but little hope of reconciliation between those of different religious beliefs. It would be a long time before Rev. Dr. Hall and Dr. Bellows, and Dr. Tyng and a rabbi sit down in communion together. The

"GOOD TIME COMING,"

as respects religion, is very wisely put beyond the grave. The result is that heaven is to be peopled with angels, and not with men. What was Protestantism doing for New York? Our city is far from being a sample of the heavenly Jerusalem. When we come to remove some of the barriers existing between different religious sects we shall see religion in all its simplicity, sweetness and beauty. But he did not feel discouraged. The highest religion was a true recognition of the facts of life. The aim of the Free Religionists was to bring about loyalty to the facts of life; not to stand on tiptoe to listen to the songs of angels, but to hear the sad song of the great brotherhood of humanity.

LAFAYETTE PLACE REFORMED CHURCH.

The Way to Salvation—Sermon by the Rev. Cohen Stuart, of Rotterdam.

The Rev. Cohen Stuart, of Rotterdam, Holland, preached last night in the Lafayette place Reformed church to a congregation composed, for the greater part, of Hollanders. It was a novel incident to see a Dutch pastor address a congregation of Hollanders in Lafayette place in the Dutch language. The sermon was unusually interesting. The following is a translation of its most salient points. The reverend gentleman took his text from the Acts of the Apostles, xvi., 30—"What must I do to be saved?" He wished to call to the minds of the congregation, he said, how this important question was first brought before Paul when he first visited Europe. It was a new world to bring a land of hope and promise, about what America was at present to the European nations. Paul and Silas were very cruelly treated in Philippi, placed in dark cells, their limbs weighed down with chains, degraded, tortured and humiliated. Nevertheless, when they were not asleep they were constantly singing the praises of the Lord. The other prisoners listened eagerly to these unwonted sounds of joy and exultation in this abode of sorrow and misery. Then there was the sound of an earthquake.

IT WAS THE VOICE OF GOD

that answered the petitions of his sons. The chains fell to the ground, and the doors of the prison flew open. The jailer seeing this thought that he would not outlive his disgrace and drew his sword to kill himself. Paul seeing in the darkness the glittering sword, cried, in a loud voice, "Do thyself no harm!" Calling for a light, the jailer looked at Paul and Silas. The light fell on his own soul, and he recognized them as the favorites of God, and, falling at their feet, he said, "Sirs, what must I do to be saved?" This was the birth cry of his new life.

Dear friends, thousands and thousands had repeated this question in Europe and in America since the jailer of Philippi asked this question. It was a vital question for all those who entered the kingdom of God. It was of the highest importance, therefore, to understand its true meaning and import. It bore testimony to a want of, a longing after, a seeking for, the soul's salvation. What was this want? Whoever asked for salvation must feel the imperative necessity for Christ's religion. The soul of man thirsted for the living God. This want was

INNATE IN EVERY HUMAN HEART.

Man was the child of God, however profligate and crestfallen. In the temple of every natural and yet unregenerated heart stood, among all the signs of idolatry, an altar devoted to the Unknown God, who was no other than the God of the Gospel. Thence the impossibility of living merely on material things, and "living on bread alone." Thence the restlessness of the human heart until it had found true rest in God.

These wants existed even when they were not consciously felt. He knew that many who did not feel this want had still moments of undefined misery. The blessing of salvation was merely for those who were humble at heart and who hungered and thirsted after righteousness and virtue. Or, would they rather assert that true happiness consisted in feeling no want whatever? Happy, then, the slave who kissed the foot trampling on his neck; happy, then, the prisoner languishing in his miserable cell; happy, then, the outcast of society and religion. No, they could not earnestly sustain

SUCH A VILE BLASPHEMY.

And how much happier was the jailer whom the pangs of conscience awoke to this new life so that he exclaimed, "What must I do to be saved?"

But there must be more than a mere feeling of want; there must be a longing for salvation, a yearning for sanctity and truth. The jailer was not only aware that he lacked something, but he felt a determined desire for sanctification and peace, so that the words rose naturally to his lips, "What must I do to be saved?" He did not mean to say that this jailer had at that moment a right conception of salvation. Still he wished for a better life of holiness and virtue. The jailer had remarked that Paul and Silas had possessed what he had never seen others to possess. They had been beaten and tortured and still they had shown an undaunted spirit and an unflinching courage.

THERE WAS THAT IN PAUL'S EYE

which seemed to say, "Would to God that thou wert altogether such as I am." Here he beheld the simple greatness of a character both strong-minded and soft-hearted, qualities widely different from apathy and insensibility.

How eager the jailer was to attain this glorious frame of mind. Only a moment before he had drawn his sword to kill himself because he had lost his honor as a Roman soldier; but now there was something higher and better, after all, which was necessary for his welfare. Such was the sudden, startling effect of the Christian example when the Gospel was not merely heard, but seen. The outcry of the conscience was the birthcry of the child of God.

This longing, this hunger and thirst for righteousness must be in every soul. Many people did not ask for salvation because they knew that it was not happiness in the ordinary sense of the word. It was a life of self-sacrifice and daily humiliation. The happiness of the Christian was not to be free from pain, but to feel in the pain

THE HEALING HAND OF GOD;

not to be without a cross but to feel the heart calmed under the cross; not to have nothing to endure, but to know how to endure the worst for Jesus' sake.

Christ had his Pauls and Silases still in the Christian world—men of God in whom we may see an image of Christ and a broken ray of His pure light. But there was more than that. He himself had come into the jail of this poor miserable world to set all prisoners free. He came who was bruised and tortured and who died on the cross. Now, did he never rouse the dreams of their sleeping conscience? When they asked "What shall I do?" He answered by His Gospel: "Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ and thou shalt be saved and thy house."

THIRD UNIVERSALIST CHURCH.

"Wild Oats"—The Leniency Given to Youthful Dissipations Deplored—The Sowing of Evil Seed Certain to Produce an Evil Harvest—Stokes as an Illustration—Sermon by the Rev. E. C. Sweetser.

The Rev. E. C. Sweetser, pastor of the Third Universalist church, situated on Bleecker street, preached the first of a series of sermons to young men last evening, selecting the subject of "Wild Oats." The church was crowded to its utmost capacity, a majority of the congregation being those supposed to be especially capable of being benefited by

THE SERMON.

The reverend gentleman selected his text from Galatians vi., 7, "Whatsoever a man soweth that shall he also reap." He said every man is a farmer, figuratively speaking. Life is often referred to as a battle and man as a soldier; but the other figure, though more seldom used, is equally appropriate, equally Scriptural. The law of seed time and harvest is no more true in outward than in human nature. In this age science is doing much for the farmer, and society appreciates and applauds its efforts, while that greater and more important field of life, the moral nature, is too much neglected. He desired to call their attention particularly to the agricultural operation known as

SOWING WILD OATS.

He referred at length to the very general feeling of charity and allowance toward young men who were engaged in this occupation and to the fact that many of the oldest and wisest men are apt to look with tolerance, if not with complacency, upon young men who were in the habit of violating the law of their mental, moral and physical natures, and to regard others as milksops, without energy and manliness. While he would do nothing to suppress the boiling, the overflow of youthful blood, the energy of which was capable of doing so much for the world, he protested against the idea that aught but injury could result from that energy taking a wrong direction from a disobedience of the laws of our nature. The sowing of wild oats, he argued, was not a legitimate overflow of the blood of youth. Those who sow the seeds of evil must expect that evil will be the result. In the outer world the farmer can neglect to reap his crop; not so in the moral. He showed how the effect of "wild oats" was apparent in all cases, even when the sowers had, in after life, reached prominent positions, claiming that the secret history of such would show a bodily disease, a mental or moral infirmity as the result of their past dissipations. No one can escape the penalty of evil. He illustrated his position by reference to the institutions on the East River islands, to the insane asylums and States prisons throughout the land, as showing the effects of "wild oats." He traced the career of the young man from his first visit to the drinking saloon and the house of infamy, until he became a diseased debauchee, and showed that the inevitable tendency of youthful dissipations was downward, and those who in after years recovered from their effects were the exception. He alluded to the

CASE OF STOKES,

now for the third time on trial for his life. He did not think of the end when he commenced scattering broadcast the wild oats which have led him to a felon's cell, and may hurry him to a felon's grave. In closing, he briefly referred to the other course, showing that he who sowed evil seed would reap a corresponding harvest; so those who sowed the seeds of righteousness would reap life eternal.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE.

Obedience Is Better than Sacrifice—Sermon by the Rev. W. M. Taylor, D. D.

The Broadway Tabernacle, corner of Thirty-fourth street and Sixth avenue, was crowded with worshippers yesterday morning. The pastor, the Rev. W. M. Taylor, selected as the text of his discourse I. Samuel, xv., 22, in part—"Behold, to obey is better than sacrifice, and to hearken than the fat of rams." The text imparted the lesson of the true dispensation of religion. Samuel did not mean to say that there was anything wrong in sacrifices, nor did he mean to deny that divine service of the Israelites. Such services were the ritual observances of the Jewish Church and analogous to the prayer meetings and the ceremonies of the Lord's Supper of this day. God had commanded these sacrifices, and it was in obedience to His law that they were offered up. Nothing that a man can do can have any merit before God. We are unprofitable servants at the best, and only when we do the work of the Lord willingly and with the obedience of children it finds favor in His eyes; and when in the hearts of men there is the

SPIRIT OF HYPOCRISY

while they obey His mandates, they are soon cast into oblivion. Samuel, in his words to Saul, meant that constant willingness to obey God in all commands is better than an occasional grand sacrifice to Him when the heart is not in sympathy with the deed. Obedience must not mean simply the outward act. Such obedience as characterized Saul's conduct is not of the kind which finds favor, because when the spirit of obedience exists sacrifices will surely follow, as it includes them. Again, this obedience to God is better than sacrifice, because religion is often thus saved from the scandal of many of its pretended supporters. There are canting men all about us who are punctilious as to the words they use, while they are not honest or over scrupulous in their works. They are the men who make the Gospel unsavory to the hearts of the people, and they do more harm than sceptics. The shameful divorce between religion and daily life that we see around us is fearful and productive of great scandal and injury. Still further, this obedience to God is better than sacrifices, because it is of itself the real sacrifice, which the other only typifies and illustrates. The true offering which man gives to God is himself. Paul speaks of living sacrifices, and as the ante-type is better than the type, so the offering of a willing heart and obedient spirit is better than all other sacrifices. Vital religion consists in character. It is its essence, and the deeper you look into the work of God and into your hearts the more will the impression be created that

AN OBEDIENT SOUL

is such essence. This is the religion of the angels as well as of mankind; men before the fall as well as those after the fall; the union of two things—the soul and body, having faith in God's power and obedience to His commands. This is true religion, and it is brought about, not by sacrifices, not by observances of ceremonies, but by the work of the Holy Spirit teaching us to believe that we have a Father in God and are no longer aliens and strangers. This is the important matter in personal religion, the new heart and docile spirit. To obtain this religion we do not say give away your goods, do not say burn your body nor devote both day and night in devotional exercise, but by supplicating the love of God and letting it flow into your hearts. No amount of ritual observances can make a man obedient in life. No heresy is so common than to suppose that the sins committed in every day life can be atoned by a few hours of devotion in church. Sitting down to the Lord's Supper will not alone blot out the iniquities of days before. A week of sin will not be wiped away by a Sabbath in church. You must get your heart right, and then you will enjoy religious exercises as you never before dreamed of doing. Ask forgiveness with your Bible in your hand and peace will surely follow. The performance of things not commanded by God will

NEVER MAKE AMENDS

for the indulgence of things forbidden. Many think that to atone for iniquities committed all that is necessary is to recognize God in gifts and similar tokens. This is the reason why so many men who live tolerably fast most of the year become serious in the season of Lent. These men don't care what they eat and what they drink on other day, but are very particular on Friday.

The parties concluded by observing that in the cause of Christ matters of ritual observances were of but little moment. A new heart is better than surplices. Love is grander than rituals. Let us ask God to help us to cast out the spirit of intolerance and bitterness, and not give the lie to our professions. Let us remember that this is the good lesson taught us by the Evangelical Alliance that was in session here a few days ago.

ST. STEPHEN'S (R. C.) CHURCH.

Dr. McGlynn on the Divine Maternity—The Council of Ephesus—Henry Ward Beecher Sharply Answered—"Thou Shalt Not Bear False Witness Against Thy Neighbor."

At St. Stephen's yesterday morning Dr. McGlynn delivered a discourse on the divine maternity of the Blessed Virgin Mary, based on arguments, by which he sought to show that devotion to the Virgin is not an ornamental addition or a beautiful outgrowth of Christianity, but an essential constituent and necessary part of the religion founded by Christ. Having read the Gospel of the Feast of the Divine Maternity, Luke ii, 42-52, he said:—

The Church invites us to-day to celebrate the maternity of the Blessed Virgin Mary, and under that title we are called on to honor her great prerogatives. It is the teaching of the Church and Christian fathers that Mary is truly and is to be called the Mother of God. This is but a sequence of the cardinal dogma of Christianity, the divinity of Jesus Christ. Mary is the mother of God. If she is not her Son is not God, and our belief in Christianity is a delusion. This doctrine is as old as the Christian religion. In the beginning of the fifth century a bishop of the Church, carried away by intellectual pride, said that there were two persons in Christ, and the laity, so firmly grounded were they in the faith that the Son of Mary was God, branded him as a heretic. When, in the church of St. Sophia, Constantinople, a bishop had the audacity to question the divine maternity, the people rushed from the sacred building, horror-stricken at his impiety. St. Celestine I., the then shepherd of Christ's flock, anathematized the error, and in the third General Council Nestorius was condemned, and the Catholic doctrine that Christ is God authoritatively defined. As a corollary to that doctrine the same Council declared Mary to be the mother of God. Christ is God. Mary is the mother of Christ. Therefore Mary is the mother of God. Those who refuse to acknowledge the divine maternity

SIN AGAINST LOGIC

or against the fundamental article of the Christian faith. The early fathers loved to contemplate the analogy between the new Eve, Mary, and the old Eve, by whose fall sin and its countless train of evils entered into the world. St. Paul speaks of Christ as the new Adam, and the fathers of the Church teach that in the supernatural order Mary discharges the same office as Eve in the natural. An angel of darkness salutes Eve in Eden and she falls into his snares. In the fulness of time, when Christ was to be born, the wonderful Virgin, to whom even Virgil, in his fourth eclogue, alludes, the stem that was "to bring forth the flower of Israel" was saluted by the Angel Gabriel in the beautiful words, "Hail! full of grace, the Lord is with thee; blessed art thou among women." And God's messenger tells her why she is blessed:—"Behold, thou shalt conceive in thy womb and shalt bring forth a son; and thou shalt call his name Jesus." At the fiat of Mary, "Behold the handmaid of the Lord, be it done unto me according to thy word," were fulfilled the words of St. John, "The word was made flesh and dwelt among us." Scarcely had

THIS WONDROUS MIRACLE

been wrought in Mary's womb when she charitably went to visit her cousin, St. Elizabeth; and the mother of Christ's precursor cried out with a loud voice and said, "Blessed art thou among women, and blessed is the fruit of thy womb. And whence is this to me that the mother of my Lord should come to me?" St. Elizabeth protests that Mary, the mother of her Lord, did her too much honor in coming to visit her. In this day's Gospel we read, "He went down with them and came to Nazareth, and was subject to them." He honored and obeyed His mother. We cannot be indifferent to this woman, whom Christ has honored, revered and obeyed. The spouse of Christ and the members of His mystical body, whose hearts beat in unison with her, cannot but love and honor the mother of Christ, her God.

How painful, then, must it be to the hearts of the children of Mary to hear, even in our own time, as it is reported in the papers, that

THE REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER,

in a sermon on last Sunday asserted that "Catholics had robbed God of His attributes; some they had given to the Virgin, others to the Pontiff." It is our duty to protest against so monstrous a calumny, uttered by a gentleman whose words receive so much attention. As a priest of God, I denounce it as a horrid calumny against the fair spouse of Christ. No, Mr. Beecher, Catholics have not robbed God of His attributes. They follow God, and whom God honored they honor. They would be dishonoring God if they refused to honor those whom God, "the faithful and just rewarder," has loved and honored. I would ask Mr. Beecher, does he dishonor God by honoring the memory of his late lamented father? Christ did not come to destroy, but to fulfil the law. He honored and loved His mother, and we are but following Him and showing our love for Him by loving and honoring her. The other monstrous calumny of the reverend gentleman, that Catholics have given some of God's attributes to the Pope, cannot be let pass without protest. No, Mr. Beecher, Catholics have not robbed God of His attributes. They have learned from the Church and the Scriptures, as Mr. Beecher may learn from the Evangel, that Christ established in His Church a father, a shepherd, a teacher, a guide, whom we should honor, love and obey, if we would respect Christ's wish and obey His will. We would be truly

ROBBING GOD OF HIS ATTRIBUTES

if we refused to accept His word as true and His plan as wise, because they may clash with the rebellious pride of our limited intelligence and of our stubborn will. There is perhaps more danger of God being robbed of His attributes by a preacher and a congregation not many miles distant from

PLYMOUTH CHURCH,

when the one teaching without authority and the other believing without warrant agree practically in asserting that the Incarnate God could not or would not keep His word when He promised that His Church should teach all truth till the end, and that "the gates of hell should not prevail against her."

Hundreds last Sunday listened to this man—a self-confessed unauthorized teacher—reviling the Church of God and believed him, perhaps. Yet I shall not charge them with wilfully reviling God's work, but I shall pray with the Saviour, "Father, forgive them; they know not what they do." It is a monstrous thing for Mr. Beecher to calumniate so recklessly hundreds of millions of Christians in a matter of so terrible moment. It is but a poor excuse for him that he does not know any better, for he ought to know better. He cannot be ignorant of the law, "Thou shalt not bear false witness against thy neighbor." We might charitably commend to him the thought of the obligation which rests on him to speak only whereof he knows; and to speak only the truth, since so many listen to him as an oracle who refuse to believe the divinely appointed authority of the Church of God.

UNITY CHAPEL.

Sermon by the Rev. W. J. Clarke on the Evangelical Alliance.

The Rev. W. J. Clarke preached in Unity chapel, in Harlem, last evening, on the subject of "The Evangelical Alliance," and taking for his text the Acts of the Apostles, xv., 16, beginning, "And the apostles and elders came together," &c.

He spoke of the first Christian council in Jerusalem, which showed much liberality and breadth of sentiment in admitting the uncircumcised Gentiles to fellowship. He regretted that we have not a copy of the Jerusalem Herald of those days so as to read a full report of the entire proceedings of that primitive council. He was sorry that some recent councils lacked the liberality shown by the Evangelists of Jerusalem.

FROM THE FIRST EVANGELICAL COUNCIL

to the one just adjourned, there is a very long interval. This one was formed so late as 1846, to band Protestants together against the encroachments of Rome. The Alliance was at first unpopular in Europe, but soon political events favored the spread of its doctrines. The great elements of modern life—railroads, books, telegraphs, immigration, newspapers—tend to break down sectarianism, and bring our people together. The God of civilization is mighter than the God of theology.

The preacher rejoiced in the Council for its exhibition of progress towards unity and liberality. When it is remembered that twenty-five years ago the sects were wrangling, and that such a Council was impossible, we can understand the joy the delegates felt in uniting in deliberations. The reproach of Protestantism has been its divisions. Individuals have longed for the union now partially accomplished. The spirit of the Council was the best part of it. If unity ever comes it will be on the most liberal grounds. The Atlantic cannot be put into a frog pond. The Alliance has

AN APOLOGY FOR A CREED,

which it takes pains to say nobody need believe. The proposal to adopt the Apostle's Creed was rejected because the Council would have gone to pieces, like a raft whose ties are broken, if it ventured on creed making. It did not dare to hang up a theological thermometer to see where the intellectual mercury stood. The time had gone by when a creed was a post for a man to tie himself to; but now it is a point of departure. The point wherein the Council failed sadly was its treatment of science. The theologians were as incompetent to deal with it as an old warrior cased in steel mail to handle the weapons of modern warfare. The recent scientific discoveries clash with every article of their theology. Geology cannot be harmonized with Genesis; and Darwinism explodes the tradition of the Fall; and the doctrine of evolution annihilates the old idea of creation out of nothing. But the doctors treated the subject with surprising incompetency. When they came to grapple with science they dropped their doctrines and took stand on natural religion, which sees God in the globe as well as out of it.

SCIENCE IS A NEW REVELATION.

It reveals a grand and beneficent order that includes all worlds and all men. Criticism has shown that Adam is a myth; and astronomy has explained the universe, with its sun and worlds, but has found no hell. Here the preacher criticised the inadequate way in which the Council dealt with the great questions of natural religion, as though the moralties and charities were the mere ornaments of religion, to be worn like bows of ribbon or buttons on a coat-tail. He protested against the claims of the Alliance to speak in the name of Christianity. It was evangelical Protestantism, and nothing else. One-half of Protestantism had no voice in its deliberations. The whole Roman Catholic Church, which outnumbers it at least four to one, was excluded and anathematized. The Greek Church, with twice the number of adherents, and with traditions that reach back to the foot of the cross, was ignored. Nine-tenths of living Christianity was turned out of doors. Its exclusiveness was its condemnation. The idea of a true Christian council is represented by a great library, in which all sects and schools have place, and the great teachers of all ages stand side by side in eloquent silence, showing unity in diversity and contributing to the totality of truth.

The preacher said that the Free Religious Association represents the points of sympathy and contact in all sects of religion. It stands forth the heart of faith and hope, and up-reach of all races of men. It means the freest inquiry and the boldest expression. Its members are explorers and pioneers, rather than defenders or builders. Some of the addresses last week were remarkable for their ability and comprehensiveness. They dealt with vital subjects in a vigorous and realistic way; but the preacher regretted that so many of the discourses fell below the level of their idea. Fault-finding is a poor substitute for faith.

BROOKLYN CHURCHES.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH.

Sermon on Prayer by Mr. Beecher—The Materialists and Scientists Dealt With—God Don't Keep a Corner Grocery.

Strangers clustered in the lobbies, crowded the aisles and went away sorrowing because they could not get within the sound of the preacher's voice, in numbers quite as large at Plymouth church yesterday morning as they had done on the Sundays of the session of the Evangelical Alliance. Mr. Beecher preached a sermon on one of the mooted questions of the day—namely, "The Efficacy of Prayer," and selected for his text the first and second verses of the second chapter of the first epistle of Paul the Apostle to Timothy—"I exhort, therefore, that, first of all, supplications, prayers, intercessions and giving of thanks be made for all men; for kings, and for all that are in authority, that we may lead a quiet and peaceable life in all godliness and honesty." The text, said Mr. Beecher, took prayer out of the narrow and wholly selfish circle in which prayer is generally supposed to be encased. Prayer is frequently regarded as a profitable transaction, and resembles the running to a store, and is made to appear to do a duty that corresponds to that by which we run for a doctor; a sort of serviceable running business by which man's ten thousand wants are supplied, and that the good of it was found in God setting aside His own law and His own method of educating the race. Prayer in its fullest conception is an unfolding of the noblest part of the soul, and its noblest duty is that of communion with God, and in that it has, too, the elements of the

FREEST LIBERTY.

Prayer is, therefore, not the evidence of beggary; it is not simply the expression of want. In our best moods it is our best sentiment, our best thought, our best growth, our best aspirations and our best everything. It is the sense of our alliance with our heavenly Father; and it is the endeavor to attain union in such converse that the child exhibits, in its follies, in its sorrows or in its pleasures, in its alliance with its earthly parents. When prayer is looked at from the philosophical or the material side of it, and looked at at that side alone, it is looking at the desire and not at the idea of prayer. Prayer is psychological. It is the condition of the soul; its spontaneous utterances; it is the feeling of the soul which at the moment separates us from every other thing. Let us look, then, at prayer as presented to us in the New Testament, and see if it has not some of these marks. Let us look for a single moment at our Lord's Prayer. Mr. Beecher then singled out the sentences of this prayer, commending it for its breadth, its catholicity and its simplicity, and also for the fact that the Lord said, "In this manner pray ye," not insisting upon the words, though every word was

A SEPARATE JEWEL,

but on the genius of the prayer. He then referred to the prayer of our Lord near to the close of His ministry, and said it was far removed from personal speculation or personal selfishness. Consider prayer, too, as it is laid before us in the history of the Apostle Paul; how it continues in thanksgiving, how it rejoices in hope, and what a radiance of spirit there is. Mr. Beecher then passed on to describe friendship, and said that it was not inconsistent with the most unselfish, the most noble natures; that it was not inconsistent with the magnanimity of their character to receive gifts or to ask of the other kindness. But it would not be a very magnanimous friendship that sought only to obtain from that friendship good nursing in time of sickness or a certain help in time of need. What gifts were comparable to those that bring out my soul, or that enrich truly my friendship? It is a very poor friendship that goes only into each other's presence that we may get something. The soul exalts itself with the thought that it is a child of God: that it is a joint heir with the eternal inheritance. It does away with the thought—no remuneration,

NO REALITY.

A true friendship must attain this altitude. There are discussions as to prayer, and it is said that God is a prayer-hearing God, and that prayer has been answered on a thousand occasions in a direct way. For example, a man is starving, and he prays to God for food, and he finds a sheep at his door and he eats it. Another man is in trouble for money, and he prays to God and somebody brings him the money he prayed for. I do not doubt that there are answers to prayers of that kind. But it is an absolute vulgarism on the grand theme of prayer to represent prayer from that side. It is an offence to any sensitive man's nostrils. I would not call that man my friend who had no other friendship than that which prompted to bring me fodder, to bring me that only which was beneficent for my body. It is making prayer a constant give, give, give. Prayer is the channel of our true union with God. Now, with regard to prayer for man's lower wants, it is far better for man to feel in his sorrows and his suffering that

HE WANTS FOR NOTHING;

that he has all things in the fulness and hardness of the consciousness that God is with him and that he wants for nothing, and that all lesser blessings will come with this. When men get really by prayer into the presence of God they are very like the child that plucks the dandelions, or the blossom that precedes the flower; the child plucks it, runs with it to take it to its mother and when she gets there she finds that all the light, airy bloom is gone. So it is with men when they get really, by prayer, into the presence of God; they forget what brought them there and they find by and by that that which they asked for is not what they wanted. One half of the things that we pray for are the result of low living. That line of thought is again and again exemplified in the New Testament, and especially in the life of the Apostle Paul. If these views be correct then they throw a great deal of light on the difficulties that beset men. First, there is the speculative. If you take the lower view of it, prayer is the highest psychological experience. It lies outside of the ordinary range of natural science. No one on that plane is able to judge of its power or of the secret of it. A man may say that he will pray to write

A "NOVUM ORGANUM,"

as Bacon did, and those who know him may smile at it, but if instead of this he is so lifted up by prayer as to write a hymn that is so ennobling and so beautiful that it lives through many ages, shall not a soul that has had this divine communion take upon itself a power of utterance that it has never had before? I hold that all answers to prayer are by a direct action upon the soul of the prayer, and that the soul that works out this secret of prayer may not unreasonably be supposed to work it out into lower spheres of its life. Is sentiment nothing? Is matter real, and the only real theory? Was the block of granite Wallace stepped on the only something, and was the grand enthusiasm, the patriotism, the fire of soul that nerved him nothing? Did all that go for nothing? It is true that we are dust, and we have not got a great ways from it yet; but we are something else also. Another reason why prayer is not regarded from a loftier point of view is the low desires of men. Mr. Beecher here gave an amusing description of what was generally supposed to be a praying man; and he said he should no more consider such a man a praying man than he should consider himself an ornithologist, because

HE ATE A CHICKEN

for breakfast now and then. The praying spirit is that spirit which brings us to God, believing that He is, and that He is the rewarder of those that diligently seek Him. That man is not the praying man who prays the regular regulation prayer. Another reason why men doubt prayer was because they prayed only when they were pushed to it. Prayer depends upon the same conditions that make men poets, orators, writers and thinkers. It must be lived for, trained for, struggled for, interceded for. Mr. Beecher concluded by amplifying on the magnetizing of the soul which brings it into the region of supernal power, and on the power of walking with God when we live with Him, and our being prompted to prayer by living near to Him.

BEDFORD AVENUE REFORMED CHURCH.

Revelation the Open Door of Heaven—Disastrous Results of the Teachings of Free Thinkers—Sermon by the Rev. Dr. Porter.

Yesterday morning the Rev. E. S. Porter, D. D., pastor of the Reformed church, Bedford avenue, preached a sermon from the first verse of the fourth chapter of Revelations—"And behold a door was opened in heaven."

Dr. Porter endeavored to show that the revealed doctrines of human sinfulness, of the immortality of the soul and of human destiny were responded to by human consciousness, and when the light through the open door of heaven revealed these truths and the holiness of God and the necessity of escaping from the consequences of sin by trusting in the atoning blood of Jesus Christ through the witness of the Holy Ghost, our own consciousness attested the truth of divine revelation. Many were trying to close this door because they did not like the light. They wanted "naturalism," which was a chaotic emigration from one quagmire to another; they wanted atheism as a substitute for Christ. What would be the result if these men succeeded? Let this celestial door be closed; take away the Sermon on the Mount, the summary of all rectitude; take away all the sanctions of the suffering, death and resurrection of Christ; take away this light from our politics, corrupt as they are; take away our literature and hush our songs in the nursery and in places of social worship, and what would be left? Bacchanalian oaths and everything that belonged to old paganism would take their place. These free thinkers asked for this state of things in the interest of liberty, but when men could not stand the laws of God, which were all good for soul and body, they had better get out of the universe. Without the religion of the Bible, what motive could be supplied to philanthropy, what impulse to statesmanship, what sanctity to love? If the doctrines of infidelity prevailed, civilization would be wheeled back and a reign of despotism would be inaugurated.

SEVENTH AVENUE METHODIST CHURCH.

Dr. Wild on the Evangelical Alliance—Dr. McGlynn's Assertions—Drs. Bellows and Chapin Commiserated.

The Rev. Dr. Wild, of the Seventh avenue Methodist Episcopal church, Brooklyn, delivered a practical and forcible sermon yesterday morning upon the results of the late Christian Alliance. His text was from Romans xiv., 22—"Hast thou faith? Have it to thyself before God. Happy is he that condemneth not himself in anything which he alloweth." After a spiritual demonstration of the collective and individual heresies of society, the boastings of men and their declarations of faith as being mere results of surrounding circumstances, the reverend divine proceeded to show the difference between law and principle. The obligations (he said) arising from principles are superior to those that have their origin in law. Principles are few, eternal and unchanging. Laws have their origin in principle; they are changing, detailed and conditional. The principle of honesty is given in the commandment, "Thou shalt not steal;" but it remains with law to define what property is, and when defined the principle is applied through law. The grand error of the day is in confounding principle with law, especially in churches. The Pharisees, for instance, had many rules, and they were crippled by their very economy. They attended to the details to the neglect of principle. We all accept the same great truths, but it is in the combination that we differ. Let us look at the late session of the Evangelical Alliance—a council expressive of Christian liberty, unity and love on one side, and on the other expressive of restraint, disquietude and bigotry. The idea of an Alliance originated in the mind of the Rev. John Angel James, a Congregational minister, of Birmingham, England, in 1842. The first meeting took place in Exeter Hall, London, June 1, 1843. In 1845 the second convention was held in Liverpool. The first real conference, from which they now number, was held in the Free Masons' Hall, London, August, 1846. The question which arises in most minds now is, What good has the Alliance done? It has produced a better understanding and increased charity among those who came together. It has also had a national effect, fraternal, suggestive and modifying. On the other side the Alliance has, by its prescribed formula, narrowed the door of entrance. Descending into the realm of law, it excluded many who were as good as those admitted. Law, not lore, was the door, and it would have been a much happier conference had they had more faith and less bigotry. "By their fruits ye shall know them," not by their faith. In a Scriptural sense Dr. Chapin and Dr. Bellows had as good a right to be there as any, according to their works. It should have been a wide door and let in all whose works were good. Had it been so Dr. McGlynn could not have said a word. He cannot well be blamed for his remarks in defence of their assault upon the Catholics, which was degrading and ungenerous. The day set apart for such discussion was literally an overturning day, a day falsifying the very aim and spirit of the convention; nay more, it went wide of the purpose of the Atonement. The Alliance was troubled with dyspepsia, which, in a spiritual sense, is the lack of charity. Otherwise it could have digested these different faiths, and not failed so signally of its original purpose. In this respect it was a false birth, and we wait another whose result shall be glorious in the day to come.

MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Married.

KING—MEYER.—In Harlem, on Thursday, October 9, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. H. B. Ridgaway, D. D., JAMES KING, Jr., to EMILY A., daughter of Henry Meyer, Esq., all of this city.

NORDHAUS—PERLT.—On Saturday, October 18, by the Rev. Ed. F. Moldehnke, at St. Peter's Lutheran church, CHARLES NORDHAUS to EMILIE PERLT, both of this city.

Chicago papers please copy.

SHAFFER—PERKINS.—On Wednesday evening, October 15, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. S. F. Dyke, Dr. NEWTON M. SHAFFER, of New York city, to Miss MARGARET H., only daughter of William Perkins, Esq., of Gardener, Me.

WASHBURNE—REYNOLDS.—At New Castle, N. Y., on Wednesday, October 15, 1873, by the Rev. C. M. Eggleston, C. LEGRAND WASHBURNE to HESSIE E., eldest daughter of Smith Reynolds.

Died.

ANDREW.—On Saturday, October 18, Mrs. EMMA ANDREW, wife of William Andrew, in the 40th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Monday, October 20, at the Central Baptist church, in West Forty-second street, near Seventh avenue, at one o'clock.

BISHOP.—In Brooklyn, on Sunday, October 19, 1873, the beloved son of Albert T. and Addie Bishop, aged 5 years and 11 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from 594 Vanderbilt avenue, at three P. M. to-day.

BLANCK.—At Saratoga, on Friday, October 17, after a lingering illness, ELIZABETH, daughter of Edward Quinn and wife of William F. Blanck.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully requested to attend her funeral, at her late residence, No. 54 Perry street, on Tuesday, October 21, two at o'clock P. M., without further notice.

BUCKNAM.—On Sunday, October 19, at ten A. M., ANN ELIZA BUCKNAM, of Norwalk, Conn., aged 19 years and 5 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral services, at the residence of her uncle, John Haydock, 227 Spring street, on Monday, the 20th inst., at eight P. M. The remains will be taken to Norwalk for interment. Services at St. Paul's Episcopal church on Tuesday, the 21st, at half-past two P. M.

CAFFERY.—On Friday, October 17, JOHN CAFFERY, late Deputy Sheriff, in the 52d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 150 West Twentieth street, on Monday, October 20, at one o'clock P. M.

CLARKE.—On Sunday, October 19, WILLIAM S. CLARKE, aged 36 years, son-in-law of Robert Macoy.

Funeral services at the house of his uncle, W. H. Stevens, Pamrapo, N. J., on Monday, at half-past seven P. M. Relatives and friends of the family are invited. Boat leaves foot of Liberty street at 6:40. The remains will be taken to Rye, Westchester county, on Tuesday, from the Grand Central depot, at ten A. M.

CONNORS.—On Sunday, October 19, PATRICK CONNORS, aged 35 years, the beloved husband of the late Ann Connors.

The friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Monday) afternoon, at two o'clock, from his late residence, 303 East Sixtieth street.

CRANE.—At Pawling, N. Y., on Friday, October 17, JAMES CRANE, aged 32 years 3 months.

The members and friends of the family, also Croton Lodge, No. 368, F. A. M.; Croton Chapter, R. A. M., and Solomon's Lodge, of Tarrytown, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at St. Mark's church, Tarrytown, N. Y., Tuesday, October 21, at half-past eleven A. M.

CURRY.—On Saturday, October 18, 1873, MARY, youngest child of Lawrence and Bridget Curry, aged 13 months.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, 368 West Forty-sixth street, on Monday, October 20, at one o'clock P. M.

DENISON.—At Cherry Valley, N. Y., Wednesday, October 8, at the residence of Miss Catharine Roseboom, Miss SARAH G. J. MILLS, only child of Mrs. M. V. Denison, of New York city, in the 50th year of her age.

ECKARDT.—On Sunday, October 19, 1873, GUSTAV R. ECKARDT, aged 55 years.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, No. 103 Second avenue, corner Sixth street, on Tuesday, October 21, at one o'clock P. M.

ERNST.—On Friday, October 17, at the country seat of his father, near South Amboy, N. J., of scarlet fever, OTTO, eldest son of Otto Ernst, aged 10 years.

FIERZ.—On Thursday, October 16, KARL ALBERT, only child of Karl Albert and Cornelia Fierz, and grandson of B. R. Wakeman, Esq., of Jersey City.

Funeral from the residence of his parents, 347 Lexington avenue, on Monday, 20th inst., at two o'clock P. M.

FITSCHEN.—On Saturday, October 18, 1873, PETER FITSCHEN, aged 47 years, 4 months and 16 days.

The relatives and friends of the family, also the members of German Pilgrim Lodge, No. 179, F. and A. M., and Williamsburg Masonic Mutual Benefit Association, and Zevener Club, and the Freishutz Guard, Captain J. H. Fasher, and also the First Ward Guard, Captain P. Dish, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday, October 22, 1873, at half-past one o'clock, from the German Lutheran church, Christopher street.

GABAY.—On Saturday, October 18, ABRAHAM, the beloved husband of Rosa Gabay, aged 41 years.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the late residence, No. 3 Woodhull street, South Brooklyn, on Monday, October 20, at two P. M.

London papers please copy.

GILLERLAINE.—On Saturday, October 18, at her residence, 206 East Twenty-sixth street, CATHARINE GILLERLAINE, in the 89th year of her age.

HOVEY.—On Sunday, October 19, after a brief but painful illness, MARY A., wife of Myron H. Hovey and daughter of the late Robert Sibree, M. D.

Friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence, 32 West Twenty-third street, Tuesday, at one P. M.

HUNCKE.—At his residence, No. 53 Hudson street, Hoboken, on Friday, October 17, JOHN HUNCKE, aged 54 years, 4 months and 16 days.

The relatives and friends of the family, also the members of the Hoboken Ferryman's Association, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Monday, October 20, from the German church, corner of Garden and Sixth streets, Hoboken, at two P. M.

KEARNEY.—At Hackensack, suddenly, on Sunday morning, October 19, CORINE, third daughter of John G. and Mary Augusta Kearney, of New York, aged 4 years, 9 months and 1 day.

Funeral will take place on Wednesday, the 22d inst., at half-past two o'clock, from the residence of her grandmother, E. A. Ricardo, Hackensack, N. J. Train leaves foot of Chambers street at one o'clock.

KEARNEY.—On Saturday, October 18, MARY, relict of Patrick Kearney, in the 52d year of her age.

The remains will be taken from her late residence, 848 Third avenue, to St. John the Evangelist's church, at half-past nine o'clock, where a requiem mass will be said for the repose of her soul; thence to Calvary Cemetery. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Tuesday, 21st inst.

LAFORGE.—On Sunday, October 19, 1873, WILLIAM T. LAFORGE, in the 35th year of his age.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, Tottenville, S. I., on Tuesday, October 21, at two o'clock P. M. Eleven o'clock boat Staten Island ferry, per railroad to Tottenville.

LENT.—On Sunday, October 19, WILLIAM ELBERT, only son of William D. and Harriet E. Lent.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Monday, October 20, at one P. M., from the residence of his parents, 425 East Fifty-first street.

LENT.—In Harlem, on Friday, October 17, TITUS M. LENT, son of the late Gilbert Lent, on his 30th birthday.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 215 East 125th street, on Monday, October 20, at four P. M. The remains will be removed to Greenwood on Tuesday morning.

LININGTON.—On Sunday, October 19, ABRAHAM LININGTON, in the 57th year of his age.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Tuesday, October 21, at half-past two o'clock P. M., from his late residence at New Lots, L. I.

LORD.—Suddenly, at Morristown, N. J., on Friday, October 17, JOHN C. LORD, in the 53d year of his age.

Funeral at South street Presbyterian church, Morristown, N. J., to-day (Monday), October 20, at ten o'clock A. M. Trains leave New York, from Barclay or Christopher street ferry, at 7:15 A. M.

LYONS.—On Sunday, October 19, JOHN LYONS, a native of Ballmoreina, county Limerick, Ireland, aged 47 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his brother, Patrick Lyons, No. 112 North Fifth street, Williamsburg, on Tuesday, October 21, at two o'clock P. M.

MAHNKEN.—On Saturday, October 18, 1873, JOHN HENRY, son of Charles and Mary Mahnken, aged 7 years, 2 months and 18 days.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from 320 Van Brunt street, South Brooklyn, at two P. M. on Monday, October 20.

MOAN.—On Saturday, October 18, ROSE, daughter of William and Rose Moan, aged 21 years, 7 months and 3 days.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from No. 137 Gold street, between York and Prospect, Brooklyn, on Monday, October 20, at two o'clock P. M.

MOORE.—On Friday, October 17, JOHN K. MOORE, in the 80th year of his age.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 182 Ainslee street, Brooklyn, E. D., on Monday, October 20, at two o'clock P. M.

MOORE.—Youngest daughter of Lewis and Sarah Moore, aged 4 years.

Funeral will take place on Monday, at one o'clock, from the residence of her uncle, 263 Spring street.

MORTON.—On Wednesday, October 15, suddenly, EDMUND L. MORTON, aged 41 years.

Relatives and friends of the family, and of his father-in-law, the Rev. Dr. Holdich, are invited to attend his funeral from St. Paul's church, Hudson street, Hoboken, on Tuesday, at half-past two o'clock.

MURPHY.—On Saturday, October 18, after a long and painful illness, ROSANNA MURPHY, in the 53d year of her age.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, 136 Varick street, on Monday, October 20, at one P. M.

McCORMICK.—On Sunday morning, October 19, MARY E. McCORMICK, niece of Edward Fitzpatrick, aged 18 years and 6 months.

Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 161 West Thirty-third street, on Tuesday, October 21, at one o'clock.

McCORMICK.—On Sunday, October 19, SUSAN K., daughter of James and Catharine McCormick, aged 5 months.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, 208 West Thirty-fifth street, on Monday, the 20th inst., at two o'clock.

McMULKIN.—Suddenly, on Sunday, October 19, 1873, Mrs. CATHARINE McMULKIN, relict of Ed. McMulkin.

Particulars of funeral to-morrow.

OWENS.—At Jersey City, on Sunday, October 19, 1873, Mrs. MARY LOUISA OWENS, wife of Charles V. W. Owens, and daughter of John and Harriet J. Vite, aged 22 years, 4 months and 25 days.

Funeral on Tuesday afternoon, at three o'clock, from the residence of her parents, No. 11 Halladay street, near Communipaw avenue, Jersey City

Pennsylvania papers please copy.

PATTERSON.—On Sunday, October 19, ALEXANDER, son of Alexander and Elizabeth M. Patterson, aged 6 years, 1 month and 15 days.

The funeral will take place from his parents' residence, Arcularius place, near Central avenue, Morrisania, Westchester county, on Tuesday at ten A. M. The remains will be interred in Greenwood Cemetery.

PRICE.—At Bergen, N. J., on Saturday, October 18, JOHN PRICE, in the 75th year of his age.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, corner of Bramhall and Jackson avenues, on Monday, the 20th inst., at one o'clock P. M. Boat twelve o'clock, foot of Liberty street, per New York and Newark Railroad, stopping at Bergen avenue.

RANKIN.—In Brooklyn, on Saturday, October 18, JOANNA, daughter of John and Mary Jane Rankin, in the 2d year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, 217 Gold street, this (Monday) afternoon, at one o'clock.

SHRADY.—On Friday, October 17, 1873, MARGARET, wife of John Shrady, aged 74 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 38 East Thirty-second street, on Monday, the 20th inst., at three o'clock P. M.

TAYLOR.—At Newark, N. J., JAMES S. TAYLOR, in his 87th year.

Funeral from his late residence, No. 112 Mount Pleasant avenue, Newark, on Monday, October 20, at twelve o'clock M. Trains on Newark branch of Erie Railroad from Chambers street at 10:45 and 11:30 A. M.

VALENTINE.—In this city, on Friday, October 17, CATHARINE S. VALENTINE, relict of Elijah Valentine, aged 80 years and 5 months.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 147 East Sixty-third street, on Tuesday, October 21, at one o'clock P. M.

VREELAND.—On Friday, October 17, CORNELIUS G. VREELAND, aged 34 years.

Funeral from the Halsey street Methodist Episcopal church, Newark, on Monday, October 20, at half-past two o'clock.

WHITE.—At Albany, N. Y., on Friday, October 17, MARTIN WHITE, aged 52 years.

Funeral from St. Joseph's church this (Monday) morning, at ten o'clock.

WHITNEY.—At Hoboken, on Sunday, October 19, EMILY WHITNEY.

Funeral will take place on Tuesday, October 21, from the residence of N. R. Hoyt, 146 Meadow street, at two o'clock P. M.

WILSON.—On Sunday evening, October 19, at his parents' residence, 305 West Twelfth street, LEWIS, son of John A. and Emma Wilson, aged 6 years, 8 months and 8 days.

Notice of funeral in Tuesday's paper.

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Central.

A.—TWO LOTS, NORTH SIDE 135TH STREET, BETWEEN Fifth and Sixth avenues, for sale. JOHN WARNKE, 121 Third avenue.

FOR SALE—A FOUR STORY MEDIUM SIZE BROWN stone House, No. 117 East Seventieth street, near Fourth avenue and the Park, built in the best manner; replete and complete in every particular; neighborhood first class; price low; terms easy. Inquire of WM. BENTLEY, on the premises, or of CHAS. FOX, 12 East Forty-fifth street, on Thursdays before 10 A. M.

FOR SALE—VERY LOW, FOUR LOTS ON SIXTY-third street, near Madison avenue; terms to suit. T. OLIVER CARTER, No. 4 Pine street, room 10.

MURRAY HILL.—$26,000 ($10,000 CASH) FOR A FOUR story high stoop 20 foot front brown stone, with chandeliers, mantel mirrors, &c.; immediate possession. T. J. DUNKIN & CO., 554 Third avenue.

12 EAST SIXTY-THIRD STREET, NEAR FIFTH avenue.—For sale, four story brown stone House; is beautifully finished, and has all the improvements; lot 25x100.5 feet. Apply on premises.

East Side.

A BARGAIN.—FOR SALE OR TO LET, ONE FOUR story brown stone corner House, 20x50 feet and two Houses, 16x50 feet, adjoining, on the southeast corner of Lexington avenue and Seventy-first street. Apply on the premises.

A.—TENEMENT PROPERTY FOR SALE—VERY low for cash, that will pay 10 to 12 per cent; also Store Property on Second and Third avenues. Apply to JOHN FETTRETCH, 1,036 Third avenue.

A GREAT INVESTMENT—NINE LOTS IN NORTH New York, at a sacrifice; terms easy; call early. T. J. DUNKIN & CO., 554 Third avenue.

BARGAINS.—A CHEAP PRIVATE HOUSE IN EAST Nineteenth street, $15,000; one for $14,000; one in Eighteenth street, $22,000; one in Seventeenth street, opposite Stuyvesant Park, $35,000; also several exceedingly well paying and very cheap tenement Houses. Call on F. JOSEPH, 343 East Nineteenth street.

FOR SALE—CORNER PROPERTY ON NEW BOWery; splendid location for any business; no reasonable offer refused; must sell; lot 25x100. D. F. CURLEY, 12 Centre street.

FOR SALE—AT A DECIDED BARGAIN, OR TO LET, House No. 162 East Seventy-eighth street. Inquire of owner, in drug store southwest corner Seventy-ninth street and Third avenue.

FOR SALE CHEAP—ON EASY TERMS, THE TWO story high stoop frame House No. 240 East Fifty ninth street, with full lot. Call on or address JACOB RATHGEBER.

West Side.

AT FORT WASHINGTON AND INWOOD, ON THE Heights—A few Building Sites for sale; the recent extension of the Boulevards through this beautiful part of Manhattan Island will open to the public drives and building sites, commanding such views of Hudson River and surrounding country as but few suppose this city to possess; the Heights are but little known to the general public, being heretofore approached by the many residents only through private roads; it will repay an investigation by parties desiring to obtain a building site; Croton water and gas pipes are laid. POTTER BROTHERS, No. 4 Warren street.

A.—ONE 1,000 YEARS' LEASEHOLD OF HOUSE and Lot 240 Thompson street for sale; price $9,000. Apply to A. R. MORRIS, Agent, corner South Fifth avenue and Bleecker street, up stairs.

CALL AT ONCE UPON S. KILPATRICK, 1,009 THIRD avenue, and inquire particularly about the elegant Dwelling on West Fifty-seventh street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues: you cannot lose; 1,000 to 1 you win; conditions every way favorable.

FOR SALE—TWO NEW FIRST CLASS HOUSES, 247 and 249 West Forty-fourth street; price $16,000; also two in Forty-fifth street, 203 and 209, cheap. Inquire on premises.

Miscellaneous.

LOTS FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—FOR FACTORIES, 620 Lots, with bulkhead water front; prices low and terms easy. Apply to S. B. SCHIEFFELIN, 170 William street.

$9.500—CASH DOWN $2,500—WILL BUY A FOUR story front and three story rear House, in good location; rents for $1,250; buildings in splendid order. H. PATTBERG, 234 Broadway.

BROOKLYN PROPERTY FOR SALE AND TO LET.

HERALD BRANCH OFFICE—BROOKLYN.

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A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DWELLING, WITH stable and extensive grounds, eligibly situated, in Brooklyn, convenient to ferries, to let, until May, at a merely nominal rent; cars pass the door. FOX BROTHERS, 14 Pine street.

FOR SALE—ON THE HEIGHTS AND NEAR THE ferries, a three story and basement brick House; desirable property; price and terms moderate; immediate possession. Address J. T. W., box 5,534 New York Post office.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND STORE PROPERTY; ONE corner Store, 17 rooms, $15,000; one corner Store, $11,000; two Stores, $10,000 each; three Stores, $8,000 each; all three story brown stone fronts; also three two story frame Houses, at $2,000 each. Call or address. N. M. WHIPPLE, 266 Court street.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—TWO LARGE FACtories, with 75 horse engine; also two vacant Lots adjoining; will sell for one third less than the value, or will lease. Apply to C. H. REYNOLDS, corner South First and Ninth streets, Williamsburg.

TO LET—ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS, NEAR WALL street ferry, a fine brick Dwelling; all improvements; immediate possession; rent $1,300. Apply to A. B. DAVENPORT, 367 Fulton street.

TO LET.—FURNISHED HOUSE IN BROOKLYN; desirable location; modern improvements; to a small family; rent taken in board of owner's family—three adults. Address HOUSE, Herald office.

$12 50 MONTHLY.—NICE SUIT OF ROOMS, IN Brooklyn, with use of kitchen, containing all modern improvements, bath and closet, in genteel looking house, splendidly located. Particulars at No. 194 Broadway, room 9.

$500.—TO LET OR FOR SALE, JUST FINISHED, two story and brown stone basement House; all the modern improvements; complete; Nineteenth ward; ten blocks from ferries. 251 Keap street, Williamsburg.

PROPERTY OUT OF THE CITY FOR SALE AND TO RENT.

A FULLY FURNISHED BRICK COTTAGE, 28 MILES from New York, $10 monthly commutation; furnace, gas, $45 per month during winter; small family only. Box 3,313 Post office.

PROPERTY OUT OF THE CITY FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

A RARE CHANCE FOR INVESTMENT—160 ACRES, with 4,000 feet navigable river front; streets laid out and graded; location handsome and healthy; 10 minutes' walk from depot, with 30 daily trains to New York in 55 minutes; a newly located road through the tract to New York in 45 minutes; owing to the present financial embarrassments and the immediate necessity for money, a rare opportunity is here offered; also, at the cost of improvements, two very handsome little Farms, with 3, 8, 15 or forty acres, one-half mile from above tract, nearly perfect in location and all desirable improvements; buildings convenient and complete; shade and fruit trees, lawn, hedges, &c. Principals call on or address OWNER, room 7, 161 Broadway, New York.

A GREAT SACRIFICE—A SPLENDID FARM OF 45 acres, in Bucks county, Pa.; the most healthy and lovely spot in America; only 35 miles from Philadelphia, 1½ miles from large town and station; milk and 12 passenger trains daily; property is on a handsome turnpike, five minutes' walk from village, Post office, stores, school, &c.; land is smooth and as rich as a garden; elegant and commodious stone mansion, hall and 9 rooms, new piazza, 40 feet long, nice shade; splendid new stone barn, 40x60, slate roof; stabling for 13 cows and 5 horses; plenty to feed them and $600 worth of hay sold yearly; carriage house, hog and poultry houses, &c.; price only $6,500; buildings alone cost over $8,000; only $1,500 cash required; balance easy; possession now or next spring. This is a chance offered once in a life time. Take 9 A. M. train from foot of Liberty street, New York, New Jersey Central Railroad to Bethlehem, Pa., there take North Pennsylvania Railroad to Quakertown, Bucks county, Pa., where you arrive before 1 o'clock; can return at 5 P. M. Inquire at Bush House, opposite Quakertown station, for G. L. WALKER. Carriage waiting.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE AND 57 ACRES NEAR New Brunswick, N. J.; hot and cold water, stationary wash tubs, range, boiler, furnace, stable, carriage house, ice house, numerous outbuildings; plenty of fruit; schools, churches of all denominations; frequent communication; taxes nominal. Owner, 26 Lafayette avenue, Brooklyn.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY.—THREE STORY BRICK corner Store and Dwelling, 40x45, lot 97 deep; the best location for grocer, meat shop or lager beer; Vanderbilt landing; $6,000, cost $10,000; terms easy, to close estate. DARRIN, 50 Broad street.

BARGAIN IN REAL ESTATE—ORNATE COTTAGE, with six rooms and equal to eight city lots, located on a corner opposite the depot, and suitable for business purposes; only $500 required in cash. Apply to MELVILLE E. MEAD, South Norwalk, Conn.

FOR SALE—IN EAST ORANGE, N. J., LOT 93X205, House, 12 rooms; all modern improvements; beautifully located; plenty of fruit and shade; splendid view; street Macadamized and lighted with gas, and but five minutes' walk from depot; price reasonable and terms easy. P. B. ACKER, 88 Beekman street.

FOR SALE—SOME OF THE MOST VALUABLE PROPerty in the city of Washington, as well as in the District of Columbia. Address S. BLAGDEN, 43 Wall street, New York.

FOR SALE—50 ACRE FARM, HOUSE AND OUTbuildings; terms easy. Inquire of C. E. WHITE, 150 Broadway.

FOR SALE.—WOOD—30 ACRES OF VALUABLE Timber, standing, one mile from water conveyance. Address A. C. O., care of Capron & Newman, Broadway and Twenty-eighth street.

FINE INVESTMENT.—LARGE, FINE HOUSE, 14 rooms; 44 acres Land under cultivation; water view unsurpassed; on Staten Island, 15 minutes from landing by macadamized road; abundance fruit; 10 acres can be sold in lots for more than cost of the property; $16,000; worth $25,000; sold to close estate. DARRIN, 50 Broad.

GENTLEMAN'S COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE.—Trade; lease; complete; unexceptionable, superior land; must be seen to be appreciated; terms easy. Address box 13 Post office, New Hope, Bucks county, Pa.

MONTCLAIR.—FOR SALE OR WILL EXCHANGE for Railroad Stocks or Bonds, a 2½ story frame House and barn and about 1½ acres of land; house is built in the best and most substantial manner, with all conveniences; 12 rooms, bath room, heater, &c.; first rate barn, and everything in good order, 15 minutes from two depots; terms easy. Address the owner, M. V., Herald office, or S. J. TUBBS, 71 Broadway.

MADISON, N. J.—FOR SALE CHEAP, 33 ACRES OF choice Land, with forest shade; surrounded by fine improvements; available for lots or residence. J. D. CONDICT, 149 Broadway.

NEAT, NEW ONE STORY FRENCH ROOF COTTAGE and large Lot, few minutes' walk from ferry, Vanderbilt landing; neighborhood good; $1,600; terms easy. DARRIN, 50 Broad street.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

EXCHANGE FOR BROOKLYN HOUSE—A FARM OF 160 acres in Western New York, free from encumbrance; buildings large and in complete order. J. O. HOYT & SON, 171 Broadway.

EXCHANGE FOR BROOKLYN OR NEW YORK House—A large modern House, free from encumbrance, on the Hudson, with 20 acres. J. O. HOYT & SON, 171 Broadway.

FOR SALE, EXCHANGE AND TO LET—ALL KINDS of Property in city and country; some places very cheap and terms easy. E. M. MASON, No. 1 Chambers street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A PLOT OF LOTS; two on 125th street, running through to 126th street, making four lots, 25x100 each, between Seventh and Eighth avenues. Apply to WILLIAM TUCKER, 220 Fifth avenue.

TWO FIRST CLASS HOUSES—IN ELIZABETH, NEW Jersey, to exchange for city or unimproved Property. W. H. WELLS, 202 Broadway.

POLITICAL.

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE FEDERAL Union organization of the city and county of New York will meet this evening, at 8½ o'clock, in the large room at 158 Chrystie street. By order of ANDREW LEWIS, Chairman.

WANTED TO PURCHASE

WANTED—200,000 FEET HEMLOCK BOARDS, SIXteen feet long. Apply to D. N. BEARDSLEY, 187 West street, Erie Building.

MATRIMONIAL.

AN EDUCATED AND REFINED GENTLEMAN OF means (30) desires to correspond with a respectable young lady; object only matrimony. M. C. LERDWELL, 2,224 Second avenue.

PIANOFORTES, ORGANS, &C.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF SECOND HAND STEINway & Sons' Pianos for sale cheap; also Pianos of other makers. Steinway Upright Pianos to rent to responsible parties. STEINWAY & SONS, Steinway Hall, New York.

A.—$200.—MAGNIFICENT 7¼ OCTAVE AGRAFFE, rosewood, overstrung iron frame (Goldsmith) Pianoforte, Stool, &c.; carved case and legs; latest improvements; fully guaranteed; also Piano and Stool, $50. GOLDSMITH'S, 26 Bleecker street, near Bowery.

A CHICKERING GRAND FOR SALE—AT HALF ITS value; little used and in perfect order. Apply at 298 Lexington avenue.

A.—PIANOS. DO NOT GO TO MOCK AUCTIONS OR purchase an old second hand; buy a first class 7¼ octave, with carved legs, agraffe action, every improvement, fully warranted, for $250; manufactory prices; instalments taken; $12 monthly; call and examine. CABLE & SONS, 107 West Twenty-third street, corner Sixth avenue.

A MODERN SEVEN OCTAVE ROSEWOOD PIANOforte, $125. Call and examine the best and cheapest Pianofortes manufactured, with seven years' guarantee. CO-OPERATIVE PIANOMAKERS, No. 9 Great Jones street, near Broadway.

A CHICKERING & SON PIANOFORTE FOR SALE—Brilliant toned, four round corners, original cost $1,200, for $250; bill of sale; five years' guarantee. Call at private residence 120 West 23d st., near 6th av.

A.—DON'T BUY PIANOS IN THE SHAPE OF DRY good boxes on instalments or rent when you can buy first class 7¼ octave rosewood Pianoforte for $225 cash, maker's price $800, at residence 120 West 23d street.

A CHANCE.—A GRAND 7¼ OCTAVE, BRILLIANT and powerful toned Pianoforte, in use 7 months, celebrated city maker, cost $950, for $275, Stool and Cover, at private residence 21 East 20th st., near Broadway, for three days.

A LADY WILL SELL OR RENT HER PIANO, $6 per month; beautiful 7 octave, carved legs, rosewood Piano, cash or instalments. 13 Waverley place, near Broadway.

A.—FOR $125 ELEGANT DOUBLE ROUND STANLEY & Sons rosewood Pianoforte, 7¼ octave; has all improvements; a 7¼ octave Decker Pianoforte at a sacrifice. Call this day residence 210 West 21st st.

A MAGNIFICENT 7¼ OCTAVE ROSEWOOD PIANOforte for sale—Made order, celebrated maker, fully guaranteed, used 5 months, cost $1,200, for $300; embroidered cloth Cover, Stool, Music Stand; also parlor, chamber, dining Furniture; a sacrifice. The property of W. R. Livingston, 36 West 15th st., near 5th av.

A LADY WILL SELL, PRICE $100, INCLUDING Stool, beautiful 7 octave Pianoforte, cost $450; carved case; modern improvements; perfect order; sweet, powerful tone. 28 Third street, near Bowery.

A ROSEWOOD SEVEN OCTAVE PIANO, CARVED legs and case, all modern improvements, celebrated maker, cost $600, for $125 with stool. No. 243 East 30th st., between 2d and 3d avs.

BURDETT ORGANS.—WE CHALLENGE THE WORLD to equal them; Parlor Organs $40 and upwards; Pianos and Organs sold on instalments; second hand instruments at panic prices. BILLINGS & WHEELOCK, 14 East Fourteenth st.

BEST NEW AND SECOND HAND PIANOS FOR RENT or sale on instalments; Steinway, Chickering, Hallet & Davis and others at great sacrifice. BERRY & CO., 789 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A SEVEN OCTAVE ROSEWOOD PIANOforte; modern style; only seven months in use; cost $500; will be sold for $250; owner breaking up housekeeping. Can be seen at 250 First avenue, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth streets.

MAGNIFICENT NEW 7¼ OCTAVE ROSEWOOD Pianoforte, having carved legs, overstrung bass, agraffe, &c., only $175; Parlor Organ, with eight stops, $75; sacrifices. JAMES GORDON, 157 Bleecker street.

PIANOS—SECOND HAND, OF VARIOUS MAKERS, in thorough order, for sale at low prices; also Pianos to rent, of our own manufacture, by CHICKERING & SONS, 11 East Fourteenth street, between Broadway and Fifth avenue.

PIANOS—A GREAT VARIETY TO RENT OR SELL; prices and terms to suit the times. Steinway Upright, cheap, at MERRELL'S, No. 8 Union square.

PIANOS (NEW AND SECOND HAND) TO RENT AND to sell on instalments; Steinway Upright Pianos to rent. WM. A. POND & CO., 547 Broadway.

500 PIANOS AND ORGANS, NEW AND SECOND hand, of first class makers, will be sold at lower prices, for cash or instalments, or for rent, in city or country, by HORACE WATERS & SON, 481 Broadway, than ever offered before in New York. Agents wanted.

AMUSEMENTS.

HENRY WARD BEECHER To night, at Association Hall, Subject—"Manhood and Money."

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY.—THIS MONDAY—NILSSON. Free list positively suspended. THIS (MONDAY) EVENING, OCT. 20, AT 8, TENTH SUBSCRIPTION NIGHT OF THE STRAKOSCH ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY. By request, IL TROVATORE. Madame CHRISTINE NILSSON as LEONORA. Miss CARY—CAMPANINI—DEL PUENTE. SCOLARA—Madame COONEY, BOY, &C. WEDNESDAY, October 22, Eleventh Subscription Night, first time this season of Mozart's chef-d'œuvre, DON GIOVANNI—NILSSON—with a magnificent cast. FIRST JOINT APPEARANCE OF THREE PRIMA DONNAS—MADAME CHRISTINE NILSSON, MLLE. OSTAVA TORRIANI, MLLE. ALICE MARESI. CAMPANINI, MAUREL, NANNETTI, SCOLARA, COLETTI, &c., &c. GRAND CHORUS OF SIXTY. POWERFUL ORCHESTRA OF FIFTY. MUSICAL DIRECTOR and CONDUCTOR, Sig. E. MUZIO. FRIDAY EV'G, OCT. 24 (Twelfth Subscription Night), LUCRETIA BORGIA. SATURDAY, OCT. 25, AT 1:30 P. M., GRAND NILSSON OPERA MATINEE. PRICES OF ADMISSION, EV'G PERFORMANCES:—General Admission, $2. Family Circle, $1. Reserved Seats (according to location), $1 and $2 extra. NOTICE.—Prices for MATINEE, October 25, at 1:30 P. M.:—Admission, $2. Reserved Seats, $1 extra. Seats and boxes for all the above now at the Academy; also 701 Broadway and 114 Broadway.

WALLACK'S. Proprietor and Manager, Mr. LESTER WALLACK. In compliance with numerous solicitations the LAST SIX NIGHTS of the present engagement of MR. SOTHERN will be devoted to the representation of his world-famous original creation of LORD DUNDREARY. MONDAY, Oct. 20, 1873, and EVERY EVENING DURING THE WEEK, also SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 1:30, will be presented Mr. Tom Taylor's celebrated Comedy of OUR AMERICAN COUSIN. LORD DUNDREARY (written and created by himself)....Mr. SOTHERN. Other characters by Messrs. J. B. POLK, J. W. CARROLL, T. E. MILLS, W. J. LEONARD, HOLLAND, BROWNE, PECK, EDWIN and Misses EFFIE GERMON, DORA GOLDTHWAITE, MINNIE BELL, Mme. PONISI and Miss BLAISDELL.

"DUNDREARY" MATINEE, SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

It is respectfully announced that MR. LESTER WALLACK will make his first appearance in two years on MONDAY, Oct. 27. Box book now open.

NEW LYCEUM THEATRE, 14th st. and 6th av. W. L. MANSELL, Manager.

POSITIVELY LAST WEEK. POSITIVELY LAST WEEK. POSITIVELY LAST WEEK.

NOTRE DAME, NOTRE DAME, NOTRE DAME.

Played for 350 Consecutive Nights in London. Played for 350 Consecutive Nights in London. Played for 350 Consecutive Nights in London. Every Evening at 8 (Last Week) Notre Dame.

POSITIVELY LAST WEEK. POSITIVELY LAST WEEK. POSITIVELY LAST WEEK.

MR. T. C. KING. MR. T. C. KING. MR. T. C. KING.

Every Evening at 8 (Last Week) Mr. T. C. King.

NOTRE DAME, NOTRE DAME, NOTRE DAME.

now in its SECOND MONTH in New York. now in its SECOND MONTH in New York. now in its SECOND MONTH in New York. THE NEW YORK HERALD SAYS:—"The most perfectly artistic representation enjoyed in New York for many a month." MONDAY, October 27, Mr. T. C. KING will appear in OTHELLO. Box office open from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

WOOD'S MUSEUM. MONDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1873. FRANK MAYO. FOR ONE WEEK ONLY. MONDAY EVENING, October 20, and EVERY EVENING DURING THE WEEK, ALSO SATURDAY MATINEE AT TWO O'CLOCK. The popular young artist, MR. FRANK MAYO, MR. FRANK MAYO, in Frank Murdock's BACKWOODS IDYL of DAVY CROCKETT, DAVY CROCKETT. The beautiful and gifted actress, MISS ROSA RAND, has been expressly engaged for the role of ELEANOR VAUGHN. NEW SCENERY, COSTUMES, &c. MATINEE PERFORMANCES MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY, AT TWO P. M. LAST WEEK of the celebrated Tragedian, Mr. E. EDDY, who will appear by urgent request in the new American Drama, called LIFE AND DEATH OF NATTY BUMPO, with full and efficient cast. NEW SCENERY, &c. MONDAY, OCTOBER 27, first time this season of the great character artist, Mr. DOMINICK MURRAY.

DALY'S BROADWAY THEATRE, 728 and 730 Broadway. Begins at 8. Parquette and Balcony, $1 50. Dress Circle, $1. General admission, $1. Family Circle, 50c. Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY.........Sole Lessee and Manager. MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 20, POSITIVELY LAST NIGHT OF MAX, THE MERRY SWISS BOY!!! with the inimitable dialect comedian, Mr. J. K. EMMET, in the title character, with his popular songs and dances. TUESDAY EVENING, Oct. 21, will be revived, with all its original sensational effects and with new scenery, the great local play in which Mr. EMMET first secured success and fame, FRITZ! OUR COUSIN GERMAN! FRITZ VAN VONDERBLINKENSTOFFEN, Mr. J. K. EMMET. Rest of characters by the immense Broadway company.

ACT 1.—Scene 1—A VIEW OF THE BAY OF NEW YORK. Castle Garden. Coming on Shore. Pigeons Among Hawks. The German Emigrant. Tricks Upon Travellers. Katrina in Danger. Scene 2—FRITZ in Search of KATRINA. Scene 3—Bobbit's Nice Little Establishment. Ballet Girls Off Duty. A Very Loving Aunt. The Drugged Wine! The Scoundrel Foiled. Fritz up to Snuff!

ACT 2.—Scene 1—Katrina's Place of Refuge. The Lost Trunk. Fritz Receives an Engagement. Scene 2—JUSTICE GRIFFIN'S COURT ROOM. The Smasher on Trial. Scene 3—GRAND INTERNATIONAL CONCERT HALL! In this scene Mr. EMMET will introduce his original Character Burlesque, Popular Songs and Dances, &c. The Arrest. Tableau.

ACT 3.—Scene 1—THE HOME OF FRITZ, THE HAPPY MILLER. Katrina and Moppy Compare the Present with the Past. The Trap Door. The Rushing Waters. The Mill in Operation. The Returned Convicts. The Robbery Planned. The Recognition. The Threat. Katrina's Fears. Demoniac Resolve of Crafton. A Mother's Anguish. The Bell. Timely Arrival of FRITZ and HAPPY DENOUEMENT.

. During Mr. EMMET'S engagement seats may be secured daily from 8 to 5. The present is the last week but one of Mr. EMMET. MATINEE SATURDAY AT 1½ O'CLOCK.

SALVINI'S LAST PERFORMANCES IN NEW YORK, consisting of two nights and two matinees, will be given this week as follows:—

Evening performances at the Academy of Music | Tuesday evening Oct. 21, and Thursday evening, Oct. 23.

MATINEE. MATINEE. | UNION SQUARE THEATRE, WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, OCT. 22.

MATINEE. MATINEE. | NEW LYCEUM THEATRE, SATURDAY AFTERNOON, OCT. 25.

TUESDAY EVENING AT ACADEMY OF MUSIC, AND WEDNESDAY MATINEE AT UNION SQUARE THEATRE. First and only Performances in America of the original play on which was founded the most successful drama of DAVID GARRICK, entitled SULLIVAN THE ACTOR, in which, appearing for the first time here in the modern drama, Signor Salvini will personate the part of SULLIVAN THE ACTOR, a character well known here under the name of DAVID GARRICK. THURSDAY, OCTOBER 23, AT ACADEMY OF MUSIC. FAREWELL SALVINI NIGHT—OTHELLO. SATURDAY AFTERNOON AT LYCEUM THEATRE, FAREWELL SALVINI MATINEE. HAMLET. (By request.) HAMLET. TUESDAY, Oct. 28—SALVINI'S debut in Philadelphia.

SALVINI MATINEE.—WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, UNION SQUARE THEATRE, WEDNESDAY, LAST TIME OF DAVID GARRICK. SALVINI IN HIS GREAT ROLE, DAVID GARRICK. Admission $1; Seats, $1 extra. Sale commences to-morrow morning at box offices Academy and Union Square Theatre, and 701 and 114 Broadway.

SALVINI AS DAVID GARRICK TO-MORROW, for the FIRST and ONLY times in AMERICA, AT ACADEMY OF MUSIC TUESDAY EVENING, AND AT THE SALVINI MATINEE, AT THE UNION SQUARE THEATRE, WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON AT 1:30.

MRS. F. B. CONWAY'S BROOKLYN THEATRE. DALY'S FIFTH AVENUE THEATRE COMEDY COMBINATION. ALIXE and MARRIED LIFE.

BRYANT'S OPERA HOUSE. 23D STREET, between 6th and 7th avenues, near Booth's Theatre. Begins at 8. Concludes at 10. Seats secured. DAN BRYANT'S MINSTRELS. DECIDED HIT. THE CONSPIRATORS. DECIDED HIT. DECIDED HIT. THE CONSPIRATORS. DECIDED HIT. MME. ANGOT'S KIDS. SCREAMS OF LAUGHTER. NO CURE NO PAY. DR. CUREALL. UNSWORTH AND EUGENE. Immense success of BOB HART'S original scene, SCHOOL. EXAMINATION. SCHOOL. Characters by Dan Bryant, Bob Hart, Dave Reed, Nelse Seymour, Harry Stanwood, Con Murphy, Brockway, Lamont, Templeton, Raymond, Dwyer, Morrissy, Cameron, Unsworth. FAMILY MATINEE SATURDAYS, AT 2.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE FAIR NOW OPEN, 2d and 3d avenues, between 63d and 64th streets. MAGNIFICENT STEAM ENGINES, of enormous power. SPLENDID LOOMS, weaving three yards wide. POWERFUL ENGINES driven by the ordinary street gas. NEW SAWS, which plane wood as they cut. Two full-sized SAWMILLS in operation. Curious VACCUUM PUMPS. The PULSOMETER. STEEL FORGINGS, a complete manufactory. LADIES' BUTTONS—Tens of thousands a day. Entirely new STONE DRESSING Machinery. ROCK and ICE CRUSHING Machinery, and hundreds of other interesting and WONDERFUL MECHANICAL PROCESSES in full operation. CONCERTS AFTERNOON AND EVENING. Admission, 50 cents. Children, 25 cents. Open from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.

NEW YORK MUSEUM OF ANATOMY, 618 BROADway, between Houston and Bleecker streets.—Every one should visit the wonderful museum; it is full of every thing people should see and understand. Lectures daily on "The Philosophy of Marriage." Those parties unable to attend these important lectures can have them forwarded, post free, on receipt of 25 cents, by addressing SECRETARY NEW YORK MUSEUM OF ANATOMY, 618 Broadway.

AMUSEMENTS.

NIBLO'S GARDEN. NIBLO'S GARDEN. Tenth week of the great Spectacle, THE BLACK CROOK, produced in a style of splendor WHOLLY UNEQUALLED in the annals of the drama. Beautiful Scenery. Magnificent Costumes. Superb Ballets. THE LONDON MADRIGAL BOYS. THE WONDERFUL INFANT SISTERS, in their unapproachable and graceful gymnastic act. REGAMEY, the French Caricaturist. E. D. DAVIS, Premier Ventriloquist. THE GRAND BALLET OF ALL NATIONS. THE KIRALFY FAMILY, in their GRAND HUNGARIAN DANCE. Matt Morgan's PICTORIAL ALLEGORY. MATINEE SATURDAY, at 1:30. On MONDAY, October 27, 1873, RECONSTRUCTION OF THE BLACK CROOK. New Ballets, new Costumes, new Music, &c., &c.

NEW METROPOLITAN THEATRE, 585 and 587 BROADWAY. Manager.....R. W. BUTLER. This week a new GALAXY OF STARS will be produced. THE KING of COMEDIANS. MR. JOHN HART. New York's GREATEST FAVORITE. He will appear in his original interlude, THE INVADED STUDIO and THE GREAT TRIAL SCENE, which Messrs. Hart and Ryman, by their excellent and characteristic acting, have made entirely their own. Re-engagement of the favorite comedians, SAM RICKEY and MASTER BARNEY. Having just completed a most successful engagement in Boston, they will positively appear in RICKEY'S Character Sketch of TAKING THE PLEDGE. FATHER'S SOIREE, Miss Gussie Creyton and Jas. Mass. William Carter's new farce, PORT WINE AND JEALOUSY. Miss BELLE HOWITT and Mr. GEORGE KETCHUM. The Morning Glories, QUEEN and WEST. The STUART SISTERS and other prominent artists WILL APPEAR EVERY EVENING. Doors open at 7. Curtain rises at quarter to 8. MATINEE EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

OATES.	Begins at 8.	Last nights.
OATES.	FAREWELL PERFORMANCES	Last nights.
OATES.	of	Last nights.
OATES.	Mrs. JAMES A. OATES	Last nights.
OATES.	and her Grand English	Last nights.
OATES.	Comic Opera Company.	Last nights.
OATES.	Every evening Offenbach's	Last nights.
OATES.	Mons. CHOUFLEURI.	Last nights.
OATES.	Mons. CHOUFLEURI.	Last nights.
OATES.	Mons. CHOUFLEURI.	Last nights.
OATES.	Mons. CHOUFLEURI.	Last nights.

Last Wednesday Matinee. | Friday, Benefit Mrs. Oates. | Last Saturday Matinee.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE. Sole Lessee and Manager.....Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY. RESUMPTION OF SPECIE PRICES. Mr. Daly begs to announce that he will signalize the Resumption of the Dramatic Season this evening, by a return to the popular ante-bellum or SPECIE PRICES, viz.:—Admission to all parts of the house, except Family Circle, FIFTY CENTS. Reserved chairs in the Orchestra and Parquet Circle, FIFTY CENTS EXTRA. Family Circle......FORTY CENTS. In placing this magnificent Theatre at that former standard of prices and thus bringing its famous and unexcelled performances within the reach of the entire community during this period of popular depression, Mr. Daly would have it distinctly understood that he does not in any particular whatever alter the standard of entertainment at the Grand Opera House. That will be, as heretofore, strictly FIRST CLASS in every department. The Dramatic Company will remain precisely the same as heretofore, and will include Mr. G. L. FOX, Mr. D. H. HARKINS, Mr. FRANK HARDENBERG, Mr. CHARLES LECLERCQ, Mr. M. A. KENNEDY, Mr. W. J. JENNINGS, Mr. C. K. FOX, Mrs. C. M. WALCOT, Miss FANNY HEYWARD, Miss ADELAIDE LENNOX, Miss M. CHAMBERS, Miss MARY CARR, &c., &c., &c. The initial performance, to mark the new era in theatre prices, will comprise a revival of the world-popular sensational Drama, UNDER THE GASLIGHT, to be produced with all its famous original effects, including the GREAT PIER SCENE and the RAILROAD SENSATION! This celebrated play will be succeeded next week with a grand reproduction of the wonderful sensational Local Folly entitled ROUND THE CLOCK. MARK THE PRICES. Admission, with seats in Dress Circle, 50c. Reserved Seats in the Orchestra and Parquet Circle, 50c. extra. Family Circle, 40c.

A. R. SAMUELLS' NEW PARK THEATRE, BROOKLYN. MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 20, and during the week, the eminent American Tragedian, LAWRENCE BARRETT, as CASSIUS, in JULIUS CÆSAR. Box sheet now open from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M., and at 114 Broadway.

GERMANIA THEATRE. AD. NEUENDORFF..........Director. MONDAY, OCTOBER 20, MIT DER FEDER. MARCEL. EIN DELICATER AUFTRAG. Box office open daily from 9 till 4 o'clock.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS, HOOLEY'S OPERA HOUSE, BROOKLYN. GENUINE AND DECIDED SUCCESS. BIRCH, WAMBOLD AND BACKUS. SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS. Everything bright, fresh and sparkling. MONDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 20, AN ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.

REDPATH'S LYCEUM. STEINWAY'S. EDWARD JENKINS (Author of "Ginx's Baby") on "The England of To-day;" only appearance in New York—October 22. JOHN B. GOUGH—"Night Scenes in a Great Metropolis;" new; only delivery in New York—November 4. JOSH BILLINGS—"Butey and the Beest;" new—November 11. THOMAS NAST—"Caricaturing." Illustrated with Caricatures of Burton, Butler, Tweed, Oakey Hall, Nast and others, drawn in presence of the audience; only appearance—November 18. REV. P. V. NASBY, P. M.—"Hannah Jane;" first appearance in four years—November 25. Evening tickets, with reserved seats, 75 cents, for sale to-day at Steinway Hall. Unreserved seats, 50 cents.

HARLEM THEATRE AND MUSIC HALL. Third avenue, between 129th and 130th streets. TO-NIGHT, THE FIRST OF A COURSE OF TWELVE LECTURES. ANNA E. DICKINSON. Subject:—"For Your Own Sake." Admission 50 cents; reserved seats 25 cents extra. Ticket office open, 8 to 5, daily. Course tickets, $6.

STEINWAY HALL. TUESDAY EVENING, October 21, GRAND COMPLIMENTARY CONCERT. VESCELIUS TRIO, assisted by M. HENRI WIENIAWSKI, Signor SCHOLARA, Signor BOY, Signor DEL PUENTE, M. BERHING, of the Strakosch Opera Troupe; Signor AGRAMONTE and others. Admission, 75 cents; reserved seats, $1. Tickets on sale at the music store of A. Schirmer, 701 Broadway; Pond, 39 Union square and 547 Broadway; Ditson, 711 Broadway; Theatre Ticket office, 114 Broadway; Grand Central Hotel and Steinway Hall.

ROBINSON HALL, Sixteenth street, three doors west of Broadway. Managers....J. E. McDONOUGH and H. A. EARNSHAW. 2 LAST WEEKS. 2 LAST WEEKS. Every day at 3 | ROYAL MARIONETTES | and night at 8. Every day at 3 | ROYAL MARIONETTES | and night at 8. Secured sofas, $1. General admission, 50c. Children half price.

DR. KAHN'S GRAND MUSEUM AND POLYTECHNIC Institute—Rebuilt, remodelled, and with 5,000 fresh attractions, now open to the public, at 688 Broadway, nearly opposite the Grand Central Hotel. Models of every portion of the human frame, breathing Mechanical Figures, &c., &c., altogether comprising the most entertaining and instructive exhibition in the world. Admission 50c. Scientific lectures daily; free to visitors.

CHURCH OF THE DISCIPLES. Prof. CROMWELL'S ART ENTERTAINMENT FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY. WEDNESDAY, October 22, 1873, PARIS AND VERSAILLES. THURSDAY, October 23, SWITZERLAND AND THE ALPS. Popular rates of admission. Adults, 50 cents; Children, 25 cents.

BROOKLYN ATHENÆUM. FIRST SUBSCRIPTION NIGHT of the GERMANIA THEATRE COMPANY, MONDAY, OCTOBER 20. ELFRIDE. Comedy in three acts. GALATHEE. Comic Opera in one act. Box office open from 9 till 6 o'clock.

THE PILGRIM. Bain Hall, Great Jones street, every evening at 8, Wednesday and Saturday at 2:30 P. M. This day—Public School No. 10 and Good Will Mission. BENEFITS. Monday evening—Church of the Atonement. Tuesday—Allen street Methodist Episcopal church. Wednesday—Berean Baptist church. Thursday—Jane street Methodist Episcopal church. Friday—Zion American Methodist Episcopal church. Saturday—Second avenue Methodist Episcopal church.

LAST WEEK OF CHARLES H. FOSTER, BEST MEdium in the world, 19 West Twenty-second street. "Foster Pamphlet" now ready; price 50c. Can be found at C. H. FOSTER'S & A. BRANTONIA'S. Gems from the best brain of the country.

MME. BONEWITZ FOLKMANN'S FIRST TRIO SOIREE, next THURSDAY, October 23, 8:30 P. M., IRVING HALL.

CLOWN SUITS, TIGHTS, TRUNKS, SHIRTS, HOSE, all sizes and colors, plaid and striped, in worsted and cotton. Enclose stamp for circular. UNION ADAMS & CO., 637 Broadway.

CARD.—PRIVATE MUSIC LESSONS, PIANO, VIOLIN, Organ, Guitar, Flute, Cornet, Zither, Harp, Singing, Harmony. 92 Clinton place. Day and evening. Circulars mailed free. J. JAY WATSON, Director.

GENUINE BROOK TROUT, AT AMERICAN INSTItute Fair, weighing 8½ pounds. Presented by R. G. Allerton, Esq. To be seen day and evening. See other advertisements in this paper.

AMUSEMENTS.

UNION SQUARE THEATRE. Proprietor..........Mr. SHERIDAN SHOOK. Manager..........Mr. A. M. PALMER. Begins at 8. Matinee at 1 30. 4th week and undiminished success of the GENEVA CROSS. THE GENEVA CROSS. THE GREAT CAST. Miss Rose Eytinge, Miss Emily Mestayer, Miss Eliza Weathersby, Miss Maude Granger. Mr. C. R. Thorne, Jr., Mr. Stuart Robson, Mr. F. F. Mackay, Mr. John Parselle, Mr. J. J. Prior, Mr. W. H. Bokee, Mr. H. W. Montgomery, Mr. W. H. Wilder, Mr. W. S. Quigley. BY Mr. GEO. F. ROWE. "One of the best dramas ever acted in this city."—Art Journal.

BOWERY THEATRE. WM. B. FRELIGH..........Manager. THE ACME OF HISTRIONIC FAME STILL RETAINED by the supereminence of the artistic representations, nightly applauded to the very echo by delighted and admiring thousands. NOVELTY. NOVELTY. NOVELTY. Limited engagement of the GREAT FIELDINGS. An entire new and original Irish-American Drama, THE TURF DIGGER'S DOOM, written expressly for the Fieldings by Chas. Foster, Esq. MONDAY, October 20, and every evening till further notice, THE TURF DIGGER'S DOOM. MAT O'MALLEY..........Mr. JOHN FIELDING. BIDDY MULROONEY..........MAGGIE FIELDING. —In which they will introduce their extraordinary Musical Specialties. To be preceded by the Farce of GINGER SNAPS. THE PRICES OF ADMISSION ARE:—

Balcony	75c.	Boxes	35c.
Parquet and Dress Circle	50c.	Amphitheatre	20c.
Orchestra	75c.	Private Boxes	$5 and $7

The Box Book is now open at the office of the theatre, where seats may be secured six days in advance. Carriages may be ordered for 11 P. M.

THEATRE COMIQUE, 514 BROADWAY. Mr. JOSH HART..........Sole Proprietor. AN ENTIRE CHANGE OF BILL and first appearance of Mr. J. C. STEWART, RICARDO, FRAY and Miss NELLIE STEEL, Mr. JAMES McDONALD, Miss E. McDONALD, Mr. GILBERT CREME, Mr. W. D'ALMIN, Mr. H. MONROE and Miss GRACE HARRIS. First time of the Burlesque, THE CROOK. THE CROOK. Mr. J. C. STEWART as the PREMIERE DANSEUSE. HARRIGAN and HART in their Comical Sketch, THE MULLIGAN GUARDS. THE MULLIGAN GUARDS. First week of the Great FANGOIS, Egyptian Juggler. The child wonder, LITTLE JENNIE YEAMENS. Mrs. JOHN WILD, Miss KITTY O'NEIL, Miss JENNIE HUGHES, Miss JENNIE SATERLEE, Miss MARIE GORENFLO, Miss A. YEAMENS, Mr. JOHN WILD, Mr. FRANK KERNS and the entire troupe in an NEW OLIO OF FUN. Matinee Wednesday and Saturday.

BOOTH'S THEATRE. LESSEE, J. B. BOOTH. MAGGIE MITCHELL, FOR FOUR WEEKS ONLY. FANCHON, THE CRICKET, EVERY NIGHT, and SATURDAY MATINEE at 1:30, supported by Mr. J. W. COLLIER and a POWERFUL CAST. Seats secured in advance at the theatre and at the music store of C. H. Ditson & Co., 711 Broadway. NOVEMBER 3—EDWIN BOOTH for four weeks.

BOOTH'S THEATRE. SPECIAL NOTICE. In compliance with the request of many patrons of the theatre, and following the suggestions of some of the leading journals of this city, the price to the Family Circle, with a coupon ticket entitling the holder to a Reserved Seat, will be hereafter 75 cents. Monday, October 20. J. B. BOOTH.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC. THIS (MONDAY), OCT. 20, AT 8 P. M., ILMA DI MURSKA, E. TAMBERLIK, in Donizetti's Grand Opera of LUCIA DI LAMMERMOOR. Seats to be had now at the Brooklyn Academy of Music and 114 Broadway, New York.

BOOTH'S THEATRE. MURSKA. TAMBERLIK. MAX MARETZEK'S ITALIAN OPERA. (By kind permission of Miss Maggie Mitchell.) WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 22, AT 1:30 P. M., GRAND MATINEE. LAST APPEARANCE IN OPERA OF ILMA DI MURSKA AND SIGNOR TAMBERLIK, in Donizetti's opera of LUCIA DI LAMMERMOOR. POPULAR PRICES.

General admission	$1 50
Reserved seats	50c. and $1 extra
Family Circle	$1

Tickets and seats for sale at No. 701 Broadway and No. 114 Broadway, and at the Box Office of Booth's Theatre.

STEINWAY HALL. ILMA DI MURSKA. SIG. TAMBERLIK. FRIDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 24, AT 8 O'CLOCK, GRAND FAREWELL CONCERT. LAST APPEARANCE IN NEW YORK OF ILMA DI MURSKA AND SIGNOR TAMBERLIK. FIRST APPEARANCE OF MISS ROSA McGEACHY AND HERR HERRMANN BRANDT, Solo Violinist of the Gewand Haus Concerts, Leipsic, together with the favorite Pianist, J. N. PATTISON, SIGS. ROSSI GALLI, ARDAVANI AND OTHERS. SPECIAL NOTICE.—On this occasion only MLLE. ILMA DI MURSKA will sing, among other favorite morceau, the celebrated SHADOW SONG, from Meyerbeer's opera of DINORAH. GRAND ORCHESTRA. Conductors..........G. CARLBERG, MAX MARETZEK. POPULAR PRICES.

General admission	$1 50
Reserved seats, first and second balcony	50c. extra
Reserved Seats on the floor	$1 extra

Full Programme in Thursday's papers. Tickets and Seats for sale on Tuesday morning at 701 and 114 Broadway, and at the Box Office, Steinway Hall.

P. T. BARNUM'S WORLD'S FAIR. POPULAR PRICES. POPULAR PRICES. AMUSEMENT FOR THE MILLION. AMUSEMENT FOR THE MILLION. THE GREATEST COMBINATION OF EXHIBITIONS AND THE BIGGEST SHOW IN THE WORLD FOR A SMALL PRICE OF ADMISSION, WILL OPEN MONDAY NIGHT, OCTOBER 20, for a few days only, at 27TH ST. AND 4TH AV. GRAND STREET PAGEANT MONDAY MORNING, OCT. 20, should the weather permit; otherwise the first clear day. TEN TIMES MORE ATTRACTIVE THAN ANY OTHER PLACE OF AMUSEMENT IN NEW YORK FOR NEARLY ONE-HALF THE PRICE OF ADMISSION. THE GRAND STREET PAGEANT, which promises to be the most gorgeous affair of the kind ever witnessed in New York, will leave Madison avenue and Twenty-sixth street, MONDAY MORNING, October 20, at precisely 9 o'clock, and will move up Madison av. to 34th st., thence to 3d av., 3d av. to Bowery, thence to Chatham, thence to Chambers, to Broadway, up Broadway to 34th st., thence to 8th av., thence to Greenwich av., to 6th av., up 6th av. to 26th st., returning thence to Madison.

TONY PASTOR'S OPERA HOUSE, 201 BOWERY. GUS WILLIAMS, GUS WILLIAMS as PETER TUNDERNICKELS, In the new drama, A DUTCHMAN in LONDON. TONY PASTOR | FRED MACKLEY | JENNIE LESLIE in new songs. | in new songs. | in new songs. ANDY HUGHES and ANNIE HUGHES in the new Irish sketch, NORAH'S BIRTHDAY. JENNIE ENGEL, THE WESTON SISTERS, BILLY BARRY, GEO. THATCHER, LARRY TOOLEY, MANCHESTER and JENNINGS in new songs and dances. ALL THE GREAT TROUPE IN A NEW BILL. MATINEES EVERY TUESDAY and SATURDAY at 2½. Ladies admitted free on Friday evenings and to Saturday matinees.

AMUSEMENT AND INSTRUCTION COMBINED. AMERICAN INSTITUTE FAIR, Second and Third avs., Sixty-third and Sixty-fourth sts. THE MANAGERS NOW ISSUE FAMILY OR COUPON TICKETS, AT ONE-HALF REGULAR RATES. TWENTY ADMISSIONS—adult or child—$5. See other advertisements in this paper.

GRAND MILITARY CONCERTS AT AMERICAN INSTITUTE FAIR, Second and Third avenues, between Sixty-third and Sixty-fourth streets. EVERY AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

FERRERO'S NEW ASSEMBLY ROOMS, Fourteenth street, adjoining Academy of Music. SECOND AND LAST WEEK OF M. HARTZ, AMERICA'S GREATEST ILLUSIONIST, in his MARVELLOUS PERFORMANCES. Including his INCOMPARABLE WONDER, AEROSTAT SPIRITUEL; Title copyright, and which he challenges THE WORLD TO IMITATE. POPULAR PRICES. 50 and 75 cents; seats can be secured at M. HARTZ'S Magical Repository, 850 Broadway, near Fourteenth st. Last Matinee, Saturday, 25th, at 2 o'clock. Admission 50c.

HARTZ.—EXTRA MATINEE, WEDNESDAY next, at 2 o'clock. The proceeds will be given FOR THE BENEFIT OF the sufferers in SHREVEPORT AND MEMPHIS. ADMISSION 50 CENTS. TICKETS NOW READY.

BOUTWELL. BOUTWELL. BOUTWELL. BOUTWELL. BOUTWELL. BOUTWELL. BOUTWELL. BOUTWELL. BOUTWELL. BOUTWELL. BOUTWELL. BOUTWELL. BOUTWELL. SENATOR BOUTWELL will deliver an address, specially prepared for the GALAXY COURSE, on "FINANCE AND THE PANIC," TO-MORROW (TUESDAY) EVENING, CHURCH OF THE DISCIPLES (Rev. Geo. H. Hepworth's). Tickets at No. 114 Broadway, Windsor, Gilsey and Fifth Avenue Hotels; Brentano's, Union square, and Galaxy Directory, No. 5 West Twenty-third street.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY. On and after TUESDAY, the 21st inst., at 9 A. M., Season Tickets and Reserved Seats, for six Concerts and eighteen Rehearsals, will be sold at Messrs. G. Schirmer's, 701 Broadway; C. Heuser's, 820 Broadway; Jordons & Martens', 1,164 Broadway; W. A. Pond's, 39 Union square; E. Schuberth's, 23 Union square, and at the office of the Secretary, 302 Fifth street. The boxes will be sold at the Academy on Tuesday, the 21st inst., at 3 P. M., by A. H. Muller, Esq., Auctioneer. Entrance on Fourteenth street. D. SCHAAD, Secretary.

DR. J. JAY VILLERS' HUMOROUS LECTURE, "Funny People," Olivet chapel, 23d; Westchester, Pa. 27th; Harlem, 28th; Danellen, 29th; Fort Plain, 30th; Oswego, 31st. Address AMERICAN LITERARY BUREAU.

THE CHIEF JUSTICESHIP.

Washington Lawyers on the Succession.

THE CLAIMS OF THE SOUTH.

Views of Mr. Thomas J. Durant and Mr. Harvey Watterson.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18, 1873.

There are very few citizens of Washington who are not acquainted with Thomas J. Durant, of Louisiana. Apart from his great reputation as a lawyer, his thorough knowledge of every point of the Napoleonic code and the civil law as introduced in most of the Southern States, Mr. Durant has the enviable reputation of having been true to the Union from the beginning to the end of the rebellion. He was selected by the President to represent the American claimants before the Spanish Claims Commission. I found him in his office, on Four and a Half street, in fighting trim, wearing a blouse, his hands somewhat dusty from handling the ancient tomes of forgotten lore. The walls of his spacious office are literally law books. From floor to ceiling, even half concealing the windows, are thousands of the rarest of works. Having stated that the object of my visit was to elicit his views on the Chief Justiceship, Mr. Durant said:—

"I have a preference for one of the Associate Justices and another for a gentleman not on the Bench, but it would be indelicate in me to say who they are. I have never talked with the President about the matter, nor have I heard of anybody who has. It is

GENERALLY REGRETTED HE DELAYS THE APPOINTMENT,

though I suppose he has weighty reasons for so doing. You see when the Court has but eight members the Justices may be equally divided, whereas with the Chief Justice present such a thing would be impossible. This, too, is not the most pleasant thing for a lawyer, especially in the disposal of cases which come up for reargument. But we cannot help it. The President has determined, it seems, to defer the appointment until Congress meets, and we will have to wait his pleasure."

"What do you think about conferring the appointment on one of the present Associate Justices and fill the vacancy from your section of the country?"

"I told you that of two men whom I would like to see elevated to the Chief Justiceship one is already on the bench, and in the event of a vacancy being created, the appointment of a Southern lawyer would, in many respects, add to the legal condition of the bench and furnish more complete representation in disposing of

IMPORTANT QUESTIONS ARISING IN THE SOUTH.

Causes involving land titles are constantly coming before the Court, and unless one is familiar with the old civil law as it obtained in Louisiana, Alabama, Florida, and even Arkansas, New Mexico and California, it is difficult to decide equitably."

"You have no idea but what the President will confer the position on a republican?"

"None other. Marshall was the most ultra of partisans, a firm federalist, and yet his judicial fame will live as long as the country exists. Taney was appointed Chief Justice on account of his faithful service to President Jackson in removing the deposits from the United States Bank. It was before your time, but I remember very well the long and bitter howl the whigs set up at the action of Jackson in rewarding the subservient Secretary of the Treasury as he did. Chase received his appointment purely on political considerations, and the fact is no one can tell how many and what they all were. Certainly, President Grant is expected to show his appreciation of the great worth of the man, whoever he appoints, and how else is he to judge save by the fealty of that man to the republican party? I suppose there never was such a surprise as when

MR. CHASE AS CHIEF JUSTICE

gave an opinion contrary to his action and avowed belief while Secretary of the Treasury concerning the Legal Tender act. However, it is one thing to be an administrative officer and another to sit in judgment on the laws you may have framed and executed—a very great difference between an advocate and a judge, always."

"It is said that Conkling took the most emphatic ground against the Legal Tender act when in Congress, and denied the right of Congress to pass such an act."

"The legal tender question is disposed of forever, so that need not be an objection to his appointment. However, we will not discuss individual claims, but leave that to the President."

After a brief conversation on the weather, your correspondent retreated, leaving Mr. Durant to the quiet of his legal works.

Mr. Harvey Watterson's Views.

Mr. Harvey Watterson, of Nashville, Tenn., who thirty years ago represented Coffee county district, as it was then called, in Congress, has since the war permanently located in Washington, and is one of the representative lawyers from the Southern States. Meeting him in the rotunda of the Ebbitt, where the legal profession fraternize after dinner on toothpicks and cigars, I asked him if he had given the subject of who should be Chief Justice any thought. He promptly replied, "Yes, and if you want my opinion I can give it in very few words. The President would do well to appoint one of the present Judges and confer the vacancy on Colonel Bristow, of Kentucky, who served as the first Solicitor General with so much ability."

"Who would you prefer should be appointed among the Associate Justices?"

"That is a question I cannot answer. My relations with the Court preclude me from publicly expressing any preference. Whoever the President selects will be

THE CHOICE OF THE BAR.

I do not suppose he would confer the honor on any one not in accord with the administration."

"You think Colonel Bristow would make a good Associate Justice, and would represent the South?"

"I certainly do. To be sure, he is a republican, but then the President cannot be expected to confer such honors on political opponents when he has worthy friends in the party. Besides, that is not the way the democratic party ran the government. Politics, after all, has but little to do with judicial opinions. The elements of political economy are about the same on the Bench as on the stump, and men who act on political conviction could not be expected to change them when elevated to the Bench. That is about all I care to say, and covers all you wish to know. Let the South be represented in the Supreme Court, and I know of no other way to do it than as I have suggested. If we wait for another vacancy, the section which was represented before the death or resignation of any member of the Court will claim the position still, and

THE SOUTH NEVER WILL HAVE A REPRESENTATIVE."

"Prominent members of the Bar have already suggested this, and it may be the President will select Justice Miller for the office."

"Well, as I said before, the choice of the President is the choice of the Bar. We are satisfied he will make a good appointment when the time comes for him to do so."

"What do you think of Conkling for Chief Justice?"

"I have given you my views. What is the use of talking about an outsider? I have candidly answered your questions, and yet you are not satisfied."

The least I could do was to thank the venerable Tennessean, and here an old acquaintance came to his relief, and gave him an excuse for dropping the matter.

BROOKLYN BURGLARIES.

About four o'clock yesterday morning the repose of Mr. John Joyce was disturbed by a noise proceeding from the basement of his dwelling house in Grand avenue, near Wyckoff street. Mr. Joyce proceeded to investigate the cause of the interruption of his travels in dreamland, and was not surprised to find a stalworth rogue in the lower part of the house. He arrested the fellow and handed him over to an officer of the Tenth precinct. He gave his name as Arthur McCluskey, aged twenty years. He is held for examination.

The residence of Mrs. Lisk, No. 690 Pacific street, was broken into on Saturday last and robbed of a gold watch and chain, valued at $75; a breastpin, valued at $6; one gold pencil, worth $5, and other articles, amounting in the aggregate to the value of $111. The police are looking after the burglar.

About three o'clock yesterday morning Patrolman Doyle, of the Tenth precinct, saw three men with a horse on Fourth avenue, and, believing them to be thieves, ordered them to accompany him to the station. They, however, ran away and the officer could only manage to capture one of the trio. The prisoner gave his name as Creighton.

SUICIDE BY SUSPENSION.

On Saturday evening Captain McDonnell, of the Thirty-first precinct, received information that Frederick Breunner, a German, forty years of age, had committed suicide by hanging himself in the hay loft of his stable in Seventy-fourth street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues. The body was cut down and one of the Coroners notified. Deceased, a gardener by occupation, is thought to have been temporarily deranged in consequence of domestic trouble. Breunner has left a widow and several children.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 18, 1873.

Can the Estimates be Reduced?

Gentlemen intimately connected with the financial administration of affairs have been looking over the appropriations made by the late Congress with a view of seeing what reduction can be made in the forthcoming estimates. Official data show that the appropriations made for the fiscal year 1874 were in excess of those for 1873 more than $18,000,000. Of this amount $3,200,000 were for light steam sloops-of-war, and $6,000,000 in excess of the previous appropriations for public works, not including appropriations for rivers and harbors. In these two items alone over $9,000,000 could be saved, and also $1,000,000 in the matter of public printing, the printing appropriation for 1874 being $2,000,000. The franking privilege has been abolished and the amount of public printing will necessarily be lessened, as members of Congress are not expected to pay postage on the tons of matter heretofore sent free.

Mr. Shanks' Indian Reforms.

Representative Shanks, Chairman of the House Committee on Indian Affairs in the late Congress, has just returned from an extensive tour in Washington and other Territories, which he undertook, officially at the instance of the Department of the Interior, in order to obtain a better understanding of the questions concerning the relations of certain Indians with the government, and also with a design to reforms. The following statement embodies that gentleman's views:—

The Indian question has greatly changed, and must be considered from its present standpoint. Formerly the Indians were practically outside of the government, but now the entire country being under our political and practical control it is a question as to how soon the people will compel bad and mischievous white men to keep the peace with Indians, and bad Indians to keep the peace with whites. The people in nearly all the settlements are now able to enforce this necessity, and will insist upon its consummation. Until the Indians shall be made voters and citizens in fact the following are some of the things that should be done by law and judicial enforcement to secure justice, the only true forerunner of peace:—

Allow Indians to testify in courts as the whites do; protect Indians in their real and personal property from the encroachments of trespassers; protect the persons of Indians' wives and daughters from the pollution of bad white men, the same as white men's wives and daughters are protected; make the personal property of Indians liable for their debts contracted for the necessaries of life; protect their real estate or reservation homes from liabilities for debt; prevent, by severe law, polygamy among them; compel, by law enforced by order of Court, white men to provide for the support of their illegitimate Indian children; legitimatize the children of white men by Indian women, and let them take by descent from both father and mother; prohibit voluntary divorces of Indians or of white men from Indian women with whom they have been cohabiting; allow Indians to procure divorce in Court, after full hearing, and then only for criminal causes to be set out in the law; require the same restrictions in procuring divorce by white men who have cohabited with Indian women that shall be required of Indians; declare the cohabitation of white men with Indian women a marriage to all intents and purposes, and enforce it by order of Court when its duties are violated or neglected; if either the white man or the Indian woman is married at the time of cohabitation punish both for adultery or fornication, and make the punishment of such white men severe; protect by law informers of violation of these laws; compel Indians who have not adopted the civilized mode of dress to do so; compel Indians to have fixed abode, and allow them the same privileges of trade and travel now possessed by whites; extend and enforce the criminal law over Indians for offences against one another, and also for offences against whites; extend and enforce the criminal law against white men for offences against Indians; compel every white employé on reservations to have continually in his service one or more Indian apprentices at the work in charge on the reservation; employ only married men on the reservation as agents, farmers, millers, &c., and make their employment conditional upon their removing their families to and remaining with them on the reservation. The presence of white women and white children among the Indians is necessary to the best interests of whites, and Indians, schools on the reservations to be kept open as continuously as practicable. There is now serious neglect in this important matter. Compel every agent to report under oath the respective violations of law by Indians under his charge against Indians or whites, and of whites against Indians, giving names, dates and facts. Provide by law for punishing agents and employés for violations of their duties as such. Prevent by law the trespassing of cattle on Indian farms, as white men are protected in their farms. Provide by law against British Indians furnishing intoxicating liquors to Indians in the States and Territories.

These, Mr. Shanks says, are some of the things to be done to secure justice to the Indians and protection to the white people, and that the honest, industrious settlers sustain these views. It is probable that legislation will be proposed at the next session of Congress in accordance with the above programme.

Revision of the Laws.

The Congressional Joint Committee on the Revision of the Laws of the United States, after themselves examining the work of the codifiers (Messrs. Abbott, James and Barringer), appointed Thomas J. Durant to further revise the work and prepare it for Congress, subject to the supervision and approval of Attorney General Williams. Mr. Durant has submitted the result of his labors to the Attorney General, who is now carefully examining in detail the 1,400 or 1,500 printed pages into which, by the omission of notes and other extraneous matter, the two volumes containing the statutes, as revised by the codification commissions, have been condensed. In this form, substantially, they will be submitted to Congress for enactment at the next session. The committee will hold a meeting to-morrow, mainly, it is understood, for the purpose of arranging for the payment of Mr. Durant's services. Judge Poland and General Butler are now here, and Senators Conkling and Carpenter and other members of the joint committee are expected to-morrow morning.

The Demand for Postal Cards.

All deferred orders for postal cards have now been filled, and the government has about 7,000,000 of them on hand, stored in fireproof vaults at Springfield, Mass., whence they are distributed by the special agent in charge upon requisitions approved by the Third Assistant Postmaster General. The cards now supplied by the contractors are fully up to the standard. The total demand for postal cards has settled down to an average of between 375,000 and 400,000 per day, which is believed to indicate almost exactly their daily consumption at the present time.

The Transportation Question.

The Senate Committee on Transportation, of which Hon. William Windom, of Minnesota, is chairman, will hold a session at St. Louis on the 30th inst., at which time they desire to meet persons at the West who may wish to confer with them in regard to the subject of cheap transportation.

The Winfield Scott Monument.

It is stated in the report of the Commissioner of Public Buildings and Grounds that the granite platform quarried for the Winfield Scott monument weighs 150 tons, and is believed to be the largest stone ever successfully quarried in this country.

Caring for the Birds.

During last winter 425 bird cages for sparrows were made and securely fastened to trees in the public grounds. The birds have increased very rapidly and seem to be perfectly acclimated.

Repairs to the Executive Mansion.

The Executive Mansion has been altered in some of its interior arrangements, giving more room and light. The improvement is especially noticeable upon the occasion of receptions as giving more space than formerly, and permitting the hall and conservatory to be thrown open in one continuous view. While making a change of stairway it was discovered that the main beam supporting the floor of the hall above was badly cracked and unsafe. It was replaced with an iron girder. Before this change was made a portion of the ceiling fell from the wall near the beam. Carpets of different styles have been purchased and put down in the several rooms as needed, and new furniture purchased and placed in the house where required. The ceilings that required it were kalsomined and some of the walls painted. The carpets, curtains, &c., were all taken down during the summer, properly beaten, cared for and stored and replaced early in the fall. The entire exterior of the mansion was thoroughly cleaned and all cobwebs and other dirt removed. Such places as were stained from the drippings of water or the action of the weather were covered with a light coat of white paint, so that the exterior might present a uniform appearance. The heating apparatus, gas and water pipes have been promptly repaired.

THE MECHANIC'S REWARD.

More Prizes Awarded to Americans Exhibiting at Vienna.

The Awards of the Society of Arts and Manufactures in Vienna.

VIENNA, Sept. 29, 1873.

So long ago as December, 1872, the Society of Arts and Manufactures of Lower Austria, in Vienna, decided to grant a number of their grand silver medals and diplomas to "deserving foremen, workmen, and representatives of foreign countries represented at the Exhibition." The awards were made on Saturday last, about 100 persons receiving medals, five of them Americans and ten English. The intention of the Society of Arts and Manufactures in awarding their prizes at this Exhibition is a praiseworthy one. In their programme they give the reasons for their course as follows:—

The specimens of technical skill exhibited at the London and Paris exhibitions were almost exclusively rewarded by distinctions to the respective manufacturers and co-operators recommended by them. The system of distributing prizes at the Paris Exhibition of 1867 has been improved, inasmuch as in addition to the properly so-called industrial productions, there was a separate division of Group X for the exhibition of all objects qualified to improve the material and moral condition of the people, and especially the welfare of the working classes. A high prize was also offered those persons to whom a special jury should adjudicate the highest merits. Thus, the moral good done by masters to their workmen was acknowledged, but the merits of workmen towards their masters, deserving just as much consideration, were not taken into account. This matter, neglected at all previous exhibitions, attracted the attention of one of the founders of the Society of Arts and Manufactures in Vienna as far back as the year 1840. A Mr. Michael Spoerlin, an eminent manufacturer, proposed to the society to offer premiums to well deserving foremen and head workmen. The proposition was agreed to, and in consequence the periodical publication of prizes was resolved upon and has been continued ever since. "Besides technical skill," said Mr. Spoerlin, in support of his motion, "there is another merit of workmen which never comes to the knowledge of either the Lower Austrian Industrial Society or the public administration, and which cannot, therefore, be rewarded; it is a merit which exists quietly and unostentatiously inside of our workshops, but is of essential value for the prosperity of any industrial enterprise; it is that merit which upright and honest foremen acquire through their faithfulness and attachment. Such assiduous foremen who, selected from the best and most judicious workmen, fulfil their arduous duty with untiring zeal, who care for the prosperity of the establishment and the well-being of their master, and are constant mediators between master and workman, are most assuredly pre-eminently worthy of public acknowledgment and reward. Faithful service for many years; dutiful and zealous attention to the interests of the principal; energetic, humane guidance of their subordinate fellow-workmen; a strictly moral conduct of life, a striving for higher accomplishments and successful teaching of the apprentices entrusted to their care—these qualifications combined will entitle foremen and head workmen to enter into competition for the prizes published by the Society of Arts and Manufactures in Vienna."

The society have found the following gentlemen worthy of their great honor. I give you the English awards as well:—

NAMES OF THE LUCKY ONES.

1. George William Howe, of the Howe Sewing Machine Company, Cleveland, Ohio.
2. Theodore Bergner, with Messrs. William Sellers & Co., Philadelphia.
3. George W. Baker, with the Wilson Sewing Machine Company, Cleveland, Ohio.
4. S. W. Porter, of the United States Arsenal, Springfield.
5. Emmons Hamlin, of the firm of Mason & Hamlin, Boston Mass.

ENGLAND.

1. Charles Frederick Lewns, managing foreman of Messrs. Hancocks & Co., jewellers, London.
2. Henry Fellows, managing foreman of Messrs. Elkington & Co., electroplate manufacturers, Birmingham.
3. William Kershaw, managing foreman of Messrs. S. Lawson & Sons, machine manufacturers, Leeds.
4. Charles Lord, managing foreman of Messrs. R. W. Winfield & Co., brass founders, Birmingham.
5. Henry Garland Matthews, managing foreman of Messrs. James Gibbs & Co., chemical manure manufacturers, London.
6. Francis Henk, managing foreman of Messrs. Mintons, porcelain and majolica ware manufacturers, Stoke-upon-Trent and London.
7. John Leese, manager of Messrs. Crosse & Blackwell, manufacturers of vinegar and preserves, London.
8. Patrick MacNillan Craig, manager of Mr. James Aitchison, jeweller, Edinburgh.
9. Thomas Wells, manager of Messrs. Pierse & Lubin, perfumers, London.

Our exhibitors prize the medal and diploma quite highly, being valuable because discreetly awarded. Seven prize competitions have been held by the society since its founding, at intervals of five years, the last being held in 1870, when 267 medals were distributed to veterans of Austrian industry.

The effect of these prizes has been in Austria, says the society, that while, on the one hand, such a visible sign of honorable acknowledgment given by a society for the advancement of industry, comprising its first men as well as men of science, was to fill those rewarded with just pride and self-consciousness, it gave, on the other hand, a great spur for emulation to their fellow workmen. More than thirty years' experience has proved repeatedly and to full evidence the powerful influence which the prize competitions of the Society of Arts and Manufactures in Vienna have exercised in the midst of our fellow-workmen; and on looking back at the results of this thirty years' work, the society feel authorized to believe that the seed they have sown in behalf of the recognition of the merits of workmen have produced a rich harvest. It is, nevertheless, a thing to be deeply regretted when a medal and diploma given by a private society should supersede or be more appreciated than those awarded by the International Jurors. It is very clear that the institution of juries, selected at random from among people who come to Vienna, is a failure. Business men are willing to submit to the judgments of men whom they acknowledge to occupy high positions in the arts, sciences and industry. I may add that the reclamations for corrections in awards made and claims for new ones, made by the American, English and other commissions, have been returned unheeded. The Imperial Commission excuses itself on the ground that it is too late, and they only intended "to correct the typographical errors made in the official list of awards." The errors were so numerous as to almost necessitate a reprint.

SIR SAMUEL AND LADY BAKER.

Arrival of the African Travellers With Their Suite in Paris.

A correspondent of a London journal thus describes the arrival of Sir Samuel and Lady Baker in Paris:—

Sir Samuel and Lady Baker, with their nephew and some black servants, arrived here this morning, *en route* for London. They will only stay a day in Paris. The whole of them are in excellent health, and bear strong traces of exposure to an African sun. I have just had a long conversation with Sir Samuel Baker and his gentle, though heroic, wife, whom I found explaining to a youthful-looking African the leading events which have taken place in Paris within the last three years, and in which he seemed to take a lively and intelligent interest. The illustrious travellers confessed that they were very ignorant of the course of French politics since they last started towards the Equator from Cairo. While on the expedition their European papers reached them at such long intervals that they came in bundles of 300 and 400. This multiplicity of journals rendered it impossible for the recipients to wade through them. Lady Baker was chiefly anxious to hear news of the Empress Eugénie, whose thoughtful and far-reaching kindness during her first journey towards the source of the Nile she says she can never forget. Sir Samuel speaks in warm praise of the Viceroy, Cheriff Pacha, and Nubar Pacha. The Viceroy, in his opinion, is 100 years ahead of the people he governs. He gives His Highness the fullest credit for a sincere desire to suppress the slave trade, and regards the appointment of a British officer (Colonel Gordon) to be Sir Samuel's successor in command of the expedition as a strong guarantee that the work begun two years since will be honestly continued. Notwithstanding the efforts of the Viceroy and his two intelligent Ministers to facilitate Sir Samuel Baker's task, the people interested in slavery managed to throw serious obstacles in his way. He found his first journey up the Nile, when a mere tourist, more pleasant than the second. Africans and traders in human flesh could not be argued into the belief that the firman prohibiting the slave trade was drawn up in singleness of purpose, it being in their view a crafty device to incite Sir Samuel to annex their territory. The bearer of this decree took the greatest care to deal with the natives according to the spirit of English common law, and never allowed himself to be goaded by their violence or treachery into undue severity. During the whole time he commanded the expedition he caused only one black to be hanged, and in that case the man was taken crawling round the camp reconnoitering, previous to the attack of a hostile tribe to which he belonged. Sir Samuel anticipates great commercial results from the creation of the projected railway to Khartoum, the finest coffee growing district perhaps in the world. The excellence of the climate is proved by the fact that out of the 212 soldiers who joined the expedition only one died in eighteen months, and he had dropped into the rear at a station where he could, when ill, obtain no medical aid. The mortality among the women and the different babies who came into the world during that period was *nil*. Lady Baker proved herself a most efficient nurse in ministering to the sick, and she and Sir Samuel Baker are greatly amused at the legendary reputation which she has most wrongly and undeservedly obtained for Amazonian qualities. The fact of the matter is, she braved danger and difficulty just as Lady Harriet Auckland did during the American war of independence, in order to be with her husband in moments of trial, and to attend to him should he be struck down with illness. Sir Samuel Baker intends, when he returns to England, to bring out a narrative of his last two years' African experience.

ST. PATRICK'S MUTUAL ALLIANCE.

A final meeting for the settlement of the difficulties which have so long interfered with a complete union of the various divisions of this organization was held last evening at No. 2 Morris street, and a committee was appointed for the purpose of deciding upon a basis upon which all shall have an equal representation in a convention to be held once a month for that purpose. A meeting will be called shortly by the representatives of the New York divisions for the purpose of settling their difficulties in such a manner as to enable them to send delegates to the convention. One division in New York has already complied with the resolutions adopted by the convention—that hitherto known as the "Parent Society." The organization, as it now stands, has a large representation in convention through delegates from New York, Brooklyn and New Jersey.

The committee appointed to accomplish this union comprises the following gentlemen:—James M. Brann, of New Jersey, Chairman; Timothy J. Donohue, New York, Secretary; Michael Gorman, New Jersey; Robert P. Bourke, New York; Thomas Brennan, New Jersey; Thomas S. Henderson, Brooklyn.

SHIPPING NEWS.

Almanac for New York—This Day.

SUN AND MOON.		HIGH WATER.	
Sun rises	6 17	Gov. Island....eve	7 44
Sun sets	5 13	Sandy Hook....eve	6 59
Moon rises...morn	5 16	Hell Gate.......eve	9 29

OCEAN STEAMERS.

DATES OF DEPARTURE FROM NEW YORK FOR THE MONTHS OF OCTOBER AND NOVEMBER.

Steamer.	Sails.	Destination.	Office.
Cuba	Oct. 22	Liverpool	4 Bowling Green
Nevada	Oct. 22	Liverpool	29 Broadway.
America	Oct. 22	Bremen	2 Bowling Green
Olympia	Oct. 22	Glasgow	7 Bowling Green
City of Brooklyn	Oct. 23	Liverpool	15 Broadway
Frisia	Oct. 23	Hamburg	61 Broadway.
Celtic	Oct. 25	Liverpool	19 Broadway.
France	Oct. 25	Liverpool	69 Broadway.
Victoria	Oct. 25	Glasgow	7 Bowling Green
Mosel	Oct. 25	Bremen	2 Bowling Green
City of Richmond	Oct. 25	Liverpool	15 Broadway.
Samaria	Oct. 25	Liverpool	4 Bowling Green
Saxonia	Oct. 25	Hamburg	61 Broadway.
Virginia	Oct. 29	Glasgow	72 Broadway.
Columbia	Oct. 29	Glasgow	7 Bowling Green
Hermann	Oct. 29	Bremen	2 Bowling Green
Scotia	Oct. 29	Liverpool	4 Bowling Green
Pommerania	Oct. 30	Hamburg	61 Broadway.
City of New York	Oct. 30	Liverpool	15 Broadway
Egypt	Nov. 1	Liverpool	69 Broadway.
Oceanic	Nov. 1	Liverpool	19 Broadway.
Europe	Nov. 1	Havre	58 Broadway.

PORT OF NEW YORK, OCT. 19, 1873.

ARRIVALS.

REPORTED BY THE HERALD STEAM YACHTS AND HERALD WHITESTONE TELEGRAPH LINES.

Steamship Celtic (Br), Thompson, Liverpool Oct 9 and Queenstown 10th, with mdse and 373 passengers to J H Sparks. First part of passage had strong westerly winds and head sea; latter part fine weather; Oct 15, lat 46 36, lon 47 25, passed a National line steamship, bound east; 17th, lat 42 27, lon 61 57, a four-masted steamship, square-rigged on three masts, double topsails, showing a long flash light.

Steamship Lapland (Br), Jones, Bristol Oct 4, with mdse and passengers to E E Morgans Sons. Oct 16, lat 42 25, lon 60 35, passed close to a vessel bottom up, of about 200 tons burden, of great beam and evidently of American build; had no copper or metal on her bottom, but painted red, with black topsides, a few barnacles about the water line; the end of a broken mast was seen above the water alongside.

Steamship Mosel (Ger), Ernst, Bremen Oct 4 and Southampton 7th, with mdse and 507 passengers to Oelrichs & Co. Had strong gales from SW to NW the entire passage.

Steamship George Cromwell, Crofford, New Orleans Oct 11, with mdse and passengers to Clark & Seaman. Was detained outside the bar 13 hours by a dense fog.

Steamship Wyanoke, Couch, Richmond, City Point and Norfolk, with mdse and passengers to the Old Dominion Steamship Co.

Steamship E C Knight, Chichester, Georgetown, DC, with mdse and passengers to J C Kenyon.

Bark Alida (Rus), Niska, Dublin 45 days, in ballast, to Tetens & Bockmann. Is anchored at Sandy Hook for orders.

Brig Zia Cattarina (Ital), Ferro, Rotterdam 28 days, in ballast, to Slocovich & Co.

Brig San Juan (of Gibraltar), Mahoney, Para 30 days, with rubber, &c, to L E Amsinck & Co; vessel to B J Wenberg.

Schr Flora Condon, Condon, Jacksonville 17 days, with lumber to S C Loud & Co.

Schr Ida Richardson, Bedell, Savannah 18 days, with lumber to Evans, Ball & Co.

Schr Georgia, McClure, Satilla River, Ga, 11 days, with lumber to J Bigler & Co; vessel to Simpson & Clapp.

Schr A G Ireland, Townsend, Port Royal 14 days, with lumber to J H Ririey; vessel to Van Brunt & Bro.

Schr E R Bennett, French, Virginia.

Schr Adaliza, Loveland, Virginia.

Passed Through Hell Gate.

BOUND SOUTH.

Schr Osprey, Crowley, Windsor, NS, for New York, with plaster to order.
Schr Wm Young, Pawtucket for New York.
Schr Wm O Irish, Tyrrell, Providence for Amboy.
Schr J R Atwood, Atwood, Eastport for New York, with fish to West & Co.
Schr Ann Eliza, Russell, Providence for Elizabethport.
Schr E Classon, Doherty, Rockport for Elizabethport, with stone to order.
Schr Kokena, Rockport for New York, with stone to master.
Schr Geo W Moon, Chapman, Nantucket for New York, with fish to Moon & Co.
Schr Leonora, Nantucket for New York, with fish to master.
Schr S Purves, Purves, Cold Spring for New York.
Schr J McCloskey, Skidmore, New Haven for New York.
Schr Hester, Davis, Portchester for New York.
Schr Theodore Dean, Abbey, Fall River for New York.
Schr Urbanna, Allen, Providence for New York.
Schr Saunderson, Boston for New York.

BOUND EAST.

Bark Silver Cloud (Br), Roberts, New York for Antwerp.
Brig Bigbie, Staples, New York for Gloucester.
Schr Sammy Ford, Allen, New York for Calais.
Schr Hattie Perry, Chase, Philadelphia for New Bedford.
Schr Mediator, McLean, New York for Fall River.
Schr Enterprise, Mott, New York for Portland.
Schr Hydranger, Baldwin, Port Johnson for New Haven.
Schr Pavilion, Linscott, New York for Salem.
Schr Mary Isabel, Sammis, Amboy for Somerset.
Schr Thomas Hix, Hall, Poughkeepsie for Portland.
Schr H D Hunter, Hodgdon, Poughkeepsie for Providence.
Schr Mary Parsons, Rich, Elizabethport for Boston.
Schr Balloon, Nickerson, Elizabethport for Boston.
Schr Montezuma, Crowell, Elizabethport for Providence.
Schr Jennie M, Murphy, New York for Boston.
Schr Ploughboy, Nickerson, New York for Boston.
Schr Boston, Nickerson, Port Johnson for Boston.
Schr Kelpie, Allen, Elizabethport for Providence.
Schr Z L Adams, Nickerson, Port Johnson for Boston.
Schr Geo Ames, York, Rondout for Gardiner.
Schr J W Boyle, Smith, New York for Hartford.
Schr F N Tower, Ferry, Port Johnson for Salem.
Schr Willard Salisbury, Handy, Port Johnson for Boston.
Schr C W Dexter, Dunton, Port Johnson for Augusta, Me.
Schr Uncle Joe, Smith, Amboy for New London.
Schr Jane M Brainard, Warren, Amboy for Boston.
Schr C C Smith, Smith, New York for New Bedford.
Schr Evergreen, Turner, Elizabethport for Providence.
Schr Helen Mar, Ward, New York for Boston.

BELOW.

Steamship St Olaf, from Stettin.
Wind at sunset S, light.

Marine Disasters.

SHIP LADY RUSSELL (Br), Leahy, from Liverpool for Mobile, before reported spoken Oct 6 dismasted, arrived at Southwest Pass on the 15th inst, and was subsequently towed up to New Orleans on the 19th for repairs.

SHIP LANCASTER, Berry, at New Orleans Oct 15 from Liverpool, on Oct 10, in lat 27 60, lon 39 15, passed a ship with all three topmasts gone, heading NW; she asked for no assistance; could not make out her name.

SHIP BROCKWELL (Br), from Liverpool for Miramichi, was towed into Chatham, NB, Oct 16, in distress, having been partially dismasted in a squall on the Banks.

BARK ANNIE TORREY, Libby, from Greenock for New Orleans, arrived at Southwest Pass Oct 15, and reports that on Oct 11, in lat 26 13, lon 88 31 W, passed quantities of wrecked spars, cabin furniture, outwarks, &c; Oct 12, in lat 26 30, lon 85 45, passed a wreck bottom up, newly metaled.

BARK CATHARINA (Br), from Quebec for London, before reported ashore at Tartieri, St Lawrence River, has been driven farther up the beach. Crew landed.

BRIG S V NICHOLS (Br), Chase, from Matanzas for Baltimore (before reported), put into Charleston Oct 16 for repairs, having on the 7th inst, lat 28, lon 78, experienced a violent hurricane from SSE to N, causing the loss of masts, spars, sails, rigging and deck load, and vessel sprung a leak.

SCHR FANNY KEATING, Kane, from Darien for New York, was abandoned on the 9th inst, in lat 31, lon 74, having capsized in a squall. The captain and crew arrived at Philadelphia 18th inst in the brig Ortolan, from Cienfuegos. The F K registered 204 tons, was built at Rockland, Me, in 1860, and hailed from Quincy Point.

SCHR SPRAY (lighthouse tender), before reported ashore on Royal Shoals, was relieved by the wrecking schr J J Hosseman.

SCHR MARY A RICH, from Savannah for Montevideo, which put into St Thomas in distress, remained in port Oct 6, and would proceed to the United States for repairs.

SCHR PAUGUSSET, from Georgetown, SC, for New York, put into Norfolk 17th, leaky and short of provisions.

SCHR J GRIFFITH, before reported ashore at Lewes, was towed to Philadelphia 18th inst, leaking badly.

SCHR JOSEPH WAPLES, from Pensacola Sept 30 for Key West, was abandoned at sea Oct 6; Captain Fowler was washed overboard and drowned; the remainder of the crew were picked up by brig Pagnete de la Habana (Sp), from Havana for New Orleans, and taken to Southwest Pass Oct 15. [The Joseph Waples registered 137 tons, was built at Milton, Del, in 1865, and hailed from Pensacola.]

SMACK CHEROKEE, Cook, arrived at Greenport 16th from an Eastern port, and sailed same day for New York, but in the Sound encountered heavy weather, carried away topmast and jibstay and returned to Greenport.

GRIMSBY, Oct 6—The fishing smack Birmingham (of this port), Roots, has put in with loss of bowsprit, stem split, and other damage, through collision on Oct 2, Flamborough Head bearing W 45 miles distant, with the bark Nannie T Bell, Fitts, of and for Boston, from Sweden (iron); the bark received no damage and proceeded.

LIVERPOOL, Oct 6—The brig Breeze (of Swansea), from Coosaw River (rock phosphate), was abandoned on the 30th of August in a sinking state; crew landed here last night by the Carmen (Spanish vessel), from Cienfuegos.

LEGHORN, Oct 2—The ship Ada E Oulton, from New Orleans (tobacco), arrived in the roads yesterday morning, reports that the master, his wife and two of the crew died of yellow fever during the voyage; was towed to Varignano (Spezzia) by the Italian man-of-war steamship Laguna to perform quarantine.

VIGO, Oct 3—The Calsow Stesow (German brig), from New York for Constantinople (before reported), foundered Sept 11; four men saved.

Miscellaneous.

The purser of the steamship Mosel, from Bremen and Southampton, has our thanks for favors.

SHIPBUILDING—Mr Joseph Van Dusen, of Brooklyn, ED, has on hand two large steamers for the New Bedford Steamship Company, which are intended to carry freight and passengers. The work goes on well foot of North Sixth and Seventh streets, and will give good employment during the winter months. Their dimensions are, each:—Length, 195 feet; width, 33 feet; depth, 13 feet; they will be 10 feet between decks. The machinery will be put in at the Delemater Iron Works, foot of Thirteenth street, North River. Each steamer will have a 36 inch cylinder and 12 foot stroke. They will be supplied with inverted propeller engines and surface condensers. The engines are fitted with the Corliss cut-off valves.

D T Bayles, at his yard in Stony Brook, LI, has begun work for Capt Jesse D Hawkins, of Port Jefferson, on a flush deck vessel of 125 feet keel, 33 feet beam, 12 feet hold, and carrying capacity of 600 tons; to cost $34,000, and to be completed in May next.

LAUNCHED—At Cherryfield, 7th inst, by Messrs G R Campbell & Co, a centreboard schr called the Como. She is to be commanded by Captain Will H Lewis, of Steuben, late master of the schr Robert Foster.

At Harrington, Oct 9, from the yard of Moses Nash, a double decked brig of about 440 tons o m, called the Kaluna, and owned by Moses Nash, J H Hamlin and others, to be commanded by Captain Augustus Nash, of Harrington, being also part owner.

At Machias, 11th inst, by Messrs William C & Lad Holway, a hermaphrodite brig of about 485 tons n m, owned by the builders and Captain J W Spencer, who is to command her, Simpson, Clapp & Co., of New York, D S Zannett, of Mantanzas, Cuba and others.

At Seaford, Del, Oct 13, by Mr Lamb, schr Lizzie Young, between 500 and 600 tons burthen.

At Thomaston, Me, 10th, by Walker, Dunn & Co, a three-masted schooner of 450 tons, named Lizzie Heyer, to be commanded by Capt N Poland, of Friendship.

At Bucksport, recently, two fine vessels—one by Jos L Buck, of 189.39 tons, now ready to sail for Barbados; the other a bark, by W H Genn & Co, of 463.66 tons, intended for the South American trade.

At Ellsworth, 4th inst, from the yard of Edward J Hodgkins, a superior built and modelled schr of 154 tons burthen, designed for the coasting trade. She was built by E J Hodgkins, and is owned by him, J R Jordan, Jno True, Geo Parcher, A A Bartlett, Geo Cummings & Co, John Davis, and others, and is to be commanded by Capt William P Woodward. Her name is Anna S Murch.

At Port Jefferson, LI, on the 15th inst, from the yard of C L Bayles, the new schr T Harris Kirk, built for New York parties at a cost of about $30,000, and is of the following dimensions:—Length of keel, 115 feet; beam, 32 feet; hold, 9½ feet; 368 tons, c m.

Whalemen.

Bark Draco, of NB, was on the coast of Africa Aug 4, with 325 bbls hpbk oil—all well.

In Ochotsk Sea Sept 10, bark Live Oak, Whelden, of NB, had on board 1030 bbls oil.

Spoken.

Steamship Berlin (Ger), from Bremen for Baltimore, Oct 18, lat 40 45, lon 68.

Ship Sarah Grice (Br), Green, from Liverpool for San Francisco, Oct 1, lat 48 N, lon 12 W.

Ship John Mayall (Br), from Liverpool for Savannah, Oct 4, 35 miles SE of Tuskar.

Ship Constantine, Creevy, from London for New York, Sept 30, lat 46 13, lon 36 35.

Ship Pomona (Br), from Liverpool for New York, Oct 4, off the Hook Light.

Bark Bridgeport, Morgan, from Liverpool for New Orleans, Oct 4, off Conniberg lightship.

Bark Archibald Fuller (Br), Kite, from San Francisco for Liverpool, Sept 8, lat 5 N, lon 31 W.

Bark Herzogin Anna (Dutch), from New York for Antwerp, 24 days out, no date, lat 43 20, lon 21 40.

Bark Margaret Ann (Br), Rhodes, from Liverpool for Pensacola, Oct 4, off Tuskar.

Bark Elizabeth, from —— for Boston, Oct 18, Fire Island NNW 12 miles (by pilot boat Mary E Fish, No 4).

Brig Francis Lewey, Lewey, from Dublin for Newport, Oct 18, lat 40 45, lon 68 07.

Schrs Lemuel Hall, bound NE, and Ellen Sharp, and David S Siner, bound SW, was seen Oct 17 (by pilot boat Mary E Fish, No 4).

The Madras (of Port Glasgow), from Calcutta for Boston (?) with maintopgallantmast down, Sept 11, lat 31 28 S, lat 15 26 E.

Foreign Ports.

HAVANA, Oct 16—Arrived, bark Cherokee (Ger), Hons, New York.

MONTEVIDEO, Oct 16—Cleared, bark New Brunswick (Br), Athinson, Montevideo.

NASSAU, NP, Oct 10—Arrived, brig Liberty, Devereux, Philadelphia for Cardenas (not as before), in want of medical aid; schrs R S Evans, Morgan, Newburyport; 12th, Telegraph, Priest, Baltimore.

Sailed 9th, schr Louisa Smith, Webber, New York via Little Exuma.

QUEENSTOWN, Oct 17, 6 AM—Sailed, steamship Wyoming (Br), Morgan (from Liverpool), New York.

QUEBEC, Oct 16—Arrived, steamship Prussian (Br), Dutton, Liverpool.

SAGUA, Oct 17—Arrived, brig Merriwa, Downs, Brunswick, Ga.

St John, NB, Oct 17—Cleared, schr Clara, Clark, New York.

[PER STEAMSHIP MOSEL.]

ANTWERP, Oct 2—Arrived, Dagmar, Olsen, New York; 3d, Montreal, Davison, Philadelphia; 4th, S G Glover, Perkins, New York.

Sailed 3d, Perseverante, Bozzo, New York; Guardian, Ames, New Orleans.

Arrived at Flushing 4th, Grace E Cann, Fisk, New York.

BREMERHAVEN, Oct 3—Arrived, Rhein (s), Meyer, New York.

BROUWERSHAVEN, Oct 3—Arrived, Saga, Jorgensen, New York; 4th, Roycroft, Purdy, do.

BARCELONA, Sept 29—Arrived, Monjuich, Riera, New York.

BORDEAUX, Oct 4—Sailed, Alphonse Marie, Frival, New Orleans.

BRISTOL (Pill), Oct 4—Sailed, Troy, Olsen, Charleston; Union, Babin, Sydney, CB; Franklin, Hassell, New Orleans; Heimdal, Christophersen, Philadelphia.

In port 5th, Sandusky, Norton, for New Orleans.

CORK, Oct 4—Arrived, Preci Dubrovacki, Podich, New York.

CARDIFF, Oct 3—Sailed, Grahams Polly, Clapp, Havana. Entered for ldg 3d, Glamorgan (s), Laybourne, New York.

CRONSTADT, Sept 28—Arrived, Vidfarne, Nielsen, Philadelphia.

DEAL, Oct 6—Arrived, St George, Hall, London for New Orleans (and anchored); Emilia, Granburg, Hull for Balimore (and anchored).

Sailed 4th, Pinto Simpson, New York; Tahti, Roublour, Baltimore.

Passed 4th, Chile, McLeod, from London for Cardiff and New York; Nahor, Orvanich, from do for New York and Galle; Atalanta, Henry, for Demerara.

DARTMOUTH, Oct 4—Sailed, Nordkov, Nielson, New York.

DUNGENESS, Oct 4—Off, Brisk, Perry, from London for Charleston; Roycroft, Purdy, from New York for Rotterdam.

DUNKIRK, Oct 5—Arrived, Nellie May, Blair, New York.

DENIA, Sept 27—Arrived, Charlotte, Whittemore, Marseilles.

Sailed 28th, Fanny, Smith, Philadelphia.

ELSINORE, Oct 2—In the Sound, Ocean Home, Sohst, from Sundswall for Newport; Ladoga, Wiley, Cronstadt for New York.

FALMOUTH, Oct 5—Arrived, Tycoon, Andrews, London for New York.

GLOUCESTER, Oct 4—Arrived, Kallisto, Kettel, New York.

Sailed 4th, Helios, Mathiesen, and Armenia, Tidele, New York; C M Von Behr, Kreger, Wilmington, NC.

GLASGOW, Oct 4—Arrived, Columbia (s), Higgins, New York.

GREENOCK, Oct 6—Arrived, Castalia (s), Butler, New York.

GOTHENBURG, Sept 28—Arrived, C S Bushnell, Mayo, Antwerp.

GENOA, Sept 30—Arrived, Lizzie W Virden, Beatty, New York.

Sailed Oct 1, Atlas, McClure, Port Mahon.

GIBRALTAR, Sept 23—Arrived, Chiswick (s), Watkins, Malaga (and cleared for New York); 26th, Trojan (s), McQueen, Genoa (and cleared for do).

HAVRE, Oct 2—Arrived, Matterhorn, Arey, San Francisco; 3d, M B Brett, Peterson, New York.

Sailed 2d, Emma, Olivier, New Orleans; Gov Morton, Howland, New York.

HAMBURG, Oct 3—Sailed, Zorida, Larsen, New York.

HELVOET, Oct 3—Arrived, Alkor, Larsen, Wilmington, NC; Castor (s), New York; 4th, Indiana, Zernichow, Philadelphia.

Cleared 4th, Columbus, Svendsen, New York.

HERNOSAND, Sept 27—Cleared, Mary K Campbell, Amero, England.

LIVERPOOL, Oct 5—Arrived, Scotia (s), Scott, and Samaria (s), Billinge, New York; Marathon (s), Macaulay, Boston; Austrian (s), Ritchie, Montreal.

Sailed 4th, Ella S Thayer, Gilmore, New Orleans; Elizabeth Childs, Lindberg, Baltimore; Kate, Murphy, Sandy Hook; Lancastria, Taylor, Philadelphia; Robert Kerr, Allen, New Orleans.

Cleared 4th, Iona (s), Kilgour, Baltimore; Stella, Mohr, New York; Henry Cooke, Weddie, Pensacola; Lady Dufferin, Walters, Sydney, CB.

Entered out 4th, Dinorah, Jorgensen, for Baltimore; Antonio Maria, Glasar, do; C L Weyer, Prignitz, Doboy, Ga; Alabama (s), Flint, New Orleans; Peacemaker, Classon, do; Guiseppe Emmanuel, Ciccione, Philadelphia; Roseneath, Gibson, do; Jabinal, Hansen, Savannah; Gloria, Laasch, Wilmington, NC.

Sailed from Holyhead 4th, John Mayall, Brewer, from Liverpool for Savannah; Antoinetta C, Jaccarino, do for New York.

LONDON, Oct 6—Arrived, St Paul, Call, New York; Lagertha, Hendricksen, do.

Cleared 4th, Jupiter, Lievan, Philadelphia.

Sailed from Gravesend 5th, St George, Hall, Southwest Pass.

LEGHORN, Oct 1—Arrived, Ada E Oulton, New Orleans.

Sailed 1st, Teneriffe, Tracy, New York; Richmond, Power, sea; Jas Pendleton, Gilmore, Boston.

MARSEILLES, Oct 2—Arrived, Ernest & Marie, Toublanc, New York.

Sailed 2d, Malabar, Calve, New York; 3d, Charles et Jeanne, Bacelt, Philadelphia.

NEWCASTLE, Oct 2—Entered out, Carl Friedrich, Jahnke, for New York; Goodell, Crockett, Singapore.

NANTES, Oct 3—Sailed, Grace Robertson, Boston.

PILLAU, Oct 1—Arrived, Attila, Falck, Philadelphia.

PAIMBOEUF, Oct 3—In the Roads, Etoile de la Mer, Thebaud, from Charleston.

QUEENSTOWN, Oct 5—Arrived, Slavio, Tripcovich, New York; 6th, Triton, Cattarinich, do.

Off 5th, Skiddaw, Byreland, from San Francisco.

Sailed 6th, Brilliant, Paulsen, Gloucester.

ROTTERDAM, Oct 4—Cleared, G H Jenkins, Hilton, England.

SHIELDS, Oct 4—Sailed, Vindex, Parkhouse, Philadelphia.

SCILLY, Oct 5—Sailed, Sarah E Kingsbury, Waterhouse (from Fajardo), for the Clyde.

STETTIN, Oct 1—Arrived, Fidelio, Krohmann, New York; Prudentia, Gjeruldsen, and Toni, Jansen, do.

ST NAZAIRE, Oct 3—Sailed, Vigilate, Whitmore, New York.

TRIESTE, Oct 1—Arrived, Morning Star, Macomber, New York.

VIGO, Sept 20—Sailed, Eaglet, Tooker, Malaga.

VENICE, Sept 26—Arrived, Honduras, Corfu.

Sailed 25th, Zancla, James, New York.

WATERFORD, Oct 4—Sailed, Principe di Napole; Mesna, Baltimore.

American Ports.

ALEXANDRIA, Oct 17—Arrived, schr Four Sisters, Boston.

Sailed—Schrs Henry Adelbert, Boston; Four Sisters, do.

BOSTON, Oct 18—Arrived, schr Florence, Robinson, Barbados.

19th—Arrived, brig Azalia, Barbados.

BALTIMORE, Oct 18—Below, bark Amazon, Snow, from Rio Janeiro.

BUCKSPORT, Oct 16—Arrived, schrs Wellington, Barbour; Silverheels, Newman, and Harper, Leach, New York.

BANGOR, Oct 15—Arrived, schrs Maria Bell, Hall; Forest Belle, French, and Balloon, McCormick, New York.

16th—Arrived, brigs Walter Howes, Boynton, Philadelphia; Abbie Thaxter, Parker, ——; schrs Atlantic, Knowlton; Chas E Hellier, Hopkins; Wm E Barnes, Goft, and Tahmiroo, Clay, New York; Olive Haywood, Herrick, and Walter Irving, Arey, do.

Cleared—Brig Geo Chase, Smith, Barbados.

BATH, Oct 15—Arrived, brig Erie, Sears, ——; schr Albert Daily, Nason, from a coal port.

Sailed—Schr Henry C Winship, Doane, Washington.

17th—Sailed, schrs Frank Barker, Plaisted, New York; Loretto Fish, Wiley, Washington; Agnes, Hodgdon, Charleston.

BELFAST, Me, Oct 12—Arrived, schr A Taylor, Dodge, Jersey City.

BRIDGEPORT, Oct 18—Arrived, schrs Wm Allen, Jones, Baltimore; Helen Rommel, Corson, Georgetown, DC.

CHARLESTON, Oct 16—Arrived, schr John E Dailey (not as before), Long, Belfast, Me.

Cleared—Schr J S Lamprey, Lander, Salem.

19th—Arrived, steamship South Carolina, Becket, New York.

Sailed—Bark Sarah Gibson (Br), Gibson, Liverpool.

CALAIS, Oct 14—Arrived, schr John Boynton, Hill, New York.

DARIEN, Oct 9—Cleared, brig Lizzie H Kimball, Hall, Philadelphia; schrs Waldemar, Parker, Rio Janeiro; Mary Collins, Collins, Boston.

In port 14th, ship Henriette, Holby, from Rotterdam, arrived 13th, for United Kingdom; barks Jose Maria (Sp), Fernandez; Jontsen, Eklund; Beulah (Br), Ingram; Adalen (Sw), Sanden, and Sarah Mandell (Br), Ninnes, for do, ldg; brig Frank Clark, Barstow, for Boston; schrs Alma, Johnson, from Boston, arrived 9th, for Baltimore; Louisa Birdsall, Bragg, from and for New York, arrived 10th; Hattie M Fuller, Hart, for do; Agnes J Grace, Smalley, from do, arrived 10th, for Boston; Mary E Vancleif, from do, arrived 10th, for Baltimore.

ELIZABETHPORT, Oct 17—Arrived, schrs Eliza Shaw, Sherman; Mercer, Worson, and Rebecca Whelden, Nichols, New York.

Sailed—Schrs Belle, Holmes, ——; F Nickerson, Haskell, Boston.

EASTPORT, Oct 9—Arrived, schr Almeda, Smith, New York.

13th—Arrived, bark Aurora, Morgenstyerne, France; schrs Percy, Coalwell, and John Boynton, Hill, New York.

Cleared—Schr Wm R Paige, Hilyard, New York.

14th—Arrived, schr Helen G King, Crosby, New York.

FORTRESS MONROE, Oct 19—Arrived, Trio, Belfast for orders.

FALL RIVER, Oct 16—Arrived, schrs Hyne, Oliver, Gardiner; Daniel Brown, Emerson, Georgetown, DC; B F Wesley, Terrill, Hoboken; Harriet Gardner, Merrill, Perth Amboy.

17th—Sailed, schrs Nellie, French, Baltimore; Jennie Rosaline, Coker, Georgetown, DC; I H Berden, Dodge, and Julia & Martha, Lunt, New York; C P Stickney, Mathis, Philadelphia.

GEORGETOWN, SC, Oct 6—Arrived, schr Lizzie Evans, Mahon, Charleston.

8th—Cleared, schr Ridgewood, Johnson, New York.

10th—Arrived, brig Charles Wesley, Harding, Bangor; schr Hattie McG Buck, Woodbury, Baltimore.

11th—Arrived, schr S W Woodbury, Griffin, Bridgeport, Conn.

13th—Arrived, schr C S Webb, Homan, New York.

GEORGETOWN, DC, Oct 18—Arrived, schrs J L Newton, Rich, Boston; E D Endicott, do.

GREENPORT, LI, Oct 14—Arrived, schr Marietta Smith, Preston, Weehawken.

KEY WEST, Oct 17—Sailed, steamship Gulf Stream, Whitehurst, Baltimore.

KENNEBUNKPORT, Oct 16—Arrived, schr Red Rover, Pomeroy, Elizabethport.

Sailed—Schr Florence Dean (new, of Taunton, 562.40 tons), Philips, Philadelphia.

LUBEC, Oct 12—Sailed, schrs Quoddy, Fanning, Windsor, NS, to load for Baltimore; Hattie, Huckins, New York.

14th—Arrived, schr Percy, Colwell, New York.

15th—Sailed, schr Clara Jane, Garrison, Dorchester, NB, to load for New York.

MILLBRIDGE, Oct 5—Sailed, brig Cadet (new), Leighton, New York.

18th—Sailed, barg Regina Tolek (new), Ray, New York.

MYSTIC, Ct, Oct 16—Arrived, schr Silas Wright, Smith, Weehawken; sloop Mary Grey, Paine, Hoboken.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct 15—Arrived, steamship Oberon, Manny, Liverpool; ships Colonial Empire, Leslie, Liverpool; Lancaster, Berry, Liverpool; bark Leone (Fr), Aime, Cayenne. Below, ship Tasmanian, Willis, from St Nazaire; barks Annie Torrey, Libby, from Greenock; Albert (Norw) Anderson, from Harvie.

Cleared—Steamship W G Hewes, Brown, Havana.

17th—Arrived, steamship Juniata, Catherine, Philadelphia via Havana.

SOUTHWEST PASS, Oct 15—Arrived, bark Maggie Hammond, Cole, Montevideo; brig Pagnete de la Habana (Sp), Sarino, Havana; schr Gertrude Hawes, Ward, Ruatan.

Sailed—Steamship Yazoo, and bark Prairie Bird.

PASS-A-L'OUTRE, Oct 15—6 P M—Arrived, bark Shatemuc (Br), Wemyss, Bahia.

NEWBERN, NC, Oct 15—Arrived, schr R E Yates, Yates, Boston.

NORFOLK, Oct 17—Arrived, schrs Paugussett, Engleson, Georgetown, SC, for New York; H S Marlor, Georgetown, DC, for Boston, with loss of sails; Wyoming, Foss, Saco.

NEWBURYPORT, Oct 16—Arrived, schr Lucy K Coggswell, Lee, Philadelphia.

Sailed—Schr Seth Shore (new, three masts, about 420 tons), Kelly, Philadelphia via Dennis.

NEW BEDFORD, Oct 17—Sailed, bark Edwin, Colby, Honolulu via Boston; schrs Irving, Azevedo, Cape de Verds; Golden Eagle, Howes, Philadelphia; W D Mangam, Chase; Undine, Evans; Jacob Raymond, Hall, and W W Brainard, Fitch, New Bedford.

18th—Arrived, schr Lemuel Hall, Grinnell, Baltimore.

Sailed—Steamer Annie Tibbets, Curtis, Philadelphia.

NEWPORT, Oct 16, P M—Arrived, schrs John D Griffin, Gould, New York; Native, Dehart, Providence for do (and sailed).

Sailed—Schrs J B Allen, Davis, Philadelphia; Franconia, Adams, and Madagascar, Adams, Fall River for New York; Mary Lymburner, French, do for Brunswick, Ga; Mars Hill, Grant, Salem for New York.

Also sailed, schrs P F Devinney, Chapman; Honora Butler, Dunn, and Margaret Jane, Kennedy, Providence for Haverstraw; Henry Remsen, Allen, do for New York; Ellen Barnes, Brown, Tiverton, for Quick's Hole.

17th—Arrived, schrs Sarah Bruen, Austin, Jersey City for Newburyport; Helen, Searle, Somerset for New York; Elizabeth B, Hogan, Dighton for do.

Also arrived, bark D A Brayton, Gray, Fall River for Baltimore; schrs R L Tay, Brown, Amboy for Boston; Porto Rico, Nathaniel Stevens.

NORWICH, Oct 17—Arrived, schrs Eliza Hamilton, New York; R H Daly, Hoboken; E Kenyon, do; J L Hess, do.

NEW LONDON, Oct 16—Arrived, schrs Lady Jane, New York; James English, Newport for do; Eva, Alexandria.

Sailed—Schrs Lochiel, Trade Wind, and Sarah Blake, New York.

NEW HAVEN, Oct 17—Arrived, schr Lamartine, Smith, Port Johnson.

Cleared—Schr Gust, Martin, New York.

18th—Arrived, schrs Sarah Selsey, Magrath, Elizabethport; A H Hurlbut, Grifting, Baltimore; Addie P Avery, Pegan, do; J Leathall, Martin, do; Edward Leade, Loper, Alexandria; Henry Finch, Bennett, do; A Gurney, Gurney, Rondout; Lamartine, Smith, Port Johnson.

PORTLAND (Oregon), Oct 11—Arrived, bark Spirit of the Dawn (Br), Dixon, San Francisco; schr Margaret Crockard, Godfrey, do.

PENSACOLA, Oct 13—Arrived, bark Lady Elmer (Br), Glover, Montevideo.

Cleared 11th, schr C H Kelly, Grace, Boston; 13th, brig Nickels, Peters, Kingston, Ja.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct 18—Arrived, steamships Kenilworth, Putt, Liverpool Oct 2; Aries, Whelden, Boston; bark Aaron Goudey (Br), Bent, Liverpool via Sandy Hook; brig Ortolan, Cienfuegos; schrs William Arthur, McDuffy, Portland, Me; W L Elkins, Ludlam, Boston. Below, barks Lizzie Gillespie (Br), Wilson, from Boston; Belvidere (Br), Flinn, from do; Capeela (Nor), from New York; Kings County (Br), from Windsor, N S; L H DeVeber (Br), Wright, from Savannah; schr Lucy Ames, from Windsor, N S.

Cleared—Steamers Catharine Whiting, Harding, Providence; Norman, Nickerson, Boston; Centipede, Willetts, do; Mary, Crocker, Providence; bark Onkel Adermann (Ger), Mau, Elsinore for orders; schrs L B Wing, Boice, Marblehead; R W Huddell, Maloy, Gloucester; R M Smith, Grace, Boston; M Munson, Dayton, Wood's Hole; Smith O'Brien, Gaugh, New Haven; E G Irvins, Johnston, East Cambridge; Transit, Rackett, Providence; Ocean Wave, Fisher, do; Sparkling Sea, Baker, Malden; Wave Crest, Davis, Boston; S A Boice, Yates, Fall River; Benj Gartside, Stanford, Somerset; D G Floyd, Clifford, do; L A Bennett, Adams, Sag Harbor.

PORTLAND, Oct 15—Arrived, schs Abbie, Philadelphia; Chillion, Grant, Woodbridge, NJ; Jachin, Kane, Rondout; Kittie Stevens, Anderson; Casco Lodge, Pierce; Adrianna, Bailey, and Carrie Jones, Colcord, New York; George & Emily, Hutchinson, and George Savage, Nye, do for Yarmouth.

Cleared—Schr Stella Lee, Brewer, New York.

Sailed 13th, schr Grace, Davis, Baltimore.

16th—Arrived, schrs Maracaibo, Henley, Elizabethport; Jason, Sawyer, Philadelphia; Volant, Dodge, Bangor for New York.

Cleared—Schrs Thos Fish, Young, Savannah; Samuel Gilman, Kelly, Philadelphia; Congress, York, New York; Bramhall, Hamilton, Clark's Island and New York.

17th—Sailed, brig Isaac Carver; schrs Henry Burnham, Thos Fish, Samuel Gilman, P S Lindsey, Stella Lee, Congress.

PORTSMOUTH, NH, Oct 16—Sailed, schrs Hannah F Baker, Whittemore, Baltimore; Wm H Y Hackett, Nickerson, New York.

17th—Arrived, schrs Palos, Shackford, Baltimore; Sarah Ann, Collamer, Jersey City; Mary A Hyer, Hodgdon, Hoboken.

Arrived in lower harbor 16th, brig Isaac Carver, Williams, Bangor for Wilmington, Del; schrs S B Small, Warren, Shulee, NS, for New York; Cherub, Fletcher, Bath for do; Willie Martin, Blake, Portland for do; J F Carver, Norwood, Calais for do (and all sailed 17th).

PROVIDENCE, Oct 17—Arrived, steamer W P Clyde, Rogers, Philadelphia; schrs S T Wines, Hulse, Georgetown, DC; Agnes, Chestep, Philadelphia for Pawtucket; Transit, Rackett, Philadelphia; Mary A Predmore, Sherman, Elizabethport; Rachel Jane, Taylor, do; Fanny Fern, Eaton, do; Thomas Hull, Brown, Port Johnson; Hannah Blackman, Arnold, Weehawken; Kate Scranton, Palmer, New York.

Sailed, schrs S T Robbins, Horton, Patuxent River, Md; L Q C Wishart, Mason, Philadelphia; Dick Williams, Corson, do; American Eagle, Shaw, do; Shamrock, Troy, Haverstraw; Robert Blair, Brooks, do; Wm O Irish, Terrill, South Amboy; J H Burnett, Gardner, New York; Helen Mar, Ward, do; James M Bayles, Arnold, do; Urbana, Allen, do; Old Zack, Mathews, do; Vincent Barkalew, Martin, do; Thomas P Cooper, Sleeper, do; Ann T Sipple, Bacon, do; sloops Eliza A Jayne, Mott, do; Westerloo, Myers, do; Lexington, Raynor, do.

PAWTUCKET, Oct 17—Arrived, schrs Agnes, Chester, and Samuel Carlton, Burke, Philadelphia.

RICHMOND, Oct 17—Arrived, bark Republik (Ger), Becker, New York.

Sailed—Schrs Florence Mayo, Hall, Boston; Lucy Wright, Elsey, New York via James River.

ROCKLAND, Oct 10—Arrived, schrs Nile, Metcalf, New York; 11th, Corvo, Pickering; Ida Hudson, Greeley, and Ruth S Hodgdon, New York; 12th, Henry Whitney, Perkins, Philadelphia; 13th, Alleghania, Arey, New York; Sadao, Lamson, Philadelphia; Jas Henry, Trueworthy; Maggie Bell, Hall, and Susan, Bishop, New York; 15th, Belle Brown, Nash; C Cobb, Ames; Charlie & Willie, Cousins; Grand Island, Miller, and Fleetwing, Kenniston, New York.

Arrived 14th, brig M C Haskell, Whitmore, ——.

Sailed 8th, schrs E G Knight, Pratt, and Trade Wind, Gray, New York; 10th, A Jameson, Candage; Mansfield, Achorn, and Defiance, Thorndike, New York; 11th, Allie Oaks, Pillsbury; Gentile, Eldridge, and Hardscrabble, Fales, New York; 13th, bark Samuel Burton, Howes, Liverpool; brig C Gray, Pease, Sydney, CB; schr J C Crafts, Kennedy, Wilmington, NC.

Sailed 15th, schr Billow, Wallace, New York.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct 10—Cleared, ship British Commodore (Br), Rand, Liverpool.

Sailed—Ship Eric the Red, Small, Liverpool; schr Ada May, Johnson, Mazatlan.

11th—Arrived, corvette Nymphe (Ger), Von Blanc, Yokohama; ship Louisa Fletcher (Br), Peterson, Callao; bark Clara R Sutil, McIntyre, Ochotsk Sea.

Cleared—Ship Euterpe (Br), Phillips, Cork.

Sailed—Bark Wellington (Nic), White, Nanaimo.

SAVANNAH, Oct 19—Arrived, ships Geo Hurlbut, Masson, Providence; Colorado, Ingraham, London; F N Thayer, Starrett, ——; Nyansea (Br), ——; schrs Kenduskeag, Providence; Effie J Simmons, Thomaston.

SALEM, Oct 14—Arrived, schr Ada Ames, Adams, Port Johnson.

15th—Arrived, schrs Admiral, Steelman, Philadelphia; Elvie Davis, Westcott, do; Baltic, Parker, do; Alaska, Clark, do; Ellen Perkins, Mitchell; Cicero, Cookson; Effort, Pendleton; Koret, Dunham; Lizzie L Mills, Armstrong; Mary, Hallowell; New Zealand, Haskell; Olive, Warren, and Ocean Ranger, Whitney, Port Johnson; Eddie F Treat, Hodgdon, Elizabethport; Lottie, Newbury; E E Stimpson, Pike; Olive Elizabeth, Crandall, and Restless, Haskell, do; Julia Perry, Hoboken; Ellen Morrison, Dodge, Weehawken; J C Rogers, Golden, do; D Ellis, Torry, New York.

16th—Arrived, brig Mansanilla, Benson, Portland for Elizabethport; schr Wm Hill, Murphy, Elizabethport.

SOMERSET, Oct 16—Arrived, schrs Helen A Ames, Endicott, Georgetown, DC; Ann Amelia, Terry, Elizabethport.

17th—Sailed, schrs John R Sanford, Westgate, Georgetown, DC; Robert Byron, Clement; Helen, Searle, and Onward, Norton, New York.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Oct 17—Arrived, brig O C Clara, Philadelphia for Boston; schrs Sandy Point, New York for Boston; Wm Copes, Port Johnson for do; A Hall and Nellie Bell, Philadelphia for do; Timothy Field, Charleston for do; Pioneer, New York for St Johns, NB; Scud, Elizabethport for Pembroke; Lizzie Brewster, Weehawken for Danversport; John D Griffin, New York for do; E Arcularius, do for Portland; Sea Queen, Port Johnson for Salem; Walter Scott, Philadelphia for St John, NB; Louis F Smith, Boston for Georgetown, DC; C L Daboll, Nantucket for New York.

Sailed—Schrs M B Mahoney, Eben Fisher, J P Wallace, E Arcularius, Wm Copes, Louis F Smith, C L Daboll, Flora Grindle and Ella Endora.

18th—Arrived, schrs E G Irwin, Philadelphia for Boston; Warren Sawyer, Alexandria for do; Isaac Orbeton, Baltimore for Salem; Wm H Sargent, Port Johnson for do; Telegraph, Bangor.

Sailed—Schrs J D Griffin and Lizzie Brewster.

WILMINGTON, NC, Oct 16—Arrived, brig C F Eaton (Br), Bedford, Richmond, Va; schr Sea Bird, Hogan, Georgetown, DC, for Jersey City, put in in distress for repairs.

Cleared—Brig Ara (Nor), Esachsen, Bristol, E; schr S T Baker, Davis, Port au Prince.

WILMINGTON, Del, Oct 18—Arrived, schr Etta May, Dix, Calais via Newcastle, Del.

WARREN, Oct 15—Sailed, schrs Mary H Mifflin, Ferris, Elizabethport via Bristol; H B Diverty, Hand, New York.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES OBTAINED FROM COURTS of different States; legal everywhere; no publicity, no fees in advance; advice free; commissioner for every State. FREDERICK I. KING, Counsellor-at-Law, 363 Broadway.

A.—HERALD BRANCH OFFICE, BROOKLYN, corner of Fulton avenue and Boerum street. Open from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M. On Sunday from 3 to 9 P. M.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES OBTAINED FROM DIFFERENT States—Legal everywhere; desertion, &c., sufficient cause; no publicity required; no charge until divorce granted; advice free. HOUSE, Attorney, 194 Broadway.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Cooks, &c.

2 2D AV., ROOM 14.—AS COOK IN THE COUNTRY; understands dairy work; good reference.

22 PRINCE ST., BETWEEN MOTT AND ELIZABETH sts.—As first class cook; understands baking and the care of milk and butter; no objection to assist with the plain washing and to go in the country, which is preferred; excellent reference.

43 EAST 52D ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS good plain cook and good washer and ironer; is a good baker and laundress.

47 WOOSTER ST.—AS FRENCH OR AMERICAN cook in a private family; good city references.

62 MADISON AV.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS first class cook in a private family; no objection to coarse washing; good city reference.

68 WEST 43D ST., ROOM NO. 11.—AS COOK, washer and ironer; best city references.

102 4TH AV., BETWEEN 11TH AND 12TH STS.—As first class cook in a hotel or private boarding house; understands her business thoroughly.

103 EAST 82D ST.—AS PLAIN COOK, WASHER and ironer: good reference.

103 MADISON AV.—TWO RESPECTABLE GIRLS; one as cook or laundress; the other as chambermaid or nurse; best city reference. Can be seen at their last place.

109 WEST 32D ST., NEAR 6TH AV.—TWO HIGHLY respectable girls; one as first class cook; the other as chambermaid and waitress. Apply from 9 till 4, at present employer's.

115 WEST 19TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS chambermaid and waitress; best city reference from last employer.

115 WEST 19TH ST.—AS EXPERIENCED COOK IN a private family; thoroughly understands her business; best city reference from last employer.

118 WEST 33D ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS cook and to assist with washing and ironing; good city reference.

118 EAST 36TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS COOK, washer and ironer. Call at her present employers'.

118 CHRISTOPHER ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN as first class cook in a private boarding house; will assist with washing; best city reference. Call for two days.

124 WEST 49TH ST., FRONT HOUSE, ONE PAIR of stairs.—As first class cook in a private family; willing to assist with washing; would go to the country; good city reference.

130 WEST 19TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS cook, washer and ironer; is a good bread baker; good reference. Call for two days.

132 ALLEN ST., FANCY STORE.—A YOUNG German girl as cook.

132 WEST 19TH ST.—AS GOOD COOK; CITY OR country; first class washer and ironer; good references.

132 3D AV., BETWEEN 14TH AND 15TH STS.—A respectable girl as plain cook, washer and ironer; good city reference.

133 7TH AV.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS first class cook in a private family; no objection to do coarse washing; good city reference.

136 WEST 19TH ST., SECOND FLOOR, REAR.—As first class cook; understands cooking in all its branches, soups, meats, pastry, jellies, all kinds of desserts, &c.; wishes to live in a first class boarding house, with private table preferred; best city reference. Can be seen for two days.

139 WEST 33D ST., IN THE CIGAR STORE.—AS cook for a boarding house; will go home nights. Mrs. SONEL.

147 WEST 39TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AV. AND Broadway.—An experienced woman as cook; best city reference.

150 WEST 28TH ST., FIRST FLOOR, FRONT.—A competent person as cook; is a good bread and biscuit baker; willing to assist with the washing; or as cook, washer and ironer in a private family; good city reference.

157 WEST 24TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE COLORED woman as cook in a first class family. Call for two days.

157 WEST 27TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH AVS., first floor, front.—A respectable Protestant girl as cook in a small private family; understands her business; is a good bread and pastry baker; prefers a place where there are one or two girls kept; best city reference.

158 WEST 28TH ST., NEAR 7TH AV.—AS GOOD cook; understands cooking in all its branches; poultry and game; is a good bread baker; excels in breakfast cakes; best reference.

164 WEST 24TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as plain cook and to assist with washing and ironing; best city reference. Call for two days.

201 BLEECKER ST., IN THE FANCY STORE.—A respectable young woman as good plain cook, washer and ironer in a private family; reference. Call on S. A., for two days.

202 WEST 21ST ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as cook, washer and ironer in a small family, or to do chamberwork and washing in a small boarding house; reference.

206 EAST 26TH ST.—AS FIRST CLASS COOK; NO objection to washing; best city reference from last place.

208 WEST 26TH ST.—AN EXPERIENCED WOMAN as first rate cook and excellent baker of all kinds; good city reference.

210 SULLIVAN ST.—A NEAT, COMPETENT girl as cook and to wash and iron in a small private family, or to do general housework; city or country; three years' reference.

210 WEST 16TH ST., REAR.—A TRUSTWORTHY young woman (English) as good cook; is an excellent washer and ironer; no objection to the country; best reference. Call for two days.

210 WEST 30TH ST., FRONT HOUSE, TOP floor.—A respectable woman as experienced cook; is thoroughly capable to do good cooking; no objection to do the coarse washing; good city reference. Can be seen from 10 till 4 o'clock.

211 WEST 28TH ST.—A PROTESTANT AS COOK; willing to assist with the coarse washing; good bread, biscuit and pastry baker; understands soups, meats, game and jellies of all kinds; no objection to the country; good reference. Can be seen for two days.

215 WEST 27TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as good plain cook, washer and ironer; good references.

219 EAST 21ST ST.—AS FIRST CLASS COOK; UNderstands boning, larding, soups, jellies and pastry; no objections to leave New York.

220 EAST 47TH ST., BETWEEN 2D AND 3D AVS.—A respectable young woman as thorough cook in a private family; understands all kinds of cooking; has lived in the best families in the old country; three years' best city reference; no objections to assist with washing.

226 EAST 29TH ST.—AS GOOD COOK, WASHER and ironer; excellent baker; expert at meats, soups, desserts, &c.; no objection to the country; excellent references from last employers.

227 WEST 25TH ST., PRESENT EMPLOYER'S.—A respectable young girl as cook, washer and ironer; best city references.

227 WEST 31ST ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH avs.—As cook; understands her business in all its branches; no objection to assist with washing if required; best city reference if required.

232 WEST 20TH ST.—TWO RESPECTABLE PERsons; one as cook and to assist with the washing; the other as chambermaid and waitress; good city reference.

232 EAST 45TH ST.—AS FIRST CLASS COOK; understands all kinds of cooking; excellent baker; good washer and ironer; best city reference.

236 WEST 20TH ST., NEAR 8TH AV.—A MIDDLE-aged woman to do cooking, washing and ironing or to do general housework in a private family; best city reference.

238 WEST 20TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN as excellent cook; a good baker of bread and biscuit; would be willing to assist with the coarse washing; best reference.

241 EAST 59TH ST., BETWEEN 2D AND 3D AVS.—A respectable young woman to cook, wash and iron, or to do general housework in a small private family; best city reference from her last employer.

241 EAST 22D ST., SECOND FLOOR, BACK room.—A respectable Protestant woman as cook; willing to assist in washing and ironing; will go a short distance in the country; best reference.

248 WEST 30TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS GOOD plain cook, and good washer and ironer; makes good bread and biscuit; good city reference.

249 7TH AV.—A FIRST CLASS PASTRY COOK and baker in a hotel or boarding house; no objection to leave the city. Can be seen till engaged.

250 WEST 16TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE MIDDLE-aged woman as good plain cook and first rate washer and ironer; also understands French cooking; no objection to the country. Call for two days.

251 EAST 39TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman as cook; first class city reference.

251 WEST 39TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS FIRST class chambermaid or to do chamberwork and waiting; best city reference.

252 WEST 19TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH avs.—A respectable woman as good plain cook; would assist with the washing; city reference.

254 EAST 33D ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as cook and to assist with the washing and ironing in a small family; is willing and obliging; good city references.

281½ ELIZABETH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS COOK, washer and ironer, or to do housework, in an American family; good reference.

300 7TH AV., NEAR 27TH ST., IN GROCERY store.—A young woman as good cook, washer and ironer, or to do the housework of a small family; city reference.

302 WEST 26TH ST.—AS FIRST CLASS ENGLISH cook; understands her business in all its branches; can take entire charge of kitchen; best city reference.

303 LEXINGTON AV., TOP FLOOR.—A RESPECTable young woman as plain cook.

303 EAST 65TH ST., FIRST FLOOR.—AS COOK, washer and ironer in a private family; first class city reference given.

303 EAST 65TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS COOK, washer and ironer in a private family; two years' city reference. Inquire for Mrs. GILROY.

308 WEST 47TH ST.—A FIRST CLASS COOK; BEST city reference. Call or address. Call from 10 to 5.

308 EAST 34TH ST.—AS FIRST CLASS ORDER cook; is willing to go out by the day or month. Call to-day.

311 EAST 24TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN, WHO thoroughly understands her business, as cook in a private family; will assist with washing if required; best city reference.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Cooks, &c.

312 EAST 31ST ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN as good cook; would assist in the washing; would go a short distance in the country; best reference.

315 WEST 25TH ST.—AS FIRST CLASS COOK; NO objections to assist with a little washing if required; best city reference.

316 EAST 32D ST., SECOND FLOOR.—A FIRST class cook; will assist with the washing in a small family; good references.

322 WEST 38TH ST.—A YOUNG GERMAN GIRL as cook or to do chamberwork in a small American family; good reference.

328 EAST 60TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL TO DO PLAIN cooking and washing in a small private family.

330 WEST 44TH ST.—A COMPETENT PERSON AS first class cook; is willing and obliging; city reference.

330 EAST 34TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN as good plain cook, washer and ironer; city reference.

331 EAST 46TH ST.—A GIRL AS COOK IN A small private family; would assist with washing and ironing or do general housework.

331 EAST 47TH ST., BETWEEN 1ST AND 2D AVS., one flight up, room 4.—A respectable woman and her daughter, together, to cook, wash and iron; understand milk and butter; city or country; good references.

332 WEST 36TH ST., REAR.—A RESPECTABLE Protestant woman as good cook in a private family; no objection to go a short distance in the country; best city reference. Call or address, stating terms.

333 WEST 26TH ST.—AS GOOD COOK; IS A GOOD baker and will assist with the washing and ironing; good city reference.

335 3D AV.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS COOK, or cook, washer and ironer; no objection to a boarding house; best city reference.

336 EAST 24TH ST., SECOND FLOOR, FRONT.—A respectable young girl as cook, washer and ironer; best city reference from her last employer.

337 WEST 20TH ST., BETWEEN 8TH AND 9TH avs.—A respectable Protestant young woman as plain cook in a small respectable family; no objection to assist with the washing.

343 WEST 43D ST.—A RELIABLE WOMAN AS first class cook; understands cooking in all its branches; is capable of taking full charge of a kitchen; is a first class bread and cake baker; best city reference for a number of years from last employer. Call for two days.

343 EAST 11TH ST., THIRD FLOOR, FRONT, ROOM No. 9.—Two Protestant girls; one as competent cook and excellent washer and ironer; the other as chambermaid and waitress and willing to assist with the washing and ironing; they prefer living together; good city reference from last place.

348 WEST 37TH ST., BETWEEN 8TH AND 9TH avs., room 6, third floor.—A young woman to do the entire cooking, washing and ironing; a good cook and baker and an excellent washer and ironer; best city reference.

349 WEST 38TH ST. (RING SECOND BELL).—AS competent cook in a first class family; good city reference. Call or address for two days.

371 WEST 55TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE COLORED woman as cook; good city reference.

404 EAST 18TH ST., BASEMENT.—A RESPECTable young woman to cook, wash and iron or do housework in a small family; is a good cook, excellent laundress and good baker; city or country; good references.

404 WEST 26TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS good plain cook; is willing to do housework for a family of two or three; is very neat and willing; would appreciate a good home; good city reference. Call or address.

409 EAST 29TH ST., SECOND FLOOR.—A REspectable woman as cook; would wash; no objection to boarding house; good place in preference to high wages; reference.

415 WEST 38TH ST., BETWEEN 9TH AND 10TH avs., in the bakery.—A respectable German girl to do plain cooking and fine washing and ironing.

430 2D AV., THIRD FLOOR.—A YOUNG WOMAN to cook, wash and iron; good city reference.

435 WEST 40TH ST., BETWEEN 9TH AND 10TH avs., second floor, front rooms.—A respectable girl as good plain cook; an excellent washer and ironer, or would do general housework in a small, respectable family; best reference.

439 WEST 32D ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS good plain cook, washer and ironer; no objection to the country; good reference.

440 WEST 40TH ST., NEAR 10TH AV.—A YOUNG woman as chambermaid and waitress, or to assist with children or with washing; excellent reference from last place.

448 WEST 28TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN as cook, washer and ironer or to do general housework in a small private family; good reference. Can be seen from 10 to 3.

450 WEST 52D ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as good plain cook, washer and ironer; best city reference.

458 WEST 32D ST.—A YOUNG PROTESTANT WOman, from the north of Ireland, as cook; best city reference. Can be seen for two days.

504 6TH AV.—AN ENGLISH WOMAN AS FIRST class cook; can do all kinds of cooking and baking; daughter aged 14 can do light chamber or dining room work; good city reference.

518 WEST 27TH ST., BETWEEN 10TH AND 11TH avs.—A young girl, lately arrived from Europe, as plain cook; good washer and ironer; good reference from last place.

519 3D AV., BETWEEN 34TH AND 35TH STS.—A respectable woman as cook; 8 years' city reference; would assist with the washing.

551 3D AV.—A MOTHER AND DAUGHTER TO GO together; one as cook, washer and ironer; the other as chambermaid and waitress, or as nurse, do plain sewing, &c.; good references.

565 3D AV., IN WIRE STORE.—A RESPECTABLE woman as first class cook in a private family; can make excellent bread and all kinds of pastries; all kinds of game and good soups; is of a good disposition and obliging; good reference. Call to-day.

607 GREENWICH ST., NEAR LEROY ST.—A REspectable woman as cook and to assist in washing and ironing in a boarding house.

687 3D AV., NEAR 43D ST., TOP FLOOR.—A REspectable girl to cook, wash, iron or do general housework; good reference.

710 3D AV., NEAR 45TH ST., FOURTH BELL.—A respectable young woman as first class cook; can make good bread, biscuits, pies and cake and good soups.

738 6TH AV.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN as cook; is willing to assist with washing; best city reference. None but a small private family need apply.

779 7TH AV., NEAR 52D ST.—AS FIRST CLASS cook; understands cooking in all its branches; best city reference from last place.

884 6TH AV., SECOND FLOOR, BACK ROOM.—A respectable young girl to do plain cooking, washing and ironing in a small private family; good reference from her last place.

1,042 3D AV., BETWEEN 61ST AND 62D STS.—A competent woman as good cook, or would do upstairs work and assist with washing; good city reference.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as cook and will assist with the washing if required. Address E. P. E., Herald Uptown Branch office.

Chambermaids, &c.

2 WHITE'S PLACE, 18TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS chambermaid and to do fine washing, or as laundress; excellent reference.

20 WEST 20TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN TO do chamberwork and sewing or wait on a lady, or any position of trust; no objection to travel; is well recommended. Can be seen until engaged.

30 GREENWICH AV., IN THE REAR.—A REspectable young woman from England as chambermaid in a hotel; or would go in the kitchen. Call for two days.

37 WEST 13TH ST., FIRST FLOOR, FRONT.—A young girl to do chamberwork and plain sewing, or fine washing; good reference. Can be seen for two days.

44 EAST 32D ST., IN THE REAR.—A RESPECTAble young girl as chambermaid and waitress in a private family; best city reference. Can be seen for two days.

47 WEST 44TH ST.—A COMPETENT YOUNG GIRL as chambermaid or waitress; best city reference.

49TH ST., NORTHEAST CORNER 10TH AV., FIRST floor.—A respectable girl as chambermaid; good city reference.

51 EAST 41ST ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS chambermaid and laundress, or would do general housework in a small private family.

56 WEST 4TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman as chambermaid and waitress; no objection to a boarding house; is fully competent, and understands her business.

59 WEST 19TH ST., PRESENT EMPLOYER'S.—A respectable young girl as chambermaid, or chambermaid and waitress, in a small private family.

69 WEST 44TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL TO DO chamberwork and sewing in a private family; can do all kinds of needlework; city reference.

76 WEST 36TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as chambermaid; willing to assist with waiting. Can be seen at her present place.

80 EAST WASHINGTON SQUARE, NEAR 4TH ST.—A respectable Protestant girl, lately landed, to do chamberwork and waiting or chamberwork and sewing.

92 EAST HOUSTON ST., SHOE STORE.—A GERman Protestant girl as chambermaid; reference given.

93 DIVISION ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS chambermaid and waitress in a private family; no objection to a first class boarding house; obliging.

111 WEST 15TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH AVS., basement.—A young woman, just landed from the Old Country, wishes an engagement as chambermaid or nurse and to do plain sewing.

113 WEST 30TH ST., NEAR 6TH AV.—A SMART, active girl as chambermaid or to do general housework; good city reference.

114 WEST 38TH ST.—AS CHAMBERMAID AND waitress; best city references.

116 EAST 23D ST.—A GIRL, FROM HOLLAND, AS chambermaid in a private family or in a first class boarding house; speaks French and English. Apply, between 11 and 3 o'clock, at her present place.

127 WEST 33D ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman to do chamberwork; is a first rate sewer.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Chambermaids, &c.

133 WEST 28TH ST., TOP FLOOR.—AS CHAMbermaid and waitress; good city reference.

134 WEST 28TH ST., FIRST FLOOR.—A YOUNG girl as chambermaid and to do plain sewing; best city reference.

143 9TH AV., NEAR 19TH ST.—A YOUNG PROTestant girl as chambermaid or nurse in a private family; best references. Call for two days.

144 WEST 19TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS chambermaid and waitress; no objection to a private boarding house; would assist with the fine washing and ironing if required; good reference.

147 EAST 21ST, BETWEEN LEXINGTON AND 3d avs.—A first class girl as chambermaid and waitress; is willing and obliging; good city reference from her last place.

153 EAST 42D ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMBERmaid and waitress; no objection to the country; good city references.

157 WEST 51ST ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as chambermaid and waitress; willing to assist with washing and ironing; best city reference.

158 WEST 28TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL TO DO chamberwork and assist with the washing; good reference.

159 WEST 28TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS chambermaid and to do plain sewing; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine. Can see last employer.

160 EAST 54TH ST., NEAR 3D AV.—A YOUNG girl as chambermaid in a private family; understands her business thoroughly; can be well recommended from last place. Ring third floor bell.

165 EAST 35TH ST., NORTHWEST CORNER 3D av.—A respectable young girl as chambermaid and waitress, or to do chamberwork and sewing; is a good operator on sewing machine; seven years' reference from last employer.

183 EAST 104TH ST., NEAR 3D AV.—A RESPECTable girl as chambermaid and waitress in a private family; best reference from last employer. Call.

206 WEST 16TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH avs.—A young girl as chambermaid and to take care of children; no objection to assist with the washing and ironing; good reference.

212 WEST 27TH ST.—A COMPETENT YOUNG GIRL as chambermaid and waitress, in a private family; will assist with the washing and ironing; city or country; best city reference.

220 MADISON AV.—A RESPECTABLE PROTEStant girl as chambermaid. Can be seen at her late employer's.

223 EAST 21ST ST., BETWEEN 2D AND 3D AVS.—A young American girl as chambermaid and waitress; no objections to the country; a nice place preferred to high wages; city references. Call for two days.

227 WEST 31ST ST.—AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT as chambermaid or to do general housework in a small private family; is kind to children; reference.

235 EAST 59TH ST., SECOND FLOOR, BACK.—A young girl to do chamberwork and waiting and assist with the washing and ironing; city reference.

238 EAST 41ST ST.—A GIRL AS CHAMBERMAID and to do fine washing or waiting; best city reference from her last place.

244 WEST 34TH ST., PRESENT EMPLOYER'S.—AS chambermaid and child's nurse.

247 WEST 16TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as chambermaid and waitress; has good reference.

248 WEST 19TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE PROTEStant girl as chambermaid or parlor maid, or as child's maid and plain sewer; excellent reference.

260 WEST 29TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, lately landed, as chambermaid and waitress; understands her business; is willing and obliging; well recommended from last place.

263 WEST 42D ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL TO do chamberwork and plain sewing; or would do waiting; best city reference. Can be seen at present employer's.

281½ ELIZABETH ST., IN THE REAR.—A REspectable young woman to do chamberwork or general housework; good references. Call for two days.

309 7TH AV., BETWEEN 27TH AND 28TH STS., rear.—A respectable young woman to do chamberwork and take care of children; five years' reference from last place.

309 EAST 39TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS chambermaid and seamstress, or chambermaid and waitress; no objection to the country; good city reference.

311 EAST 32D ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS CHAMbermaid and waitress; best reference. Call or address.

311 7TH AV., BETWEEN 27TH AND 28TH STS.—A respectable young girl, lately landed, as chambermaid and washer or to do general housework in a private family.

312 WEST 34TH ST., PRESENT EMPLOYER'S.—A young Protestant girl as chambermaid and waitress in a small private family; three years' and three months' reference. Call for two days, from 9 to 2 o'clock.

315 WEST 35TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS chambermaid or nurse; good city reference.

334 WEST 19TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman as chambermaid and waitress.

335 WEST 26TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, lately landed, as chambermaid or to mind children in a small private family; no objection to do housework.

336 EAST 36TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as chambermaid and waitress; good city reference.

340 WEST 26TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS chambermaid and waitress or to do housework in a small family; best city reference.

340 EAST 54TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as chambermaid and waitress in a private family; best city reference.

340 EAST 23D ST., BETWEEN 1ST AND 2D AVS.—A respectable young girl as chambermaid and to assist in the washing; city reference from last place.

347 7TH AV.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMBERMAID and to assist with the washing; has the best city reference from her last place.

347 EAST 13TH ST., NEAR 1ST AV.—A PROTEStant girl as chambermaid or waitress; no objection to a first class boarding house.

353 WEST 53D ST., THIRD FLOOR.—TWO YOUNG girls in one family; one to do upstairs work; the other to do plain cooking, washing and ironing; good city reference.

388 5TH AV.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS chambermaid and waitress and would do washing; good city reference.

397 3D AV., THIRD FLOOR.—A COMPETENT girl as chambermaid and waitress; best city reference. Call for one day.

405 WEST 48TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS chambermaid and waitress or to do general housework; city reference.

412 WEST 25TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as chambermaid and waitress and to assist with the washing; best city reference.

417 EAST 12TH ST., TOP FLOOR, FRONT ROOM.—A respectable young girl as chambermaid and waitress; best city reference from last place.

423 WEST 17TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl to do light chamberwork and as nurse; good city reference.

434 6TH ST., BETWEEN AV. A AND 1ST AV.—A decent, nice German girl as chambermaid and waitress in an American family. Call for two days.

435 WEST 40TH ST., BETWEEN 9TH AND 10TH avs.—As chambermaid and waitress or chambermaid and to assist with the washing and ironing in a private family; best city reference.

439 7TH AV., RING BELL 2.—A RESPECTABLE girl as chambermaid and waitress in a private family, or to assist with washing; city references.

439 7TH AV.—(RING SECOND BELL.)—A YOUNG girl as chambermaid and waitress in a private family; city reference.

490 7TH AV., BETWEEN 36TH AND 37TH STS.—A respectable young girl as first class chambermaid and seamstress; has a good idea of dressmaking; or as chambermaid and waitress; is willing and obliging; good city reference.

504 WEST 30TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL TO DO chamberwork and waiting, or mind children and do plain sewing; city reference.

519 3D AV., BETWEEN 34TH AND 35TH STS., ring the third bell.—A respectable young girl as chambermaid and waitress; can work on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine; four years' reference from her last place.

602 EAST 14TH ST., NEAR AV. B.—A SWEDISH girl as chambermaid in a private family; can do sewing.

690 2D AV., BETWEEN 38TH AND 39TH STS.—A girl, lately landed, as chambermaid or waitress or to do general housework for a small family. Call or address for two days.

779 7TH AV., NEAR 52D ST.—A RESPECTABLE English Protestant young girl as chambermaid and waitress; would be generally useful; is willing and obliging; good reference. Can be seen for two days.

802 9TH AV., NEAR 53D ST., TWO STAIRS UP.—A young girl, lately landed, to do upstairs work and help with children; or to do housework in a small family.

808 3D AV.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL, LATELY landed, as chambermaid and to do coarse washing and ironing in a private family, or as nurse.

808 3D AV.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL, LATELY landed, as chambermaid and to do coarse washing and ironing in a private family, and a little nurse girl.

882 6TH AV., OVER THE BAKERY.—A RESPECTable girl as chambermaid and waitress; no objections to help with washing. Can be seen on Monday from 9 till 4.

946 1ST AV., CORNER 52D ST., TWO FLIGHTS UP.—A girl as chambermaid; willing to assist with other work. Call on or address McAULIFF.

1,134 2D AV.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL as chambermaid and waitress. Can be seen for two days.

1,163 2D AV.—A JEWISH GIRL TO DO HOUSE or chamber work in a good family; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine.

1,271 3D AV.—A YOUNG GIRL TO DO CHAMberwork and waiting or as waitress; best city reference.

1,536 3D AV., NEAR 80TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE young girl as chambermaid and to assist with washing and ironing or waiting in a private family; best city reference.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Chambermaids, &c.

1,763 3D AV., NEAR 78TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE young German girl as chambermaid and to take care of one child. Apply to Mrs. MULLER.

A YOUNG GIRL TO DO LIGHT CHAMBERwork; would be willing to make herself generally useful; best reference. Address M. S., Herald Uptown Branch office.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

11 EAST 27TH ST., BETWEEN MADISON AND 5TH avs.—A respectable Protestant girl as seamstress; understands all kinds of family sewing; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; best city reference from last place.

16 EAST 30TH ST., PRESENT EMPLOYER'S.—A young person, Protestant, as seamstress and ladies' maid; understands hairdressing. Can be seen Saturday, Monday and Tuesday.

39 GREENWICH AV., CORNER CHARLES ST.—A fashionable dressmaker would like a few more families' work; suits from $8 upwards; old dresses made over equal to new; works at home or at residences.

43 EAST 52D ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS GOOD seamstress; can assist with dressmaking; is an expert operator; can do light chamberwork; excellent city reference.

50 WEST 18TH ST.—AN EXPERIENCED DRESSmaker to go out by the day in private families; operates on Wheeler & Wilson's machine. Address.

86 VANDAM ST.—WILL GO OUT BY THE DAY; can cut boys' and girls' clothing, or do all kinds of family sewing; best reference. Call on or address M. WOOD.

100 3D AV., NEAR 13TH ST., FIRST FLOOR.—A first class dressmaker, who understands cutting, fitting and trimming with taste in the latest style for ladies and children, would make an engagement by the day or week; can work on any machine.

105 WEST 20TH ST.—A COMPETENT DRESSmaker wishes a few more customers by the day or week; is a first class cutter, designer or trimmer; also children's clothing. Mrs. McTAGGART.

110 WEST 44TH ST., FORMER EMPLOYER'S.—A competent seamstress, with a Grover & Baker's machine, to go out by the day or take work home; would take care of children or wait on an invalid; good city reference.

111 WEST 41ST ST., NEAR 6TH AV.—A FIRST class dressmaker, who understands family sewing and different machines, wishes a few more engagements by the day. Call or address.

121 EAST 53D ST., BETWEEN 4TH AND LEXINGton avs.—A competent dressmaker will make and make over walking and evening dresses and do millinery to order at reasonable prices.

128 EAST 52D ST.—A LADY WISHES TO PROcure a situation for a respectable person as seamstress, or to do light chamberwork or to wait on a lady invalid or otherwise; she is an excellent seamstress, and would be an acquisition to any one requiring a reliable person. Address M. H.

145 24TH ST., NEAR 7TH AV.—TO GO OUT BY the day as first class dressmaker; can make ladies' and children's suits in every style and do all kinds of family sewing; can operate on three machines; would go to the country. Can be seen for three days.

155 WEST 28TH ST.—A FRENCH GIRL AS SEAMstress in a private family; can cut and fit dresses and operate; understands her business thoroughly; city reference.

161 WEST 48TH ST.—AS EXPERIENCED SEAMstress; can cut and fit in every style; understands all kinds of sewing; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine, and can act as maid if required; best city reference.

185 7TH ST.—A FIRST CLASS SEAMSTRESS wishes a few more engagements by the day, week or month; can cut, fit, trim and operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; ladies' and children's trousseaux made to order. Address Miss WINBERRY.

204 EAST 20TH ST., NEAR 3D AV., SECOND floor.—A good seamstress, who understands dressmaking and can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine, to go out by the week or month; good city reference. Call or address.

210 32D ST., NEAR 7TH AV.—AS DRESSMAKER, by the day or week; cuts and trims in latest styles; terms moderate.

215 EAST 39TH ST.—A PERFECT FITTER AND stylish trimmer will cut and make ladies' and children's fall and winter suits, at ladies' own residences; prices reasonable. J. B. N.

225 EAST 35TH ST., SECOND FLOOR.—A FRENCH Canadian girl as seamstress; understands dressmaking and all kinds of family sewing; is a good operator on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; would assist in chamberwork or take care of growing children.

229 7TH AV.—AN EXPERIENCED FRENCH dressmaker desires a few more engagements at her home. Mme. HAUMANN.

233 WEST 33D ST.—A FRENCH LADY AS DRESSmaker, wishes a few more customers by the day, in private families; best city references. Call on or address Mlle. MARIE.

237 WEST 33D ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS seamstress and to do light chamberwork. Call for two days.

245 WEST 35TH ST.—A COMPETENT GERMAN girl, speaking French and English, as seamstress and to take care of young children.

251 WEST 20TH ST.—A FIRST CLASS DRESS maker, who thoroughly understands fitting and trimming the latest style of walking and evening dresses, wishes a few more customers by the day at moderate terms; operates on different machines; best references. Call or address.

270 WEST 33TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL (North German) as seamstress and to take care of children.

275 8TH AV.—A RESPECTABLE PERSON AS seamstress; willing to go out by week or month; best city reference. Apply for three days.

295 7TH AV.—A FRENCH PERSON, WHO SPEAKS English, wants to go by the day in private families; is a good seamstress and dressmaker; good references. Address Mrs. DOUBLOT.

305 EAST 29TH ST., SECOND FLOOR.—A REspectable young girl as seamstress and chambermaid, or would take care of growing children; no objection to the country; good reference. Call for two days.

326 EAST 56TH ST.—A DRESSMAKER WHO UNDERstands cutting and fitting wishes a few more families to work for by the day or week; terms very reasonable; understands the different machines thoroughly; can refer to the first families. Call or address.

327 EAST 34TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL, WITH A good knowledge of dressmaking, as permanent seamstress; no objection to assist with light chamberwork. Call or address.

329 EAST 39TH ST.—AS SEAMSTRESS; UNDERstands all kinds of sewing; also on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; best reference. Address.

344 WEST 37TH ST., BETWEEN 8TH AND 9TH avs.—A first class dressmaker would like a few more engagements to go out by the day or week; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine. Call or address.

361 6TH AV., RING UPPER BELL.—AS DRESSmaker in a private family, or as lady's maid; good reference.

373 7TH AV., BETWEEN 30TH AND 31ST STS.—As dressmaker and seamstress; can cut and fit and sew on machine; best city reference. Call for two days.

421 6TH AV., NEAR 26TH ST.—A FIRST CLASS dressmaker wishes the work of a few more families at her own home or by the day; old dresses cleaned and made over equal to new; also cutting and fitting. Call and see beautiful specimens.

488 6TH AV., FIRST FLOOR.—AN EXPERIENCED French dressmaker, understanding cutting and trimming in all their branches, wishes a few engagements in families; terms $2 per day. Address Mme. RAMER, No. 6 Pacific place.

529 8TH AV.—A YOUNG GIRL AS SEAMSTRESS; is a good dressmaker; good city references.

544 WEST 42D ST.—A DRESSMAKER WOULD like a few pleasant families to work for by the day. Call on or address Mrs. KENT.

557 WEST 49TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman wishes to go out as dressmaker; can do all kinds of sewing; can operate on any kind of machine; can bring her own if required; is willing to go out by the day, week or month. Call for two days.

632 6TH AV., CORNER OF 37TH ST., IN HAIR store.—An experienced dressmaker, who has worked for first class families, would like a few more engagements; terms moderate; reference. Call or address.

711 6TH AV., STORE.—A DRESSMAKER WISHES a few more engagements by the day or week; can cut, fit and operate; best city references.

798 6TH AV., NEAR 45TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS first class seamstress in a private family; understands dressmaking thoroughly and all kinds of family sewing; is a first class operator on the Wilson machine; good city reference.

806 6TH AV., BETWEEN 45TH AND 46TH STS., first floor.—To fashionable ladies, a competent dressmaker; fits perfectly; trims in Parisian and Berlin styles; cutting and basting a specialty; will go out by the day or week, or take work at her own residence; terms moderate. Call on or address all the week H. V. B.

826 7TH AV.—AS SEAMSTRESS; UNDERSTANDS dressmaking and all kinds of children's clothing; works on Grover & Baker's machine; would not object to assist with chamberwork; best city reference. Call for three days.

1,408 BROADWAY, BETWEEN 39TH AND 40TH sts.—A first class seamstress to work by the day on dressmaking and finishing ladies' dresses in the neatest style; best references.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER WILL CUT, FIT and baste fall suits, polonaises, &c., on moderate terms at ladies' own residences; city references. Address CUTTER, Herald Uptown Branch office.

General Housework, &c.

34 EAST 40TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL, NOT LONG in the country, to do general housework; is willing and obliging. Call or address for two days.

42 EAST 32D ST.—A WOMAN TO DO GENERAL housework or chamberwork and washing and ironing; can give city references.

59 HENRY ST., FIRST FLOOR.—A RESPECTABLE young girl to do general housework in a small family.

68 WEST 43D ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL, lately landed, to do general housework.

118 CHRISTOPHER ST.—TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork in a small private family; good references. Call for two days.

120 ELDRIDGE ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN to do general housework and assist with washing.

131 WEST 28TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN to do general housework in a small private family.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

General Housework, &c.

134 WEST 28TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL TO DO housework in a private family; best city reference.

141 WEST 19TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL, LATELY landed, to do general housework. Can be seen in the basement.

147 WEST 16TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL TO DO light housework in a small private family; willing and obliging; best city reference.

150 WEST 28TH ST., FIRST FLOOR, FRONT.—A respectable girl to do general housework in a private family; is a good cook, washer and ironer; good reference.

153 EAST 42D ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN TO DO GENeral housework in a small private family; good city references.

159 WEST 51ST ST., NEAR 7TH AV.—A RESPECTable girl to do general housework; good city reference.

161 7TH AV., NEAR 40TH ST.—A SCOTCH GIRL, not long in the country, to do general housework in a small, quiet, private family. None other need apply.

166 SUFFOLK ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl to do general housework in a small private family. Ring first bell. Miss NUGENT.

201 WEST 18TH ST., CORNER 7TH AV.—A REspectable young girl to do general housework in a small private family; is willing and obliging; best city reference.

206 EAST 26TH ST., SECOND FLOOR, FRONT room.—A young woman to do general housework or as chambermaid in a private family; best city reference. Call for two days.

219 WEST 21ST ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL to do general housework in a small private family; is a good plain cook and good washer and ironer; good city reference; willing and obliging.

238 EAST 41ST ST.—A WOMAN, LATELY LANDED, to do housework in a small family.

233 WEST 46TH ST., IN GROCERY STORE.—A REspectable girl to do housework in a small private family; is a good plain cook, washer and ironer; can make good bread; is willing and obliging; city reference.

239 33D ST., THIRD FLOOR, FRONT ROOM.—A respectable young girl to do general housework; best city references. Call for two days.

252 WEST 30TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL TO DO housework in a small private family; no objection to go to Harlem. Call or address.

256 WEST 35TH ST., IN THE REAR.—A YOUNG girl to do housework in a small family; no objection to the country. Call on or address, for two days, M. Mc.

259 MULBERRY ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL TO do general housework; four and a half years city reference.

306 WEST 41ST ST., FIRST FLOOR.—A RESPECTable girl to do general housework; city reference.

309 EAST 39TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL TO DO housework in a small private family; is willing and obliging; good city reference. Call for two days.

324 EAST 56TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl to do general housework in a small private family; best city references.

327 EAST 16TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL TO DO general housework or chamberwork and assist with washing and ironing. Call or address.

327 EAST 21ST ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN to do general housework in a small private family, where she could keep her little girl with her. Call or address.

338 WEST 36TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL TO do general housework; is an excellent washer and ironer; good city reference from her last place.

340 EAST 48TH ST., BETWEEN 1ST AND 2D avs.—A girl to do general housework; good city reference.

355 WEST 39TH ST., NEAR 9TH AV.—A YOUNG German girl to do general housework in a small private family.

405 WEST 54TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST in housework and make herself useful; wages no object.

423 EAST 24TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl to do general housework in a small private family; has good city reference.

425 WEST 17TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl to do general housework in a small family; best reference from her last place. Call for two days.

430 WEST 40TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl to do general housework in a small family; is a good washer and ironer, or would do plain cooking; best city reference from last place. Call or address.

439 7TH AV., RING BELL 2.—A RESPECTABLE girl to do general housework in a small private family; city references.

439 7TH AV., RING BELL 2.—A RESPECTABLE girl to do general housework in a private family; city references.

440 WEST 31ST ST., NEAR 9TH AV.—A YOUNG girl for general housework or to do plain cooking, washing and ironing; over five years' reference. Call for two days.

451 WEST 45TH ST.—A GERMAN GIRL TO DO general housework in a religious American family. Address Rev. H. SCHNEIDER.

456 WEST 18TH ST.—TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork in a small private family; good city reference.

458 WEST 32D ST.—A YOUNG PROTESTANT GIRL at general housework; lately landed. Can be seen for two days.

508 WEST 55TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG Protestant girl to do general housework in a small private family; best city reference.

511 EAST 58TH ST., IN THE STORE.—A REspectable girl to do housework, or would do plain cooking and assist with the washing; no objection to a short distance up the Hudson; best city reference.

534 WEST 43D ST., SECOND FLOOR, FRONT.—A respectable girl to assist in housework or as nurse; is strong, obliging and willing; wages no object; good reference. Can be seen for one day.

563 3D AV.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL TO do housework in a small private family; best reference.

578 2D AV., ENTRANCE IN 32D ST., TWO STAIRS, back room.—A respectable girl to do general housework in a private family.

602 47TH ST., 11TH AV.—A GOOD GIRL, LATELY lately landed, to do housework. Call for two days.

638 EAST 16TH ST., FIRST FLOOR, FRONT.—A German girl, about 18 years old, to do general housework in an American family.

710 3D AV. (RING FOURTH FLOOR BELL.)—A respectable girl to do housework; is a good cook, washer and ironer; good city reference.

811 7TH AV., BETWEEN 53D AND 54TH STS.—A respectable girl to do housework in a small family; is willing and obliging; best city reference.

847 10TH AV., CORNER 56TH ST.—A SMART, tidy girl, lately landed, for general housework in a small family. Apply on second floor. C. H. HUDSON.

850 9TH AV., NEAR 55TH ST., PRESENT EMPLOYer's.—A strong young girl, not long in the country, to do general housework; wages not so much an object as a comfortable home; good references.

863 6TH AV., BETWEEN 58TH AND 59TH STS.—A respectable young girl to do general housework in a small family; a plain cook, washer and ironer; best city reference.

986 8TH AV., FIRST FLOOR.—A COMPETENT young woman to do general housework in a small family; good reference from her last place. Call for two days.

1,365 3D AV., BETWEEN 77TH AND 78TH STS.—A respectable woman to do general housework in a small family; good reference.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN WIDOW, to do the work of a small family, in city or country, where she could have her child with her; understands all kinds of work; would go for low wages for the winter. Address, for three days, Mrs. WILLIAMS, box 226 Post office, Hunter's Point.

WANTED—BY A FRENCH WOMAN, A SITUATION as general houseworker in a small family or to a widower with family; first class references. Address C. H., houseworker, Herald Uptown Branch office.

Housekeepers, &c.

2 2D ST., BOWERY.—A RESPECTABLE MIDDLE aged German woman as housekeeper in a private family, or gentleman's, with or without children.

19 SPRING ST., REAR BUILDING.—A YOUNG woman from Connecticut as housekeeper; understands her business; or would go out as first class cook; is not afraid of work. Call or address.

38 BLEECKER ST.—AMERICAN WIDOW, IN REduced circumstances, to assist a lady in housekeeping, cutting out garments, fine sewing, trimming dresses, linen room hotel.

79 BANK ST.—A MIDDLE AGED GERMAN LADY, of many years' experience, as working housekeeper in a family where two or three servants are kept; best reference. Address W. A. R.

237 WEST 33D ST.—A YOUNG WIDOW AS HOUSEkeeper in a widower's family; speaks German and English.

846 6TH AV.—A SCOTCH LADY AS HOUSEkeeper in a first class hotel; understands her business thoroughly; can come well recommended.

HOTEL HOUSEKEEPER, OF MANY YEARS' EXperience, desires a position in a first class house; satisfactory reference. Address, for three days, A. B., box 117 Herald office.

HOUSEKEEPER.—A YOUNG LADY, ENGLISH, WITH no friends in this country, would like to have a comfortable home; no objection to go South or to travel. Address HOUSEKEEPER, box 126 Herald office.

Laundresses, &c.

6 RICHARD ST., SOUTH BROOKLYN.—A RESPECTable woman wants a family's washing at moderate terms; best reference.

15 WEST 18TH ST., PRESENT EMPLOYER'S.—A respectable young woman as first class laundress in a private family. Call for two days.

15 GRAND ST., ONE DOOR FROM SULLIVAN.—Ladies' and gentlemen's washing wanted by a first class laundress; clothes done up in the neatest style, at short notice; terms reasonable. Mrs. LEWIS.

22 STANTON ST., SECOND FLOOR, REAR.—A REspectable woman to work by the day or week; understands washing, ironing or restaurant business; best reference.

34 WEST 13TH ST., FIRST FLOOR.—A RESPECTable woman solicits washing and ironing at her own residence, or will go out by the day.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Laundresses, &c.

57 WEST 18TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN TO do laundress work in families at her own residence; is a first class laundress.

85 6TH AV., THIRD FLOOR, REAR.—A WIDOW woman wishes families' washing at her own residence, or would go out by the day or week; terms moderate.

89 CHRISTOPHER ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman wishes to take in a few ladies' and gentlemen's washing; good city reference.

89 6TH AV., THIRD FLOOR, BACK ROOM.—A RE[illegible] washing at her own residence [illegible] or address [illegible].

107 WEST 17TH ST., NEAR 6TH AV., FRONT [illegible] laundress [illegible] all kinds of washing done [illegible]. City reference.

109 WEST 30TH ST., REAR HOUSE, SECOND floor.—A [illegible] to do washing and ironing at her own residence [illegible] men's washing [illegible]. Call for two days.

115 WEST 13TH ST., THIRD FLOOR, REAR.—A [illegible] washing [illegible] gentlemen's [illegible].

122 WEST 19TH ST., NEAR 6TH AV., FRONT [illegible] by the day, week or month; [illegible] and fineries [illegible] no objection to do house cleaning.

133 WEST 28TH ST.—A COLORED WOMAN WANTS gentlemen's and families' washing at her house. JANE CARPENTER.

136 WEST 17TH ST., TOP FLOOR.—A RESPECTABLE [illegible] family; [illegible]. Call for one week.

139 WEST 27TH ST., IN REAR.—A [illegible] washing [illegible] city reference.

139 WEST 23D ST., SECOND FLOOR, BACK ROOM. A laundress wishes two or three washings at her residence.

145 EAST 22D ST., BETWEEN LEXINGTON AND 3d avs.—A first class laundress wishes washing at her own home; understands all kinds of fluting.

147 WEST 30TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AV. AND Broadway.—A respectable girl as laundress; [illegible] dress; good city reference.

149 WEST 17TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH avs.—As laundress and chambermaid; good reference.

150 WEST 28TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE [illegible] lately [illegible] small private family [illegible] ironer.

152 WEST 28TH ST., REAR.—AS LAUNDRESS, BY a respectable girl; understands fine washing and fluting by machine; no objection to a private boarding house; good reference.

153 WEST 31ST ST.—A FIRST CLASS LAUNDRESS [illegible] washing, ironing and French fluting of all kinds at her [illegible].

154 WEST 18TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN desires ladies' and gentlemen's washing and ironing at her own home; can do fluting and [illegible]; good references. Call this week.

156 WEST 52D ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN TO TAKE IN fine washing and ironing. Call for two days.

158 WEST 23D ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH avs.—A first class laundress wishes gentlemen's or families' washing; [illegible] dozen. Call [illegible].

167 7TH AV., NEAR 29TH ST.—A COMPETENT laundress wishes a few gentlemen's or ladies' families' washing [illegible].

178 EAST 34TH ST., NEAR 2D AV.—A FIRST class laundress wants to take washing at her own rooms.

206 WEST 27TH ST., ROOM 13, TOP FLOOR, three flights up.—A respectable woman to go out by the day; good washer and ironer. [illegible] two days.

208 WEST 35TH ST., FIRST FLOOR.—A COMPETENT laundress wishes a few more engagements to go out or take in washing [illegible] and does the [illegible].

209 1ST AV., BETWEEN 12TH AND 13TH STS.—A [illegible] or gentlemen's washing; French fluting done in the best manner.

210 WEST 19TH ST., FIRST FLOOR, BACK ROOM.—A competent laundress wishes [illegible] ladies' washing, or rough dried clothes.

210 EAST 38TH ST.—A WOMAN WANTS TWO [illegible] week to wash or housecleaning.

212 WEST 29TH ST., REAR.—A RESPECTABLE woman wishes weekly, monthly or gentlemen's washing at her own home; fluting done in the neatest style. Call on or address Mrs. NEWMAN.

216 WEST 27TH ST., FIRST FLOOR, BACK room.—A first class laundress would like to get washing at her own house or would go out by the day; understands fluting by machine.

217 WEST 26TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN to do ladies' or families' washing; can do fluting in the neatest manner; good city reference. Call on or address Mrs. M.

222 WEST 18TH ST., ROOM 9.—A RESPECTABLE woman wishes to take in ladies' and gentlemen's or family washing or would go out by the day; understands the very best of cooking and baking; is capable of her business; best city reference.

223 27TH ST., NEAR 7TH AV.—A RESPECTABLE woman as competent laundress, or would do chamberwork if required.

231 WEST 26TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN to go out by the day washing, ironing or housecleaning; or would take washing to her own house. Call at the grocery store.

232 WEST 31ST ST., FIRST FLOOR, BACK ROOM. A respectable woman as laundress in a private family; would go out by the day.

233 EAST 59TH ST., BETWEEN 2D AND 3D AVS., room 6.—A respectable woman wishes the washing of a few families or gentlemen; understands French fluting; is an excellent laundress; first class city reference.

234 EAST 28TH ST., REAR HOUSE.—A RESPECTAble woman would like ladies' or gentlemen's washing at home, or would go out the two first days of the week; family washing and fluting done reasonable.

236 WEST 32D ST., FIRST FLOOR.—WASHING and ironing wanted at own home; best city reference.

236 WEST 35TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS laundress in a private family; good city reference from last employer.

239 EAST 59TH ST., FIRST FLOOR, ROOM NO. 1.—A first class laundress to take in gentlemen's and families' washing; can do all kinds of fine washing and fluting. Call all the week.

245 EAST 45TH ST.—AS FIRST CLASS LAUNdress; best city reference.

245 WEST 35TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman as laundress and chambermaid in a private family; first class city reference from last place.

248 WEST 33D ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN as laundress by the day or to do housecleaning; best reference.

253 EAST 31ST ST., TOP FLOOR.—A RESPECTAble woman wishes some families' washing at her own house or would go out by the day; also housecleaning done in perfect order.

260 WEST 31ST ST.—A GERMAN WOMAN TO GO out washing and ironing or at her own house.

260 WEST 33D ST., NEAR 7TH AV.—A RESPECTable woman to do washing. Mrs. HANLEY.

306 WEST 41ST ST., FIRST FLOOR.—A RESPECTAble woman to take family washing; good references.

308 EAST 36TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL WISHES TO take in fine washing and ironing and fluting; best reference if required. Call for two days.

317 EAST 24TH ST., SECOND FLOOR, REAR.—A respectable woman wishes a gentleman's and ladies' washing; fluting and puffing done in superior style; clothes sent home Thursdays; reference.

319 EAST 35TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN wishes gentlemen's or families' washing at her residence. Mrs. COWAN.

329 EAST 30TH ST., TWO STAIRS, FRONT.—A laundress to do families' or gentlemen's washing; is fully competent in all branches; best reference.

330 WEST 20TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH avs.—A respectable young girl as first class laundress; no objection to chamberwork; best reference from last place.

338 EAST 24TH ST., IN STORE.—A RESPECTABLE woman as first class laundress to go out by the day or take washing to her own house; good reference. Call or address.

345 EAST 24TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS FINE laundress and chambermaid in a private family; is thoroughly competent; first class city references.

356 EAST 19TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN to do a family's or a few gentlemen's washing at her own home; best city reference if required. Call on or address Mrs. D.

402 EAST 18TH ST., THIRD FLOOR.—A STEADY, lone Protestant woman would like a family's washing, where no other washing, or would go out by the day; good city reference.

409 EAST 29TH ST., SECOND FLOOR.—A REspectable woman as laundress; can flute and polish. Call or address.

409 WEST 45TH ST., NEAR 9TH AV., BASEMENT door.—A respectable young woman wants gentlemen's or families' washing by dozen or month, or would go out by the day; good reference.

411 WEST 26TH ST., ROOM 10, THIRD FLOOR.—An excellent laundress to do ladies' and gentlemen's and families' washing at moderate terms; puffing, fluting and all fineries done up neatly; good reference.

411 WEST 26TH ST., ROOM 5.—AS FIRST CLASS laundress and to do ladies' and gentlemen's or families' washing by the month or dozen; puffing, fluting and all fineries done neatly on moderate terms.

412 WEST 25TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN to go out by the day to work; good reference if required.

413 EAST 17TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN wishes some work by the day. Address Miss LYNCH.

413 EAST 12TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN wishes the washing of a few gentlemen or families; no objection to go out by the day.

437 WEST 26TH ST., BETWEEN 9TH AND 10TH avs.—A respectable woman wants washing in or out of the house.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Laundresses, &c.

478 7TH AV., NEAR 36TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE woman wishes a few gentlemen's or families' washing, at her own residence; understands her business as laundress; does puffing and fluting after the best style; best references.

516 WEST 29TH ST., NEAR 10TH AV.—A WOMAN to go out by the day or week, washing, ironing or cleaning; would take washing in the house.

517 EAST 14TH ST., NEAR AV. A.—A RESPECTABLE woman wants to take in ladies' and gentlemen's washing and ironing; flannels and stockings, 50c. per dozen; fine clothes, $1 per dozen; best city reference. Call or address in the store.

601 EAST 15TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, accustomed to work in a laundry, wishes steady work; city reference. Call on or address L. S.

634 3D AV., IN THE STORE.—A RESPECTABLE woman to take in fine washing.

690 2D AV., REAR.—A RESPECTABLE MARRIED woman to go out by the day washing or scrubbing. Call for a week; references.

773 7TH AV., BETWEEN 51ST AND 52D STS., second floor, back.—An experienced laundress who has just left her place, to do washing at her own home; can do any kind of work; best city reference.

785 9TH AV.—A VERY RESPECTABLE MARRIED woman wishes gentlemen's or families' washing, by the month or piece; can do French fluting and all kinds of fineries in the neatest manner; twelve years' good city testimonials. Call on or address E. D.

929 3D AV., NEAR 56TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN wishes gentlemen's or families' washing at her own home, or would go out by the day; will give satisfaction; best city reference. Call or address for two days.

1,489 2D AV.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS FIRST class laundress; can flute by machine or by scissors; two years' good reference from her last place. Call for two days.

Nurses, &c.

7 WEST 27TH ST.—A FRENCH SWISS, FROM GENEVA, Protestant, aged 18, as nurse to one or two children in a nice private family. Home on Monday, from 12 till 4 o'clock.

9 WEST 21ST ST., NEAR 5TH AV.—A FAITHFUL, experienced girl as first class nurse; can take full charge of an infant from its birth; four years' city references.

9 WEST 29TH ST.—A FRENCH SWISS, FROM GENEVA, aged 18, Protestant, desires a nice home in a private family as nurse to one or two children. Home on Monday, from 12 to 4.

10 3D ST., THIRD FLOOR.—A RESPECTABLE German girl to take care of children; is willing to assist in light chamberwork or plain sewing.

17 GREAT JONES ST.—A GOOD AND FAITHFUL Protestant woman as nurse and seamstress, or as nurse and to do light chamberwork; country preferred.

22 GANSEVOORT ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, with a fine breast of milk, as wet nurse.

32 WEST 24TH ST., PRESENT EMPLOYER'S.—A young woman, thoroughly competent, to take the entire charge of a young baby and to do plain sewing.

66 LEROY ST.—A YOUNG ENGLISH GIRL AS nurserymaid or chambermaid; best references. Call on or address C. H.

75 3D AV.—A MONTHLY NURSE IS READY FOR another engagement; first class references. Address Mrs. HARPER.

79 GREENE ST.—A FRENCH GIRL, NOT LONG from France, as nurse in an American family; best reference.

101 WEST 57TH ST., NEAR 6TH AV.—A RESPECTABLE woman as wet nurse; would take charge of a baby at her residence. Call for two days.

103 WEST 36TH ST., IN THE STORE.—A FRENCH girl, not long from Paris, to mind one or two children in an American family; will do sewing.

108 WEST 33D ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman as nurse; is fully competent to take charge from birth; best city reference.

109 WEST 15TH ST., REAR.—A COMPETENT person as nurse; understands the care of an infant from birth; can bring it up on the bottle; no objection to the country; best reference.

112 WEST 19TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman to attend growing children or to wait on an invalid lady; is an excellent seamstress; best city reference.

112 WEST 18TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE MIDDLE-aged Protestant woman as nurse; can take entire charge of a baby from its birth; best recommendations. Can be seen for two days.

119 EAST 53D ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL to take care of children; would assist with washing; good references.

122 SOUTH 5TH AV., MME. BLOCK'S.—A YOUNG French girl as nurse. Call or address.

123 WEST 24TH ST.—A COMPETENT YOUNG WOMAN as nurse and seamstress; fully competent to take the entire charge of a baby; can come well recommended.

125 WEST 24TH ST., RING BELL 16.—AS NURSE and seamstress; no objection to go a short distance in the country; good city references.

127 WEST 33D ST.—A RESPECTABLE MARRIED woman wants a baby to wet nurse at her own home; lost her first baby on the 15th inst.; none need apply but those of respectability. Can be seen till suited.

138 WEST 19TH ST., THIRD FLOOR, REAR.—A respectable girl, lately landed, to take care of children or assist with the chamberwork; good reference.

141 WEST 39TH ST.—A GIRL AS NURSE; IS A very good seamstress; understands Wheeler & Wilson's machine perfectly.

144 WEST 14TH ST.—A FRENCH GIRL AS NURSE and to mind one or two children; willing to sew; good city reference.

147 WEST 39TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AV. AND Broadway.—A young girl to take care of one child and to do waiting; understands her business; no objections to the country; city reference.

149 EAST 4TH ST., FIRST FLOOR, LEFT SIDE.—A young German girl to take care of children and to do chamberwork; understands hairdressing.

152 WEST 28TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH avs.—A young woman as nurse; competent to take care of a baby from birth; unexceptionable references.

182 7TH AV.—AS NURSE, OR CHAMBERMAID and plain sewer; is capable of taking care of a baby from its birth; no objections to the country; five years' reference.

188 WITHERS ST., BROOKLYN, E. D.—A RESPECTABLE American woman wants a baby to wet nurse at her own home; six years' reference as nurse before marriage. Call or address.

210 WEST 20TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT young woman as nurse and seamstress.

214 42D ST., BETWEEN 2D AND 3D AVS.—A RESPECTABLE young girl as nurse and seamstress; would assist with anything; is an excellent operator on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; good reference.

215 WEST 27TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl to take care of children and make herself generally useful in a private family. For further particulars call on her mother.

226 WEST 30TH ST.—A YOUNG COLORED GIRL to take care of children; good reference. Apply for two days.

226 AV. B., SECOND FLOOR, FRONT.—A RESPECTABLE young American girl to mind children and to do plain sewing by machine.

227 EAST 29TH ST., NEAR 3D AV.—A RESPECTABLE young woman wishes a baby to wet nurse at her own home.

228 WEST 18TH ST., OVER THE STORE.—A young girl to take care of children or assist in housework.

229 EAST 46TH ST., TOP FLOOR, BACK.—A RESPECTABLE woman to take an infant to her own home and bring it up on the bottle, or to board by the month; good reference.

234 WEST 32D ST., SECOND FLOOR.—A COMPETENT young girl as nurse and plain sewer; can use Wheeler & Wilson's machine; excellent city reference.

252 WEST 41ST ST.—A WOMAN, WITH MILK five days old, wants a child to wet nurse.

252 EAST 4TH ST.—AN AMERICAN PROTESTANT girl as nurse and seamstress, or as chambermaid and waitress; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine.

254 WEST 19TH ST., THREE STAIRS UP.—AN American Protestant girl as nurse in a small private family.

300 EAST 61ST ST.—A YOUNG GIRL TO TAKE care of children and to assist with the chamberwork; best city reference.

303 WEST 50TH ST., PRESENT EMPLOYER'S.—A respectable widow as wet nurse, with a fresh breast of milk five weeks old; best medical reference; is healthy, amiable and obliging. Can be seen from 10 to 4 o'clock Monday.

310 MADISON AV. (PRESENT EMPLOYER'S).—A young American woman as infant's nurse; no objection to growing children; several years' reference.

318 EAST 25TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as nurse; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine or do chamberwork; best reference.

325 EAST 34TH ST., FIRST FLOOR, BACK room.—A young married woman as wet nurse; best city reference; baby three months old. Mrs. McNALLY.

326 EAST 56TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL, LATELY landed, as nurse, or to assist in chamberwork.

334 WEST 33D ST.—A PROTESTANT WOMAN TO take care of a baby; is honest, willing and obliging; good reference from employers.

332 6TH AV.—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman as infant's nurse in a Protestant family; willing to take the entire charge of the children; good city reference.

337 WEST 17TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE NEW England woman as nurse to an invalid lady; city or country; terms moderate; satisfactory reference. Apply or address.

341 EAST 27TH ST., FIRST FLIGHT, FRONT.—A respectable woman wishes a baby to nurse, or would take care of two grown children at her own home.

388 6TH AV.—A FRENCH PROTESTANT WOMAN to take care of growing children and do sewing; good city reference.

404 WEST 26TH ST.—TO TAKE CARE OF CHILdren, to do plain sewing or light chamberwork; would be willing to be generally useful; is neat, careful and obliging; good city reference.

422 EAST 11TH ST.—A YOUNG GERMAN GIRL, well educated in music and fine needlework, to take care of children.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Nurses, &c.

432 WEST 26TH ST., FOURTH FLOOR, FRONT room.—A respectable married woman, with a fresh breast of milk, as wet nurse. Call for two days.

446 WEST 28TH ST., BETWEEN 9TH AND 10TH avs., second floor.—A respectable girl, lately landed from Scotland, as children's nurse or chambermaid.

452 WEST 32D ST.—A YOUNG GIRL TO TAKE care of children or to do light housework; good city references.

454 WEST 31ST ST.—A COMPETENT AND EXperienced nurse wishes to take charge of an infant; best reference.

455 WEST 31ST ST.—AN AMERICAN WIDOW CAN take a child to nurse at her own residence; good reference.

486 8TH AV., FIRST FLOOR.—A YOUNG GIRL TO take care of one or two children in a private family only.

490 6TH AV., NEAR 30TH ST., ROOM 14.—A nurse; reliable and truly competent of taking the entire charge of an infant one month old; Protestant; no objection to the country; is a good seamstress; good city reference.

545 3D AV., BETWEEN 36TH AND 37TH STS.—AN English Protestant girl as nurse; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's and Grover & Baker's sewing machines. Call or address for two days.

555 2D AV., 31ST ST.—A RESPECTABLE PERSON as nurse or would assist in chamberwork. Call on or address, for two days, M. N.

574 2D AV., BETWEEN 31ST AND 32D STS., TOP floor, back.—A respectable widow woman to take charge of two children from 4 to 5 years old; best of care taken; best city reference. Call to-day.

634 8TH AV.—A RESPECTABLE MARRIED WOman as wet nurse. Call for two days.

715 6TH AV., BETWEEN 41ST AND 42D STS., IN millinery store.—As nurse and seamstress in a private family; understands all kinds of family sewing; would assist with the chamberwork; two years' city reference. Address.

733 11TH AV., NEAR 32D ST.—A RESPECTABLE American woman, who has no children of her own, a child to board or bottle nurse. Mrs. SMITH.

742 7TH AV., CORNER OF 50TH ST., IN THE store.—An experienced monthly nurse, disengaged, wishes a few engagements; reference. Call on or address Mrs. McDONNELL, until 12 o'clock.

749 3D AV., TWO PAIR OF STAIRS, FRONT room.—A respectable young girl as nurse to take care of growing children and do sewing; is capable of teaching them if required; is willing and obliging.

826 7TH AV.—A YOUNG GIRL AS NURSE; IS willing and obliging and fond of children; best city reference. Call for two days.

881 3D AV. (RING SECOND BELL.)—A YOUNG English girl as nurse and seamstress, or chambermaid and seamstress.

933 8TH AV., FIRST FLAT; PRESENT EMployer's.—An American girl to mind one or two growing children in a private family; willing and obliging.

1,291 3D AV., CORNER OF 74TH ST.—A RESPECTable young married woman would go out to wet nurse in a respectable family; her own baby is one month old. Apply for two days.

AN EXPERIENCED PROTESTANT NORTH GERman nurse; is capable of taking entire charge of children in a first class American family; best city references. Address B., box 113 Herald Uptown Branch office.

Waitresses, &c.

43 WEST 38TH ST.—A PROTESTANT GIRL AS waitress and chambermaid or chambermaid. Can be seen at her present employer's for two days.

104 WEST 32D ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as waitress in a first class private family; first class city reference.

113 WEST 46TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as waitress and chambermaid; good city reference. Call for two days.

118 WEST 39TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as waitress and to do sewing; is willing to make herself useful; good reference. Call for two days.

126 WEST 17TH ST.—AS FIRST CLASS WAITRESS in a private family; best city reference.

130 WEST 25TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH avs.—A competent girl as first class waitress in a private family; willing and obliging; best city reference.

149 WEST 39TH ST., BETWEEN 7TH AV. AND Broadway.—As first class waitress; would assist with chamberwork or take care of children; no objection to the country; city reference.

202 EAST 36TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS waitress or chambermaid; good reference from her last place. Call for two days.

300 7TH AV., GROCERY STORE.—A YOUNG WOMAN as waitress or to do chamberwork and waiting; private or public; best city reference.

335 EAST 22D ST.—A COMPETENT YOUNG WOman as waitress in a private family; understands her duties perfectly; willing and obliging; first class city reference.

340 EAST 54TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as first class waitress in a private family; best city reference from last place.

915 6TH AV., BETWEEN 53D AND 54TH STS., IN the store.—A young girl as waitress; willing to assist with the chamberwork; good city reference.

Miscellaneous.

42 WEST 37TH ST., PRESENT EMPLOYER'S.—AS lady's maid or to take care of children or an invalid, to go South or to Europe; five years' reference.

120 WEST 44TH ST.—A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE young English person as ladies' maid, or would take charge of a growing child, and teach it, if desired; first class reference. Call or address.

129 WEST 52D ST.—A YOUNG GIRL, JUST landed, as first class parlor maid in a private family; can sew or do chamberwork; best reference.

129 WEST 52D ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, lately landed, as parlor maid or chambermaid in a private family; good reference.

143 WEST 29TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as kitchen maid; best city reference.

144 WEST 19TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL IN a small private family; good city reference.

149 WEST 39TH ST.—A FASHIONABLE HAIRdresser wishes a few more engagements by the week or month.

221 23D ST., SOUTH BROOKLYN.—A YOUNG American lady as companion to a lady or an invalid or as child's nurse; reference given and required. Call on or address D. B.

323 EAST 36TH ST.—A FRENCH GIRL AS LADY'S maid or to take care of grown up children and sew; good city reference.

326 EAST 36TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, lately landed, in a private family. Call for two days.

410 WEST 12TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL, lately landed, as kitchen girl or chambermaid; is willing and obliging.

451 WEST 31ST ST.—A MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN TO assist in a boarding house; is willing and obliging. Call for two days.

639 MADISON ST., UP STAIRS.—A YOUNG LADY wishes a situation in a confectionary; best reference; eight years' experience; speaks German and English. Call on or address KATE CALLANAN.

649 3D AV., BETWEEN 41ST AND 42D STS., SECond floor.—A young girl in a position where she can make herself useful; wages no object; a good home preferred. Call on or address C. C.

A RESPECTABLE GIRL DESIRES A SITUATION in a private family; can do all kinds of sewing and fancy embroidery; operates on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine; would like the care of growing children. Address J. M. C., box 121 Herald Uptown Branch office.

Intelligence Offices.

A LARGE NUMBER OF GERMAN SERVANTS, CAPable and trustworthy, found constantly on hand at 247 Third avenue, near Twentieth street. Mrs. HOLZSTEIN.

WELL RECOMMENDED GERMAN SERVANTS constantly found at Mrs. LOWE'S German Institute, 316 and 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker st.

PROFESSIONAL SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

33 ST. MARK'S PLACE, 8TH ST.—A COMPETENT cutter, fitter and designer of ladies' dresses would like to go out by the day in first class families. Call, from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., or address DRESSMAKER.

52 WEST 14TH ST.—A YOUNG LADY, CAPABLE of teaching French, English and music, as governess.

A LADY WRITES LETTERS, BUSINESS LETTERS, friendly and social letters, advertisements, checks, drafts, bills, receipts, orders, accounts, notes, notices, reviews, reports, &c. Address Miss W., 348 East 17th st.

A RESPECTABLE GERMAN GIRL, FROM BERLIN, a first class ladies' hairdresser, wishes employment to go out by the day, week or month attending ladies for parties, weddings, &c. Inquire at 203 West 45th st.

A GERMAN LADY, SUPERIOR TEACHER OF music and also able to teach all kinds of fine needlework, wishes a situation in a family. Address E. B., 10 3d st., third floor.

A FRENCH PROTESTANT LADY, OF GREAT EXperience, having a few hours disengaged, wishes to make new engagements for the winter; teaches French and German thoroughly, and would take charge of large classes, either in public or private schools; also the English branches, with music and Italian, to beginners; best references. Address INSTITUTRICE, care of Mr. F. W. Christern, 77 University place.

RESIDENT GOVERNESS.—A YOUNG LADY DEsires a situation as above in a private family to teach English, French and music; she has excellent testimonials; pupils under twelve preferred; no objection to the country. Address M. M., box 192 Herald Uptown Branch office.

VISITING GOVERNESS.—AN ENGLISH LADY DEsires an engagement in a family having young children to instruct by the hour. Address INSTRUCTION, care Sheldon & Co., No. 677 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS DAILY GOVERNESS for any of the following branches, viz.:—English, French, German, music, drawing and water color painting. Address X. L., box 150 Herald office.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

A GIRL WANTED—TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork in a private family; references required; at 123 West 20th st.

A CHANCE TO LEARN TELEGRAPHY.—MEN, women, boys and girls, learn and take positions; demand for operators; tuition, $20. THOMPSON'S College, No. 20 4th av., opposite Cooper Institute.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED.—ADDRESS FOR THREE days, stating age and residence, with other particulars, WIDOWER, Herald office.

NURSE WANTED.—A YOUNG FRENCH PROTEStant girl, who has had experience with children, to take care of a child five years old and to sew; wages $16. Address, with city reference, Y. B., box 1,311 Post office.

WANTED—AT 144 WEST 14TH ST., A LAUNDRESS that understands fluting.

WANTED—A COOK, WASHER AND IRONER IN A private American family. Call at 130 East 25th st.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT GIRL AS WAITRESS IN a small private family. Apply at No. 3 East 27th street.

WANTED—A SUPERIOR PERSON AS COOK IN A first class private family; best of city references required. Call at 21 Washington terrace, Hoboken.

WANTED—A GIRL, AS FIRST CLASS WAITRESS and competent seamstress. Call to-day, from 10 till 12, at 32 West 31st st.

WANTED—A GIRL, 12 OR 15 YEARS OLD, TO MIND a baby, two years old, and make herself useful. Call at No. 904 8th av., in the store.

WANTED—A GIRL, 16 TO 17 YEARS OLD, TO TAKE care of a baby; must go home at night. Call at 236 West 39th st.

WANTED—A SMART, ACTIVE GIRL, TO DO THE general housework of a small family; city reference required. Apply at 573 Broome st.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS DRESSMAKER. NONE but those experienced need apply, between 8 and 10 o'clock, at No. 232 West 39th st.

WANTED—A PERFECT OPERATOR FOR GROVER & Baker's machine and a first class dressmaker to trim and finish waists; only perfect ones need apply. 21 East 16th st., two doors west of Union square.

WANTED—A FRENCH OR GERMAN GIRL TO DO light housework; must be neat and obliging. Apply to Mme. DE CORDOBA, 101 East 20th st., one door from 4th av.

4 EAST 20TH ST.—FIRST CLASS COOK WANTED, and to assist with washing and ironing.

61 LEXINGTON AV.—WANTED, A FRENCH NURSE girl, a chambermaid and waitress, a competent laundress, a first class cook; all Protestants and none older than 25 years; references required.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

302 WEST 26TH ST.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a first class English waiter in a private family; best city references.

A FIRST CLASS BUTLER AND COURIER WANTS a situation in a first class family. Apply to A. K., 47 Barclay st.

A STEADY, INDUSTRIOUS MARRIED GERMAN man would be glad to find any kind of work. Apply at 196 Mott st., room No. 11.

A CHINESE (MAN) AS FIRST CLASS COOK IN A private boarding house or a private family. Call for two days at No. 141 East 13th st.

A FRENCHMAN WANTS A SITUATION AS WAITER in a private family; speaks English; good city reference. Address A. R. C., Herald Uptown Branch office.

A SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, SINgle; understands the care of horses, cows, garden, furnace, &c.; city or country. Inquire of H. H. LAURENCE, 214 Pearl st.

A COLORED MAN AS FIRST CLASS WAITER; CAN give three years' reference from last place; understands all about salad, dressing, and the serving of courses. Call at No. 411 West 52d st., for two days.

A WELL EDUCATED YOUNG GERMAN, THORoughly acquainted with all the branches of gardening and hothouse culture, as well as able to teach the French and German languages, desires a situation. Address CARL CLASSE, German Mission House, 426 Pearl st., New York.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN (GERMAN) in some good business; can furnish best city reference as to honesty and good habits. Address B. B., care W. Bohmke, 40 Mott st.

WANTED—BY A FRENCHMAN, A SITUATION AS waiter in a private family; good city reference. Address P. L., Herald office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN A PRIvate family; has first class reference; disengaged on account of the family going to Europe. Address W. R., box 191 Herald Uptown Branch office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST CLASS HOTEL cook in club or first class restaurant; can take the full charge of the kitchen. Address, for two days, D. D., Herald Uptown Branch office.

WANTED—BY A FIRST CLASS COOK AND CARver, a situation in a hotel or restaurant; can take charge of any kitchen; good reference. Call on or address A. E. W., 287 Bowery.

WAITER (COLORED) WISHES A SITUATION IN A first class boarding house; understands carving and is not afraid of work. Address R. L. A., Herald Uptown Branch office.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT MAN, A SITUATION as watchman or porter; understands marketing; five years in last place; highest reference. Call or address No. 9 3d av., opposite Cooper Institute.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A MAN, AS COOK IN a hotel or restaurant; has been bread cook in principal hotels and restaurants; best references; good carver and manager; city or country. No. 232 West 30th st.

WORK OF SOME KIND IS WANTED—BY A man who has by illness partly lost his speech; he is a competent accountant, accustomed to handling money, and can bring entirely satisfactory references. Address CAREFUL, Herald office.

CLERKS AND SALESMEN.

ACCOUNTS, EIGHT LANGUAGES; ARREARS WRITten up; books devised to meet special requirements; books opened, examined or balanced; books written up periodically. JAMES COX, 51 New street.

A YOUNG MAN DESIRES EMPLOYMENT AT home in the evening; bookkeeping or copying preferred, either German or English. Address LOUIS SIEBERT, 96 Stanton st.

A SMART SALESMAN IN A GENTS' FURNISHING store; must be able to dress the window and measure for shirts. Address, with full particulars and salary expected, 697 6th av., corner 40th st.

AN AMERICAN (A FINE PENMAN) DESIRES A situation as bookkeeper, assistant bookkeeper, timekeeper, entry clerk; can furnish excellent references and security if desired. Address W., box 5,358 Post office.

A YOUNG MAN, HAVING SIX YEARS' EXPERIence as salesman in a large manufacturing business, is open to an engagement; is well acquainted with the Southern and Western trade; reason for change present house retiring from business; first class reference. Address, for two days, G. B. L., box 183 Herald Uptown Branch office.

COLLECTORSHIP, PLACE OF TRUST OR BOOKkeeper's position wanted—By a young man of good habits and who can give bank references. Address EDWARD ALMON, Columbia, S. C.

DRUG CLERK.—A COMPETENT MAN MAY APPLY, with reference, at 213 Monroe st., or address DRUGGIST, box 191 Herald office.

SALESMEN WATED—WHO HAVE AN ESTABLISHED acquaintance with the liquor trade; those engaged in selling ales, wines and liquors on commission preferred. Apply to BYRNE BROS. & CO., 122 Liberty st.

WANTED—A SMART YOUNG MAN FOR PACKING counter, at EHRICHS', 287 and 289 8th av.

WANTED—SEVERAL FIRST CLASS SALESMEN IN the hosiery department, at EHRICHS & CO.'S, 287 and 289 8th av.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN IN A GROCERY STORE; one who understands the business. Apply at 147 av. C.

WANTED—FOUR FIRST CLASS DRY GOODS SALESmen for our new store. Apply to EDWARD McCAFFREY & CO., 601 Fulton st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—AN ACTIVE YOUNG MAN, WHO THOroughly understands the grocery business. Apply at No. 4 9th av.

WANTED—A MAN OF EXPERIENCE TO TAKE charge of our hosiery and gentlemen's furnishing departments. Men of experience may apply at W. K. PEYTON'S, 272 and 274 Bowery.

WANTED—THREE YOUNG MEN, IMMEDIATELY, to learn bookkeeping, penmanship, mercantile calculations (no theory), from experienced accountant, Brooklyn, 8 to 10½ P. M.; terms moderate. Address COLLINS, box 140 Herald office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A WELL RECOMmended young man, as clerk; is a good penman, and able to assist in bookkeeping, but is not afraid to work in any kind of business; was for a long time in a commission house. Address H. H., box 316 Herald office.

WANTED—BY AN EDINBURGH M. D. AND M. R. C. S., age 40, married (no family), and well up in his profession, an engagement as assistant, to manage a branch practice, or as locumtenens. Address A. B., 96 Clinton place (West 8th st.)

WANTED—A POSITION TO TRAVEL BY A LIVE man, who is out of employment by reason of retirement of late employers; satisfactory references as to capabilities and trustworthiness; has been the general agent and done the heavy business of late firm; has extensive acquaintances in all parts of the United States and Canadas; and parties wanting a reliable salesman address EUGENE ODD, New York Herald office.

COACHMEN AND GARDENERS.

A YOUNG SINGLE MAN WANTS A SITUATION AS coachman; first class city reference; a good, stylish driver. Call on or address W. M., 202 East 12th st.

A YOUNG MAN WISHES A SITUATION AS coachman; good city reference. Call at or address Ebetts' stables, 7th av., corner 23d st.

AS COACHMAN—BY A SINGLE YOUNG MAN; CITY or country; can milk if required; best city reference. Address J. D., box 110 Herald office.

A COACHMAN OR GARDENER'S PLACE WANTED by a steady Scotchman; is fully competent in every respect; best city reference. Address B., box 202 Herald office.

A SINGLE MAN AS COACHMAN AND FIRST CLASS groom; capable, sober and obliging, with first class city reference. Call on or address M. F., 131 East 18th st., private stable.

A GENTLEMAN WISHES A SITUATION FOR HIS coachman, whom he can thoroughly recommend; parting with him on account of selling out. G. FRANKLIN, 46 East 14th st.

A YOUNG MAN TO TAKE CARE OF HORSES AND harness; understands his business thoroughly; will make himself generally useful; best city reference. Address G. G., box 101 Herald office.

A SINGLE MAN WANTS A SITUATION AS COACHman, who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; can give eight years' city reference. Call or address P. S., 142 East 39th st., for P. H.

A YOUNG MAN (SINGLE) WISHES A SITUATION as coachman and groom; perfectly understands the care and management of horses in all its branches; not afraid of work; good reference; no objection to country; can milk if required. Call on or address JOHN, COACHMAN, 152 Greenwich street, for two days.

COACHMEN AND GARDENERS.

A FIRST CLASS COLORED COACHMAN AND groom wishes a situation; thoroughly understands his business; best city reference. Call on or address JOHN MACON, 158 West 30th st.

A COACHMAN'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A single man, Protestant, willing to make himself useful; good city and country references. Address B., Herald Uptown Branch office.

AS COACHMAN—MARRIED; NO FAMILY; LONG experience; thoroughly understands the business in all its branches; can produce unexceptionable city reference. Call or address M., 19 West 28th st.

A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN WISHES A SITUAtion as coachman or gardener, either in city or country; is willing and obliging. Call, for two days, on R. P., at 254 West 37th st.

A COACHMAN'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A SINgle man; a good groom; best reference from last place. Call on or address J. M., 158 University place (C. Graham's saddlery).

A SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN, IN A private family, by a Frenchman; 10 years' reference from last employer, and best reference previous. Inquire at 57 West 18th st., feed store.

AN EXPERIENCED SINGLE YOUNG MAN (GERman Protestant) wants a coachman's situation.—Thoroughly understands his business; also milking and plain gardening; best reference. Call on or address C. S., 12 Howard st.

A YOUNG MAN WISHES A SITUATION AS COACHman and to make himself generally useful on a gentleman's place; is temperate; good reference for honesty and sobriety; no objections to go a short distance in the country. Call on or address JOHN, 153 3d av., corner 17th st.

A YOUNG COLORED MAN WANTS A SITUATION as coachman; has five years' city reference from last place. Call at private stable 19 West 44th st. Ask for CHARLES.

A SINGLE YOUNG MAN OF TEMPERATE HABITS wants a situation as first class coachman and groom; thoroughly understands the care of horses, carriages and harness; will be found willing, industrious and faithful in every way; is a good and careful city driver; best city reference. Can be seen on Monday, or address H. H., 198 Broadway.

A YOUNG MAN WISHES A SITUATION AS FIRST class coachman and groom; thoroughly understands the proper treatment of horses, harness and carriages; will be found civil and obliging; no objections to a short distance in the country; two years' first class reference from last employer. Address M. K., box 107 Herald office.

COACHMAN AND GARDENER'S SITUATION wanted—By a German, married; sober; good driver; useful worker; wife first class cook; good reference. Call on COACHMAN, 888 3d av., near 54th st.

COACHMAN'S PLACE WANTED BY A POTESTANT, married man; no children; understands his business; is sober, honest and willing; city references. Address J. J., Herald Uptown Branch office.

COACHMAN'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST class single man; seven years' city reference by consulting former employer; no objection to the country. Call on or address W. S., 138 West 28th st.

COACHMAN'S SITUATION WANTED—IN CITY OR country, by a thorough, competent young man, who thoroughly understands his business; best city reference. Address J. P., box 108 Herald Uptown Branch office.

FIRST CLASS ENGLISH COACHMAN DESIRES A situation; married; no family; city or country; highest recommendations from last employer. Call on or address J. T., 411 9th av., corner 33d st.

GARDENER'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A GERman, married; small family; thoroughly understands greenhouse, graperies, laying out grounds and planting; ten years' reference. Address GARDENER, Mr. Fleming's seed store, 67 Nassau st.

HEAD GARDENER, FARMER AND CARETAKER—By a thoroughly practical, go-ahead Scotchman; terms very low till spring. Address ABERDEEN, box 226 Herald office.

MAN AND WIFE WANT SITUATIONS—MAN AS coachman and gardener; wife as cook, washer, and ironer; good references. Address R., box 209 Herald office.

MAN AND WIFE WANT A SITUATION—MAN AS coachman; wife as cook or laundress; city or country; country preferred; or to take charge of a gentleman's place in the country; best reference; can be well recommended by the last employer. Call on or address, for two days, T. W., 352 West 50th st., between 8th and 9th avs.

RESPECTABLE YOUNG SINGLE MAN WANTS A situation as coachman and gardener; can milk; 3½ years' best city reference from his last employer. Address J. N., box 158 Herald office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A COLORED MAN, AS coachman or groom; has good recommendations as to capacity and character, and refers to his present employer, at 179 Madison av.

SINGLE YOUNG MAN WISHES A SITUATION AS coachman and groom; understands the care and management of horses in all its branches; not afraid of work; no objection to the country; six years' best city reference. Call on or address, for three days, P. FITZGERALD, 381 East 4th st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FOOTMAN BY A young man, aged 22 years; has been with some of the best families in England; good references. Address D. S., box 134 Herald office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A FIRST CLASS GERman coachman; understands his business thoroughly; best city reference if required. Address C. M., box 180 Herald Uptown Branch office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A FIRST CLASS coachman who understands his business thoroughly; best city references if required. Inquire of H. B., 644 6th av., saddlery store.

WANTED—BY MAN AND WIFE, SITUATIONS; MAN as coachman and gardener; can milk; wife as first class cook and laundress; first class references. Can be seen for two days to No. 150 East 43d st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY A young Englishman, aged 25 years; well posted and thoroughly understands his business; can milk and is willing to make himself generally useful. Can be seen till suited at 93 Division st. GEORGE McIVER.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

A.—NATIONAL SCHOOL OF TELEGRAPHY, 139 8TH st., near Broadway.—Constant demand for good operators; only school where telegraphy is taught practically and made a specialty.

A CHANCE TO LEARN TELEGRAPHY.—MEN, women, boys and girls learn and take positions; demand for operators; tuition, $20. THOMPSON'S College, No. 20 4th av., opposite Cooper Institute.

AGENTS WANTED.—JUST OUT, THE BEST SELLING article ever offered; a household necessity; 100 per cent profit. Sample mailed for 25 cents. W. F. BROWN & CO., 95 Liberty st.

AGENTS WHO CANNOT MAKE $5 DAILY CERTAIN call at AMERY'S Show Card Establishment, 135 Bowery, and make $10 daily. A poor talker can do it. The work shows for itself.

ACTIVE AND EXPERIENCED AGENTS WANTED—To take orders for one of the finest subscription books (in parts) in the market; liberal terms guaranteed. HOWARTH, TRACY & PHILLIPS, 85 Nassau st.

A COLORED BOY WANTED—ABOUT 15, TO BE useful in a gentlemen's lodging house; must have good references. Apply after 11 A. M. at No. 259 4th av., near 21st st.

ANGELL'S TURKISH BATHS, 61 LEXINGTON AV.—Wanted, agreeable, honest, intelligent, industrious, strictly temperate Americans, for baths and office, not older than 25 years; employment agreeable, healthy and profitable.

A YOUNG IRISHMAN, WELL EDUCATED AND respectable, can find employment at HESS & MacDAVITT'S, 735 Broadway, to wait on customers and learn our business; experience not necessary; salary $12 to $15 at present.

EXPERIENCED CANVASSERS—FOR A BOOK CIRculating among bankers, brokers, &c. Apply at the American Railroad Manual Office, No. 3 Park place.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN AS BARKEEPER, AT 186 Henry st. Call for two days.

WANTED—A BOY WHO HAS HAD SOME EXPErience in a bar and restaurant; good reference required. Apply at 93 Duane st., before 10 A. M.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN THAT UNDERSTANDS the meat and vegetable business. Address BAILEY, Herald Uptown Branch office.

WANTED—AN ACTIVE YOUNG MAN IN A GROcery store. Apply at 143 Spring st., before 10 o'clock.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN AS BARKEEPER; ONE who understands his business and well recommended. Apply at No. 135 4th av., before 11 A. M.

WANTED—AN OFFICE BOY, ABOUT 14 YEARS OF age, who resides with his parents; salary $150 per annum. Address, in handwriting, with references, box 4,863 New York Post office.

WANTED—FOR THE UNITED STATES MARINE Corps, 500 fine, able-bodied men. This service offers splendid opportunities to visit foreign countries on board United States ships of war. For further information apply at Recruiting Rendezvous, 89 Chatham st., New York.

WANTED.—GENTLEMANLY SOLICITING AGENTS are easily making from $3 to $12 per day; respectable business; most convenient little article; success sure. 615 Broadway, up stairs, office 1.

THE TRADES.

A BOY, 13 YEARS OF AGE, LIVING WITH HIS PArents, wishes to learn a trade. Addres JOHN REYNOLDS, 519 East 14th st.

A FIRST CLASS CUTTER (GERMAN) WISHES A situation; no objection to going in the country; best city references will be given. Address L. F. L., Herald office.

PHOTOGRAPHER.—A GOOD OPERATOR, WHO UNderstands all branches of the business, wishes a situation. Address, for three days, O. B., Herald Uptown Branch office, 1,265 Broadway.

TO JEWELLERS.—A YOUNG MAN DESIRES A situation with a manufacturing jeweller, having had two years' experience; assist in melt press, work on drop cut-out, settings and draw wire and do porter's work. Address S. B., Herald office.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN TO RUN A HOISTING engine in the country; wages $6 per week. Address LEEDS, CLARK & CO., 259 Canal st., New York.

WANTED—FOUR EXPERIENCED LOCK PATTERN makers to go in the country; work all winter; also one foreman or designer. Address, stating where you worked last, &c., BURGLAR'S LOCK, Continental Hotel, 442 Broadway.

FRENCH ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNE FILLE FRANCAISE DESIRE UNE PLACE comme bonne d'enfant et coudre. S'adresser au 213 East 22d st.

EYES AND EARS.

ARTIFICIAL HUMAN EYES.—T. J. DAVIS, INventor and only maker of the improved Artificial Human Eye, acknowledged by the faculty to be the only correct imitation of nature in the world. 127 East Fifteenth street, between Third and Fourth avenues.

SALES AT AUCTION.

A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO.,
Auctioneers and Dealers in
New Jersey Real Estate,
No. 6 Pine street, New York.

Opening sale on the Jersey City and Albany Railroad

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1873,
at 12 M., on the premises,
at Lowden, N. J.,

fifteen miles from New York, adjoining the old town of Schraalenburg and near Englewood.

Station in the centre of the property.

Communication by two railroads.

Every Lot high and dry, fronting on the Tea Neck road and graded streets.

Churches, schools and stores adjoining.

An unusual opportunity for buying choice Lots in a proverbially healthy neighborhood, the soil being a gravelly loam, precluding the possibility of red mud or miasmatic diseases.

Luncheon before the sale.

For maps and railroad passes apply to
A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BRO.

AUCTION SALE OF HYACINTHS, CROCUS, Tulips, Narcissus and other Fragrant Flowering Dutch Bulbs, in lots to suit purchasers, at YOUNG & ELLIOTT'S, No. 9 John street, on TUESDAY, Oct. 21, at 11 o'clock.
WM. ELLIOTT, Auctioneer.

ALLEN B. MINER, AUCTIONEER, Salesrooms 95 Chambers and 77 Reade street.
By ALLEN B. MINER & BRO.,
ON SATURDAY, OCT. 25,
at 12 o'clock, at their salesrooms,
95 Chambers and 77 Reade street,
FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN,
TO PAY ADVANCES AND CHARGES, Pier Mirrors, bedroom Furniture, Bookcase, &c. Also a large lot of Axminster, velvet, and Brussels Carpets, and a general assortment of parlor, library and other Furniture, removed for convenience of sale.

ARCH. JOHNSTON, AUCTIONEER—OFFICE AND salesroom 37 Nassau street, opposite the Post office; Horse Auction Branch, 19 to 25 East Thirteenth street.

Library of superb and illustrated works, on TUESDAY, at 11 o'clock, by ARCH. JOHNSTON, at his salesroom 37 Nassau street; on view on Monday.

AUCTION SALE—THIS (MONDAY) AFTERNOON, October 20, commencing at 1 o'clock precisely, property of a private family (now in Europe), at the four story brown stone mansion 104 East Twenty-fifth street, near Fourth avenue, consisting of velvet, Brussels, medallion Carpets; magnificent rosewood 7¼ octave grand Pianoforte, Stool, Cover; beautiful Parlor Suits, in satin, brocatel and rep; Oil Paintings, Bronzes, Vases, Clocks, Mirrors, Curtains, Etageres, Bookcases, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Commodes, spring and hair Mattresses, Sideboard, Extension Table; 250 lots Glass, China, Silver Ware, Cutlery; Lounges, Chairs, Sofas, Tables, &c. By order of Joseph Reidel, Esq. House open at 11 o'clock. Catalogues ready for the sale.
E. ROTH, Auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE.—HENRY ZINN, AUCTIONEER, sells, this day, commencing at 10½ o'clock, all the elegant and costly Household Furniture contained in private residence 21 East 20th st., corner Broadway, viz.:—Grand 7¼ octave rosewood Pianoforte, elegant Parlor and Bedroom Suits, Mirrors, Brussels Carpets, Oil Paintings, lace Curtains, Bronzes, Clocks, Ornaments; also single and double Bedsteads, Bureaus, Wardrobes, spring and hair Mattresses, Lounge, Bookcases, Secretaires, Bedding; dining room, basement and kitchen Furniture; Buffet, extension Table, Chairs, Plate, Cutlery, China, Glassware, &c., &c.

AUCTION SALE—THIS DAY.
Catalogue of elegant Household Furniture, Pianofortes, Carpets, &c.,
at public auction, this (Monday) morning, commencing at 10½ o'clock,
at private residence, 120 West Twenty-third street,
between Sixth and Seventh avenues,
namely:—
2 magnificent rosewood Pianofortes—one Chickering.
4 rich Parlor Suits, reps and satin.
3 Centre Tables; 1 do. Library.
1 rosewood Etagere, French Mirrors.
4 window Lace Curtains.
2 Pier Mirrors, 2 Mantel.
22 fine Oil Paintings, &c.
14 real Bronzes and Bisque Figures.
3 Bookcases, Writing Desks and Drawers.
2 French Clocks, run 60 days.
3 Turkish Chairs, 2 Lounges.
2 gilt Flower Stands.
600 yards velvet and Brussels Carpet.
1 French china Dinner Set, 2 Tea Sets.
200 pieces cut Glassware and Cutlery.
2 Extension Tables, 1 Buffet.
18 Dining Chairs, 2 Sofas.
40 pieces Sheffield and Plated Ware.
14 Bedroom Suits, complete Bedding.
28 hair and spring Mattresses, Blankets, &c.
30 assorted Chairs, Rockers, &c.
Also complete basement and kitchen Utensils, assortment of Furniture for servants' apartments. Catalogues comprising 400 lots. This is the largest sale of the season.
LUKE FITZGERALD, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE.
$25,000 worth of
Magnificent Household Furniture,
at the private mansion
No. 36 West 15th st., between 5th and 6th avs.,
on THIS DAY (MONDAY), at 10½ o'clock.
Pianoforte, Parlor Suits, Paintings, Bronzes.
By order of W. R. Livingston, Esq.
AUGUST MARTINE & CO., Auctioneers.
Drawing Rooms—Superb Suits, covered silk brocade, Grand Duchess and Marie Antoinette styles; Marqueterie, Cabinet Tables, Etageres, Secretaire, Bookcase, Paintings by eminent artists, Statuary, Clocks, magnificent rosewood Pianoforte, celebrated city maker; Music Stand, rosewood and walnut Bureaus, Bedsteads, Wardrobes, Mattresses, Extension Table, Buffet, Chinaware, Glassware, Cutlery, Basement and Kitchen Furniture. N.B.:—Parties wishing to attend this sale take Fifth avenue stages or Sixth avenue cars.

AUCTION SALE—THIS DAY (MONDAY), 10½ o'clock, by ROBERT C. CASHIN, Auctioneer.
Elegant Household Furniture, at residence, 210 West Twenty-first street,
consisting Parlor Suits in brocade, satin and brocatel; inlaid marquetry and gilt Cabinets, Centre and Console Tables, Turkish Easy Chairs, 3 elegant Bookcases; Library Suit, 7 pieces, in satin coteline; Mirrors, Curtains, Bronze Figures and Clocks.
Decker & Bros. 7¼ octave Pianoforte,
also elegant 7 octave Pianoforte,
Paintings by celebrated artists,
rosewood and black walnut Bedsteads, Dressing Cases, Bureaus, Wardrobes, Washstands, Lounges, Chamber Suits, in cretonnes and reps; 27 hair and spring Mattresses, fine Bedding,
extensive Dining Furniture, Sideboard, Extension Table, Dining Chairs, $1,700 worth Silverware, Glass, China Ware, &c.; hall Stand and Chairs, kitchen Furniture and Utensils. 19 Carpets, nursery Furniture and variety useful household articles. Purchasers would do well to attend, as furniture is in excellent order.
N. B.—Sale positive this day. Take 7th or 8th avenue cars.

BY F. COLTON, AUCTIONEER.—MORTGAGE SALE of Household Furniture of every description. On Wednesday, October 22, at the auction rooms No. 53 East Thirteenth street, near Broadway, one of the largest and most important sales of the season, embracing all, or nearly all, the Furniture of a large private dwelling; also a large amount from a storage warehouse. All kinds of elegant and medium quality, 50 or 60 Carpets, Mirrors, Sewing Machines, &c. Fuller particulars on Tuesday and Wednesday.

BY S. W. DAUCHY, AUCTIONEER.
DAUCHY & JOHNSON
sell this day, at 2 o'clock, at 454 Canal street, a general assortment of Household Furniture, consisting of mahogany and black walnut Parlor Suits, in haircloth and reps; Lounges, Lounge Beds, Cottage Chamber Suits, Wardrobes, Bureaus, marble top Centre Tables, tapestry and ingrain Carpets, Oilcloths, Rugs, Mats, hair and other Mattresses, feather Beds, Bedsteads, Blankets, Mantel and Pier Mirrors, Window Shades, Engravings, Chromos, Chairs, Extension and Dining Tables, Stoves, Crockery and Glass Ware, Stools, kitchen Utensils, &c.; also one rosewood Pianoforte.

BY J. W. CAMPBELL, JR., AUCTIONEER.
S. B. GOODALE & CO.,
Office No. 5 West Twenty-third st., Fifth Avenue Hotel, will sell to-morrow (Tuesday) elegant and costly household Furniture, contained in four story high stoop private residence on Madison avenue. Full particulars in to-morrow's Herald. Catalogues at the office of auctioneer.

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE AND CUTLERY.—HENRY LOTZ, Auctioneer, sells, Monday, October 20, 11 o'clock, 1,000 dozen Sun Burners, 150 cases imported Chimneys; also Lamps. WILLIAM ANDERSON, 10 College place.

EDWARD SCHENCK, AUCTIONEER.

Mortgage sale of elegant Cabinet Furniture.

BY EDWARD SCHENCK, TO-MORROW, 21ST INST.,

at 11 o'clock, an elegant assortment of the finest Furniture, of the most modern and unique styles of parlor, chamber, dining and hall, in elegant carved walnut, rosewood, covered in damask and reps; superb Centre and Card Tables, and every variety of style of Furniture.

The above is now on exhibition, and will repay those in want of fine furniture. To be sold at auction at

No. 60 Liberty street,

TO-MORROW, 21st inst., at 11 o'clock.

FOLEY & BECKENBAUGH WILL SELL, ON MONday, October 20, 1873, at Unionport, Westchester county, 30 elegant Lots, without reserve. Boats leave Harlem Bridge at 10 o'clock. This property is the most beautifully situated of any ever offered in Westchester county, and only one hour from Peck slip. For tickets and all information call on FOLEY & BECKENBAUGH, 17 Bowery and 2,236 Third avenue.

FORECLOSURE SALE—BY REFEREE, AT AUCTION, October 21, 1873, at eleven o'clock A. M., at Carpenter's Hotel, Morrisania village; sale positive and absolute; 10 Houses, with 24 city Lots, corner of Boston avenue and 165th street, will be sold in parcels, each House separately; some of the lots are vacant. This is the best located property in the new Twenty-third ward, New York city. For particulars call on JAMES R. MARVIN, Attorney, 55 Liberty street, New York.

FRED. JEWETT, AUCTIONEERS.—BY J. E. CLARK, 185 Greenwich street, Monday, October 20—Important sale of Hardware, namely:—Screws, Files, Hand, Back and Compass Saws; Coal Hods, Frying Pans, Cutlery, silver-plated Ware, Mirrors, Fancy Goods, &c. Will sell at 12 o'clock a lot of Pawnbrokers' Unredeemed Pledges.

FRED. JEWETT, AUCTIONEER.—BY E. B. HENRY, this day, at 2 o'clock, at 42 Wooster street, Mattress, Bedding, Furniture, &c.

GEORGE J. SMITH, AUCTIONEER, OFFICE NO. 11 Chambers street.—Marshal's sale.—By virtue of an execution, I will expose for sale, at public vendue, on Monday, the 20th day of October, 1873, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at No. 333 avenue A, between Twentieth and Twenty first streets, the contents of a Lager Beer Saloon and Boarding House.
Dated September 10, 1873.

I. S. WEINBERGER, AUCTIONEER.—FORECLOSURE of mortgage. By virtue of a chattel mortgage from John E. Young to L. U. Newman, I will sell at public auction, this day (Monday, October 20), at 12 o'clock, at 187½ Wooster street, near Bleecker street, the entire stock of Liquors, Fixtures, Bar, Cooking Utensils, Beds and Bedding, Household Furniture, Lease, &c. By order of L. U. Newman, mortgagee. Tuesday, at 10½ o'clock, regular sale at 15½ Bowery.

J. P. TRAVER, AUCTIONEER.—MORTGAGE SALE. TRAVER & WRIGHT will sell on Monday, October 20, at 10½ o'clock, by virtue of a chattel mortgage, at 57 and 59 Great Jones street, a lot of choice Liquors, in packages, demijohns and bottles; Brandies, Gins, Wines, Whiskeys, Scotch and other bottled Ale, Porter, Absinthe; fine lot of silver and plated Ware—viz., Casters, Ale Mugs, Strainers, Spoons, Knives and Forks, cut Glassware, elegant Chandeliers, fine Bar Fixtures, two sets copper Measures, Table Cloths, Napkins, Counters, Tables, Chairs, Stoves, Ice Box, Crockery, Cooking Utensils, &c. By order of Attorney for Mortgagee.

SALES AT AUCTION.

JAMES M. MILLER, AUCTIONEER.
Positive Sale
of
very valuable Property
at
Washington Heights,
known as the
Barney Bowers Tract,

being part of the late estate of Jacob Lorillard, deceased, situated directly opposite the residence of James Gordon Bennett, Esq., and containing about 100 City Lots on Tenth avenue, Audubon avenue and 187th street, as widened.

This property will be sold at auction on
WEDNESDAY, October 29,
at 12 o'clock M., at the
Exchange Salesroom, 111 Broadway,
by JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer.

Sixty per cent may remain on bond and mortgage. Guide maps and maps of the property at the office of the auctioneer, No. 28 Pine street.

JERE. JOHNSON, JR., AUCTIONEER.
No more rents—every man his own landlord.

Though stocks and banks may break and fail,
And ruin small and great,
Panics and scares can ne'er prevail
'Gainst solid real estate.

Magnificent auction sale,
variety entertainment and balloon ascension.
400 superb Lots on the Duke's Tract,
East Newark, Harrison Heights.
The finest, healthiest, prettiest suburb of Newark, N. J.,
at auction, TUESDAY, October 21,
12 o'clock M., on the premises.

One mile from business centre of Newark, adjacent to depot of four railroads; seven miles from City Hall, New York; near the immense works of the P. R. R., and in immediate proximity to all Newark manufactories.

Titles perfect; terms easy. Sale unreserved.

Grafulla's Band. Harrison and the world renowned aeronaut, Fisher, will take part in the entertainment.

Special train, Erie Railroad, from Twenty-third and Chambers streets at 10:45.

For free excursion tickets, maps and information, apply to JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., 21 Park row.

J. H. WILSON, AUCTIONEER.
LESPINASSE & FRIEDMAN,
Auctioneers, No 12 Pine street,
will sell at auction,
TUESDAY, October 21, at 12 o'clock M.,
at Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway,
handsome Residence
and
27 Lots
at
Fort Washington,
176th street.
Also the valuable Lot, 24.11x100, corner Grand boulevard and 139th street.
For maps and particulars apply to auctioneers.

J. P. TRAVER, AUCTIONEER.
TRVER & WRIGHT will sell on Monday, October 20, at 11½ o'clock, at 57 and 59 Great Jones street, large lot parlor, chamber, dining and kitchen Furniture, Brussels and ingrain Carpets, Stoves, Pictures, 30 marble top saloon Tables, 2 Glass Cases, 50 good second hand Coats, lot of Tools, &c.

JACOB BOGART, AUCTIONEER.—WEDNESDAY, October 22, at 11 o'clock, at the auction rooms, No. 1 North William street, the entire Furniture of a three story house; also Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, &c.

MARSHAL'S SALE.—BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUtion we will sell on Monday, October 20, at 12 o'clock, at corner of Twenty-seventh street and Fourth avenue one Phaeton and one Road Wagon.
FOLEY & BECKENBAUGH, Auctioneers.
S. D. HALL, Marshal.

MORTGAGE SALE.—R. FIELD, AUCTIONEER, WILL sell, this day, at 11 o'clock, at No. 87 Pike slip, the Fixtures of a saloon—Bar, Beer Pump, Kegs, Chairs, Tables, &c. By order E. G. Smith, Attorney and Mortgagee.

MORTGAGE SALE.—FOLEY & BECKENBAUGH will sell this day, at 10 o'clock, the Fixtures and Contents of butcher shop No. 898 Eighth avenue.
S. D. HALL, Attorney for Mortgagee.

PAWNBROKER'S SALE.—RICHARD FIELD, SHERiff's and general Auctioneer, salesroom 121 Bowery, will sell this day, at 11 o'clock, 500 lots men's and women's Clothing, Dresses, Shawls, Remnants, Underclothing, Bedding, Quilts, Blankets, Boots, Shoes, &c.; also Coats, Pants and Vests. By order Henry McAleenan, Eighth avenue.

PAWNBROKER'S SALE.—THIS DAY, JAMES AGAR, Auctioneer, will sell, at 59 New Bowery, 500 lots men's and women's Clothing, Blankets, Quilts, &c. By order of J. Blumauer, 172 Canal street.

PAWNBROKER'S SALE.—THOMAS McGRATH, Auctioneer, 133 Chatham street, will sell this day, at 11 o'clock, 500 lots Men's and Women's Clothing, Dresses, Shawls, Remnants, Bedding, Boots, Shoes, &c.; also Coats, Pants and Vests. By order A. Alexander, Spring street.

RICHARD WALTERS, AUCTIONEER.
Large stock of Clothing,
Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, &c.
By virtue of an execution, to me directed and delivered, and also by order of the Hon. Samuel Blatchford, Judge of the United States District Court of the Southern District of New York, I will sell at public auction, at Richard Walter's salesroom, No. 27 East Broadway, on Monday, the 20th day of October, 1873, at 10½ A. M., the entire Stock of a Clothing and Gentlemen's Furnishing Store, consisting of a large assortment of Coats, Pants, Vests, Overcoats, Linings, Undershirts and Drawers, Hosiery, Ties, Linen Shirts, Collars, Cuffs, Gloves, Hats, large assortment of Trunks and Valises, Glasscase, Safe, &c. Sale positive.
JOHN T. STEWART, Marshal.

RICHARD FIELD, SHERIFF'S AND GENERAL AUCtioneer, salesroom 121 Bowery, will sell, this day, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 60 East 112th street, a lot of Household Furniture, consisting of black walnut Bedsteads, Bureaus, French plate Mirrors, velvet, and Brussels Carpets, &c.

S. HERMAN AUCTIONEER.—MARSHAL'S SALE OF Dry and Fancy Goods, Sewing Machines, &c. Will sell, Monday, October 20, at 10½ o'clock, No. 13 Bowery, a general assortment of Cloths, Coats, Vests, Silks, Velvet, Ticking, Table Covers, Laces, Shirts, &c.; also two Showcases, four Sewing Machines. By order of
F. REINAMAN, City Marshal.

WILLIAM ABBOTT, AUCTIONEER.
By virtue of a chattel mortgage I will sell on to-morrow (Tuesday), at 10½ o'clock, at the salesrooms, 50 New Bowery, one 4-pull English Ale Pump, Arm Chairs, Counters; also Suits in green rep, marble top Bureaus and Tables, fine Mirrors, two oak Extension Tables, two enamelled Bedroom Suits, one Platform Scales, &c.
J. LUTZ, Attorney for Mortgagee.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS
for Wrought and Cast Iron Work for the United States Court House and Post Office, New York city.
UNITED STATES COURT HOUSE
AND POST OFFICE, NEW YORK CITY,
OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT, Oct. 20, 1873.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Superintendent until 12 M. of the 10th day of November, 1873, for furnishing, delivering, fitting and putting in place the wrought and cast iron work of the window frames, architraves, finishings and sashes of the external openings of the first story, the window frames, architraves and finishings of the external openings of the second, third and fourth stories and the door frames, architraves and finishings of the interior openings of the second, third and fourth stories, all as exhibited on the drawings described in the specifications and called for in the schedule.

Copies of the drawings, specifications and schedule may be had on application at this office.

All scaffolding required by the contractors to put the work in place will be furnished by the government, free of charge, but will be erected by the contractors.

Proposals will be made by the piece for the various articles of wrought and cast iron work, as provided for in the schedule.

The work will not be subdivided among different bidders, but will be considered in the aggregate.

The whole of the work to the first story must be delivered and set in position within four months from date of acceptance of proposal, and the remainder of the work as rapidly as required by the Superintendent and the progress of the work on the building.

Payments will be made monthly, deducting ten per cent, until the final completion of the contract.

All bids must be accompanied by a penal bond, in the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000), that the bidder will accept and perform the contract if awarded him, the sufficiency of the security to be certified by the United States Judge, Clerk of the United States Court or the District Attorney of the district wherein he resides.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all bids if it be deemed for the interest of the government to do so, and any bid that is not made on the printed form, to be obtained in this office, and does not conform in every respect to the requirements of this advertisement, will not be considered; neither will any proposal be received from parties who are not themselves engaged in the manufacture of wrought or cast iron work, and who have not the necessary facilities for getting out the work.

Proposals will be enclosed in a sealed envelope, endorsed "Bids for iron work," and addressed to
C. T. HULBURD, Superintendent.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED FOR FURNISHing 25,000 hemlock Railroad Ties. Apply to or address, for particulars, D. N. BEARDSLEY, 187 West street, Erie Building.

FURNITURE.

A.—WEEKLY AND MONTHLY PAYMENTS FOR Furniture, Carpets and Bedding, at B. M. COWPERTHWAIT & CO.'S, 155 and 157 Chatham street. An immense stock and low prices.

AUCTION NOTICE.—GOOD SECOND HAND AND misfit Carpets, all sizes, rich patterns; English Brussels and Ingrain, daily from auction, very cheap, at 112 Fulton street, between William and Nassau streets.

AT A SACRIFICE—FOR SALE, BY ORDER OF A private family (now in Europe), magnificent crimson satin Parlor Suit, nearly new, cost $450, for $175 cash; one do., $150; brocatel and rep Suits, $65, $50 and $35; Pianoforte, Bronzes, Vases, Paintings, Clocks, Vases, Mirrors, Curtains, 13 Carpets, rosewood and walnut Chamber Suits, Mattresses, Bedding, Sideboard, Extension Table, Silverware, less than half cost. Residence 104 East Twenty-fifth street, between Fourth and Lexington avenues.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CARPETS, FURNIture and Bedding at lowest cash prices, by weekly instalments, at O'FARRELL'S warehouse, 410 Eighth avenue, between Thirtieth and Thirty-first streets.

A CHANCE, FOR CASH, FOR PARTIES COMMENCing housekeeping, at private residence 21 East 20 st., near Broadway, Parlor Suits, $75; rep and hair cloth, $40; walnut bedroom, $25, and 300 lots cheap, for 3 days.

AT THE ELEGANT PRIVATE RESIDENCE 36 WEST 15th st., near 5th av., the property of W. R. Livingston. Magnificent Drawing Room Suits; Grand Duchess, Marie Antoinette styles, covered silk brocade, cost $800, for $200; do. $150, do $40; rosewood Pianoforte, four round corners; Cabinets, velvet medallion Carpets, China, Cutlery, chamber and dining Furniture, half cost; entire contents of the above five story house.

A.—ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT private sale, in lots to suit, consisting Parlor, Chamber, Dining and Kitchen Furniture, 3 Bookcases, Bedsteads, elegant Decker 7¼ octave Pianoforte, Carpets, Bedding, Paintings, Bronzes, &c. Call this day private residence, 210 West Twenty-first street.

CARPETS,
Furniture,
Beds, Bedding, &c.
Payments taken
by the week or month.
Terms easy.
KELLY & CO.,
corner of Twenty-fifth street and Sixth avenue.

CARPETS AND FURNITURE AT THE LOWEST cash prices; weekly or monthly payments taken. DEALY & CUNNINGHAM, 384 and 386 Third avenue, near Twenty-eighth street.

FOR SALE—FIRST CLASS FURNITURE OF NINE rooms; if not sold before 30th must then be sold at auction. The Floor to let.
ISIDOR HACKER, 309 East Tenth street.